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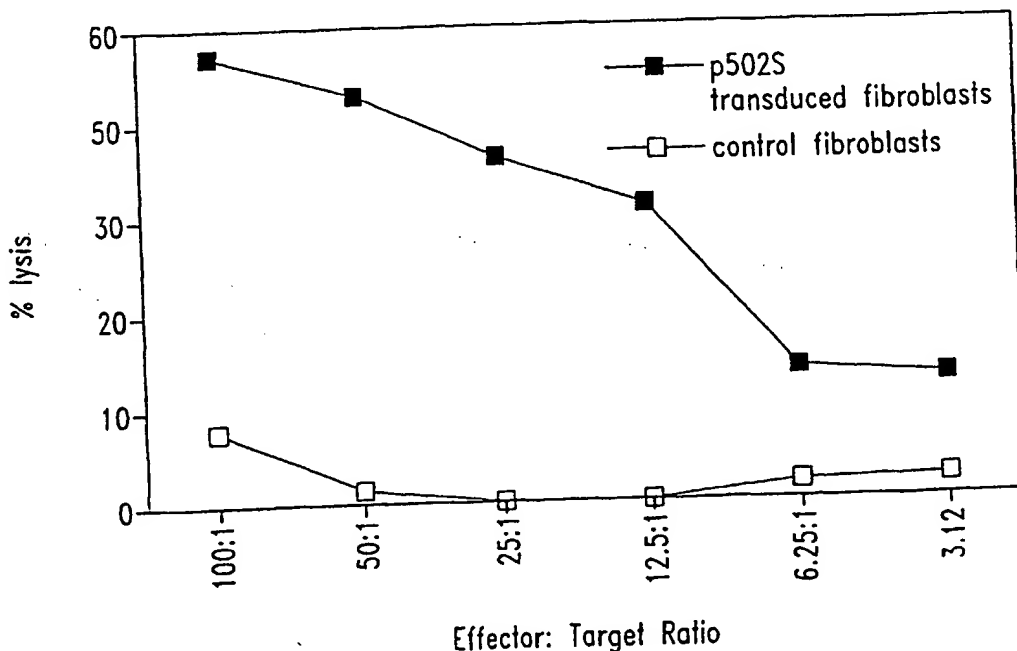
(30) Priority Data:
09/483,672 14 January 2000 (14.01.2000) US(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): CORIXA
CORPORATION [US/US]: 1124 Columbia Street, Suite
200, Seattle, WA 98104 (US).

(72) Inventors; and

(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): XU, Jiangchun
[US/US]: 15805 S.E. 43rd Place, Bellevue, WA 98006
(US). DILLON, Davin, C. [US/US]: 18112 N.W. Mon-
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Yuqiu [CN/US]: 5001 South 232nd Street, Kent, WA
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D. [US/US]: 8116 Dayton Ave. N., Seattle, WA 98103
(US). FANGER, Gary, Richard [US/US]: 15906 29th
Drive S.E., Mill Creek, WA 98012 (US). DAY, Craig,
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WA 98104-7092 et al. (US).

[Continued on next page]

(54) Title: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THE THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER



(57) Abstract: Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, particularly prostate cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions comprise one or more prostate-specific polypeptides, immunogenic portions thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention and/or treatment of diseases, particularly prostate cancer.

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For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Inter. Application No

PCT/US 01/01574

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 C12N15/12 C12N15/11 C12N1/21 C12N5/10 C07K14/47
 C07K16/18 C07K19/00 A61K38/17 A61K48/00 G01N33/68
 C12Q1/68 C12N5/08

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 C12N A61K C07K G01N C12Q

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, EMBL, BIOSIS, WPI Data, SEQUENCE SEARCH

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 98 37093 A (CORIXA CORP) 27 August 1998 (1998-08-27)	1-5,7,9, 12-14
Y	the whole document	6,10,11, 15-18
X	WO 98 37418 A (CORIXA CORP) 27 August 1998 (1998-08-27)	1-6,9, 15-17
Y	the whole document	6,15-17
A	WO 97 33909 A (CORIXA CORP) 18 September 1997 (1997-09-18)	
	--- -/-- ---	

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:

- "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
- "&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

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Name and mailing address of the ISA

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2
 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk
 Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl.
 Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

VAN DER SCHAAL C.A.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

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C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	SJOGREN H O: "Therapeutic immunization against cancer antigens using genetically engineered cells" IMMUNOTECHNOLOGY, ELSEVIER SCIENCE PUBLISHERS BV, NL, vol. 3, no. 3, 1 October 1997 (1997-10-01), pages 161-172, XP004097000 ISSN: 1380-2933 the whole document	10,11,18
P,X	--- WO 00 04149 A (CORIXA CORP) 27 January 2000 (2000-01-27) the whole document	1-7,9-18
E	--- WO 01 25272 A (CORIXA CORP ; REED STEVEN G (US); XU JIANGCHUN (US); CHEEVER MARTIN) 12 April 2001 (2001-04-12) SEQ ID NO 1 claims	1-7,9-18
E	--- WO 01 34802 A (HARLOCKER SUSAN L ; CORIXA CORP (US); DAY CRAIG H (US); JIANG YUQIU) 17 May 2001 (2001-05-17) SEQ ID NO 1 claims -----	1-7,9-18

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US 01/01574

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☒ Claims Nos.:
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:

Although claims 10 13 14 and 18 are (partially) directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/composition.
2. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☒ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:

Claims 1-7, 9-18 partially.
4. ☐ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
- ☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

This International Searching Authority found multiple (groups of) inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. Claims: Invention 1: Claims 1-7 9-18 partially

A polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein encoded by SEQ ID 1 (according to the Description of the Sequence Identifiers), fragments and variants thereof, fusion proteins comprising it, polynucleotides or oligonucleotides derived therefrom, antibodies binding to the polypeptide, their use in the treatment of cancer, in methods for diagnosing cancer, or for expanding and/or stimulating T-cells.

2. Claims: Inventions 2-527: Claims 1-18 partially and as far as applicable

As for subject 1 but concerning respectively SEQ IDs
2-111,115-171,173-175,177,179-305,307-315,326,328,
330,332-335,340-375,381,382,384-476,524,526,530,531,533,535
536,552,569-572,587,591,593-606,618-626,630,631,634,636,639-6
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5,773-776 and 786-788

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			WO 0104143 A2	18-01-2001
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33/68, C07K 19/00, C12N 15/11, A61K 38/17, C12Q 1/68

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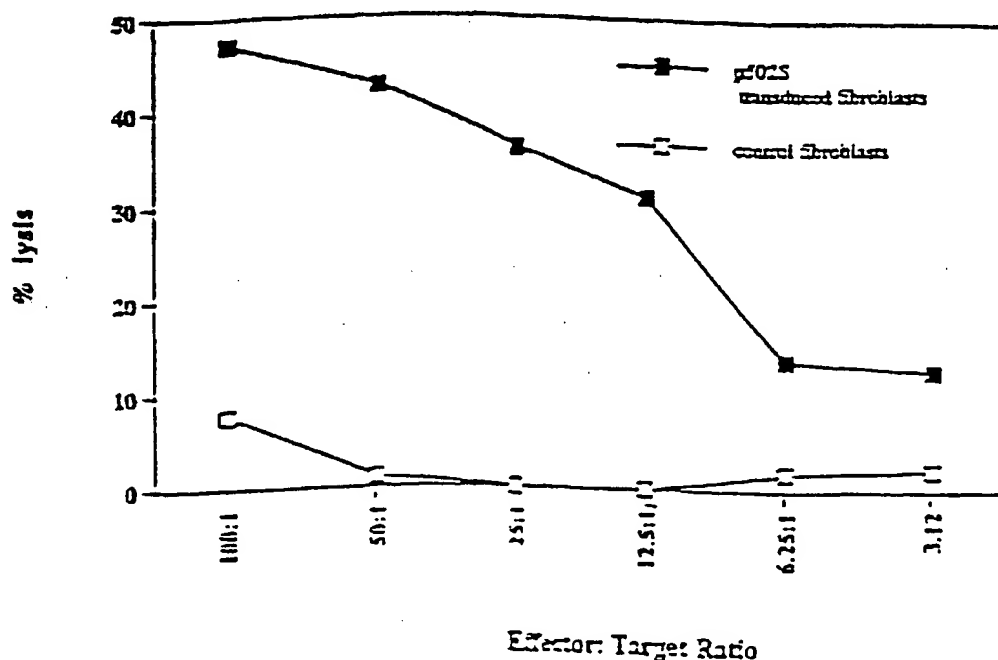
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(54) Title: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THE THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER



(57) Abstract: Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, particularly prostate cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions comprise one or more prostate-specific polypeptides, immunogenic portions thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention and/or treatment of diseases, particularly prostate cancer.

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COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THE THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER

5 TECHNICAL FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates generally to therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The invention is more specifically related to polypeptides, comprising at least a portion of a prostate-specific protein, and to polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides. Such polypeptides and polynucleotides
10 are useful in pharmaceutical compositions, *e.g.*, vaccines, and other compositions for the diagnosis and treatment of prostate cancer.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Cancer is a significant health problem throughout the world. Although
Cancer is a significant health problem throughout the world. Although advances have
15 been made in detection and therapy of cancer, no vaccine or other universally successful method for prevention or treatment is currently available. Current therapies, which are generally based on a combination of chemotherapy or surgery and radiation, continue to prove inadequate in many patients.

Prostate cancer is the most common form of cancer among males, with
20 an estimated incidence of 30% in men over the age of 50. Overwhelming clinical evidence shows that human prostate cancer has the propensity to metastasize to bone, and the disease appears to progress inevitably from androgen dependent to androgen refractory status, leading to increased patient mortality. This prevalent disease is currently the second leading cause of cancer death among men in the U.S.

25 In spite of considerable research into therapies for the disease, prostate cancer remains difficult to treat. Commonly, treatment is based on surgery and/or radiation therapy, but these methods are ineffective in a significant percentage of cases. Two previously identified prostate specific proteins - prostate specific antigen (PSA)

and prostatic acid phosphatase (PAP) - have limited therapeutic and diagnostic potential. For example, PSA levels do not always correlate well with the presence of prostate cancer, being positive in a percentage of non-prostate cancer cases, including benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH). Furthermore, PSA measurements correlate with prostate volume, and do not indicate the level of metastasis.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for these and other cancers, prostate cancer remains difficult to diagnose and treat effectively. Accordingly, there is a need in the art for improved methods for detecting and treating such cancers. The present invention fulfills these needs and further provides other related advantages.

10 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In one aspect, the present invention provides polynucleotide compositions comprising a sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(a) sequences provided in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591, 593-606, 618-626, 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 773-776 and 786-788;

(b) complements of the sequences provided in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591, 593-606, 618-626, 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 773-776 and 786-788;

(c) sequences consisting of at least 20 contiguous residues of a sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591, 593-606, 618-626, 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 773-776 and 786-788;

(d) sequences that hybridize to a sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375,

381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591, 593-606, 618-626, 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 773-776 and 786-788, under moderately stringent conditions;

5 (e) sequences having at least 75% identity to a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591, 593-606, 618-626, 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 773-776 and 786-788;

10 (f) sequences having at least 90% identity to a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591, 593-606, 618-626, 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 773-776 and 786-788; and

15 (g) degenerate variants of a sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591, 593-606, 618-626, 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 773-776 and 786-788.

20 In one preferred embodiment, the polynucleotide compositions of the invention are expressed in at least about 20%, more preferably in at least about 30%, and most preferably in at least about 50% of prostate tissue samples tested, at a level that is at least about 2-fold, preferably at least about 5-fold, and most preferably at least about 10-fold higher than that for other normal tissues.

25 The present invention, in another aspect, provides polypeptide compositions comprising an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence described above.

The present invention further provides polypeptide compositions comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences
30 recited in SEQ ID NO: 112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380, 383,

477-483, 496, 504, 505, 519, 520, 522, 525, 527, 532, 534, 537-551, 553-568, 573-586, 588-590, 592, 627-629, 632, 633, 635, 637, 638, 656-671, 675, 683, 684, 710, 712, 714, 715, 717-719, 723-734, 736, 740-750, 752, 754, 755, 766-772, 777-785 and 789-791.

In certain preferred embodiments, the polypeptides and/or
5 polynucleotides of the present invention are immunogenic, *i.e.*, they are capable of eliciting an immune response, particularly a humoral and/or cellular immune response, as further described herein.

The present invention further provides fragments, variants and/or derivatives of the disclosed polypeptide and/or polynucleotide sequences, wherein the
10 fragments, variants and/or derivatives preferably have a level of immunogenic activity of at least about 50%, preferably at least about 70% and more preferably at least about 90% of the level of immunogenic activity of a polypeptide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380, 383, 477-483, 496, 504, 505, 519, 520, 522, 525, 527, 532, 534, 537-551, 553-568, 573-586, 588-590, 592, 627-
15 629, 632, 633, 635, 637, 638, 656-671, 675, 683, 684, 710, 712, 714, 715, 717-719, 723-734, 736, 740-750, 752, 754, 755, 766-772, 777-785 or 789-791, or a polypeptide sequence encoded by a polynucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591, 593-606, 618-626,
20 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 773-776 and 786-788.

The present invention further provides polynucleotides that encode a polypeptide described above, expression vectors comprising such polynucleotides and host cells transformed or transfected with such expression vectors.

25 Within other aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within a related aspect of the present invention, pharmaceutical compositions, *e.g.*, vaccine compositions, are provided for prophylactic or therapeutic
30 applications. Such compositions generally comprise an immunogenic polypeptide or

polynucleotide of the invention and an immunostimulant, such as an adjuvant, together with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

The present invention further provides pharmaceutical compositions that comprise: (a) an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to
5 a polypeptide of the present invention, or a fragment thereof; and (b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient. Illustrative
10 antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B cells.

Within related aspects, pharmaceutical compositions are provided that comprise: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) an immunostimulant.

15 The present invention further provides, in other aspects, fusion proteins that comprise at least one polypeptide as described above, as well as polynucleotides encoding such fusion proteins, typically in the form of pharmaceutical compositions, *e.g.*, vaccine compositions, comprising a physiologically acceptable carrier and/or an immunostimulant. The fusions proteins may comprise multiple immunogenic
20 polypeptides or portions/variants thereof, as described herein, and may further comprise one or more polypeptide segments for facilitating and/or enhancing the expression, purification and/or immunogenicity of the polypeptide(s).

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for stimulating an immune response in a patient, preferably a T cell response in a human
25 patient, comprising administering a pharmaceutical composition described herein. The patient may be afflicted with prostate cancer, in which case the methods provide treatment for the disease, or a patient considered to be at risk for such a disease may be treated prophylactically.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for
30 inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a

patient a pharmaceutical composition as recited above. The patient may be afflicted with prostate cancer, in which case the methods provide treatment for the disease, or a patient considered to be at risk for such a disease may be treated prophylactically.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for
5 removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a polypeptide of the present invention, wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the polypeptide from the sample.

Within related aspects, methods are provided for inhibiting the
10 development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated as described above.

Methods are further provided, within other aspects, for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a polypeptide of the present invention, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide as described above; (ii) a
15 polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and (iii) an antigen presenting cell that expresses such a polypeptide; under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells. Isolated T cell populations comprising T cells prepared as described above are also provided.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for
20 inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population as described above.

The present invention further provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide
25 comprising at least an immunogenic portion of polypeptide disclosed herein; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and (iii) an antigen-presenting cell that expressed such a polypeptide; and (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient. Proliferated cells may, but need not, be cloned prior to administration to the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer, preferably a prostate cancer, in a patient comprising: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the amount of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within preferred embodiments, the binding agent is an antibody, more preferably a monoclonal antibody.

The present invention also provides, within other aspects, methods for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient. Such methods comprise the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b), and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide of the present invention; (b) detecting in the sample a level of a polynucleotide, preferably mRNA, that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and (c) comparing the level of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within certain embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected via polymerase chain reaction using, for example, at least one oligonucleotide primer that hybridizes to a polynucleotide of the present invention, or a complement of such a polynucleotide. Within other embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected using a hybridization technique, employing an oligonucleotide probe that hybridizes to an inventive polynucleotide, or a complement of such a polynucleotide.

In related aspects, methods are provided for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide of the present invention; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that
5 hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b), and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides antibodies, such as
10 monoclonal antibodies, that bind to a polypeptide as described above, as well as diagnostic kits comprising such antibodies. Diagnostic kits comprising one or more oligonucleotide probes or primers as described above are also provided.

These and other aspects of the present invention will become apparent upon reference to the following detailed description and attached drawings. All
15 references disclosed herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety as if each was incorporated individually.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS AND SEQUENCE IDENTIFIERS

Figure 1 illustrates the ability of T cells to kill fibroblasts expressing the representative prostate-specific polypeptide P502S, as compared to control fibroblasts.
20 The percentage lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated.

Figures 2A and 2B illustrate the ability of T cells to recognize cells expressing the representative prostate-specific polypeptide P502S. In each case, the number of γ -interferon spots is shown for different numbers of responders. In Figure 2A, data is presented for fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide, as compared to
25 fibroblasts pulsed with a control E75 peptide. In Figure 2B, data is presented for fibroblasts expressing P502S, as compared to fibroblasts expressing HER-2/*neu*.

Figure 3 represents a peptide competition binding assay showing that the P1S#10 peptide, derived from P501S, binds HLA-A2. Peptide P1S#10 inhibits HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58 peptide to CTL clone D150M58 in TNF release

bioassay. D150M58 CTL is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58.

Figure 4 illustrates the ability of T cell lines generated from P1S#10 immunized mice to specifically lyse P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-
5 transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets, as compared to EGFP-transduced Jurkat A2Kb. The percent lysis is shown as a series of effector to target ratios, as indicated.

Figure 5 illustrates the ability of a T cell clone to recognize and specifically lyse Jurkat A2Kb cells expressing the representative prostate-specific polypeptide P501S, thereby demonstrating that the P1S#10 peptide may be a naturally
10 processed epitope of the P501S polypeptide.

Figures 6A and 6B are graphs illustrating the specificity of a CD8⁺ cell line (3A-1) for a representative prostate-specific antigen (P501S). Figure 6A shows the results of a ⁵¹Cr release assay. The percent specific lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated. Figure 6B shows the production of interferon-
15 gamma by 3A-1 cells stimulated with autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S, at varying effector:target ratios as indicated.

Figure 7 is a Western blot showing the expression of P501S in baculovirus.

Figure 8 illustrates the results of epitope mapping studies on P501S.

Figure 9 is a schematic representation of the P501S protein showing the location of transmembrane domains and predicted intracellular and extracellular domains.
20

Figure 10 is a genomic map showing the location of the prostate genes P775P, P704P, B305D, P712P and P774P within the Cat Eye Syndrome region of
25 chromosome 22q11.2

Figure 11 shows the results of an ELISA assay to determine the specificity of rabbit polyclonal antisera raised against P501S.

SEQ ID NO: 1 is the determined cDNA sequence for F1-13

SEQ ID NO: 2 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for F1-12

30 SEQ ID NO: 3 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for F1-12

SEQ ID NO: 4 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for F1-16
SEQ ID NO: 5 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-1
SEQ ID NO: 6 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-9
SEQ ID NO: 7 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-4
5 SEQ ID NO: 8 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-17
SEQ ID NO: 9 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-17
SEQ ID NO: 10 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-12
SEQ ID NO: 11 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-12
SEQ ID NO: 12 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1862
10 SEQ ID NO: 13 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for N1-1862
SEQ ID NO: 14 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-13
SEQ ID NO: 15 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-13
SEQ ID NO: 16 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-19
SEQ ID NO: 17 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-19
15 SEQ ID NO: 18 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-25
SEQ ID NO: 19 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-25
SEQ ID NO: 20 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-24
SEQ ID NO: 21 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-24
SEQ ID NO: 22 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for K1-58
20 SEQ ID NO: 23 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-58
SEQ ID NO: 24 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for K1-63
SEQ ID NO: 25 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-63
SEQ ID NO: 26 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-4
SEQ ID NO: 27 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-4
25 SEQ ID NO: 28 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-14
SEQ ID NO: 29 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-14
SEQ ID NO: 30 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-12
SEQ ID NO: 31 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-16
SEQ ID NO: 32 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-21
30 SEQ ID NO: 33 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-48

SEQ ID NO: 34 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-55
SEQ ID NO: 35 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-2
SEQ ID NO: 36 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-6
SEQ ID NO: 37 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1858
5 SEQ ID NO: 38 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1860
SEQ ID NO: 39 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1861
SEQ ID NO: 40 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1864
SEQ ID NO: 41 is the determined cDNA sequence for P5
SEQ ID NO: 42 is the determined cDNA sequence for P8
10 SEQ ID NO: 43 is the determined cDNA sequence for P9
SEQ ID NO: 44 is the determined cDNA sequence for P18
SEQ ID NO: 45 is the determined cDNA sequence for P20
SEQ ID NO: 46 is the determined cDNA sequence for P29
SEQ ID NO: 47 is the determined cDNA sequence for P30
15 SEQ ID NO: 48 is the determined cDNA sequence for P34
SEQ ID NO: 49 is the determined cDNA sequence for P36
SEQ ID NO: 50 is the determined cDNA sequence for P38
SEQ ID NO: 51 is the determined cDNA sequence for P39
SEQ ID NO: 52 is the determined cDNA sequence for P42
20 SEQ ID NO: 53 is the determined cDNA sequence for P47
SEQ ID NO: 54 is the determined cDNA sequence for P49
SEQ ID NO: 55 is the determined cDNA sequence for P50
SEQ ID NO: 56 is the determined cDNA sequence for P53
SEQ ID NO: 57 is the determined cDNA sequence for P55
25 SEQ ID NO: 58 is the determined cDNA sequence for P60
SEQ ID NO: 59 is the determined cDNA sequence for P64
SEQ ID NO: 60 is the determined cDNA sequence for P65
SEQ ID NO: 61 is the determined cDNA sequence for P73
SEQ ID NO: 62 is the determined cDNA sequence for P75
30 SEQ ID NO: 63 is the determined cDNA sequence for P76

SEQ ID NO: 64 is the determined cDNA sequence for P79

SEQ ID NO: 65 is the determined cDNA sequence for P84

SEQ ID NO: 66 is the determined cDNA sequence for P68

SEQ ID NO: 67 is the determined cDNA sequence for P80 (also referred

5 to as P704P)

SEQ ID NO: 68 is the determined cDNA sequence for P82

SEQ ID NO: 69 is the determined cDNA sequence for U1-3064

SEQ ID NO: 70 is the determined cDNA sequence for U1-3065

SEQ ID NO: 71 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3692

10 SEQ ID NO: 72 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1A-3905

SEQ ID NO: 73 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3686

SEQ ID NO: 74 is the determined cDNA sequence for R1-2330

SEQ ID NO: 75 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1B-3976

SEQ ID NO: 76 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3679

15 SEQ ID NO: 77 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4736

SEQ ID NO: 78 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4738

SEQ ID NO: 79 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4741

SEQ ID NO: 80 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4744

SEQ ID NO: 81 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4734

20 SEQ ID NO: 82 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4774

SEQ ID NO: 83 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4781

SEQ ID NO: 84 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4785

SEQ ID NO: 85 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4787

SEQ ID NO: 86 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4796

25 SEQ ID NO: 87 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4807

SEQ ID NO: 88 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4810

SEQ ID NO: 89 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4811

SEQ ID NO: 90 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1J-4876

SEQ ID NO: 91 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1K-4884

30 SEQ ID NO: 92 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1K-4896

- SEQ ID NO: 93 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4761
SEQ ID NO: 94 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1G-4762
SEQ ID NO: 95 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4766
SEQ ID NO: 96 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4770
5 SEQ ID NO: 97 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4771
SEQ ID NO: 98 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4772
SEQ ID NO: 99 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4297
SEQ ID NO: 100 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4309
SEQ ID NO: 101 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D.1-4278
10 SEQ ID NO: 102 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4288
SEQ ID NO: 103 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4283
SEQ ID NO: 104 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4304
SEQ ID NO: 105 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4296
SEQ ID NO: 106 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1D-4280
15 SEQ ID NO: 107 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for F1-12
(also referred to as P504S)
SEQ ID NO: 108 is the predicted amino acid sequence for F1-12
SEQ ID NO: 109 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for J1-17
SEQ ID NO: 110 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for L1-12
20 (also referred to as P501S)
SEQ ID NO: 111 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for N1-
1862 (also referred to as P503S)
SEQ ID NO: 112 is the predicted amino acid sequence for J1-17
SEQ ID NO: 113 is the predicted amino acid sequence for L1-12 (also
25 referred to as P501S)
SEQ ID NO: 114 is the predicted amino acid sequence for N1-1862 (also
referred to as P503S)
SEQ ID NO: 115 is the determined cDNA sequence for P89
SEQ ID NO: 116 is the determined cDNA sequence for P90
30 SEQ ID NO: 117 is the determined cDNA sequence for P92

SEQ ID NO: 118 is the determined cDNA sequence for P95
SEQ ID NO: 119 is the determined cDNA sequence for P98
SEQ ID NO: 120 is the determined cDNA sequence for P102
SEQ ID NO: 121 is the determined cDNA sequence for P110
5 SEQ ID NO: 122 is the determined cDNA sequence for P111
SEQ ID NO: 123 is the determined cDNA sequence for P114
SEQ ID NO: 124 is the determined cDNA sequence for P115
SEQ ID NO: 125 is the determined cDNA sequence for P116
SEQ ID NO: 126 is the determined cDNA sequence for P124
10 SEQ ID NO: 127 is the determined cDNA sequence for P126
SEQ ID NO: 128 is the determined cDNA sequence for P130
SEQ ID NO: 129 is the determined cDNA sequence for P133
SEQ ID NO: 130 is the determined cDNA sequence for P138
SEQ ID NO: 131 is the determined cDNA sequence for P143
15 SEQ ID NO: 132 is the determined cDNA sequence for P151
SEQ ID NO: 133 is the determined cDNA sequence for P156
SEQ ID NO: 134 is the determined cDNA sequence for P157
SEQ ID NO: 135 is the determined cDNA sequence for P166
SEQ ID NO: 136 is the determined cDNA sequence for P176
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SEQ ID NO: 138 is the determined cDNA sequence for P179
SEQ ID NO: 139 is the determined cDNA sequence for P185
SEQ ID NO: 140 is the determined cDNA sequence for P192
SEQ ID NO: 141 is the determined cDNA sequence for P201
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SEQ ID NO: 143 is the determined cDNA sequence for P208
SEQ ID NO: 144 is the determined cDNA sequence for P211
SEQ ID NO: 145 is the determined cDNA sequence for P213
SEQ ID NO: 146 is the determined cDNA sequence for P219
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SEQ ID NO: 150 is the determined cDNA sequence for P251
SEQ ID NO: 151 is the determined cDNA sequence for P255
5 SEQ ID NO: 152 is the determined cDNA sequence for P256
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SEQ ID NO: 154 is the determined cDNA sequence for P260
SEQ ID NO: 155 is the determined cDNA sequence for P263
SEQ ID NO: 156 is the determined cDNA sequence for P264
10 SEQ ID NO: 157 is the determined cDNA sequence for P266
SEQ ID NO: 158 is the determined cDNA sequence for P270
SEQ ID NO: 159 is the determined cDNA sequence for P272
SEQ ID NO: 160 is the determined cDNA sequence for P278
SEQ ID NO: 161 is the determined cDNA sequence for P105
15 SEQ ID NO: 162 is the determined cDNA sequence for P107
SEQ ID NO: 163 is the determined cDNA sequence for P137
SEQ ID NO: 164 is the determined cDNA sequence for P194
SEQ ID NO: 165 is the determined cDNA sequence for P195
SEQ ID NO: 166 is the determined cDNA sequence for P196
20 SEQ ID NO: 167 is the determined cDNA sequence for P220
SEQ ID NO: 168 is the determined cDNA sequence for P234
SEQ ID NO: 169 is the determined cDNA sequence for P235
SEQ ID NO: 170 is the determined cDNA sequence for P243
SEQ ID NO: 171 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P-DE1
25 SEQ ID NO: 172 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703P-DE1
SEQ ID NO: 173 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P-DE2
SEQ ID NO: 174 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P-DE6
SEQ ID NO: 175 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P-DE13
SEQ ID NO: 176 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703P-DE13
30 SEQ ID NO: 177 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P-DE14

SEQ ID NO: 178 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703P-DE14

SEQ ID NO: 179 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-

4736

SEQ ID NO: 180 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-

5 4738

SEQ ID NO: 181 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-

4741

SEQ ID NO: 182 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-

4744

10 SEQ ID NO: 183 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-

4774

SEQ ID NO: 184 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-

4781

SEQ ID NO: 185 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-

15 4785

SEQ ID NO: 186 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-

4787

SEQ ID NO: 187 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-

4796

20 SEQ ID NO: 188 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1I-

4807

SEQ ID NO: 189 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1I-4810

SEQ ID NO: 190 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1I-4811

SEQ ID NO: 191 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1J-

25 4876

SEQ ID NO: 192 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1K-

4884

SEQ ID NO: 193 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1K-

4896

SEQ ID NO: 194 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-
4761

SEQ ID NO: 195 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1G-
4762

5 SEQ ID NO: 196 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-
4766

SEQ ID NO: 197 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1H-4770
SEQ ID NO: 198 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for 1H-4771
SEQ ID NO: 199 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1H-
10 4772

SEQ ID NO: 200 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-
4309

SEQ ID NO: 201 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D.1-
4278

15 SEQ ID NO: 202 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-
4288

SEQ ID NO: 203 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-
4283

SEQ ID NO: 204 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-
20 4304

SEQ ID NO: 205 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-
4296

SEQ ID NO: 206 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for 1D-
4280

25 SEQ ID NO: 207 is the determined cDNA sequence for 10-d8fwd
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SEQ ID NO: 209 is the determined cDNA sequence for 11-C8rev
SEQ ID NO: 210 is the determined cDNA sequence for 7.g6fwd
SEQ ID NO: 211 is the determined cDNA sequence for 7.g6rev
30 SEQ ID NO: 212 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b5fwd

SEQ ID NO: 213 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b5rev
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SEQ ID NO: 215 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b6 rev
SEQ ID NO: 216 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-d4fwd
5 SEQ ID NO: 217 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-d9rev
SEQ ID NO: 218 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-g3fwd
SEQ ID NO: 219 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-g3rev
SEQ ID NO: 220 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-h11rev
SEQ ID NO: 221 is the determined cDNA sequence for g-f12fwd
10 SEQ ID NO: 222 is the determined cDNA sequence for g-f3rev
SEQ ID NO: 223 is the determined cDNA sequence for P509S
SEQ ID NO: 224 is the determined cDNA sequence for P510S
SEQ ID NO: 225 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703DE5
SEQ ID NO: 226 is the determined cDNA sequence for 9-A11
15 SEQ ID NO: 227 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-C6
SEQ ID NO: 228 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-H7
SEQ ID NO: 229 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN13
SEQ ID NO: 230 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN14
SEQ ID NO: 231 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN23
20 SEQ ID NO: 232 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN24
SEQ ID NO: 233 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN25
SEQ ID NO: 234 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN30
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SEQ ID NO: 236 is the determined cDNA sequence for PTPN35
25 SEQ ID NO: 237 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN36
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SEQ ID NO: 245 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN51
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5 SEQ ID NO: 247 is the determined cDNA sequence for PTPN64
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SEQ ID NO: 249 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN67
SEQ ID NO: 250 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN76
SEQ ID NO: 251 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN84
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SEQ ID NO: 256 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F1
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SEQ ID NO: 259 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B1
SEQ ID NO: 260 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B2
SEQ ID NO: 261 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D3
20 SEQ ID NO: 262 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A4
SEQ ID NO: 263 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F5
SEQ ID NO: 264 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E6
SEQ ID NO: 265 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D6
SEQ ID NO: 266 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B5
25 SEQ ID NO: 267 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A6
SEQ ID NO: 268 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E8
SEQ ID NO: 269 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D7
SEQ ID NO: 270 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D9
SEQ ID NO: 271 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C10
30 SEQ ID NO: 272 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A9

SEQ ID NO: 273 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F12
SEQ ID NO: 274 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E12
SEQ ID NO: 275 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D11
SEQ ID NO: 276 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C11
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SEQ ID NO: 278 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B12
SEQ ID NO: 279 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A12
SEQ ID NO: 280 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G2
SEQ ID NO: 281 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H1
10 SEQ ID NO: 282 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H2
SEQ ID NO: 283 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A3
SEQ ID NO: 284 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A4
SEQ ID NO: 285 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C3
SEQ ID NO: 286 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G4
15 SEQ ID NO: 287 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B6
SEQ ID NO: 288 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D6
SEQ ID NO: 289 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F5
SEQ ID NO: 290 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A8
SEQ ID NO: 291 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C7
20 SEQ ID NO: 292 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D7
SEQ ID NO: 293 is the determined cDNA sequence for P8D8
SEQ ID NO: 294 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E7
SEQ ID NO: 295 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F8
SEQ ID NO: 296 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G8
25 SEQ ID NO: 297 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B10
SEQ ID NO: 298 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C10
SEQ ID NO: 299 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E9
SEQ ID NO: 300 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E10
SEQ ID NO: 301 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F9
30 SEQ ID NO: 302 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H9

- SEQ ID NO: 303 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C12
SEQ ID NO: 304 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E11
SEQ ID NO: 305 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E12
SEQ ID NO: 306 is the amino acid sequence for the peptide PS2#12
5 SEQ ID NO: 307 is the determined cDNA sequence for P711P
SEQ ID NO: 308 is the determined cDNA sequence for P712P
SEQ ID NO: 309 is the determined cDNA sequence for CLONE23
SEQ ID NO: 310 is the determined cDNA sequence for P774P
SEQ ID NO: 311 is the determined cDNA sequence for P775P
10 SEQ ID NO: 312 is the determined cDNA sequence for P715P
SEQ ID NO: 313 is the determined cDNA sequence for P710P
SEQ ID NO: 314 is the determined cDNA sequence for P767P
SEQ ID NO: 315 is the determined cDNA sequence for P768P
SEQ ID NO: 316-325 are the determined cDNA sequences of previously
15 isolated genes
SEQ ID NO: 326 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PDE5
SEQ ID NO: 327 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PDE5
SEQ ID NO: 328 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P6.26
SEQ ID NO: 329 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703P6.26
20 SEQ ID NO: 330 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PX-23
SEQ ID NO: 331 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PX-23
SEQ ID NO: 332 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for
P509S
SEQ ID NO: 333 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for P707P
25 (also referred to as 11-C9)
SEQ ID NO: 334 is the determined cDNA sequence for P714P
SEQ ID NO: 335 is the determined cDNA sequence for P705P (also
referred to as 9-F3)
SEQ ID NO: 336 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P705P
30 SEQ ID NO: 337 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide P1S#10

- SEQ ID NO: 338 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide p5
- SEQ ID NO: 339 is the predicted amino acid sequence of P509S
- SEQ ID NO: 340 is the determined cDNA sequence for P778P
- SEQ ID NO: 341 is the determined cDNA sequence for P786P
- 5 SEQ ID NO: 342 is the determined cDNA sequence for P789P
- SEQ ID NO: 343 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing
homology to Homo sapiens MM46 mRNA
- SEQ ID NO: 344 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing
homology to Homo sapiens TNF-alpha stimulated ABC protein (ABC50) mRNA
- 10 SEQ ID NO: 345 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing
homology to Homo sapiens mRNA for E-cadherin
- SEQ ID NO: 346 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing
homology to Human nuclear-encoded mitochondrial serine hydroxymethyltransferase
(SHMT)
- 15 SEQ ID NO: 347 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing
homology to Homo sapiens natural resistance-associated macrophage protein2
(NRAMP2)
- SEQ ID NO: 348 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing
homology to Homo sapiens phosphoglucomutase-related protein (PGMRP)
- 20 SEQ ID NO: 349 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing
homology to Human mRNA for proteosome subunit p40
- SEQ ID NO: 350 is the determined cDNA sequence for P777P
- SEQ ID NO: 351 is the determined cDNA sequence for P779P
- SEQ ID NO: 352 is the determined cDNA sequence for P790P
- 25 SEQ ID NO: 353 is the determined cDNA sequence for P784P
- SEQ ID NO: 354 is the determined cDNA sequence for P776P
- SEQ ID NO: 355 is the determined cDNA sequence for P780P
- SEQ ID NO: 356 is the determined cDNA sequence for P544S
- SEQ ID NO: 357 is the determined cDNA sequence for P745S
- 30 SEQ ID NO: 358 is the determined cDNA sequence for P782P

- SEQ ID NO: 359 is the determined cDNA sequence for P783P
- SEQ ID NO: 360 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17984
- SEQ ID NO: 361 is the determined cDNA sequence for P787P
- SEQ ID NO: 362 is the determined cDNA sequence for P788P
- 5 SEQ ID NO: 363 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17994
- SEQ ID NO: 364 is the determined cDNA sequence for P781P
- SEQ ID NO: 365 is the determined cDNA sequence for P785P
- SEQ ID NO: 366-375 are the determined cDNA sequences for splice variants of B305D.
- 10 SEQ ID NO: 376 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 366.
- SEQ ID NO: 377 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 372.
- SEQ ID NO: 378 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the
- 15 sequence of SEQ ID NO: 373.
- SEQ ID NO: 379 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 374.
- SEQ ID NO: 380 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 375.
- 20 SEQ ID NO: 381 is the determined cDNA sequence for B716P.
- SEQ ID NO: 382 is the determined full-length cDNA sequence for P711P.
- SEQ ID NO: 383 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P711P.
- SEQ ID NO: 384 is the cDNA sequence for P1000C.
- 25 SEQ ID NO: 385 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-82.
- SEQ ID NO: 386 is the cDNA sequence for 23320.
- SEQ ID NO: 387 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-69.
- SEQ ID NO: 388 is the cDNA sequence for L-iditol-2-dehydrogenase.
- SEQ ID NO: 389 is the cDNA sequence for 23379.
- 30 SEQ ID NO: 390 is the cDNA sequence for 23381.

SEQ ID NO:391 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0122.

SEQ ID NO:392 is the cDNA sequence for 23399.

SEQ ID NO:393 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.

SEQ ID NO:394 is the cDNA sequence for HCLBP.

5 SEQ ID NO:395 is the cDNA sequence for transglutaminase.

SEQ ID NO:396 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.

SEQ ID NO:397 is the cDNA sequence for PAP.

SEQ ID NO:398 is the cDNA sequence for Ets transcription factor

PDEF.

10 SEQ ID NO:399 is the cDNA sequence for hTGR.

SEQ ID NO:400 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0295.

SEQ ID NO:401 is the cDNA sequence for 22545.

SEQ ID NO:402 is the cDNA sequence for 22547.

SEQ ID NO:403 is the cDNA sequence for 22548.

15 SEQ ID NO:404 is the cDNA sequence for 22550.

SEQ ID NO:405 is the cDNA sequence for 22551.

SEQ ID NO:406 is the cDNA sequence for 22552.

SEQ ID NO:407 is the cDNA sequence for 22553 (also known as

P1020C).

20 SEQ ID NO:408 is the cDNA sequence for 22558.

SEQ ID NO:409 is the cDNA sequence for 22562.

SEQ ID NO:410 is the cDNA sequence for 22565.

SEQ ID NO:411 is the cDNA sequence for 22567.

SEQ ID NO:412 is the cDNA sequence for 22568.

25 SEQ ID NO:413 is the cDNA sequence for 22570.

SEQ ID NO:414 is the cDNA sequence for 22571.

SEQ ID NO:415 is the cDNA sequence for 22572.

SEQ ID NO:416 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.

SEQ ID NO:417 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.

30 SEQ ID NO:418 is the cDNA sequence for 22575.

SEQ ID NO:419 is the cDNA sequence for 22580.
SEQ ID NO:420 is the cDNA sequence for 22581.
SEQ ID NO:421 is the cDNA sequence for 22582.
SEQ ID NO:422 is the cDNA sequence for 22583.
5 SEQ ID NO:423 is the cDNA sequence for 22584.
SEQ ID NO:424 is the cDNA sequence for 22585.
SEQ ID NO:425 is the cDNA sequence for 22586.
SEQ ID NO:426 is the cDNA sequence for 22587.
SEQ ID NO:427 is the cDNA sequence for 22588.
10 SEQ ID NO:428 is the cDNA sequence for 22589.
SEQ ID NO:429 is the cDNA sequence for 22590.
SEQ ID NO:430 is the cDNA sequence for 22591.
SEQ ID NO:431 is the cDNA sequence for 22592.
SEQ ID NO:432 is the cDNA sequence for 22593.
15 SEQ ID NO:433 is the cDNA sequence for 22594.
SEQ ID NO:434 is the cDNA sequence for 22595.
SEQ ID NO:435 is the cDNA sequence for 22596.
SEQ ID NO:436 is the cDNA sequence for 22847.
SEQ ID NO:437 is the cDNA sequence for 22848.
20 SEQ ID NO:438 is the cDNA sequence for 22849.
SEQ ID NO:439 is the cDNA sequence for 22851.
SEQ ID NO:440 is the cDNA sequence for 22852.
SEQ ID NO:441 is the cDNA sequence for 22853.
SEQ ID NO:442 is the cDNA sequence for 22854.
25 SEQ ID NO:443 is the cDNA sequence for 22855.
SEQ ID NO:444 is the cDNA sequence for 22856.
SEQ ID NO:445 is the cDNA sequence for 22857.
SEQ ID NO:446 is the cDNA sequence for 23601.
SEQ ID NO:447 is the cDNA sequence for 23602.
30 SEQ ID NO:448 is the cDNA sequence for 23605.

- SEQ ID NO:449 is the cDNA sequence for 23606.
SEQ ID NO:450 is the cDNA sequence for 23612.
SEQ ID NO:451 is the cDNA sequence for 23614.
SEQ ID NO:452 is the cDNA sequence for 23618.
5 SEQ ID NO:453 is the cDNA sequence for 23622.
SEQ ID NO:454 is the cDNA sequence for folate hydrolase.
SEQ ID NO:455 is the cDNA sequence for LIM protein.
SEQ ID NO:456 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.
SEQ ID NO:457 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.
10 SEQ ID NO:458 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.
SEQ ID NO:459 is the cDNA sequence for 23045.
SEQ ID NO:460 is the cDNA sequence for 23032.
SEQ ID NO:461 is the cDNA sequence for clone 23054.
SEQ ID NO:462-467 are cDNA sequences for known genes.
15 SEQ ID NO:468-471 are cDNA sequences for P710P.
SEQ ID NO:472 is a cDNA sequence for P1001C.
SEQ ID NO: 473 is the determined cDNA sequence for a first splice
variant of P775P (referred to as 27505).
SEQ ID NO: 474 is the determined cDNA sequence for a second splice
20 variant of P775P (referred to as 19947).
SEQ ID NO: 475 is the determined cDNA sequence for a third splice
variant of P775P (referred to as 19941).
SEQ ID NO: 476 is the determined cDNA sequence for a fourth splice
variant of P775P (referred to as 19937).
25 SEQ ID NO: 477 is a first predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the
sequence of SEQ ID NO: 474.
SEQ ID NO: 478 is a second predicted amino acid sequence encoded by
the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 474.
SEQ ID NO: 479 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the
30 sequence of SEQ ID NO: 475.

SEQ ID NO: 480 is a first predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 473.

SEQ ID NO: 481 is a second predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 473.

5 SEQ ID NO: 482 is a third predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 473.

SEQ ID NO: 483 is a fourth predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 473.

10 SEQ ID NO: 484 is the first 30 amino acids of the *M. tuberculosis* antigen Ra12.

SEQ ID NO: 485 is the PCR primer AW025.

SEQ ID NO: 486 is the PCR primer AW003.

SEQ ID NO: 487 is the PCR primer AW027.

SEQ ID NO: 488 is the PCR primer AW026.

15 SEQ ID NO: 489-501 are peptides employed in epitope mapping studies.

SEQ ID NO: 502 is the determined cDNA sequence of the complementarity determining region for the anti-P503S monoclonal antibody 20D4.

SEQ ID NO: 503 is the determined cDNA sequence of the complementarity determining region for the anti-P503S monoclonal antibody JA1.

20 SEQ ID NO: 504 & 505 are peptides employed in epitope mapping studies.

SEQ ID NO: 506 is the determined cDNA sequence of the complementarity determining region for the anti-P703P monoclonal antibody 8H2.

25 SEQ ID NO: 507 is the determined cDNA sequence of the complementarity determining region for the anti-P703P monoclonal antibody 7H8.

SEQ ID NO: 508 is the determined cDNA sequence of the complementarity determining region for the anti-P703P monoclonal antibody 2D4.

SEQ ID NO: 509-522 are peptides employed in epitope mapping studies.

30 SEQ ID NO: 523 is a mature form of P703P used to raise antibodies against P703P.

SEQ ID NO: 524 is the putative full-length cDNA sequence of P703P.

SEQ ID NO: 525 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 524.

SEQ ID NO: 526 is the full-length cDNA sequence for P790P.

5 SEQ ID NO: 527 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P790P.

SEQ ID NO: 528 & 529 are PCR primers.

SEQ ID NO: 530 is the cDNA sequence of a splice variant of SEQ ID NO: 366.

10 SEQ ID NO: 531 is the cDNA sequence of the open reading frame of SEQ ID NO: 530.

SEQ ID NO: 532 is the predicted amino acid encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 531.

SEQ ID NO: 533 is the DNA sequence of a putative ORF of P775P.

15 SEQ ID NO: 534 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 533.

SEQ ID NO: 535 is a first full-length cDNA sequence for P510S.

SEQ ID NO: 536 is a second full-length cDNA sequence for P510S.

SEQ ID NO: 537 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 535.

20 SEQ ID NO: 538 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 536.

SEQ ID NO: 539 is the peptide P501S-370.

SEQ ID NO: 540 is the peptide P501S-376.

SEQ ID NO: 541-551 are epitopes of P501S.

25 SEQ ID NO: 552 is an extended cDNA sequence for P712P.

SEQ ID NO: 553-568 are the amino acid sequences encoded by predicted open reading frames within SEQ ID NO: 552.

SEQ ID NO: 569 is an extended cDNA sequence for P776P.

30 SEQ ID NO: 570 is the determined cDNA sequence for a splice variant of P776P referred to as contig 6.

SEQ ID NO: 571 is the determined cDNA sequence for a splice variant of P776P referred to as contig 7.

SEQ ID NO: 572 is the determined cDNA sequence for a splice variant of P776P referred to as contig 14.

5 SEQ ID NO: 573 is the amino acid sequence encoded by a first predicted ORF of SEQ ID NO: 570.

SEQ ID NO: 574 is the amino acid sequence encoded by a second predicted ORF of SEQ ID NO: 570.

10 SEQ ID NO: 575 is the amino acid sequence encoded by a predicted ORF of SEQ ID NO: 571.

SEQ ID NO: 576-586 are amino acid sequences encoded by predicted ORFs of SEQ ID NO: 569.

SEQ ID NO: 587 is a DNA consensus sequence of the sequences of P767P and P777P.

15 SEQ ID NO: 588-590 are amino acid sequences encoded by predicted ORFs of SEQ ID NO: 587.

SEQ ID NO: 591 is an extended cDNA sequence for P1020C.

SEQ ID NO: 592 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: P1020C.

20 SEQ ID NO: 593 is a splice variant of P775P referred to as 50748.

SEQ ID NO: 594 is a splice variant of P775P referred to as 50717.

SEQ ID NO: 595 is a splice variant of P775P referred to as 45985.

SEQ ID NO: 596 is a splice variant of P775P referred to as 38769.

SEQ ID NO: 597 is a splice variant of P775P referred to as 37922.

25 SEQ ID NO: 598 is a splice variant of P510S referred to as 49274.

SEQ ID NO: 599 is a splice variant of P510S referred to as 39487.

SEQ ID NO: 600 is a splice variant of P504S referred to as 5167.16.

SEQ ID NO: 601 is a splice variant of P504S referred to as 5167.1.

SEQ ID NO: 602 is a splice variant of P504S referred to as 5163.46.

30 SEQ ID NO: 603 is a splice variant of P504S referred to as 5163.42.

SEQ ID NO: 604 is a splice variant of P504S referred to as 5163.34.

SEQ ID NO: 605 is a splice variant of P504S referred to as 5163.17.

SEQ ID NO: 606 is a splice variant of P501S referred to as 10640.

SEQ ID NO: 607-615 are the sequences of PCR primers.

5 SEQ ID NO: 616 is the determined cDNA sequence of a fusion of P703P
and PSA.

SEQ ID NO: 617 is the amino acid sequence of the fusion of P703P and
PSA.

SEQ ID NO: 618 is the cDNA sequence of the gene DD3.

10 SEQ ID NO: 619 is an extended cDNA sequence for P714P.

SEQ ID NO: 620-622 are the cDNA sequences for splice variants of
P704P.

SEQ ID NO: 623 is the cDNA sequence of a splice variant of P553S
referred to as P553S-14.

15 SEQ ID NO: 624 is the cDNA sequence of a splice variant of P553S
referred to as P553S-12.

SEQ ID NO: 625 is the cDNA sequence of a splice variant of P553S
referred to as P553S-10.

20 SEQ ID NO: 626 is the cDNA sequence of a splice variant of P553S
referred to as P553S-6.

SEQ ID NO: 627 is the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO:
626.

SEQ ID NO: 628 is a first amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO:
623.

25 SEQ ID NO: 629 is a second amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID
NO: 623.

SEQ ID NO: 630 is a first full-length cDNA sequence for prostate-
specific transglutaminase gene (also referred to herein as P558S).

30 SEQ ID NO: 631 is a second full-length cDNA sequence for prostate-
specific transglutaminase gene.

SEQ ID NO: 632 is the amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of
SEQ ID NO: 630.

SEQ ID NO: 633 is the amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of
SEQ ID NO: 631.

5 SEQ ID NO: 634 is the full-length cDNA sequence for P788P.

SEQ ID NO: 635 is the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO:
634.

SEQ ID NO: 636 is the determined cDNA sequence for a polymorphic
variant of P788P.

10 SEQ ID NO: 637 is the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO:
636.

SEQ ID NO: 638 is the amino acid sequence of peptide 4 from P703P.

SEQ ID NO: 639 is the cDNA sequence that encodes peptide 4 from
P703P.

15 SEQ ID NO: 640-655 are cDNA sequences encoding epitopes of P703P.
SEQ ID NO: 656-671 are the amino acid sequences of epitopes of
P703P.

SEQ ID NO: 672 and 673 are PCR primers.

20 SEQ ID NO: 674 is the cDNA sequence encoding an N-terminal portion
of P788P expressed in *E. coli*.

SEQ ID NO: 675 is the amino acid sequence of the N-terminal portion of
P788P expressed in *E. coli*.

SEQ ID NO: 676 is the amino acid sequence of the *M. tuberculosis*
antigen Ra12.

25 SEQ ID NO: 677 and 678 are PCR primers.

SEQ ID NO: 679 is the cDNA sequence for the Ra12-P510S-C
construct.

SEQ ID NO: 680 is the cDNA sequence for the P510S-C construct.

SEQ ID NO: 681 is the cDNA sequence for the P510S-E3 construct.

SEQ ID NO: 682 is the amino acid sequence for the Ra12-P510S-C construct.

SEQ ID NO: 683 is the amino acid sequence for the P510S-C construct.

SEQ ID NO: 684 is the amino acid sequence for the P510S-E3 construct.

5 SEQ ID NO: 685-690 are PCR primers.

SEQ ID NO: 691 is the cDNA sequence of the construct Ra12-P775P-ORF3.

SEQ ID NO: 692 is the amino acid sequence of the construct Ra12-P775P-ORF3.

10 SEQ ID NO: 693 and 694 are PCR primers.

SEQ ID NO: 695 is the determined amino acid sequence for a P703P His tag fusion protein.

SEQ ID NO: 696 is the determined cDNA sequence for a P703P His tag fusion protein.

15 SEQ ID NO: 697 and 698 are PCR primers.

SEQ ID NO: 699 is the determined amino acid sequence for a P705P His tag fusion protein.

SEQ ID NO: 700 is the determined cDNA sequence for a P705P His tag fusion protein.

20 SEQ ID NO: 701 and 702 are PCR primers.

SEQ ID NO: 703 is the determined amino acid sequence for a P711P His tag fusion protein.

SEQ ID NO: 704 is the determined cDNA sequence for a P711P His tag fusion protein.

25 SEQ ID NO: 705 is the amino acid sequence of the *M. tuberculosis* antigen Ra12.

SEQ ID NO: 706 and 707 are PCR primers.

SEQ ID NO: 708 is the determined cDNA sequence for the construct Ra12-P501S-E2.

SEQ ID NO: 709 is the determined amino acid sequence for the construct Ra12-P501S-E2.

SEQ ID NO: 710 is the amino acid sequence for an epitope of P501S.

SEQ ID NO: 711 is the DNA sequence encoding SEQ ID NO: 710.

5 SEQ ID NO: 712 is the amino acid sequence for an epitope of P501S.

SEQ ID NO: 713 is the DNA sequence encoding SEQ ID NO: 712.

SEQ ID NO: 714 is a peptide employed in epitope mapping studies.

SEQ ID NO: 715 is the amino acid sequence for an epitope of P501S.

SEQ ID NO: 716 is the DNA sequence encoding SEQ ID NO: 715.

10 SEQ ID NO: 717-719 are the amino acid sequences for CD4 epitopes of P501S.

SEQ ID NO: 720-722 are the DNA sequences encoding the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 717-719.

15 SEQ ID NO: 723-734 are the amino acid sequences for putative CTL epitopes of P703P.

SEQ ID NO: 735 is the full-length cDNA sequence for P789P.

SEQ ID NO: 736 is the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 735.

20 SEQ ID NO: 737 is the determined full-length cDNA sequence for the splice variant of P776P referred to as contig 6.

SEQ ID NO: 738-739 are determined full-length cDNA sequences for the splice variant of P776P referred to as contig 7.

SEQ ID NO: 740-744 are amino acid sequences encoded by SEQ ID NO: 737.

25 SEQ ID NO: 745-750 are amino acid sequences encoded by the splice variant of P776P referred to as contig 7.

SEQ ID NO: 751 is the full-length cDNA sequence for human transmembrane protease serine 2.

30 SEQ ID NO: 752 is the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 751.

SEQ ID NO: 753 is the cDNA sequence encoding the first 209 amino acids of human transmembrane protease serine 2.

SEQ ID NO: 754 is the first 209 amino acids of human transmembrane protease serine 2.

5 SEQ ID NO: 755 is the amino acid sequence of peptide 296-322 of P501S.

SEQ ID NO: 756-759 are PCR primers.

SEQ ID NO: 760 is the determined cDNA sequence of the Vb chain of a T cell receptor for the P501S-specific T cell clone 4E5.

10 SEQ ID NO: 761 is the determined cDNA sequence of the Va chain of a T cell receptor for the P501S-specific T cell clone 4E5.

SEQ ID NO: 762 is the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO 760.

15 SEQ ID NO: 763 is the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO 761.

SEQ ID NO: 764 is the full-length open reading frame for P768P including stop codon.

SEQ ID NO: 765 is the full-length open reading frame for P768P without stop codon.

20 SEQ ID NO: 766 is the amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 765.

SEQ ID NO: 767-772 are the amino acid sequences for predicted domains of P768P.

SEQ ID NO: 773 is the full-length cDNA sequence of P835P.

25 SEQ ID NO: 774 is the cDNA sequence of the previously identified clone FLJ13581.

SEQ ID NO: 775 is the cDNA sequence of the open reading frame for P835P with stop codon.

30 SEQ ID NO: 776 is the cDNA sequence of the open reading frame for P835P without stop codon.

SEQ ID NO: 777 is the full-length amino acid sequence for P835P.

SEQ ID NO: 778-785 are the amino acid sequences of extracellular and intracellular domains of P835P.

SEQ ID NO: 786 is the full-length cDNA sequence for P1000C.

5 SEQ ID NO: 787 is the cDNA sequence of the open reading frame for P1000C, including stop codon.

SEQ ID NO: 788 is the cDNA sequence of the open reading frame for P1000C, without stop codon.

SEQ ID NO: 789 is the full-length amino acid sequence for P1000C.

10 SEQ ID NO: 790 is amino acids 1-100 of SEQ ID NO: 789.

SEQ ID NO: 791 is amino acids 100-492 of SEQ ID NO: 789.

SEQ ID NO: 792 is the amino acid sequence of an α prepro-P501S recombinant protein.

15 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention is directed generally to compositions and their use in the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, particularly prostate cancer. As described further below, illustrative compositions of the present invention include, but are not restricted to, polypeptides, particularly immunogenic polypeptides, polynucleotides encoding such
20 polypeptides, antibodies and other binding agents, antigen presenting cells (APCs) and immune system cells (e.g., T cells).

The practice of the present invention will employ, unless indicated specifically to the contrary, conventional methods of virology, immunology, microbiology, molecular biology and recombinant DNA techniques within the skill of
25 the art, many of which are described below for the purpose of illustration. Such techniques are explained fully in the literature. See, e.g., Sambrook, et al. Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual (2nd Edition, 1989); Maniatis et al. Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual (1982); DNA Cloning: A Practical Approach, vol. I & II (D. Glover, ed.); Oligonucleotide Synthesis (N. Gait, ed., 1984); Nucleic Acid

Hybridization (B. Hames & S. Higgins, eds., 1985); Transcription and Translation (B. Hames & S. Higgins, eds., 1984); Animal Cell Culture (R. Freshney, ed., 1986); Perbal, A Practical Guide to Molecular Cloning (1984).

All publications, patents and patent applications cited herein, whether
5 supra or infra, are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety.

As used in this specification and the appended claims, the singular forms "a," "an" and "the" include plural references unless the content clearly dictates otherwise.

Polypeptide Compositions

10 As used herein, the term "polypeptide" is used in its conventional meaning, *i.e.*, as a sequence of amino acids. The polypeptides are not limited to a specific length of the product; thus, peptides, oligopeptides, and proteins are included within the definition of polypeptide, and such terms may be used interchangeably herein unless specifically indicated otherwise. This term also does not refer to or exclude post-
15 expression modifications of the polypeptide, for example, glycosylations, acetylations, phosphorylations and the like, as well as other modifications known in the art, both naturally occurring and non-naturally occurring. A polypeptide may be an entire protein, or a subsequence thereof. Particular polypeptides of interest in the context of this invention are amino acid subsequences comprising epitopes, *i.e.*, antigenic
20 determinants substantially responsible for the immunogenic properties of a polypeptide and being capable of evoking an immune response.

Particularly illustrative polypeptides of the present invention comprise those encoded by a polynucleotide sequence set forth in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382
25 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591, 593-606, 618-626, 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 773-776 and 786-788, or a sequence that hybridizes under moderately stringent conditions, or, alternatively, under highly stringent conditions, to a polynucleotide sequence set forth in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175,

177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591, 593-606, 618-626, 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 773-776 and 786-788. In specific embodiments, the polypeptides of the invention
5 comprise amino acid sequences as set forth in any one of SEQ ID NO: 112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380, 383, 477-483, 496, 504, 505, 519, 520, 522, 525, 527, 532, 534, 537-551, 553-568, 573-586, 588-590, 592, 627-629, 632, 633, 635, 637, 638, 656-671, 675, 683, 684, 710, 712, 714, 715, 717-719, 723-734, 736, 740-750, 752, 754, 755, 766-772, 777-785 and 789-791.

10 The polypeptides of the present invention are sometimes herein referred to as prostate-specific proteins or prostate-specific polypeptides, as an indication that their identification has been based at least in part upon their increased levels of expression in prostate tissue samples. Thus, a "prostate-specific polypeptide" or "prostate-specific protein," refers generally to a polypeptide sequence of the present
15 invention, or a polynucleotide sequence encoding such a polypeptide, that is expressed in a substantial proportion of prostate tissue samples, for example preferably greater than about 20%, more preferably greater than about 30%, and most preferably greater than about 50% or more of prostate tissue samples tested, at a level that is at least two fold, and preferably at least five fold, greater than the level of expression in other
20 normal tissues, as determined using a representative assay provided herein. A prostate-specific polypeptide sequence of the invention, based upon its increased level of expression in tumor cells, has particular utility both as a diagnostic marker as well as a therapeutic target, as further described below.

 In certain preferred embodiments, the polypeptides of the invention are
25 immunogenic, *i.e.*, they react detectably within an immunoassay (such as an ELISA or T-cell stimulation assay) with antisera and/or T-cells from a patient with prostate cancer. Screening for immunogenic activity can be performed using techniques well known to the skilled artisan. For example, such screens can be performed using methods such as those described in Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory*
30 *Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In one illustrative example, a

polypeptide may be immobilized on a solid support and contacted with patient sera to allow binding of antibodies within the sera to the immobilized polypeptide. Unbound sera may then be removed and bound antibodies detected using, for example, ^{125}I -labeled Protein A.

- 5 As would be recognized by the skilled artisan, immunogenic portions of the polypeptides disclosed herein are also encompassed by the present invention. An "immunogenic portion," as used herein, is a fragment of an immunogenic polypeptide of the invention that itself is immunologically reactive (*i.e.*, specifically binds) with the B-cells and/or T-cell surface antigen receptors that recognize the polypeptide.
- 10 Immunogenic portions may generally be identified using well known techniques, such as those summarized in Paul, *Fundamental Immunology*, 3rd ed., 243-247 (Raven Press, 1993) and references cited therein. Such techniques include screening polypeptides for the ability to react with antigen-specific antibodies, antisera and/or T-cell lines or clones. As used herein, antisera and antibodies are "antigen-specific" if they
- 15 specifically bind to an antigen (*i.e.*, they react with the protein in an ELISA or other immunoassay, and do not react detectably with unrelated proteins). Such antisera and antibodies may be prepared as described herein, and using well-known techniques.

- In one preferred embodiment, an immunogenic portion of a polypeptide of the present invention is a portion that reacts with antisera and/or T-cells at a level that
- 20 is not substantially less than the reactivity of the full-length polypeptide (*e.g.*, in an ELISA and/or T-cell reactivity assay). Preferably, the level of immunogenic activity of the immunogenic portion is at least about 50%, preferably at least about 70% and most preferably greater than about 90% of the immunogenicity for the full-length polypeptide. In some instances, preferred immunogenic portions will be identified that
- 25 have a level of immunogenic activity greater than that of the corresponding full-length polypeptide, *e.g.*, having greater than about 100% or 150% or more immunogenic activity.

- In certain other embodiments, illustrative immunogenic portions may include peptides in which an N-terminal leader sequence and/or transmembrane domain
- 30 has been deleted. Other illustrative immunogenic portions will contain a small N-

and/or C-terminal deletion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids), relative to the mature protein.

In another embodiment, a polypeptide composition of the invention may also comprise one or more polypeptides that are immunologically reactive with T cells and/or antibodies generated against a polypeptide of the invention, particularly a
5 polypeptide having an amino acid sequence disclosed herein, or to an immunogenic fragment or variant thereof.

In another embodiment of the invention, polypeptides are provided that comprise one or more polypeptides that are capable of eliciting T cells and/or antibodies
10 that are immunologically reactive with one or more polypeptides described herein, or one or more polypeptides encoded by contiguous nucleic acid sequences contained in the polynucleotide sequences disclosed herein, or immunogenic fragments or variants thereof, or to one or more nucleic acid sequences which hybridize to one or more of these sequences under conditions of moderate to high stringency.

15 The present invention, in another aspect, provides polypeptide fragments comprising at least about 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 50, or 100 contiguous amino acids, or more, including all intermediate lengths, of a polypeptide composition set forth herein, such as those set forth in SEQ ID NO: 112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380, 383, 477-483, 496, 504, 505, 519, 520, 522, 525, 527, 532, 534, 537-551, 553-568,
20 573-586, 588-590, 592, 627-629, 632, 633, 635, 637, 638, 656-671, 675, 683, 684, 710, 712, 714, 715, 717-719, 723-734, 736, 740-750, 752, 754, 755, 766-772, 777-785 and 789-791, or those encoded by a polynucleotide sequence set forth in a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591,
25 593-606, 618-626, 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 773-776 and 786-788.

In another aspect, the present invention provides variants of the polypeptide compositions described herein. Polypeptide variants generally encompassed by the present invention will typically exhibit at least about 70%, 75%,
30 80%, 85%, 90%, 91%, 92%, 93%, 94%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% or more identity

(determined as described below), along its length, to a polypeptide sequence set forth herein.

In one preferred embodiment, the polypeptide fragments and variants provided by the present invention are immunologically reactive with an antibody and/or
5 T-cell that reacts with a full-length polypeptide specifically set forth herein.

In another preferred embodiment, the polypeptide fragments and variants provided by the present invention exhibit a level of immunogenic activity of at least about 50%, preferably at least about 70%, and most preferably at least about 90% or more of that exhibited by a full-length polypeptide sequence specifically set forth
10 herein.

A polypeptide "variant," as the term is used herein, is a polypeptide that typically differs from a polypeptide specifically disclosed herein in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions. Such variants may be naturally occurring or may be synthetically generated, for example, by modifying one or more of
15 the above polypeptide sequences of the invention and evaluating their immunogenic activity as described herein using any of a number of techniques well known in the art.

For example, certain illustrative variants of the polypeptides of the invention include those in which one or more portions, such as an N-terminal leader sequence or transmembrane domain, have been removed. Other illustrative variants
20 include variants in which a small portion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids) has been removed from the N- and/or C-terminal of the mature protein.

In many instances, a variant will contain conservative substitutions. A "conservative substitution" is one in which an amino acid is substituted for another amino acid that has similar properties, such that one skilled in the art of peptide
25 chemistry would expect the secondary structure and hydrophobic nature of the polypeptide to be substantially unchanged. As described above, modifications may be made in the structure of the polynucleotides and polypeptides of the present invention and still obtain a functional molecule that encodes a variant or derivative polypeptide with desirable characteristics, *e.g.*, with immunogenic characteristics. When it is
30 desired to alter the amino acid sequence of a polypeptide to create an equivalent, or

even an improved, immunogenic variant or portion of a polypeptide of the invention, one skilled in the art will typically change one or more of the codons of the encoding DNA sequence according to Table 1.

For example, certain amino acids may be substituted for other amino acids in a protein structure without appreciable loss of interactive binding capacity with structures such as, for example, antigen-binding regions of antibodies or binding sites on substrate molecules. Since it is the interactive capacity and nature of a protein that defines that protein's biological functional activity, certain amino acid sequence substitutions can be made in a protein sequence, and, of course, its underlying DNA coding sequence, and nevertheless obtain a protein with like properties. It is thus contemplated that various changes may be made in the peptide sequences of the disclosed compositions, or corresponding DNA sequences which encode said peptides without appreciable loss of their biological utility or activity.

TABLE 1

Amino Acids			Codons					
Alanine	Ala	A	GCA	GCC	GCG	GCU		
Cysteine	Cys	C	UGC	UGU				
Aspartic acid	Asp	D	GAC	GAU				
Glutamic acid	Glu	E	GAA	GAG				
Phenylalanine	Phe	F	UUC	UUU				
Glycine	Gly	G	GGA	GGC	GGG	GGU		
Histidine	His	H	CAC	CAU				
Isoleucine	Ile	I	AUA	AUC	AUU			
Lysine	Lys	K	AAA	AAG				
Leucine	Leu	L	UUA	UUG	CUA	CUC	CUG	CUU
Methionine	Met	M	AUG					
Asparagine	Asn	N	AAC	AAU				
Proline	Pro	P	CCA	CCC	CCG	CCU		
Glutamine	Gln	Q	CAA	CAG				
Arginine	Arg	R	AGA	AGG	CGA	CGC	CGG	CGU
Serine	Ser	S	AGC	AGU	UCA	UCC	UCG	UCU
Threonine	Thr	T	ACA	ACC	ACG	ACU		
Valine	Val	V	GUA	GUC	GUG	GUU		
Tryptophan	Trp	W	UGG					
Tyrosine	Tyr	Y	UAC	UAU				

In making such changes, the hydrophatic index of amino acids may be considered. The importance of the hydrophatic amino acid index in conferring interactive biologic function on a protein is generally understood in the art (Kyte and Doolittle, 1982, incorporated herein by reference). It is accepted that the relative hydrophatic character of the amino acid contributes to the secondary structure of the resultant protein, which in turn defines the interaction of the protein with other molecules, for example, enzymes, substrates, receptors, DNA, antibodies, antigens, and the like. Each amino acid has been assigned a hydrophatic index on the basis of its

hydrophobicity and charge characteristics (Kyte and Doolittle, 1982). These values are: isoleucine (+4.5); valine (+4.2); leucine (+3.8); phenylalanine (+2.8); cysteine/cystine (+2.5); methionine (+1.9); alanine (+1.8); glycine (−0.4); threonine (−0.7); serine (−0.8); tryptophan (−0.9); tyrosine (−1.3); proline (−1.6); histidine (−3.2); glutamate (−3.5);
5 glutamine (−3.5); aspartate (−3.5); asparagine (−3.5); lysine (−3.9); and arginine (−4.5).

It is known in the art that certain amino acids may be substituted by other amino acids having a similar hydropathic index or score and still result in a protein with similar biological activity, *i.e.* still obtain a biological functionally equivalent protein. In making such changes, the substitution of amino acids whose hydropathic indices are
10 within ± 2 is preferred, those within ± 1 are particularly preferred, and those within ± 0.5 are even more particularly preferred. It is also understood in the art that the substitution of like amino acids can be made effectively on the basis of hydrophilicity. U. S. Patent 4,554,101 (specifically incorporated herein by reference in its entirety), states that the greatest local average hydrophilicity of a protein, as governed by the hydrophilicity of
15 its adjacent amino acids, correlates with a biological property of the protein.

As detailed in U. S. Patent 4,554,101, the following hydrophilicity values have been assigned to amino acid residues: arginine (+3.0); lysine (+3.0); aspartate (+3.0 \pm 1); glutamate (+3.0 \pm 1); serine (+0.3); asparagine (+0.2); glutamine (+0.2); glycine (0); threonine (−0.4); proline (−0.5 \pm 1); alanine (−0.5); histidine (−0.5); cysteine
20 (−1.0); methionine (−1.3); valine (−1.5); leucine (−1.8); isoleucine (−1.8); tyrosine (−2.3); phenylalanine (−2.5); tryptophan (−3.4). It is understood that an amino acid can be substituted for another having a similar hydrophilicity value and still obtain a biologically equivalent, and in particular, an immunologically equivalent protein. In such changes, the substitution of amino acids whose hydrophilicity values are within ± 2
25 is preferred, those within ± 1 are particularly preferred, and those within ± 0.5 are even more particularly preferred.

As outlined above, amino acid substitutions are generally therefore based on the relative similarity of the amino acid side-chain substituents, for example, their hydrophobicity, hydrophilicity, charge, size, and the like. Exemplary substitutions that
30 take various of the foregoing characteristics into consideration are well known to those

of skill in the art and include: arginine and lysine; glutamate and aspartate; serine and threonine; glutamine and asparagine; and valine, leucine and isoleucine.

In addition, any polynucleotide may be further modified to increase stability *in vivo*. Possible modifications include, but are not limited to, the addition of
5 flanking sequences at the 5' and/or 3' ends; the use of phosphorothioate or 2' O-methyl rather than phosphodiesterase linkages in the backbone; and/or the inclusion of nontraditional bases such as inosine, queosine and wybutosine, as well as acetyl-methyl-, thio- and other modified forms of adenine, cytidine, guanine, thymine and uridine.

10 Amino acid substitutions may further be made on the basis of similarity in polarity, charge, solubility, hydrophobicity, hydrophilicity and/or the amphipathic nature of the residues. For example, negatively charged amino acids include aspartic acid and glutamic acid; positively charged amino acids include lysine and arginine; and amino acids with uncharged polar head groups having similar hydrophilicity values
15 include leucine, isoleucine and valine; glycine and alanine; asparagine and glutamine; and serine, threonine, phenylalanine and tyrosine. Other groups of amino acids that may represent conservative changes include: (1) ala, pro, gly, glu, asp, gln, asn, ser, thr; (2) cys, ser, tyr, thr; (3) val, ile, leu, met, ala, phe; (4) lys, arg, his; and (5) phe, tyr, trp, his. A variant may also, or alternatively, contain nonconservative changes. In a
20 preferred embodiment, variant polypeptides differ from a native sequence by substitution, deletion or addition of five amino acids or fewer. Variants may also (or alternatively) be modified by, for example, the deletion or addition of amino acids that have minimal influence on the immunogenicity, secondary structure and hydrophobic nature of the polypeptide.

25 As noted above, polypeptides may comprise a signal (or leader) sequence at the N-terminal end of the protein, which co-translationally or post-translationally directs transfer of the protein. The polypeptide may also be conjugated to a linker or other sequence for ease of synthesis, purification or identification of the polypeptide (e.g., poly-His), or to enhance binding of the polypeptide to a solid support. For
30 example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to an immunoglobulin Fc region.

When comparing polypeptide sequences, two sequences are said to be “identical” if the sequence of amino acids in the two sequences is the same when aligned for maximum correspondence, as described below. Comparisons between two sequences are typically performed by comparing the sequences over a comparison window to identify and compare local regions of sequence similarity. A “comparison window” as used herein, refers to a segment of at least about 20 contiguous positions, usually 30 to about 75, 40 to about 50, in which a sequence may be compared to a reference sequence of the same number of contiguous positions after the two sequences are optimally aligned.

Optimal alignment of sequences for comparison may be conducted using the Megalign program in the Lasergene suite of bioinformatics software (DNASTAR, Inc., Madison, WI), using default parameters. This program embodies several alignment schemes described in the following references: Dayhoff, M.O. (1978) A model of evolutionary change in proteins – Matrices for detecting distant relationships. In Dayhoff, M.O. (ed.) *Atlas of Protein Sequence and Structure*, National Biomedical Research Foundation, Washington DC Vol. 5, Suppl. 3, pp. 345-358; Hein J. (1990) Unified Approach to Alignment and Phylogenies pp. 626-645 *Methods in Enzymology* vol. 183, Academic Press, Inc., San Diego, CA; Higgins, D.G. and Sharp, P.M. (1989) *CABIOS* 5:151-153; Myers, E.W. and Muller W. (1988) *CABIOS* 4:11-17; Robinson, E.D. (1971) *Comb. Theor* 11:105; Santou, N. Nes, M. (1987) *Mol. Biol. Evol.* 4:406-425; Sneath, P.H.A. and Sokal, R.R. (1973) *Numerical Taxonomy – the Principles and Practice of Numerical Taxonomy*, Freeman Press, San Francisco, CA; Wilbur, W.J. and Lipman, D.J. (1983) *Proc. Natl. Acad., Sci. USA* 80:726-730.

Alternatively, optimal alignment of sequences for comparison may be conducted by the local identity algorithm of Smith and Waterman (1981) *Add. APL. Math* 2:482, by the identity alignment algorithm of Needleman and Wunsch (1970) *J. Mol. Biol.* 48:443, by the search for similarity methods of Pearson and Lipman (1988) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 85: 2444, by computerized implementations of these algorithms (GAP, BESTFIT, BLAST, FASTA, and TFASTA in the Wisconsin Genetics

Software Package, Genetics Computer Group (GCG), 575 Science Dr., Madison, WI), or by inspection.

One preferred example of algorithms that are suitable for determining percent sequence identity and sequence similarity are the BLAST and BLAST 2.0 algorithms, which are described in Altschul et al. (1977) *Nucl. Acids Res.* 25:3389-3402 and Altschul et al. (1990) *J. Mol. Biol.* 215:403-410, respectively. BLAST and BLAST 2.0 can be used, for example with the parameters described herein, to determine percent sequence identity for the polynucleotides and polypeptides of the invention. Software for performing BLAST analyses is publicly available through the National Center for Biotechnology Information. For amino acid sequences, a scoring matrix can be used to calculate the cumulative score. Extension of the word hits in each direction are halted when: the cumulative alignment score falls off by the quantity X from its maximum achieved value; the cumulative score goes to zero or below, due to the accumulation of one or more negative-scoring residue alignments; or the end of either sequence is reached. The BLAST algorithm parameters W, T and X determine the sensitivity and speed of the alignment.

In one preferred approach, the "percentage of sequence identity" is determined by comparing two optimally aligned sequences over a window of comparison of at least 20 positions, wherein the portion of the polypeptide sequence in the comparison window may comprise additions or deletions (*i.e.*, gaps) of 20 percent or less, usually 5 to 15 percent, or 10 to 12 percent, as compared to the reference sequences (which does not comprise additions or deletions) for optimal alignment of the two sequences. The percentage is calculated by determining the number of positions at which the identical amino acid residue occurs in both sequences to yield the number of matched positions, dividing the number of matched positions by the total number of positions in the reference sequence (*i.e.*, the window size) and multiplying the results by 100 to yield the percentage of sequence identity.

Within other illustrative embodiments, a polypeptide may be a fusion polypeptide that comprises multiple polypeptides as described herein, or that comprises at least one polypeptide as described herein and an unrelated sequence, such as a known

tumor protein. A fusion partner may, for example, assist in providing T helper epitopes (an immunological fusion partner), preferably T helper epitopes recognized by humans, or may assist in expressing the protein (an expression enhancer) at higher yields than the native recombinant protein. Certain preferred fusion partners are both immunological and expression enhancing fusion partners. Other fusion partners may be selected so as to increase the solubility of the polypeptide or to enable the polypeptide to be targeted to desired intracellular compartments. Still further fusion partners include affinity tags, which facilitate purification of the polypeptide.

Fusion polypeptides may generally be prepared using standard techniques, including chemical conjugation. Preferably, a fusion polypeptide is expressed as a recombinant polypeptide, allowing the production of increased levels, relative to a non-fused polypeptide, in an expression system. Briefly, DNA sequences encoding the polypeptide components may be assembled separately, and ligated into an appropriate expression vector. The 3' end of the DNA sequence encoding one polypeptide component is ligated, with or without a peptide linker, to the 5' end of a DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide component so that the reading frames of the sequences are in phase. This permits translation into a single fusion polypeptide that retains the biological activity of both component polypeptides.

A peptide linker sequence may be employed to separate the first and second polypeptide components by a distance sufficient to ensure that each polypeptide folds into its secondary and tertiary structures. Such a peptide linker sequence is incorporated into the fusion polypeptide using standard techniques well known in the art. Suitable peptide linker sequences may be chosen based on the following factors: (1) their ability to adopt a flexible extended conformation; (2) their inability to adopt a secondary structure that could interact with functional epitopes on the first and second polypeptides; and (3) the lack of hydrophobic or charged residues that might react with the polypeptide functional epitopes. Preferred peptide linker sequences contain Gly, Asn and Ser residues. Other near neutral amino acids, such as Thr and Ala may also be used in the linker sequence. Amino acid sequences which may be usefully employed as linkers include those disclosed in Maratea et al., *Gene* 40:39-46, 1985; Murphy et al.,

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 83:8258-8262, 1986; U.S. Patent No. 4,935,233 and U.S. Patent No. 4,751,180. The linker sequence may generally be from 1 to about 50 amino acids in length. Linker sequences are not required when the first and second polypeptides have non-essential N-terminal amino acid regions that can be used to
5 separate the functional domains and prevent steric interference.

The ligated DNA sequences are operably linked to suitable transcriptional or translational regulatory elements. The regulatory elements responsible for expression of DNA are located only 5' to the DNA sequence encoding the first polypeptides. Similarly, stop codons required to end translation and
10 transcription termination signals are only present 3' to the DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide.

The fusion polypeptide can comprise a polypeptide as described herein together with an unrelated immunogenic protein, such as an immunogenic protein capable of eliciting a recall response. Examples of such proteins include tetanus,
15 tuberculosis and hepatitis proteins (*see*, for example, Stoute et al. *New Engl. J. Med.*, 336:86-91, 1997).

In one preferred embodiment, the immunological fusion partner is derived from a *Mycobacterium* sp., such as a *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*-derived Ra12 fragment. Ra12 compositions and methods for their use in enhancing the expression
20 and/or immunogenicity of heterologous polynucleotide/polypeptide sequences is described in U.S. Patent Application 60/158,585, the disclosure of which is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety. Briefly, Ra12 refers to a polynucleotide region that is a subsequence of a *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* MTB32A nucleic acid. MTB32A is a serine protease of 32 KD molecular weight encoded by a gene in virulent
25 and avirulent strains of *M. tuberculosis*. The nucleotide sequence and amino acid sequence of MTB32A have been described (for example, U.S. Patent Application 60/158,585; *see also*, Skeiky et al., *Infection and Immun.* (1999) 67:3998-4007, incorporated herein by reference). C-terminal fragments of the MTB32A coding
30 sequence express at high levels and remain as a soluble polypeptides throughout the purification process. Moreover, Ra12 may enhance the immunogenicity of heterologous

immunogenic polypeptides with which it is fused. One preferred Ra12 fusion polypeptide comprises a 14 KD C-terminal fragment corresponding to amino acid residues 192 to 323 of MTB32A. Other preferred Ra12 polynucleotides generally comprise at least about 15 consecutive nucleotides, at least about 30 nucleotides, at least
5 about 60 nucleotides, at least about 100 nucleotides, at least about 200 nucleotides, or at least about 300 nucleotides that encode a portion of a Ra12 polypeptide. Ra12 polynucleotides may comprise a native sequence (*i.e.*, an endogenous sequence that encodes a Ra12 polypeptide or a portion thereof) or may comprise a variant of such a sequence. Ra12 polynucleotide variants may contain one or more substitutions,
10 additions, deletions and/or insertions such that the biological activity of the encoded fusion polypeptide is not substantially diminished, relative to a fusion polypeptide comprising a native Ra12 polypeptide. Variants preferably exhibit at least about 70% identity, more preferably at least about 80% identity and most preferably at least about 90% identity to a polynucleotide sequence that encodes a native Ra12 polypeptide or a
15 portion thereof.

Within other preferred embodiments, an immunological fusion partner is derived from protein D, a surface protein of the gram-negative bacterium *Haemophilus influenza B* (WO 91/18926). Preferably, a protein D derivative comprises approximately the first third of the protein (*e.g.*, the first N-terminal 100-110 amino
20 acids), and a protein D derivative may be lipidated. Within certain preferred embodiments, the first 109 residues of a Lipoprotein D fusion partner is included on the N-terminus to provide the polypeptide with additional exogenous T-cell epitopes and to increase the expression level in *E. coli* (thus functioning as an expression enhancer). The lipid tail ensures optimal presentation of the antigen to antigen presenting cells.
25 Other fusion partners include the non-structural protein from influenzae virus, NS1 (hemagglutinin). Typically, the N-terminal 81 amino acids are used, although different fragments that include T-helper epitopes may be used.

In another embodiment, the immunological fusion partner is the protein known as LYTA, or a portion thereof (preferably a C-terminal portion). LYTA is
30 derived from *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, which synthesizes an N-acetyl-L-alanine

amidase known as amidase LYTA (encoded by the *LytA* gene; *Gene* 43:265-292, 1986). LYTA is an autolysin that specifically degrades certain bonds in the peptidoglycan backbone. The C-terminal domain of the LYTA protein is responsible for the affinity to the choline or to some choline analogues such as DEAE. This property has been
5 exploited for the development of *E. coli* C-LYTA expressing plasmids useful for expression of fusion proteins. Purification of hybrid proteins containing the C-LYTA fragment at the amino terminus has been described (*see Biotechnology* 10:795-798, 1992). Within a preferred embodiment, a repeat portion of LYTA may be incorporated into a fusion polypeptide. A repeat portion is found in the C-terminal region starting at
10 residue 178. A particularly preferred repeat portion incorporates residues 188-305.

Yet another illustrative embodiment involves fusion polypeptides, and the polynucleotides encoding them, wherein the fusion partner comprises a targeting signal capable of directing a polypeptide to the endosomal/lysosomal compartment, as described in U.S. Patent No. 5,633,234. An immunogenic polypeptide of the invention,
15 when fused with this targeting signal, will associate more efficiently with MHC class II molecules and thereby provide enhanced in vivo stimulation of CD4⁺ T-cells specific for the polypeptide.

Polypeptides of the invention are prepared using any of a variety of well known synthetic and/or recombinant techniques, the latter of which are further
20 described below. Polypeptides, portions and other variants generally less than about 150 amino acids can be generated by synthetic means, using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. In one illustrative example, such polypeptides are synthesized using any of the commercially available solid-phase techniques, such as the Merrifield solid-phase synthesis method, where amino acids are sequentially added to a
25 growing amino acid chain. *See Merrifield, J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 85:2149-2146, 1963. Equipment for automated synthesis of polypeptides is commercially available from suppliers such as Perkin Elmer/Applied BioSystems Division (Foster City, CA), and may be operated according to the manufacturer's instructions.

In general, polypeptide compositions (including fusion polypeptides) of
30 the invention are isolated. An "isolated" polypeptide is one that is removed from its

original environment. For example, a naturally-occurring protein or polypeptide is isolated if it is separated from some or all of the coexisting materials in the natural system. Preferably, such polypeptides are also purified, *e.g.*, are at least about 90% pure, more preferably at least about 95% pure and most preferably at least about 99%
5 pure.

Polynucleotide Compositions

The present invention, in other aspects, provides polynucleotide compositions. The terms "DNA" and "polynucleotide" are used essentially interchangeably herein to refer to a DNA molecule that has been isolated free of total
10 genomic DNA of a particular species. "Isolated," as used herein, means that a polynucleotide is substantially away from other coding sequences, and that the DNA molecule does not contain large portions of unrelated coding DNA, such as large chromosomal fragments or other functional genes or polypeptide coding regions. Of course, this refers to the DNA molecule as originally isolated, and does not exclude
15 genes or coding regions later added to the segment by the hand of man.

As will be understood by those skilled in the art, the polynucleotide compositions of this invention can include genomic sequences, extra-genomic and plasmid-encoded sequences and smaller engineered gene segments that express, or may be adapted to express, proteins, polypeptides, peptides and the like. Such segments may
20 be naturally isolated, or modified synthetically by the hand of man.

As will be also recognized by the skilled artisan, polynucleotides of the invention may be single-stranded (coding or antisense) or double-stranded, and may be DNA (genomic, cDNA or synthetic) or RNA molecules. RNA molecules may include HnRNA molecules, which contain introns and correspond to a DNA molecule in a one-
25 to-one manner, and mRNA molecules, which do not contain introns. Additional coding or non-coding sequences may, but need not, be present within a polynucleotide of the present invention, and a polynucleotide may, but need not, be linked to other molecules and/or support materials.

Polynucleotides may comprise a native sequence (*i.e.*, an endogenous sequence that encodes a polypeptide/protein of the invention or a portion thereof) or may comprise a sequence that encodes a variant or derivative, preferably an immunogenic variant or derivative, of such a sequence.

5 Therefore, according to another aspect of the present invention, polynucleotide compositions are provided that comprise some or all of a polynucleotide sequence set forth in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591, 593-606, 618-626, 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 10 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 773-776 and 786-788, complements of a polynucleotide sequence set forth in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591, 593-606, 618-626, 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 15 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 773-776 and 786-788, and degenerate variants of a polynucleotide sequence set forth in any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591, 593-606, 618-626, 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 20 773-776 and 786-788. In certain preferred embodiments, the polynucleotide sequences set forth herein encode immunogenic polypeptides, as described above.

In other related embodiments, the present invention provides polynucleotide variants having substantial identity to the sequences disclosed herein in SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332- 25 335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591, 593-606, 618-626, 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 773-776 and 786-788, for example those comprising at least 70% sequence identity, preferably at least 75%, 80%, 85%, 90%, 95%, 96%, 97%, 98%, or 99% or higher, sequence identity compared to a 30 polynucleotide sequence of this invention using the methods described herein, (*e.g.*,

BLAST analysis using standard parameters, as described below). One skilled in this art will recognize that these values can be appropriately adjusted to determine corresponding identity of proteins encoded by two nucleotide sequences by taking into account codon degeneracy, amino acid similarity, reading frame positioning and the
5 like.

Typically, polynucleotide variants will contain one or more substitutions, additions, deletions and/or insertions, preferably such that the immunogenicity of the polypeptide encoded by the variant polynucleotide is not substantially diminished relative to a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide sequence specifically set forth
10 herein). The term "variants" should also be understood to encompass homologous genes of xenogenic origin.

In additional embodiments, the present invention provides polynucleotide fragments comprising various lengths of contiguous stretches of sequence identical to, or complementary to, one or more of the sequences disclosed
15 herein. For example, polynucleotides are provided by this invention that comprise at least about 10, 15, 20, 30, 40, 50, 75, 100, 150, 200, 300, 400, 500 or 1000 or more contiguous nucleotides of one or more of the sequences disclosed herein as well as all intermediate lengths there between. It will be readily understood that "intermediate lengths", in this context, means any length between the quoted values, such as 16, 17,
20 18, 19, *etc.*; 21, 22, 23, *etc.*; 30, 31, 32, *etc.*; 50, 51, 52, 53, *etc.*; 100, 101, 102, 103, *etc.*; 150, 151, 152, 153, *etc.*; including all integers through 200-500; 500-1,000, and the like.

In another embodiment of the invention, polynucleotide compositions are provided that are capable of hybridizing under moderate to high stringency conditions to
25 a polynucleotide sequence provided herein, or a fragment thereof, or a complementary sequence thereof. Hybridization techniques are well known in the art of molecular biology. For purposes of illustration, suitable moderately stringent conditions for testing the hybridization of a polynucleotide of this invention with other polynucleotides include prewashing in a solution of 5 X SSC, 0.5% SDS, 1.0 mM EDTA (pH 8.0);
30 hybridizing at 50°C-60°C, 5 X SSC, overnight; followed by washing twice at 65°C for

20 minutes with each of 2X, 0.5X and 0.2X SSC containing 0.1% SDS. One skilled in the art will understand that the stringency of hybridization can be readily manipulated, such as by altering the salt content of the hybridization solution and/or the temperature at which the hybridization is performed. For example, in another embodiment, suitable
5 highly stringent hybridization conditions include those described above, with the exception that the temperature of hybridization is increased, *e.g.*, to 60-65°C or 65-70°C.

In certain preferred embodiments, the polynucleotides described above, *e.g.*, polynucleotide variants, fragments and hybridizing sequences, encode polypeptides
10 that are immunologically cross-reactive with a polypeptide sequence specifically set forth herein. In other preferred embodiments, such polynucleotides encode polypeptides that have a level of immunogenic activity of at least about 50%, preferably at least about 70%, and more preferably at least about 90% of that for a polypeptide sequence specifically set forth herein.

15 The polynucleotides of the present invention, or fragments thereof, regardless of the length of the coding sequence itself, may be combined with other DNA sequences, such as promoters, polyadenylation signals, additional restriction enzyme sites, multiple cloning sites, other coding segments, and the like, such that their overall length may vary considerably. It is therefore contemplated that a nucleic acid fragment
20 of almost any length may be employed, with the total length preferably being limited by the ease of preparation and use in the intended recombinant DNA protocol. For example, illustrative polynucleotide segments with total lengths of about 10,000, about 5000, about 3000, about 2,000, about 1,000, about 500, about 200, about 100, about 50 base pairs in length, and the like, (including all intermediate lengths) are contemplated
25 to be useful in many implementations of this invention.

When comparing polynucleotide sequences, two sequences are said to be "identical" if the sequence of nucleotides in the two sequences is the same when aligned for maximum correspondence, as described below. Comparisons between two sequences are typically performed by comparing the sequences over a comparison
30 window to identify and compare local regions of sequence similarity. A "comparison

window” as used herein, refers to a segment of at least about 20 contiguous positions, usually 30 to about 75, preferably 40 to about 50, in which a sequence may be compared to a reference sequence of the same number of contiguous positions after the two sequences are optimally aligned.

- 5 Optimal alignment of sequences for comparison may be conducted using the Megalign program in the Lasergene suite of bioinformatics software (DNASTAR, Inc., Madison, WI), using default parameters. This program embodies several alignment schemes described in the following references: Dayhoff, M.O. (1978) A model of evolutionary change in proteins – Matrices for detecting distant relationships.
- 10 In Dayhoff, M.O. (ed.) Atlas of Protein Sequence and Structure, National Biomedical Research Foundation, Washington DC Vol. 5, Suppl. 3, pp. 345-358; Hein J. (1990) Unified Approach to Alignment and Phylogenies pp. 626-645 *Methods in Enzymology* vol. 183, Academic Press, Inc., San Diego, CA; Higgins, D.G. and Sharp, P.M. (1989) *CABIOS* 5:151-153; Myers, E.W. and Muller W. (1988) *CABIOS* 4:11-17; Robinson,
- 15 E.D. (1971) *Comb. Theor* 11:105; Santou, N. Nes, M. (1987) *Mol. Biol. Evol.* 4:406-425; Sneath, P.H.A. and Sokal, R.R. (1973) *Numerical Taxonomy – the Principles and Practice of Numerical Taxonomy*, Freeman Press, San Francisco, CA; Wilbur, W.J. and Lipman, D.J. (1983) *Proc. Natl. Acad., Sci. USA* 80:726-730.

- Alternatively, optimal alignment of sequences for comparison may be
- 20 conducted by the local identity algorithm of Smith and Waterman (1981) *Add. APL. Math* 2:482, by the identity alignment algorithm of Needleman and Wunsch (1970) *J. Mol. Biol.* 48:443, by the search for similarity methods of Pearson and Lipman (1988) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 85: 2444, by computerized implementations of these algorithms (GAP, BESTFIT, BLAST, FASTA, and TFASTA in the Wisconsin Genetics
- 25 Software Package, Genetics Computer Group (GCG), 575 Science Dr., Madison, WI), or by inspection.

- One preferred example of algorithms that are suitable for determining percent sequence identity and sequence similarity are the BLAST and BLAST 2.0 algorithms, which are described in Altschul et al. (1977) *Nucl. Acids Res.* 25:3389-3402
- 30 and Altschul et al. (1990) *J. Mol. Biol.* 215:403-410, respectively. BLAST and BLAST

2.0 can be used, for example with the parameters described herein, to determine percent sequence identity for the polynucleotides of the invention. Software for performing BLAST analyses is publicly available through the National Center for Biotechnology Information. In one illustrative example, cumulative scores can be calculated using, for nucleotide sequences, the parameters M (reward score for a pair of matching residues; always >0) and N (penalty score for mismatching residues; always <0). Extension of the word hits in each direction are halted when: the cumulative alignment score falls off by the quantity X from its maximum achieved value; the cumulative score goes to zero or below, due to the accumulation of one or more negative-scoring residue alignments; or the end of either sequence is reached. The BLAST algorithm parameters W, T and X determine the sensitivity and speed of the alignment. The BLASTN program (for nucleotide sequences) uses as defaults a wordlength (W) of 11, and expectation (E) of 10, and the BLOSUM62 scoring matrix (see Henikoff and Henikoff (1989) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 89:10915) alignments, (B) of 50, expectation (E) of 10, M=5, N=-4 and a comparison of both strands.

Preferably, the "percentage of sequence identity" is determined by comparing two optimally aligned sequences over a window of comparison of at least 20 positions, wherein the portion of the polynucleotide sequence in the comparison window may comprise additions or deletions (*i.e.*, gaps) of 20 percent or less, usually 5 to 15 percent, or 10 to 12 percent, as compared to the reference sequences (which does not comprise additions or deletions) for optimal alignment of the two sequences. The percentage is calculated by determining the number of positions at which the identical nucleic acid bases occurs in both sequences to yield the number of matched positions, dividing the number of matched positions by the total number of positions in the reference sequence (*i.e.*, the window size) and multiplying the results by 100 to yield the percentage of sequence identity.

It will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art that, as a result of the degeneracy of the genetic code, there are many nucleotide sequences that encode a polypeptide as described herein. Some of these polynucleotides bear minimal homology to the nucleotide sequence of any native gene. Nonetheless, polynucleotides

that vary due to differences in codon usage are specifically contemplated by the present invention. Further, alleles of the genes comprising the polynucleotide sequences provided herein are within the scope of the present invention. Alleles are endogenous genes that are altered as a result of one or more mutations, such as deletions, additions
5 and/or substitutions of nucleotides. The resulting mRNA and protein may, but need not, have an altered structure or function. Alleles may be identified using standard techniques (such as hybridization, amplification and/or database sequence comparison).

Therefore, in another embodiment of the invention, a mutagenesis approach, such as site-specific mutagenesis, is employed for the preparation of
10 immunogenic variants and/or derivatives of the polypeptides described herein. By this approach, specific modifications in a polypeptide sequence can be made through mutagenesis of the underlying polynucleotides that encode them. These techniques provides a straightforward approach to prepare and test sequence variants, for example, incorporating one or more of the foregoing considerations, by introducing one or more
15 nucleotide sequence changes into the polynucleotide.

Site-specific mutagenesis allows the production of mutants through the use of specific oligonucleotide sequences which encode the DNA sequence of the desired mutation, as well as a sufficient number of adjacent nucleotides, to provide a primer sequence of sufficient size and sequence complexity to form a stable duplex on
20 both sides of the deletion junction being traversed. Mutations may be employed in a selected polynucleotide sequence to improve, alter, decrease, modify, or otherwise change the properties of the polynucleotide itself, and/or alter the properties, activity, composition, stability, or primary sequence of the encoded polypeptide.

In certain embodiments of the present invention, the inventors
25 contemplate the mutagenesis of the disclosed polynucleotide sequences to alter one or more properties of the encoded polypeptide, such as the immunogenicity of a polypeptide vaccine. The techniques of site-specific mutagenesis are well-known in the art, and are widely used to create variants of both polypeptides and polynucleotides. For example, site-specific mutagenesis is often used to alter a specific portion of a DNA
30 molecule. In such embodiments, a primer comprising typically about 14 to about 25

nucleotides or so in length is employed, with about 5 to about 10 residues on both sides of the junction of the sequence being altered.

As will be appreciated by those of skill in the art, site-specific mutagenesis techniques have often employed a phage vector that exists in both a single stranded and double stranded form. Typical vectors useful in site-directed mutagenesis include vectors such as the M13 phage. These phage are readily commercially-available and their use is generally well-known to those skilled in the art. Double-stranded plasmids are also routinely employed in site directed mutagenesis that eliminates the step of transferring the gene of interest from a plasmid to a phage.

In general, site-directed mutagenesis in accordance herewith is performed by first obtaining a single-stranded vector or melting apart of two strands of a double-stranded vector that includes within its sequence a DNA sequence that encodes the desired peptide. An oligonucleotide primer bearing the desired mutated sequence is prepared, generally synthetically. This primer is then annealed with the single-stranded vector, and subjected to DNA polymerizing enzymes such as *E. coli* polymerase I Klenow fragment, in order to complete the synthesis of the mutation-bearing strand. Thus, a heteroduplex is formed wherein one strand encodes the original non-mutated sequence and the second strand bears the desired mutation. This heteroduplex vector is then used to transform appropriate cells, such as *E. coli* cells, and clones are selected which include recombinant vectors bearing the mutated sequence arrangement.

The preparation of sequence variants of the selected peptide-encoding DNA segments using site-directed mutagenesis provides a means of producing potentially useful species and is not meant to be limiting as there are other ways in which sequence variants of peptides and the DNA sequences encoding them may be obtained. For example, recombinant vectors encoding the desired peptide sequence may be treated with mutagenic agents, such as hydroxylamine, to obtain sequence variants. Specific details regarding these methods and protocols are found in the teachings of Maloy *et al.*, 1994; Segal, 1976; Prokop and Bajpai, 1991; Kuby, 1994; and Maniatis *et al.*, 1982, each incorporated herein by reference, for that purpose.

As used herein, the term "oligonucleotide directed mutagenesis procedure" refers to template-dependent processes and vector-mediated propagation which result in an increase in the concentration of a specific nucleic acid molecule relative to its initial concentration, or in an increase in the concentration of a detectable
5 signal, such as amplification. As used herein, the term "oligonucleotide directed mutagenesis procedure" is intended to refer to a process that involves the template-dependent extension of a primer molecule. The term template dependent process refers to nucleic acid synthesis of an RNA or a DNA molecule wherein the sequence of the newly synthesized strand of nucleic acid is dictated by the well-known
10 rules of complementary base pairing (see, for example, Watson, 1987). Typically, vector mediated methodologies involve the introduction of the nucleic acid fragment into a DNA or RNA vector, the clonal amplification of the vector, and the recovery of the amplified nucleic acid fragment. Examples of such methodologies are provided by U. S. Patent No. 4,237,224, specifically incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

15 In another approach for the production of polypeptide variants of the present invention, recursive sequence recombination, as described in U.S. Patent No. 5,837,458, may be employed. In this approach, iterative cycles of recombination and screening or selection are performed to "evolve" individual polynucleotide variants of the invention having, for example, enhanced immunogenic activity.

20 In other embodiments of the present invention, the polynucleotide sequences provided herein can be advantageously used as probes or primers for nucleic acid hybridization. As such, it is contemplated that nucleic acid segments that comprise a sequence region of at least about 15 contiguous nucleotides that has the same sequence as, or is complementary to, a 15 nucleotide long contiguous sequence
25 disclosed herein will find particular utility. Longer contiguous identical or complementary sequences, *e.g.*, those of about 20, 30, 40, 50, 100, 200, 500, 1000 (including all intermediate lengths) and even up to full length sequences will also be of use in certain embodiments.

The ability of such nucleic acid probes to specifically hybridize to a
30 sequence of interest will enable them to be of use in detecting the presence of

complementary sequences in a given sample. However, other uses are also envisioned, such as the use of the sequence information for the preparation of mutant species primers, or primers for use in preparing other genetic constructions.

Polynucleotide molecules having sequence regions consisting of
5 contiguous nucleotide stretches of 10-14, 15-20, 30, 50, or even of 100-200 nucleotides or so (including intermediate lengths as well), identical or complementary to a polynucleotide sequence disclosed herein, are particularly contemplated as hybridization probes for use in, *e.g.*, Southern and Northern blotting. This would allow a gene product, or fragment thereof, to be analyzed, both in diverse cell types and also in
10 various bacterial cells. The total size of fragment, as well as the size of the complementary stretch(es), will ultimately depend on the intended use or application of the particular nucleic acid segment. Smaller fragments will generally find use in hybridization embodiments, wherein the length of the contiguous complementary region may be varied, such as between about 15 and about 100 nucleotides, but larger
15 contiguous complementarity stretches may be used, according to the length complementary sequences one wishes to detect.

The use of a hybridization probe of about 15-25 nucleotides in length allows the formation of a duplex molecule that is both stable and selective. Molecules having contiguous complementary sequences over stretches greater than 15 bases in
20 length are generally preferred, though, in order to increase stability and selectivity of the hybrid, and thereby improve the quality and degree of specific hybrid molecules obtained. One will generally prefer to design nucleic acid molecules having gene-complementary stretches of 15 to 25 contiguous nucleotides, or even longer where desired.

25 Hybridization probes may be selected from any portion of any of the sequences disclosed herein. All that is required is to review the sequences set forth herein, or to any continuous portion of the sequences, from about 15-25 nucleotides in length up to and including the full length sequence, that one wishes to utilize as a probe or primer. The choice of probe and primer sequences may be governed by various

factors. For example, one may wish to employ primers from towards the termini of the total sequence.

Small polynucleotide segments or fragments may be readily prepared by, for example, directly synthesizing the fragment by chemical means, as is commonly practiced using an automated oligonucleotide synthesizer. Also, fragments may be obtained by application of nucleic acid reproduction technology, such as the PCR™ technology of U. S. Patent 4,683,202 (incorporated herein by reference), by introducing selected sequences into recombinant vectors for recombinant production, and by other recombinant DNA techniques generally known to those of skill in the art of molecular biology.

The nucleotide sequences of the invention may be used for their ability to selectively form duplex molecules with complementary stretches of the entire gene or gene fragments of interest. Depending on the application envisioned, one will typically desire to employ varying conditions of hybridization to achieve varying degrees of selectivity of probe towards target sequence. For applications requiring high selectivity, one will typically desire to employ relatively stringent conditions to form the hybrids, *e.g.*, one will select relatively low salt and/or high temperature conditions, such as provided by a salt concentration of from about 0.02 M to about 0.15 M salt at temperatures of from about 50°C to about 70°C. Such selective conditions tolerate little, if any, mismatch between the probe and the template or target strand, and would be particularly suitable for isolating related sequences.

Of course, for some applications, for example, where one desires to prepare mutants employing a mutant primer strand hybridized to an underlying template, less stringent (reduced stringency) hybridization conditions will typically be needed in order to allow formation of the heteroduplex. In these circumstances, one may desire to employ salt conditions such as those of from about 0.15 M to about 0.9 M salt, at temperatures ranging from about 20°C to about 55°C. Cross-hybridizing species can thereby be readily identified as positively hybridizing signals with respect to control hybridizations. In any case, it is generally appreciated that conditions can be rendered more stringent by the addition of increasing amounts of formamide, which serves to

destabilize the hybrid duplex in the same manner as increased temperature. Thus, hybridization conditions can be readily manipulated, and thus will generally be a method of choice depending on the desired results.

According to another embodiment of the present invention, polynucleotide compositions comprising antisense oligonucleotides are provided. Antisense oligonucleotides have been demonstrated to be effective and targeted inhibitors of protein synthesis, and, consequently, provide a therapeutic approach by which a disease can be treated by inhibiting the synthesis of proteins that contribute to the disease. The efficacy of antisense oligonucleotides for inhibiting protein synthesis is well established. For example, the synthesis of polygalacturonase and the muscarine type 2 acetylcholine receptor are inhibited by antisense oligonucleotides directed to their respective mRNA sequences (U. S. Patent 5,739,119 and U. S. Patent 5,759,829). Further, examples of antisense inhibition have been demonstrated with the nuclear protein cyclin, the multiple drug resistance gene (MDG1), ICAM-1, E-selectin, STK-1, striatal GABA_A receptor and human EGF (Jaskulski *et al.*, Science. 1988 Jun 10;240(4858):1544-6; Vasanthakumar and Ahmed, Cancer Commun. 1989;1(4):225-32; Peris *et al.*, Brain Res Mol Brain Res. 1998 Jun 15;57(2):310-20; U. S. Patent 5,801,154; U.S. Patent 5,789,573; U. S. Patent 5,718,709 and U.S. Patent 5,610,288). Antisense constructs have also been described that inhibit and can be used to treat a variety of abnormal cellular proliferations, *e.g.* cancer (U. S. Patent 5,747,470; U. S. Patent 5,591,317 and U. S. Patent 5,783,683).

Therefore, in certain embodiments, the present invention provides oligonucleotide sequences that comprise all, or a portion of, any sequence that is capable of specifically binding to polynucleotide sequence described herein, or a complement thereof. In one embodiment, the antisense oligonucleotides comprise DNA or derivatives thereof. In another embodiment, the oligonucleotides comprise RNA or derivatives thereof. In a third embodiment, the oligonucleotides are modified DNAs comprising a phosphorothioated modified backbone. In a fourth embodiment, the oligonucleotide sequences comprise peptide nucleic acids or derivatives thereof. In each case, preferred compositions comprise a sequence region that is complementary,

and more preferably substantially-complementary, and even more preferably, completely complementary to one or more portions of polynucleotides disclosed herein. Selection of antisense compositions specific for a given gene sequence is based upon analysis of the chosen target sequence and determination of secondary structure, T_m ,
5 binding energy, and relative stability. Antisense compositions may be selected based upon their relative inability to form dimers, hairpins, or other secondary structures that would reduce or prohibit specific binding to the target mRNA in a host cell. Highly preferred target regions of the mRNA, are those which are at or near the AUG translation initiation codon, and those sequences which are substantially complementary
10 to 5' regions of the mRNA. These secondary structure analyses and target site selection considerations can be performed, for example, using v.4 of the OLIGO primer analysis software and/or the BLASTN 2.0.5 algorithm software (Altschul *et al.*, Nucleic Acids Res. 1997 Sep 1;25(17):3389-402).

The use of an antisense delivery method employing a short peptide
15 vector, termed MPG (27 residues), is also contemplated. The MPG peptide contains a hydrophobic domain derived from the fusion sequence of HIV gp41 and a hydrophilic domain from the nuclear localization sequence of SV40 T-antigen (Morris *et al.*, Nucleic Acids Res. 1997 Jul 15;25(14):2730-6). It has been demonstrated that several molecules of the MPG peptide coat the antisense oligonucleotides and can be delivered
20 into cultured mammalian cells in less than 1 hour with relatively high efficiency (90%). Further, the interaction with MPG strongly increases both the stability of the oligonucleotide to nuclease and the ability to cross the plasma membrane.

According to another embodiment of the invention, the polynucleotide compositions described herein are used in the design and preparation of ribozyme
25 molecules for inhibiting expression of the tumor polypeptides and proteins of the present invention in tumor cells. Ribozymes are RNA-protein complexes that cleave nucleic acids in a site-specific fashion. Ribozymes have specific catalytic domains that possess endonuclease activity (Kim and Cech, Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 1987 Dec;84(24):8788-92; Forster and Symons, Cell. 1987 Apr 24;49(2):211-20). For
30 example, a large number of ribozymes accelerate phosphoester transfer reactions with a

high degree of specificity, often cleaving only one of several phosphoesters in an oligonucleotide substrate (Cech *et al.*, Cell. 1981 Dec;27(3 Pt 2):487-96; Michel and Westhof, J Mol Biol. 1990 Dec 5;216(3):585-610; Reinhold-Hurek and Shub, Nature. 1992 May 14;357(6374):173-6). This specificity has been attributed to the requirement
5 that the substrate bind via specific base-pairing interactions to the internal guide sequence ("IGS") of the ribozyme prior to chemical reaction.

Six basic varieties of naturally-occurring enzymatic RNAs are known presently. Each can catalyze the hydrolysis of RNA phosphodiester bonds *in trans* (and thus can cleave other RNA molecules) under physiological conditions. In general,
10 enzymatic nucleic acids act by first binding to a target RNA. Such binding occurs through the target binding portion of a enzymatic nucleic acid which is held in close proximity to an enzymatic portion of the molecule that acts to cleave the target RNA. Thus, the enzymatic nucleic acid first recognizes and then binds a target RNA through complementary base-pairing, and once bound to the correct site, acts enzymatically to
15 cut the target RNA. Strategic cleavage of such a target RNA will destroy its ability to direct synthesis of an encoded protein. After an enzymatic nucleic acid has bound and cleaved its RNA target, it is released from that RNA to search for another target and can repeatedly bind and cleave new targets.

The enzymatic nature of a ribozyme is advantageous over many
20 technologies, such as antisense technology (where a nucleic acid molecule simply binds to a nucleic acid target to block its translation) since the concentration of ribozyme necessary to affect a therapeutic treatment is lower than that of an antisense oligonucleotide. This advantage reflects the ability of the ribozyme to act enzymatically. Thus, a single ribozyme molecule is able to cleave many molecules of
25 target RNA. In addition, the ribozyme is a highly specific inhibitor, with the specificity of inhibition depending not only on the base pairing mechanism of binding to the target RNA, but also on the mechanism of target RNA cleavage. Single mismatches, or base-substitutions, near the site of cleavage can completely eliminate catalytic activity of a ribozyme. Similar mismatches in antisense molecules do not prevent their action
30 (Woolf *et al.*, Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 1992 Aug 15;89(16):7305-9). Thus, the

specificity of action of a ribozyme is greater than that of an antisense oligonucleotide binding the same RNA site.

The enzymatic nucleic acid molecule may be formed in a hammerhead, hairpin, a hepatitis δ virus, group I intron or RNaseP RNA (in association with an RNA
5 guide sequence) or Neurospora VS RNA motif. Examples of hammerhead motifs are described by Rossi *et al.* Nucleic Acids Res. 1992 Sep 11;20(17):4559-65. Examples of hairpin motifs are described by Hampel *et al.* (Eur. Pat. Appl. Publ. No. EP 0360257), Hampel and Tritz, Biochemistry 1989 Jun 13;28(12):4929-33; Hampel *et al.*, Nucleic
10 Acids Res. 1990 Jan 25;18(2):299-304 and U. S. Patent 5,631,359. An example of the hepatitis δ virus motif is described by Perrotta and Been, Biochemistry. 1992 Dec 1;31(47):11843-52; an example of the RNaseP motif is described by Guerrier-Takada
et al., Cell. 1983 Dec;35(3 Pt 2):849-57; Neurospora VS RNA ribozyme motif is described by Collins (Saville and Collins, Cell. 1990 May 18;61(4):685-96; Saville and Collins, Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 1991 Oct 1;88(19):8826-30; Collins and Olive,
15 Biochemistry. 1993 Mar 23;32(11):2795-9); and an example of the Group I intron is described in (U. S. Patent 4,987,071). All that is important in an enzymatic nucleic acid molecule of this invention is that it has a specific substrate binding site which is
complementary to one or more of the target gene RNA regions, and that it have nucleotide sequences within or surrounding that substrate binding site which impart an
20 RNA cleaving activity to the molecule. Thus the ribozyme constructs need not be limited to specific motifs mentioned herein.

Ribozymes may be designed as described in Int. Pat. Appl. Publ. No. WO 93/23569 and Int. Pat. Appl. Publ. No. WO 94/02595, each specifically
incorporated herein by reference) and synthesized to be tested *in vitro* and *in vivo*, as
25 described. Such ribozymes can also be optimized for delivery. While specific examples are provided, those in the art will recognize that equivalent RNA targets in other species can be utilized when necessary.

Ribozyme activity can be optimized by altering the length of the ribozyme binding arms, or chemically synthesizing ribozymes with modifications that
30 prevent their degradation by serum ribonucleases (see *e.g.*, Int. Pat. Appl. Publ. No. WO

92/07065; Int. Pat. Appl. Publ. No. WO 93/15187; Int. Pat. Appl. Publ. No. WO 91/03162; Eur. Pat. Appl. Publ. No. 92110298.4; U. S. Patent 5,334,711; and Int. Pat. Appl. Publ. No. WO 94/13688, which describe various chemical modifications that can be made to the sugar moieties of enzymatic RNA molecules), modifications which enhance their efficacy in cells, and removal of stem II bases to shorten RNA synthesis times and reduce chemical requirements.

Sullivan *et al.* (Int. Pat. Appl. Publ. No. WO 94/02595) describes the general methods for delivery of enzymatic RNA molecules. Ribozymes may be administered to cells by a variety of methods known to those familiar to the art, including, but not restricted to, encapsulation in liposomes, by iontophoresis, or by incorporation into other vehicles, such as hydrogels, cyclodextrins, biodegradable nanocapsules, and bioadhesive microspheres. For some indications, ribozymes may be directly delivered *ex vivo* to cells or tissues with or without the aforementioned vehicles. Alternatively, the RNA/vehicle combination may be locally delivered by direct inhalation, by direct injection or by use of a catheter, infusion pump or stent. Other routes of delivery include, but are not limited to, intravascular, intramuscular, subcutaneous or joint injection, aerosol inhalation, oral (tablet or pill form), topical, systemic, ocular, intraperitoneal and/or intrathecal delivery. More detailed descriptions of ribozyme delivery and administration are provided in Int. Pat. Appl. Publ. No. WO 94/02595 and Int. Pat. Appl. Publ. No. WO 93/23569, each specifically incorporated herein by reference.

Another means of accumulating high concentrations of a ribozyme(s) within cells is to incorporate the ribozyme-encoding sequences into a DNA expression vector. Transcription of the ribozyme sequences are driven from a promoter for eukaryotic RNA polymerase I (pol I), RNA polymerase II (pol II), or RNA polymerase III (pol III). Transcripts from pol II or pol III promoters will be expressed at high levels in all cells; the levels of a given pol II promoter in a given cell type will depend on the nature of the gene regulatory sequences (enhancers, silencers, *etc.*) present nearby. Prokaryotic RNA polymerase promoters may also be used, providing that the prokaryotic RNA polymerase enzyme is expressed in the appropriate cells. Ribozymes

expressed from such promoters have been shown to function in mammalian cells. Such transcription units can be incorporated into a variety of vectors for introduction into mammalian cells, including but not restricted to, plasmid DNA vectors, viral DNA vectors (such as adenovirus or adeno-associated vectors), or viral RNA vectors (such as
5 retroviral, semliki forest virus, sindbis virus vectors).

In another embodiment of the invention, peptide nucleic acids (PNAs) compositions are provided. PNA is a DNA mimic in which the nucleobases are attached to a pseudopeptide backbone (Good and Nielsen, *Antisense Nucleic Acid Drug Dev.* 1997 7(4) 431-37). PNA is able to be utilized in a number methods that
10 traditionally have used RNA or DNA. Often PNA sequences perform better in techniques than the corresponding RNA or DNA sequences and have utilities that are not inherent to RNA or DNA. A review of PNA including methods of making, characteristics of, and methods of using, is provided by Corey (*Trends Biotechnol* 1997 Jun;15(6):224-9). As such, in certain embodiments, one may prepare PNA sequences
15 that are complementary to one or more portions of the ACE mRNA sequence, and such PNA compositions may be used to regulate, alter, decrease, or reduce the translation of ACE-specific mRNA, and thereby alter the level of ACE activity in a host cell to which such PNA compositions have been administered.

PNAs have 2-aminoethyl-glycine linkages replacing the normal
20 phosphodiester backbone of DNA (Nielsen *et al.*, *Science* 1991 Dec 6;254(5037):1497-500; Hanvey *et al.*, *Science*. 1992 Nov 27;258(5087):1481-5; Hyrup and Nielsen, *Bioorg Med Chem.* 1996 Jan;4(1):5-23). This chemistry has three important consequences: firstly, in contrast to DNA or phosphorothioate oligonucleotides, PNAs are neutral molecules; secondly, PNAs are achiral, which avoids the need to develop a
25 stereoselective synthesis; and thirdly, PNA synthesis uses standard Boc or Fmoc protocols for solid-phase peptide synthesis, although other methods, including a modified Merrifield method, have been used.

PNA monomers or ready-made oligomers are commercially available from PerSeptive Biosystems (Framingham, MA). PNA syntheses by either Boc or
30 Fmoc protocols are straightforward using manual or automated protocols (Norton *et al.*,

Bioorg Med Chem. 1995 Apr;3(4):437-45). The manual protocol lends itself to the production of chemically modified PNAs or the simultaneous synthesis of families of closely related PNAs.

As with peptide synthesis, the success of a particular PNA synthesis will depend on the properties of the chosen sequence. For example, while in theory PNAs can incorporate any combination of nucleotide bases, the presence of adjacent purines can lead to deletions of one or more residues in the product. In expectation of this difficulty, it is suggested that, in producing PNAs with adjacent purines, one should repeat the coupling of residues likely to be added inefficiently. This should be followed by the purification of PNAs by reverse-phase high-pressure liquid chromatography, providing yields and purity of product similar to those observed during the synthesis of peptides.

Modifications of PNAs for a given application may be accomplished by coupling amino acids during solid-phase synthesis or by attaching compounds that contain a carboxylic acid group to the exposed N-terminal amine. Alternatively, PNAs can be modified after synthesis by coupling to an introduced lysine or cysteine. The ease with which PNAs can be modified facilitates optimization for better solubility or for specific functional requirements. Once synthesized, the identity of PNAs and their derivatives can be confirmed by mass spectrometry. Several studies have made and utilized modifications of PNAs (for example, Norton *et al.*, Bioorg Med Chem. 1995 Apr;3(4):437-45; Petersen *et al.*, J Pept Sci. 1995 May-Jun;1(3):175-83; Orum *et al.*, Biotechniques. 1995 Sep;19(3):472-80; Footer *et al.*, Biochemistry. 1996 Aug 20;35(33):10673-9; Griffith *et al.*, Nucleic Acids Res. 1995 Aug 11;23(15):3003-8; Pardridge *et al.*, Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 1995 Jun 6;92(12):5592-6; Boffa *et al.*, Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 1995 Mar 14;92(6):1901-5; Gambacorti-Passerini *et al.*, Blood. 1996 Aug 15;88(4):1411-7; Armitage *et al.*, Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 1997 Nov 11;94(23):12320-5; Seeger *et al.*, Biotechniques. 1997 Sep;23(3):512-7). U.S. Patent No. 5,700,922 discusses PNA-DNA-PNA chimeric molecules and their uses in diagnostics, modulating protein in organisms, and treatment of conditions susceptible to therapeutics.

Methods of characterizing the antisense binding properties of PNAs are discussed in Rose (Anal Chem. 1993 Dec 15;65(24):3545-9) and Jensen *et al.* (Biochemistry. 1997 Apr 22;36(16):5072-7). Rose uses capillary gel electrophoresis to determine binding of PNAs to their complementary oligonucleotide, measuring the
5 relative binding kinetics and stoichiometry. Similar types of measurements were made by Jensen *et al.* using BIAcore™ technology.

Other applications of PNAs that have been described and will be apparent to the skilled artisan include use in DNA strand invasion, antisense inhibition, mutational analysis, enhancers of transcription, nucleic acid purification, isolation of
10 transcriptionally active genes, blocking of transcription factor binding, genome cleavage, biosensors, *in situ* hybridization, and the like.

Polynucleotide Identification, Characterization and Expression

Polynucleotide compositions of the present invention may be identified, prepared and/or manipulated using any of a variety of well established techniques (see
15 generally, Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989, and other like references). For example, a polynucleotide may be identified, as described in more detail below, by screening a microarray of cDNAs for tumor-associated expression (*i.e.*, expression that is at least two fold greater in a tumor than in normal tissue, as determined using a
20 representative assay provided herein). Such screens may be performed, for example, using the microarray technology of Affymetrix, Inc. (Santa Clara, CA) according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Alternatively, polynucleotides may be amplified from cDNA
25 prepared from cells expressing the proteins described herein, such as tumor cells.

Many template dependent processes are available to amplify a target sequences of interest present in a sample. One of the best known amplification methods is the polymerase chain reaction (PCR™) which is described in detail in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,683,195, 4,683,202 and 4,800,159, each of which is incorporated herein by

reference in its entirety. Briefly, in PCRTM, two primer sequences are prepared which are complementary to regions on opposite complementary strands of the target sequence. An excess of deoxynucleoside triphosphates is added to a reaction mixture along with a DNA polymerase (*e.g.*, *Taq* polymerase). If the target sequence is present
5 in a sample, the primers will bind to the target and the polymerase will cause the primers to be extended along the target sequence by adding on nucleotides. By raising and lowering the temperature of the reaction mixture, the extended primers will dissociate from the target to form reaction products, excess primers will bind to the target and to the reaction product and the process is repeated. Preferably reverse
10 transcription and PCRTM amplification procedure may be performed in order to quantify the amount of mRNA amplified. Polymerase chain reaction methodologies are well known in the art.

Any of a number of other template dependent processes, many of which are variations of the PCRTM amplification technique, are readily known and available in
15 the art. Illustratively, some such methods include the ligase chain reaction (referred to as LCR), described, for example, in Eur. Pat. Appl. Publ. No. 320,308 and U.S. Patent No. 4,883,750; Qbeta Replicase, described in PCT Intl. Pat. Appl. Publ. No. PCT/US87/00880; Strand Displacement Amplification (SDA) and Repair Chain Reaction (RCR). Still other amplification methods are described in Great Britain Pat.
20 Appl. No. 2 202 328, and in PCT Intl. Pat. Appl. Publ. No. PCT/US89/01025. Other nucleic acid amplification procedures include transcription-based amplification systems (TAS) (PCT Intl. Pat. Appl. Publ. No. WO 88/10315), including nucleic acid sequence based amplification (NASBA) and 3SR. Eur. Pat. Appl. Publ. No. 329,822 describes a nucleic acid amplification process involving cyclically synthesizing single-stranded
25 RNA ("ssRNA"), ssDNA, and double-stranded DNA (dsDNA). PCT Intl. Pat. Appl. Publ. No. WO 89/06700 describes a nucleic acid sequence amplification scheme based on the hybridization of a promoter/primer sequence to a target single-stranded DNA ("ssDNA") followed by transcription of many RNA copies of the sequence. Other amplification methods such as "RACE" (Frohman, 1990), and "one-sided PCR" (Ohara,
30 1989) are also well-known to those of skill in the art.

An amplified portion of a polynucleotide of the present invention may be used to isolate a full length gene from a suitable library (e.g., a tumor cDNA library) using well known techniques. Within such techniques, a library (cDNA or genomic) is screened using one or more polynucleotide probes or primers suitable for amplification.

5 Preferably, a library is size-selected to include larger molecules. Random primed libraries may also be preferred for identifying 5' and upstream regions of genes. Genomic libraries are preferred for obtaining introns and extending 5' sequences.

For hybridization techniques, a partial sequence may be labeled (e.g., by nick-translation or end-labeling with ^{32}P) using well known techniques. A bacterial or

10 bacteriophage library is then generally screened by hybridizing filters containing denatured bacterial colonies (or lawns containing phage plaques) with the labeled probe (see Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989). Hybridizing colonies or plaques are selected and expanded, and the DNA is isolated for further analysis. cDNA clones may

15 be analyzed to determine the amount of additional sequence by, for example, PCR using a primer from the partial sequence and a primer from the vector. Restriction maps and partial sequences may be generated to identify one or more overlapping clones. The complete sequence may then be determined using standard techniques, which may involve generating a series of deletion clones. The resulting overlapping sequences can

20 then be assembled into a single contiguous sequence. A full length cDNA molecule can be generated by ligating suitable fragments, using well known techniques.

Alternatively, amplification techniques, such as those described above, can be useful for obtaining a full length coding sequence from a partial cDNA sequence. One such amplification technique is inverse PCR (see Triglia et al., *Nucl. Acids Res.*

25 16:8186, 1988), which uses restriction enzymes to generate a fragment in the known region of the gene. The fragment is then circularized by intramolecular ligation and used as a template for PCR with divergent primers derived from the known region. Within an alternative approach, sequences adjacent to a partial sequence may be retrieved by amplification with a primer to a linker sequence and a primer specific to a

30 known region. The amplified sequences are typically subjected to a second round of

amplification with the same linker primer and a second primer specific to the known region. A variation on this procedure, which employs two primers that initiate extension in opposite directions from the known sequence, is described in WO 96/38591. Another such technique is known as "rapid amplification of cDNA ends" or RACE. This technique involves the use of an internal primer and an external primer, which hybridizes to a polyA region or vector sequence, to identify sequences that are 5' and 3' of a known sequence. Additional techniques include capture PCR (Lagerstrom et al., *PCR Methods Applic.* 1:111-19, 1991) and walking PCR (Parker et al., *Nucl. Acids. Res.* 19:3055-60, 1991). Other methods employing amplification may also be employed to obtain a full length cDNA sequence.

In certain instances, it is possible to obtain a full length cDNA sequence by analysis of sequences provided in an expressed sequence tag (EST) database, such as that available from GenBank. Searches for overlapping ESTs may generally be performed using well known programs (e.g., NCBI BLAST searches), and such ESTs may be used to generate a contiguous full length sequence. Full length DNA sequences may also be obtained by analysis of genomic fragments.

In other embodiments of the invention, polynucleotide sequences or fragments thereof which encode polypeptides of the invention, or fusion proteins or functional equivalents thereof, may be used in recombinant DNA molecules to direct expression of a polypeptide in appropriate host cells. Due to the inherent degeneracy of the genetic code, other DNA sequences that encode substantially the same or a functionally equivalent amino acid sequence may be produced and these sequences may be used to clone and express a given polypeptide.

As will be understood by those of skill in the art, it may be advantageous in some instances to produce polypeptide-encoding nucleotide sequences possessing non-naturally occurring codons. For example, codons preferred by a particular prokaryotic or eukaryotic host can be selected to increase the rate of protein expression or to produce a recombinant RNA transcript having desirable properties, such as a half-life which is longer than that of a transcript generated from the naturally occurring sequence.

Moreover, the polynucleotide sequences of the present invention can be engineered using methods generally known in the art in order to alter polypeptide encoding sequences for a variety of reasons, including but not limited to, alterations which modify the cloning, processing, and/or expression of the gene product. For example, DNA shuffling by random fragmentation and PCR reassembly of gene fragments and synthetic oligonucleotides may be used to engineer the nucleotide sequences. In addition, site-directed mutagenesis may be used to insert new restriction sites, alter glycosylation patterns, change codon preference, produce splice variants, or introduce mutations, and so forth.

In another embodiment of the invention, natural, modified, or recombinant nucleic acid sequences may be ligated to a heterologous sequence to encode a fusion protein. For example, to screen peptide libraries for inhibitors of polypeptide activity, it may be useful to encode a chimeric protein that can be recognized by a commercially available antibody. A fusion protein may also be engineered to contain a cleavage site located between the polypeptide-encoding sequence and the heterologous protein sequence, so that the polypeptide may be cleaved and purified away from the heterologous moiety.

Sequences encoding a desired polypeptide may be synthesized, in whole or in part, using chemical methods well known in the art (see Caruthers, M. H. et al. (1980) *Nucl. Acids Res. Symp. Ser.* 215-223, Horn, T. et al. (1980) *Nucl. Acids Res. Symp. Ser.* 225-232). Alternatively, the protein itself may be produced using chemical methods to synthesize the amino acid sequence of a polypeptide, or a portion thereof. For example, peptide synthesis can be performed using various solid-phase techniques (Roberge, J. Y. et al. (1995) *Science* 269:202-204) and automated synthesis may be achieved, for example, using the ABI 431A Peptide Synthesizer (Perkin Elmer, Palo Alto, CA).

A newly synthesized peptide may be substantially purified by preparative high performance liquid chromatography (e.g., Creighton, T. (1983) *Proteins, Structures and Molecular Principles*, WH Freeman and Co., New York, N.Y.) or other comparable techniques available in the art. The composition of the synthetic peptides may be

confirmed by amino acid analysis or sequencing (e.g., the Edman degradation procedure). Additionally, the amino acid sequence of a polypeptide, or any part thereof, may be altered during direct synthesis and/or combined using chemical methods with sequences from other proteins, or any part thereof, to produce a variant polypeptide.

5 In order to express a desired polypeptide, the nucleotide sequences encoding the polypeptide, or functional equivalents, may be inserted into appropriate expression vector, *i.e.*, a vector which contains the necessary elements for the transcription and translation of the inserted coding sequence. Methods which are well known to those skilled in the art may be used to construct expression vectors containing
10 sequences encoding a polypeptide of interest and appropriate transcriptional and translational control elements. These methods include *in vitro* recombinant DNA techniques, synthetic techniques, and *in vivo* genetic recombination. Such techniques are described, for example, in Sambrook, J. et al. (1989) Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual, Cold Spring Harbor Press, Plainview, N.Y., and Ausubel, F. M. et al. (1989) Current Protocols in Molecular Biology, John Wiley & Sons, New York.
15 N.Y.

A variety of expression vector/host systems may be utilized to contain and express polynucleotide sequences. These include, but are not limited to, microorganisms such as bacteria transformed with recombinant bacteriophage, plasmid,
20 or cosmid DNA expression vectors; yeast transformed with yeast expression vectors; insect cell systems infected with virus expression vectors (e.g., baculovirus); plant cell systems transformed with virus expression vectors (e.g., cauliflower mosaic virus, CaMV; tobacco mosaic virus, TMV) or with bacterial expression vectors (e.g., Ti or pBR322 plasmids); or animal cell systems.

25 The "control elements" or "regulatory sequences" present in an expression vector are those non-translated regions of the vector--enhancers, promoters, 5' and 3' untranslated regions--which interact with host cellular proteins to carry out transcription and translation. Such elements may vary in their strength and specificity. Depending on the vector system and host utilized, any number of suitable transcription
30 and translation elements, including constitutive and inducible promoters, may be used.

For example, when cloning in bacterial systems, inducible promoters such as the hybrid lacZ promoter of the PBLUESCRIPT phagemid (Stratagene, La Jolla, Calif.) or PSPORT1 plasmid (Gibco BRL, Gaithersburg, MD) and the like may be used. In mammalian cell systems, promoters from mammalian genes or from mammalian viruses are generally preferred. If it is necessary to generate a cell line that contains multiple copies of the sequence encoding a polypeptide, vectors based on SV40 or EBV may be advantageously used with an appropriate selectable marker.

In bacterial systems, any of a number of expression vectors may be selected depending upon the use intended for the expressed polypeptide. For example, when large quantities are needed, for example for the induction of antibodies, vectors which direct high level expression of fusion proteins that are readily purified may be used. Such vectors include, but are not limited to, the multifunctional *E. coli* cloning and expression vectors such as BLUESCRIPT (Stratagene), in which the sequence encoding the polypeptide of interest may be ligated into the vector in frame with sequences for the amino-terminal Met and the subsequent 7 residues of β -galactosidase so that a hybrid protein is produced; pIN vectors (Van Heeke, G. and S. M. Schuster (1989) *J. Biol. Chem.* 264:5503-5509); and the like. pGEX Vectors (Promega, Madison, Wis.) may also be used to express foreign polypeptides as fusion proteins with glutathione S-transferase (GST). In general, such fusion proteins are soluble and can easily be purified from lysed cells by adsorption to glutathione-agarose beads followed by elution in the presence of free glutathione. Proteins made in such systems may be designed to include heparin, thrombin, or factor XA protease cleavage sites so that the cloned polypeptide of interest can be released from the GST moiety at will.

In the yeast, *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*, a number of vectors containing constitutive or inducible promoters such as alpha factor, alcohol oxidase, and PGH may be used. For reviews, see Ausubel et al. (supra) and Grant et al. (1987) *Methods Enzymol.* 153:516-544.

In cases where plant expression vectors are used, the expression of sequences encoding polypeptides may be driven by any of a number of promoters. For

example, viral promoters such as the 35S and 19S promoters of CaMV may be used alone or in combination with the omega leader sequence from TMV (Takamatsu, N. (1987) *EMBO J.* 6:307-311. Alternatively, plant promoters such as the small subunit of RUBISCO or heat shock promoters may be used (Coruzzi, G. et al. (1984) *EMBO J.* 3:1671-1680; Broglie, R. et al. (1984) *Science* 224:838-843; and Winter, J. et al. (1991) *Results Probl. Cell Differ.* 17:85-105). These constructs can be introduced into plant cells by direct DNA transformation or pathogen-mediated transfection. Such techniques are described in a number of generally available reviews (see, for example, Hobbs, S. or Murry, L. E. in McGraw Hill Yearbook of Science and Technology (1992) McGraw Hill, New York, N.Y.; pp. 191-196).

An insect system may also be used to express a polypeptide of interest. For example, in one such system, *Autographa californica* nuclear polyhedrosis virus (AcNPV) is used as a vector to express foreign genes in *Spodoptera frugiperda* cells or in *Trichoplusia* larvae. The sequences encoding the polypeptide may be cloned into a non-essential region of the virus, such as the polyhedrin gene, and placed under control of the polyhedrin promoter. Successful insertion of the polypeptide-encoding sequence will render the polyhedrin gene inactive and produce recombinant virus lacking coat protein. The recombinant viruses may then be used to infect, for example, *S. frugiperda* cells or *Trichoplusia* larvae in which the polypeptide of interest may be expressed (Engelhard, E. K. et al. (1994) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.* 91 :3224-3227).

In mammalian host cells, a number of viral-based expression systems are generally available. For example, in cases where an adenovirus is used as an expression vector, sequences encoding a polypeptide of interest may be ligated into an adenovirus transcription/translation complex consisting of the late promoter and tripartite leader sequence. Insertion in a non-essential E1 or E3 region of the viral genome may be used to obtain a viable virus which is capable of expressing the polypeptide in infected host cells (Logan, J. and Shenk, T. (1984) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.* 81:3655-3659). In addition, transcription enhancers, such as the Rous sarcoma virus (RSV) enhancer, may be used to increase expression in mammalian host cells.

Specific initiation signals may also be used to achieve more efficient translation of sequences encoding a polypeptide of interest. Such signals include the ATG initiation codon and adjacent sequences. In cases where sequences encoding the polypeptide, its initiation codon, and upstream sequences are inserted into the appropriate expression vector, no additional transcriptional or translational control signals may be needed. However, in cases where only coding sequence, or a portion thereof, is inserted, exogenous translational control signals including the ATG initiation codon should be provided. Furthermore, the initiation codon should be in the correct reading frame to ensure translation of the entire insert. Exogenous translational elements and initiation codons may be of various origins, both natural and synthetic. The efficiency of expression may be enhanced by the inclusion of enhancers which are appropriate for the particular cell system which is used, such as those described in the literature (Scharf, D. et al. (1994) *Results Probl. Cell Differ.* 20:125-162).

In addition, a host cell strain may be chosen for its ability to modulate the expression of the inserted sequences or to process the expressed protein in the desired fashion. Such modifications of the polypeptide include, but are not limited to, acetylation, carboxylation, glycosylation, phosphorylation, lipidation, and acylation. Post-translational processing which cleaves a "prepro" form of the protein may also be used to facilitate correct insertion, folding and/or function. Different host cells such as CHO, COS, HeLa, MDCK, HEK293, and WI38, which have specific cellular machinery and characteristic mechanisms for such post-translational activities, may be chosen to ensure the correct modification and processing of the foreign protein.

For long-term, high-yield production of recombinant proteins, stable expression is generally preferred. For example, cell lines which stably express a polynucleotide of interest may be transformed using expression vectors which may contain viral origins of replication and/or endogenous expression elements and a selectable marker gene on the same or on a separate vector. Following the introduction of the vector, cells may be allowed to grow for 1-2 days in an enriched media before they are switched to selective media. The purpose of the selectable marker is to confer resistance to selection, and its presence allows growth and recovery of cells which

successfully express the introduced sequences. Resistant clones of stably transformed cells may be proliferated using tissue culture techniques appropriate to the cell type.

Any number of selection systems may be used to recover transformed cell lines. These include, but are not limited to, the herpes simplex virus thymidine
5 kinase (Wigler, M. et al. (1977) *Cell* 11:223-32) and adenine phosphoribosyltransferase (Lowy, I. et al. (1990) *Cell* 22:817-23) genes which can be employed in tk.sup.- or aprt.sup.- cells, respectively. Also, antimetabolite, antibiotic or herbicide resistance can be used as the basis for selection; for example, dhfr which confers resistance to methotrexate (Wigler, M. et al. (1980) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.* 77:3567-70); npt, which
10 confers resistance to the aminoglycosides, neomycin and G-418 (Colbere-Garapin, F. et al (1981) *J. Mol. Biol.* 150:1-14); and als or pat, which confer resistance to chlorsulfuron and phosphinotricin acetyltransferase, respectively (Murry, *supra*). Additional selectable genes have been described, for example, trpB, which allows cells to utilize indole in place of tryptophan, or hisD, which allows cells to utilize histinol in
15 place of histidine (Hartman, S. C. and R. C. Mulligan (1988) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci.* 85:8047-51). The use of visible markers has gained popularity with such markers as anthocyanins, beta-glucuronidase and its substrate GUS, and luciferase and its substrate luciferin, being widely used not only to identify transformants, but also to quantify the amount of transient or stable protein expression attributable to a specific vector system
20 (Rhodes, C. A. et al. (1995) *Methods Mol. Biol.* 55:121-131).

Although the presence/absence of marker gene expression suggests that the gene of interest is also present, its presence and expression may need to be confirmed. For example, if the sequence encoding a polypeptide is inserted within a marker gene sequence, recombinant cells containing sequences can be identified by the
25 absence of marker gene function. Alternatively, a marker gene can be placed in tandem with a polypeptide-encoding sequence under the control of a single promoter. Expression of the marker gene in response to induction or selection usually indicates expression of the tandem gene as well.

Alternatively, host cells that contain and express a desired
30 polynucleotide sequence may be identified by a variety of procedures known to those of

skill in the art. These procedures include, but are not limited to, DNA-DNA or DNA-RNA hybridizations and protein bioassay or immunoassay techniques which include, for example, membrane, solution, or chip based technologies for the detection and/or quantification of nucleic acid or protein.

5 A variety of protocols for detecting and measuring the expression of polynucleotide-encoded products, using either polyclonal or monoclonal antibodies specific for the product are known in the art. Examples include enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA), radioimmunoassay (RIA), and fluorescence activated cell sorting (FACS). A two-site, monoclonal-based immunoassay utilizing monoclonal
10 antibodies reactive to two non-interfering epitopes on a given polypeptide may be preferred for some applications, but a competitive binding assay may also be employed. These and other assays are described, among other places, in Hampton, R. et al. (1990; Serological Methods, a Laboratory Manual, APS Press, St Paul, Minn.) and Maddox, D. E. et al. (1983; *J. Exp. Med.* 158:1211-1216).

15 A wide variety of labels and conjugation techniques are known by those skilled in the art and may be used in various nucleic acid and amino acid assays. Means for producing labeled hybridization or PCR probes for detecting sequences related to polynucleotides include oligolabeling, nick translation, end-labeling or PCR amplification using a labeled nucleotide. Alternatively, the sequences, or any portions
20 thereof may be cloned into a vector for the production of an mRNA probe. Such vectors are known in the art, are commercially available, and may be used to synthesize RNA probes in vitro by addition of an appropriate RNA polymerase such as T7, T3, or SP6 and labeled nucleotides. These procedures may be conducted using a variety of commercially available kits. Suitable reporter molecules or labels, which may be used
25 include radionuclides, enzymes, fluorescent, chemiluminescent, or chromogenic agents as well as substrates, cofactors, inhibitors, magnetic particles, and the like.

Host cells transformed with a polynucleotide sequence of interest may be cultured under conditions suitable for the expression and recovery of the protein from cell culture. The protein produced by a recombinant cell may be secreted or contained
30 intracellularly depending on the sequence and/or the vector used. As will be understood

by those of skill in the art, expression vectors containing polynucleotides of the invention may be designed to contain signal sequences which direct secretion of the encoded polypeptide through a prokaryotic or eukaryotic cell membrane. Other recombinant constructions may be used to join sequences encoding a polypeptide of interest to nucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide domain which will facilitate purification of soluble proteins. Such purification facilitating domains include, but are not limited to, metal chelating peptides such as histidine-tryptophan modules that allow purification on immobilized metals, protein A domains that allow purification on immobilized immunoglobulin, and the domain utilized in the FLAGS extension/affinity purification system (Immunex Corp., Seattle, Wash.). The inclusion of cleavable linker sequences such as those specific for Factor XA or enterokinase (Invitrogen, San Diego, Calif.) between the purification domain and the encoded polypeptide may be used to facilitate purification. One such expression vector provides for expression of a fusion protein containing a polypeptide of interest and a nucleic acid encoding 6 histidine residues preceding a thioredoxin or an enterokinase cleavage site. The histidine residues facilitate purification on IMIAC (immobilized metal ion affinity chromatography) as described in Porath, J. et al. (1992, *Prot. Exp. Purif.* 3:263-281) while the enterokinase cleavage site provides a means for purifying the desired polypeptide from the fusion protein. A discussion of vectors which contain fusion proteins is provided in Kroll, D. J. et al. (1993; *DNA Cell Biol.* 12:441-453).

In addition to recombinant production methods, polypeptides of the invention, and fragments thereof, may be produced by direct peptide synthesis using solid-phase techniques (Merrifield J. (1963) *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* 85:2149-2154). Protein synthesis may be performed using manual techniques or by automation. Automated synthesis may be achieved, for example, using Applied Biosystems 431A Peptide Synthesizer (Perkin Elmer). Alternatively, various fragments may be chemically synthesized separately and combined using chemical methods to produce the full length molecule.

Antibody Compositions, Fragments Thereof and Other Binding Agents

According to another aspect, the present invention further provides binding agents, such as antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof, that exhibit immunological binding to a tumor polypeptide disclosed herein, or to a portion, variant or derivative thereof. An antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, is said to "specifically bind," "immunologically bind," and/or is "immunologically reactive" to a polypeptide of the invention if it reacts at a detectable level (within, for example, an ELISA assay) with the polypeptide, and does not react detectably with unrelated polypeptides under similar conditions.

Immunological binding, as used in this context, generally refers to the non-covalent interactions of the type which occur between an immunoglobulin molecule and an antigen for which the immunoglobulin is specific. The strength, or affinity of immunological binding interactions can be expressed in terms of the dissociation constant (K_d) of the interaction, wherein a smaller K_d represents a greater affinity. Immunological binding properties of selected polypeptides can be quantified using methods well known in the art. One such method entails measuring the rates of antigen-binding site/antigen complex formation and dissociation, wherein those rates depend on the concentrations of the complex partners, the affinity of the interaction, and on geometric parameters that equally influence the rate in both directions. Thus, both the "on rate constant" (K_{on}) and the "off rate constant" (K_{off}) can be determined by calculation of the concentrations and the actual rates of association and dissociation. The ratio of K_{off}/K_{on} enables cancellation of all parameters not related to affinity, and is thus equal to the dissociation constant K_d . See, generally, Davies et al. (1990) Annual Rev. Biochem. 59:439-473.

An "antigen-binding site," or "binding portion" of an antibody refers to the part of the immunoglobulin molecule that participates in antigen binding. The antigen binding site is formed by amino acid residues of the N-terminal variable ("V") regions of the heavy ("H") and light ("L") chains. Three highly divergent stretches within the V regions of the heavy and light chains are referred to as "hypervariable regions" which are interposed between more conserved flanking stretches known as

"framework regions," or "FRs". Thus the term "FR" refers to amino acid sequences which are naturally found between and adjacent to hypervariable regions in immunoglobulins. In an antibody molecule, the three hypervariable regions of a light chain and the three hypervariable regions of a heavy chain are disposed relative to each other in three dimensional space to form an antigen-binding surface. The antigen-binding surface is complementary to the three-dimensional surface of a bound antigen, and the three hypervariable regions of each of the heavy and light chains are referred to as "complementarity-determining regions," or "CDRs."

Binding agents may be further capable of differentiating between patients with and without a cancer, such as prostate cancer, using the representative assays provided herein. For example, antibodies or other binding agents that bind to a tumor protein will preferably generate a signal indicating the presence of a cancer in at least about 20% of patients with the disease, more preferably at least about 30% of patients. Alternatively, or in addition, the antibody will generate a negative signal indicating the absence of the disease in at least about 90% of individuals without the cancer. To determine whether a binding agent satisfies this requirement, biological samples (e.g., blood, sera, sputum, urine and/or tumor biopsies) from patients with and without a cancer (as determined using standard clinical tests) may be assayed as described herein for the presence of polypeptides that bind to the binding agent. Preferably, a statistically significant number of samples with and without the disease will be assayed. Each binding agent should satisfy the above criteria; however, those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that binding agents may be used in combination to improve sensitivity.

Any agent that satisfies the above requirements may be a binding agent. For example, a binding agent may be a ribosome, with or without a peptide component, an RNA molecule or a polypeptide. In a preferred embodiment, a binding agent is an antibody or an antigen-binding fragment thereof. Antibodies may be prepared by any of a variety of techniques known to those of ordinary skill in the art. See, e.g., Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, antibodies can be produced by cell culture techniques, including the generation

of monoclonal antibodies as described herein, or via transfection of antibody genes into suitable bacterial or mammalian cell hosts, in order to allow for the production of recombinant antibodies. In one technique, an immunogen comprising the polypeptide is initially injected into any of a wide variety of mammals (*e.g.*, mice, rats, rabbits, sheep or goats). In this step, the polypeptides of this invention may serve as the immunogen without modification. Alternatively, particularly for relatively short polypeptides, a superior immune response may be elicited if the polypeptide is joined to a carrier protein, such as bovine serum albumin or keyhole limpet hemocyanin. The immunogen is injected into the animal host, preferably according to a predetermined schedule incorporating one or more booster immunizations, and the animals are bled periodically. Polyclonal antibodies specific for the polypeptide may then be purified from such antisera by, for example, affinity chromatography using the polypeptide coupled to a suitable solid support.

Monoclonal antibodies specific for an antigenic polypeptide of interest may be prepared, for example, using the technique of Kohler and Milstein, *Eur. J. Immunol.* 6:511-519, 1976, and improvements thereto. Briefly, these methods involve the preparation of immortal cell lines capable of producing antibodies having the desired specificity (*i.e.*, reactivity with the polypeptide of interest). Such cell lines may be produced, for example, from spleen cells obtained from an animal immunized as described above. The spleen cells are then immortalized by, for example, fusion with a myeloma cell fusion partner, preferably one that is syngeneic with the immunized animal. A variety of fusion techniques may be employed. For example, the spleen cells and myeloma cells may be combined with a nonionic detergent for a few minutes and then plated at low density on a selective medium that supports the growth of hybrid cells, but not myeloma cells. A preferred selection technique uses HAT (hypoxanthine, aminopterin, thymidine) selection. After a sufficient time, usually about 1 to 2 weeks, colonies of hybrids are observed. Single colonies are selected and their culture supernatants tested for binding activity against the polypeptide. Hybridomas having high reactivity and specificity are preferred.

Monoclonal antibodies may be isolated from the supernatants of growing hybridoma colonies. In addition, various techniques may be employed to enhance the yield, such as injection of the hybridoma cell line into the peritoneal cavity of a suitable vertebrate host, such as a mouse. Monoclonal antibodies may then be harvested from the ascites fluid or the blood. Contaminants may be removed from the antibodies by conventional techniques, such as chromatography, gel filtration, precipitation, and extraction. The polypeptides of this invention may be used in the purification process in, for example, an affinity chromatography step.

A number of therapeutically useful molecules are known in the art which comprise antigen-binding sites that are capable of exhibiting immunological binding properties of an antibody molecule. The proteolytic enzyme papain preferentially cleaves IgG molecules to yield several fragments, two of which (the "F(ab)" fragments) each comprise a covalent heterodimer that includes an intact antigen-binding site. The enzyme pepsin is able to cleave IgG molecules to provide several fragments, including the "F(ab')₂" fragment which comprises both antigen-binding sites. An "Fv" fragment can be produced by preferential proteolytic cleavage of an IgM, and on rare occasions IgG or IgA immunoglobulin molecule. Fv fragments are, however, more commonly derived using recombinant techniques known in the art. The Fv fragment includes a non-covalent V_H::V_L heterodimer including an antigen-binding site which retains much of the antigen recognition and binding capabilities of the native antibody molecule. Inbar et al. (1972) Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. USA 69:2659-2662; Hochman et al. (1976) Biochem 15:2706-2710; and Ehrlich et al. (1980) Biochem 19:4091-4096.

A single chain Fv ("sFv") polypeptide is a covalently linked V_H::V_L heterodimer which is expressed from a gene fusion including V_H- and V_L-encoding genes linked by a peptide-encoding linker. Huston et al. (1988) Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. USA 85(16):5879-5883. A number of methods have been described to discern chemical structures for converting the naturally aggregated--but chemically separated--light and heavy polypeptide chains from an antibody V region into an sFv molecule which will fold into a three dimensional structure substantially similar to the structure of an

antigen-binding site. See, *e.g.*, U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,091,513 and 5,132,405, to Huston et al.; and U.S. Pat. No. 4,946,778, to Ladner et al.

Each of the above-described molecules includes a heavy chain and a light chain CDR set, respectively interposed between a heavy chain and a light chain FR set which provide support to the CDRS and define the spatial relationship of the CDRs relative to each other. As used herein, the term "CDR set" refers to the three hypervariable regions of a heavy or light chain V region. Proceeding from the N-terminus of a heavy or light chain, these regions are denoted as "CDR1," "CDR2," and "CDR3" respectively. An antigen-binding site, therefore, includes six CDRs, comprising the CDR set from each of a heavy and a light chain V region. A polypeptide comprising a single CDR, (*e.g.*, a CDR1, CDR2 or CDR3) is referred to herein as a "molecular recognition unit." Crystallographic analysis of a number of antigen-antibody complexes has demonstrated that the amino acid residues of CDRs form extensive contact with bound antigen, wherein the most extensive antigen contact is with the heavy chain CDR3. Thus, the molecular recognition units are primarily responsible for the specificity of an antigen-binding site.

As used herein, the term "FR set" refers to the four flanking amino acid sequences which frame the CDRs of a CDR set of a heavy or light chain V region. Some FR residues may contact bound antigen; however, FRs are primarily responsible for folding the V region into the antigen-binding site, particularly the FR residues directly adjacent to the CDRS. Within FRs, certain amino residues and certain structural features are very highly conserved. In this regard, all V region sequences contain an internal disulfide loop of around 90 amino acid residues. When the V regions fold into a binding-site, the CDRs are displayed as projecting loop motifs which form an antigen-binding surface. It is generally recognized that there are conserved structural regions of FRs which influence the folded shape of the CDR loops into certain "canonical" structures--regardless of the precise CDR amino acid sequence. Further, certain FR residues are known to participate in non-covalent interdomain contacts which stabilize the interaction of the antibody heavy and light chains.

A number of "humanized" antibody molecules comprising an antigen-binding site derived from a non-human immunoglobulin have been described, including chimeric antibodies having rodent V regions and their associated CDRs fused to human constant domains (Winter et al. (1991) *Nature* 349:293-299; Lobuglio et al. (1989) *Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. USA* 86:4220-4224; Shaw et al. (1987) *J Immunol.* 138:4534-4538; and Brown et al. (1987) *Cancer Res.* 47:3577-3583), rodent CDRs grafted into a human supporting FR prior to fusion with an appropriate human antibody constant domain (Riechmann et al. (1988) *Nature* 332:323-327; Verhoeyen et al. (1988) *Science* 239:1534-1536; and Jones et al. (1986) *Nature* 321:522-525), and rodent CDRs supported by recombinantly veneered rodent FRs (European Patent Publication No. 519,596, published Dec. 23, 1992). These "humanized" molecules are designed to minimize unwanted immunological response toward rodent antihuman antibody molecules which limits the duration and effectiveness of therapeutic applications of those moieties in human recipients.

As used herein, the terms "veneered FRs" and "recombinantly veneered FRs" refer to the selective replacement of FR residues from, *e.g.*, a rodent heavy or light chain V region, with human FR residues in order to provide a xenogeneic molecule comprising an antigen-binding site which retains substantially all of the native FR polypeptide folding structure. Veneering techniques are based on the understanding that the ligand binding characteristics of an antigen-binding site are determined primarily by the structure and relative disposition of the heavy and light chain CDR sets within the antigen-binding surface. Davies et al. (1990) *Ann. Rev. Biochem.* 59:439-473. Thus, antigen binding specificity can be preserved in a humanized antibody only wherein the CDR structures, their interaction with each other, and their interaction with the rest of the V region domains are carefully maintained. By using veneering techniques, exterior (*e.g.*, solvent-accessible) FR residues which are readily encountered by the immune system are selectively replaced with human residues to provide a hybrid molecule that comprises either a weakly immunogenic, or substantially non-immunogenic veneered surface.

The process of veneering makes use of the available sequence data for human antibody variable domains compiled by Kabat et al., in Sequences of Proteins of Immunological Interest, 4th ed., (U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, U.S. Government Printing Office, 1987), updates to the Kabat database, and other accessible U.S. and foreign databases (both nucleic acid and protein). Solvent accessibilities of V region amino acids can be deduced from the known three-dimensional structure for human and murine antibody fragments. There are two general steps in veneering a murine antigen-binding site. Initially, the FRs of the variable domains of an antibody molecule of interest are compared with corresponding FR sequences of human variable domains obtained from the above-identified sources. The most homologous human V regions are then compared residue by residue to corresponding murine amino acids. The residues in the murine FR which differ from the human counterpart are replaced by the residues present in the human moiety using recombinant techniques well known in the art. Residue switching is only carried out with moieties which are at least partially exposed (solvent accessible), and care is exercised in the replacement of amino acid residues which may have a significant effect on the tertiary structure of V region domains, such as proline, glycine and charged amino acids.

In this manner, the resultant "veneered" murine antigen-binding sites are thus designed to retain the murine CDR residues, the residues substantially adjacent to the CDRs, the residues identified as buried or mostly buried (solvent inaccessible), the residues believed to participate in non-covalent (*e.g.*, electrostatic and hydrophobic) contacts between heavy and light chain domains, and the residues from conserved structural regions of the FRs which are believed to influence the "canonical" tertiary structures of the CDR loops. These design criteria are then used to prepare recombinant nucleotide sequences which combine the CDRs of both the heavy and light chain of a murine antigen-binding site into human-appearing FRs that can be used to transfect mammalian cells for the expression of recombinant human antibodies which exhibit the antigen specificity of the murine antibody molecule.

In another embodiment of the invention, monoclonal antibodies of the present invention may be coupled to one or more therapeutic agents. Suitable agents in

this regard include radionuclides, differentiation inducers, drugs, toxins, and derivatives thereof. Preferred radionuclides include ^{90}Y , ^{123}I , ^{125}I , ^{131}I , ^{186}Re , ^{188}Re , ^{211}At , and ^{212}Bi . Preferred drugs include methotrexate, and pyrimidine and purine analogs. Preferred differentiation inducers include phorbol esters and butyric acid. Preferred toxins include ricin, abrin, diphtheria toxin, cholera toxin, gelonin, *Pseudomonas* exotoxin, Shigella toxin, and pokeweed antiviral protein.

A therapeutic agent may be coupled (*e.g.*, covalently bonded) to a suitable monoclonal antibody either directly or indirectly (*e.g.*, via a linker group). A direct reaction between an agent and an antibody is possible when each possesses a substituent capable of reacting with the other. For example, a nucleophilic group, such as an amino or sulfhydryl group, on one may be capable of reacting with a carbonyl-containing group, such as an anhydride or an acid halide, or with an alkyl group containing a good leaving group (*e.g.*, a halide) on the other.

Alternatively, it may be desirable to couple a therapeutic agent and an antibody via a linker group. A linker group can function as a spacer to distance an antibody from an agent in order to avoid interference with binding capabilities. A linker group can also serve to increase the chemical reactivity of a substituent on an agent or an antibody, and thus increase the coupling efficiency. An increase in chemical reactivity may also facilitate the use of agents, or functional groups on agents, which otherwise would not be possible.

It will be evident to those skilled in the art that a variety of bifunctional or polyfunctional reagents, both homo- and hetero-functional (such as those described in the catalog of the Pierce Chemical Co., Rockford, IL), may be employed as the linker group. Coupling may be effected, for example, through amino groups, carboxyl groups, sulfhydryl groups or oxidized carbohydrate residues. There are numerous references describing such methodology, *e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.

Where a therapeutic agent is more potent when free from the antibody portion of the immunoconjugates of the present invention, it may be desirable to use a linker group which is cleavable during or upon internalization into a cell. A number of different cleavable linker groups have been described. The mechanisms for the

intracellular release of an agent from these linker groups include cleavage by reduction of a disulfide bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,489,710, to Spitler), by irradiation of a photolabile bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,625,014, to Senter et al.), by hydrolysis of derivatized amino acid side chains (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,638,045, to Kohn et al.), by
5 serum complement-mediated hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.), and acid-catalyzed hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,569,789, to Blattler et al.).

It may be desirable to couple more than one agent to an antibody. In one embodiment, multiple molecules of an agent are coupled to one antibody molecule. In another embodiment, more than one type of agent may be coupled to one antibody.
10 Regardless of the particular embodiment, immunoconjugates with more than one agent may be prepared in a variety of ways. For example, more than one agent may be coupled directly to an antibody molecule, or linkers that provide multiple sites for attachment can be used. Alternatively, a carrier can be used.

A carrier may bear the agents in a variety of ways, including covalent
15 bonding either directly or via a linker group. Suitable carriers include proteins such as albumins (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,507,234, to Kato et al.), peptides and polysaccharides such as aminodextran (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,699,784, to Shih et al.). A carrier may also bear an agent by noncovalent bonding or by encapsulation, such as within a liposome vesicle (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent Nos. 4,429,008 and 4,873,088). Carriers specific for
20 radionuclide agents include radiohalogenated small molecules and chelating compounds. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,735,792 discloses representative radiohalogenated small molecules and their synthesis. A radionuclide chelate may be formed from chelating compounds that include those containing nitrogen and sulfur atoms as the donor atoms for binding the metal, or metal oxide, radionuclide. For
25 example, U.S. Patent No. 4,673,562, to Davison et al. discloses representative chelating compounds and their synthesis.

T Cell Compositions

The present invention, in another aspect, provides T cells specific for a tumor polypeptide disclosed herein, or for a variant or derivative thereof. Such cells

may generally be prepared *in vitro* or *ex vivo*, using standard procedures. For example, T cells may be isolated from bone marrow, peripheral blood, or a fraction of bone marrow or peripheral blood of a patient, using a commercially available cell separation system, such as the Isolex™ System, available from Nexell Therapeutics, Inc. (Irvine, CA; see also U.S. Patent No. 5,240,856; U.S. Patent No. 5,215,926; WO 89/06280; WO 91/16116 and WO 92/07243). Alternatively, T cells may be derived from related or unrelated humans, non-human mammals, cell lines or cultures.

T cells may be stimulated with a polypeptide, polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide and/or an antigen presenting cell (APC) that expresses such a polypeptide. Such stimulation is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the generation of T cells that are specific for the polypeptide of interest. Preferably, a tumor polypeptide or polynucleotide of the invention is present within a delivery vehicle, such as a microsphere, to facilitate the generation of specific T cells.

T cells are considered to be specific for a polypeptide of the present invention if the T cells specifically proliferate, secrete cytokines or kill target cells coated with the polypeptide or expressing a gene encoding the polypeptide. T cell specificity may be evaluated using any of a variety of standard techniques. For example, within a chromium release assay or proliferation assay, a stimulation index of more than two fold increase in lysis and/or proliferation, compared to negative controls, indicates T cell specificity. Such assays may be performed, for example, as described in Chen et al., *Cancer Res.* 54:1065-1070, 1994. Alternatively, detection of the proliferation of T cells may be accomplished by a variety of known techniques. For example, T cell proliferation can be detected by measuring an increased rate of DNA synthesis (e.g., by pulse-labeling cultures of T cells with tritiated thymidine and measuring the amount of tritiated thymidine incorporated into DNA). Contact with a tumor polypeptide (100 ng/ml - 100 µg/ml, preferably 200 ng/ml - 25 µg/ml) for 3 - 7 days will typically result in at least a two fold increase in proliferation of the T cells. Contact as described above for 2-3 hours should result in activation of the T cells, as measured using standard cytokine assays in which a two fold increase in the level of cytokine release (e.g., TNF or IFN-γ) is indicative of T cell activation (see Coligan et

al., Current Protocols in Immunology, vol. 1, Wiley Interscience (Greene 1998)). T cells that have been activated in response to a tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or polypeptide-expressing APC may be CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺. Tumor polypeptide-specific T cells may be expanded using standard techniques. Within preferred embodiments, the T cells are derived from a patient, a related donor or an unrelated donor, and are administered to the patient following stimulation and expansion.

For therapeutic purposes, CD4⁺ or CD8⁺ T cells that proliferate in response to a tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or APC can be expanded in number either *in vitro* or *in vivo*. Proliferation of such T cells *in vitro* may be accomplished in a variety of ways. For example, the T cells can be re-exposed to a tumor polypeptide, or a short peptide corresponding to an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, with or without the addition of T cell growth factors, such as interleukin-2, and/or stimulator cells that synthesize a tumor polypeptide. Alternatively, one or more T cells that proliferate in the presence of the tumor polypeptide can be expanded in number by cloning. Methods for cloning cells are well known in the art, and include limiting dilution.

Pharmaceutical Compositions

In additional embodiments, the present invention concerns formulation of one or more of the polynucleotide, polypeptide, T-cell and/or antibody compositions disclosed herein in pharmaceutically-acceptable carriers for administration to a cell or an animal, either alone, or in combination with one or more other modalities of therapy.

It will be understood that, if desired, a composition as disclosed herein may be administered in combination with other agents as well, such as, *e.g.*, other proteins or polypeptides or various pharmaceutically-active agents. In fact, there is virtually no limit to other components that may also be included, given that the additional agents do not cause a significant adverse effect upon contact with the target cells or host tissues. The compositions may thus be delivered along with various other agents as required in the particular instance. Such compositions may be purified from host cells or other biological sources, or alternatively may be chemically synthesized as

described herein. Likewise, such compositions may further comprise substituted or derivatized RNA or DNA compositions.

Therefore, in another aspect of the present invention, pharmaceutical compositions are provided comprising one or more of the polynucleotide, polypeptide, antibody, and/or T-cell compositions described herein in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier. In certain preferred embodiments, the pharmaceutical compositions of the invention comprise immunogenic polynucleotide and/or polypeptide compositions of the invention for use in prophylactic and therapeutic vaccine applications. Vaccine preparation is generally described in, for example, M.F. Powell and M.J. Newman, eds., "Vaccine Design (the subunit and adjuvant approach)," Plenum Press (NY, 1995). Generally, such compositions will comprise one or more polynucleotide and/or polypeptide compositions of the present invention in combination with one or more immunostimulants.

It will be apparent that any of the pharmaceutical compositions described herein can contain pharmaceutically acceptable salts of the polynucleotides and polypeptides of the invention. Such salts can be prepared, for example, from pharmaceutically acceptable non-toxic bases, including organic bases (e.g., salts of primary, secondary and tertiary amines and basic amino acids) and inorganic bases (e.g., sodium, potassium, lithium, ammonium, calcium and magnesium salts).

In another embodiment, illustrative immunogenic compositions, e.g., vaccine compositions, of the present invention comprise DNA encoding one or more of the polypeptides as described above, such that the polypeptide is generated *in situ*. As noted above, the polynucleotide may be administered within any of a variety of delivery systems known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Indeed, numerous gene delivery techniques are well known in the art, such as those described by Rolland, *Crit. Rev. Therap. Drug Carrier Systems* 15:143-198, 1998, and references cited therein. Appropriate polynucleotide expression systems will, of course, contain the necessary regulatory DNA regulatory sequences for expression in a patient (such as a suitable promoter and terminating signal). Alternatively, bacterial delivery systems may involve

the administration of a bacterium (such as *Bacillus-Calmette-Guerrin*) that expresses an immunogenic portion of the polypeptide on its cell surface or secretes such an epitope.

Therefore, in certain embodiments, polynucleotides encoding immunogenic polypeptides described herein are introduced into suitable mammalian host cells for expression using any of a number of known viral-based systems. In one illustrative embodiment, retroviruses provide a convenient and effective platform for gene delivery systems. A selected nucleotide sequence encoding a polypeptide of the present invention can be inserted into a vector and packaged in retroviral particles using techniques known in the art. The recombinant virus can then be isolated and delivered to a subject. A number of illustrative retroviral systems have been described (*e.g.*, U.S. Pat. No. 5,219,740; Miller and Rosman (1989) *BioTechniques* 7:980-990; Miller, A. D. (1990) *Human Gene Therapy* 1:5-14; Scarpa et al. (1991) *Virology* 180:849-852; Burns et al. (1993) *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90:8033-8037; and Boris-Lawrie and Temin (1993) *Cur. Opin. Genet. Develop.* 3:102-109.

In addition, a number of illustrative adenovirus-based systems have also been described. Unlike retroviruses which integrate into the host genome, adenoviruses persist extrachromosomally thus minimizing the risks associated with insertional mutagenesis (Haj-Ahmad and Graham (1986) *J. Virol.* 57:267-274; Bett et al. (1993) *J. Virol.* 67:5911-5921; Mittereder et al. (1994) *Human Gene Therapy* 5:717-729; Seth et al. (1994) *J. Virol.* 68:933-940; Barr et al. (1994) *Gene Therapy* 1:51-58; Berkner, K. L. (1988) *BioTechniques* 6:616-629; and Rich et al. (1993) *Human Gene Therapy* 4:461-476).

Various adeno-associated virus (AAV) vector systems have also been developed for polynucleotide delivery. AAV vectors can be readily constructed using techniques well known in the art. See, *e.g.*, U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,173,414 and 5,139,941; International Publication Nos. WO 92/01070 and WO 93/03769; Lebkowski et al. (1988) *Molec. Cell. Biol.* 8:3988-3996; Vincent et al. (1990) *Vaccines 90* (Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press); Carter, B. J. (1992) *Current Opinion in Biotechnology* 3:533-539; Muzyczka, N. (1992) *Current Topics in Microbiol. and Immunol.* 158:97-129;

Kotin, R. M. (1994) Human Gene Therapy 5:793-801; Shelling and Smith (1994) Gene Therapy 1:165-169; and Zhou et al. (1994) J. Exp. Med. 179:1867-1875.

Additional viral vectors useful for delivering the polynucleotides encoding polypeptides of the present invention by gene transfer include those derived from the pox family of viruses, such as vaccinia virus and avian poxvirus. By way of example, vaccinia virus recombinants expressing the novel molecules can be constructed as follows. The DNA encoding a polypeptide is first inserted into an appropriate vector so that it is adjacent to a vaccinia promoter and flanking vaccinia DNA sequences, such as the sequence encoding thymidine kinase (TK). This vector is then used to transfect cells which are simultaneously infected with vaccinia. Homologous recombination serves to insert the vaccinia promoter plus the gene encoding the polypeptide of interest into the viral genome. The resulting TK.sup.(-) recombinant can be selected by culturing the cells in the presence of 5-bromodeoxyuridine and picking viral plaques resistant thereto.

15 A vaccinia-based infection/transfection system can be conveniently used to provide for inducible, transient expression or coexpression of one or more polypeptides described herein in host cells of an organism. In this particular system, cells are first infected in vitro with a vaccinia virus recombinant that encodes the bacteriophage T7 RNA polymerase. This polymerase displays exquisite specificity in that it only transcribes templates bearing T7 promoters. Following infection, cells are transfected with the polynucleotide or polynucleotides of interest, driven by a T7 promoter. The polymerase expressed in the cytoplasm from the vaccinia virus recombinant transcribes the transfected DNA into RNA which is then translated into polypeptide by the host translational machinery. The method provides for high level, transient, cytoplasmic production of large quantities of RNA and its translation products. See, *e.g.*, Elroy-Stein and Moss, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA (1990) 87:6743-6747; Fuerst et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA (1986) 83:8122-8126.

Alternatively, avipoxviruses, such as the fowlpox and canarypox viruses, can also be used to deliver the coding sequences of interest. Recombinant avipox viruses, expressing immunogens from mammalian pathogens, are known to confer

protective immunity when administered to non-avian species. The use of an Avipox vector is particularly desirable in human and other mammalian species since members of the Avipox genus can only productively replicate in susceptible avian species and therefore are not infective in mammalian cells. Methods for producing recombinant
5 Avipoxviruses are known in the art and employ genetic recombination, as described above with respect to the production of vaccinia viruses. See, e.g., WO 91/12882; WO 89/03429; and WO 92/03545.

Any of a number of alphavirus vectors can also be used for delivery of polynucleotide compositions of the present invention, such as those vectors described in
10 U.S. Patent Nos. 5,843,723; 6,015,686; 6,008,035 and 6,015,694. Certain vectors based on Venezuelan Equine Encephalitis (VEE) can also be used, illustrative examples of which can be found in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,505,947 and 5,643,576.

Moreover, molecular conjugate vectors, such as the adenovirus chimeric vectors described in Michael et al. *J. Biol. Chem.* (1993) 268:6866-6869 and Wagner et
15 al. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* (1992) 89:6099-6103, can also be used for gene delivery under the invention.

Additional illustrative information on these and other known viral-based delivery systems can be found, for example, in Fisher-Hoch et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 86:317-321, 1989; Flexner et al., *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci.* 569:86-103, 1989; Flexner
20 et al., *Vaccine* 8:17-21, 1990; U.S. Patent Nos. 4,603,112, 4,769,330, and 5,017,487; WO 89/01973; U.S. Patent No. 4,777,127; GB 2,200,651; EP 0,345,242; WO 91/02805; Berkner, *Biotechniques* 6:616-627, 1988; Rosenfeld et al., *Science* 252:431-434, 1991; Kolls et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 91:215-219, 1994; Kass-Eisler et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90:11498-11502, 1993; Guzman et al.,
25 *Circulation* 88:2838-2848, 1993; and Guzman et al., *Cir. Res.* 73:1202-1207, 1993.

In certain embodiments, a polynucleotide may be integrated into the genome of a target cell. This integration may be in a specific location and orientation *via* homologous recombination (gene replacement) or it may be integrated in a random, non-specific location (gene augmentation). In yet further embodiments, the
30 polynucleotide may be stably maintained in the cell as a separate, episomal segment of

DNA. Such polynucleotide segments or "episomes" encode sequences sufficient to permit maintenance and replication independent of or in synchronization with the host cell cycle. The manner in which the expression construct is delivered to a cell and where in the cell the polynucleotide remains is dependent on the type of expression
5 construct employed.

In another embodiment of the invention, a polynucleotide is administered/delivered as "naked" DNA, for example as described in Ulmer et al., *Science* 259:1745-1749, 1993 and reviewed by Cohen, *Science* 259:1691-1692, 1993. The uptake of naked DNA may be increased by coating the DNA onto biodegradable
10 beads, which are efficiently transported into the cells.

In still another embodiment, a composition of the present invention can be delivered via a particle bombardment approach, many of which have been described. In one illustrative example, gas-driven particle acceleration can be achieved with devices such as those manufactured by Powderject Pharmaceuticals PLC (Oxford, UK)
15 and Powderject Vaccines Inc. (Madison, WI), some examples of which are described in U.S. Patent Nos. 5,846,796; 6,010,478; 5,865,796; 5,584,807; and EP Patent No. 0500 799. This approach offers a needle-free delivery approach wherein a dry powder formulation of microscopic particles, such as polynucleotide or polypeptide particles, are accelerated to high speed within a helium gas jet generated by a hand held device,
20 propelling the particles into a target tissue of interest.

In a related embodiment, other devices and methods that may be useful for gas-driven needle-less injection of compositions of the present invention include those provided by Bioject, Inc. (Portland, OR), some examples of which are described in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,790,824; 5,064,413; 5,312,335; 5,383,851; 5,399,163; 5,520,639
25 and 5,993,412.

According to another embodiment, the pharmaceutical compositions described herein will comprise one or more immunostimulants in addition to the immunogenic polynucleotide, polypeptide, antibody, T-cell and/or APC compositions of this invention. An immunostimulant refers to essentially any substance that enhances
30 or potentiates an immune response (antibody and/or cell-mediated) to an exogenous

antigen. One preferred type of immunostimulant comprises an adjuvant. Many adjuvants contain a substance designed to protect the antigen from rapid catabolism, such as aluminum hydroxide or mineral oil, and a stimulator of immune responses, such as lipid A, *Bordetella pertussis* or *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* derived proteins.

5 Certain adjuvants are commercially available as, for example, Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant and Complete Adjuvant (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI); Merck Adjuvant 65 (Merck and Company, Inc., Rahway, NJ); AS-2 (SmithKline Beecham, Philadelphia, PA); aluminum salts such as aluminum hydroxide gel (alum) or aluminum phosphate; salts of calcium, iron or zinc; an insoluble suspension of acylated tyrosine; acylated

10 sugars; cationically or anionically derivatized polysaccharides; polyphosphazenes; biodegradable microspheres; monophosphoryl lipid A and quil A. Cytokines, such as GM-CSF, interleukin-2, -7, -12, and other like growth factors, may also be used as adjuvants.

Within certain embodiments of the invention, the adjuvant composition

15 is preferably one that induces an immune response predominantly of the Th1 type. High levels of Th1-type cytokines (*e.g.*, IFN- γ , TNF α , IL-2 and IL-12) tend to favor the induction of cell mediated immune responses to an administered antigen. In contrast, high levels of Th2-type cytokines (*e.g.*, IL-4, IL-5, IL-6 and IL-10) tend to favor the induction of humoral immune responses. Following application of a vaccine as

20 provided herein, a patient will support an immune response that includes Th1- and Th2-type responses. Within a preferred embodiment, in which a response is predominantly Th1-type, the level of Th1-type cytokines will increase to a greater extent than the level of Th2-type cytokines. The levels of these cytokines may be readily assessed using standard assays. For a review of the families of cytokines, see Mosmann and Coffman,

25 *Ann. Rev. Immunol.* 7:145-173, 1989.

Certain preferred adjuvants for eliciting a predominantly Th1-type response include, for example, a combination of monophosphoryl lipid A, preferably 3-de-O-acylated monophosphoryl lipid A, together with an aluminum salt. MPL[®] adjuvants are available from Corixa Corporation (Seattle, WA; *see*, for example, US

30 Patent Nos. 4,436,727; 4,877,611; 4,866,034 and 4,912,094). CpG-containing

oligonucleotides (in which the CpG dinucleotide is unmethylated) also induce a predominantly Th1 response. Such oligonucleotides are well known and are described, for example, in WO 96/02555, WO 99/33488 and U.S. Patent Nos. 6,008,200 and 5,856,462. Immunostimulatory DNA sequences are also described, for example, by

5 Sato et al., *Science* 273:352, 1996. Another preferred adjuvant comprises a saponin, such as Quil A, or derivatives thereof, including QS21 and QS7 (Aquila Biopharmaceuticals Inc., Framingham, MA); Escin; Digitonin; or *Gypsophila* or *Chenopodium quinoa* saponins. Other preferred formulations include more than one saponin in the adjuvant combinations of the present invention, for example

10 combinations of at least two of the following group comprising QS21, QS7, Quil A, β -escin, or digitonin.

Alternatively the saponin formulations may be combined with vaccine vehicles composed of chitosan or other polycationic polymers, polylactide and polylactide-co-glycolide particles, poly-N-acetyl glucosamine-based polymer matrix,

15 particles composed of polysaccharides or chemically modified polysaccharides, liposomes and lipid-based particles, particles composed of glycerol monoesters, etc. The saponins may also be formulated in the presence of cholesterol to form particulate structures such as liposomes or ISCOMs. Furthermore, the saponins may be formulated together with a polyoxyethylene ether or ester, in either a non-particulate solution or

20 suspension, or in a particulate structure such as a paucilamellar liposome or ISCOM. The saponins may also be formulated with excipients such as Carbopol^R to increase viscosity, or may be formulated in a dry powder form with a powder excipient such as lactose.

In one preferred embodiment, the adjuvant system includes the

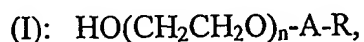
25 combination of a monophosphoryl lipid A and a saponin derivative, such as the combination of QS21 and 3D-MPL[®] adjuvant, as described in WO 94/00153, or a less reactogenic composition where the QS21 is quenched with cholesterol, as described in WO 96/33739. Other preferred formulations comprise an oil-in-water emulsion and tocopherol. Another particularly preferred adjuvant formulation employing QS21, 3D-

MPL[®] adjuvant and tocopherol in an oil-in-water emulsion is described in WO 95/17210.

Another enhanced adjuvant system involves the combination of a CpG-containing oligonucleotide and a saponin derivative particularly the combination of
5 CpG and QS21 is disclosed in WO 00/09159. Preferably the formulation additionally comprises an oil in water emulsion and tocopherol.

Additional illustrative adjuvants for use in the pharmaceutical compositions of the invention include Montanide ISA 720 (Seppic, France), SAF (Chiron, California, United States), ISCOMS (CSL), MF-59 (Chiron), the SBAS series
10 of adjuvants (*e.g.*, SBAS-2 or SBAS-4, available from SmithKline Beecham, Rixensart, Belgium), Detox (Enhanzyn[®]; Corixa, Hamilton, MT), RC-529 (Corixa, Hamilton, MT) and other aminoalkyl glucosaminide 4-phosphates (AGPs), such as those described in pending U.S. Patent Application Serial Nos. 08/853,826 and 09/074,720, the disclosures of which are incorporated herein by reference in their entireties, and polyoxyethylene
15 ether adjuvants such as those described in WO 99/52549A1.

Other preferred adjuvants include adjuvant molecules of the general formula



wherein, n is 1-50, A is a bond or $-\text{C}(\text{O})-$, R is C_{1-50} alkyl or Phenyl C_{1-50} alkyl.

20 One embodiment of the present invention consists of a vaccine formulation comprising a polyoxyethylene ether of general formula (I), wherein n is between 1 and 50, preferably 4-24, most preferably 9; the R component is C_{1-50} , preferably $\text{C}_4\text{-C}_{20}$ alkyl and most preferably C_{12} alkyl, and A is a bond. The concentration of the polyoxyethylene ethers should be in the range 0.1-20%, preferably
25 from 0.1-10%, and most preferably in the range 0.1-1%. Preferred polyoxyethylene ethers are selected from the following group: polyoxyethylene-9-lauryl ether, polyoxyethylene-9-stearyl ether, polyoxyethylene-8-stearyl ether, polyoxyethylene-4-lauryl ether, polyoxyethylene-35-lauryl ether, and polyoxyethylene-23-lauryl ether. Polyoxyethylene ethers such as polyoxyethylene lauryl ether are described in the Merck
30 index (12th edition: entry 7717). These adjuvant molecules are described in WO

99/52549. The polyoxyethylene ether according to the general formula (I) above may, if desired, be combined with another adjuvant. For example, a preferred adjuvant combination is preferably with CpG as described in the pending UK patent application GB 9820956.2.

5 According to another embodiment of this invention, an immunogenic composition described herein is delivered to a host via antigen presenting cells (APCs), such as dendritic cells, macrophages, B cells, monocytes and other cells that may be engineered to be efficient APCs. Such cells may, but need not, be genetically modified to increase the capacity for presenting the antigen, to improve activation and/or
10 maintenance of the T cell response, to have anti-tumor effects *per se* and/or to be immunologically compatible with the receiver (*i.e.*, matched HLA haplotype). APCs may generally be isolated from any of a variety of biological fluids and organs, including tumor and peritumoral tissues, and may be autologous, allogeneic, syngeneic or xenogeneic cells.

15 Certain preferred embodiments of the present invention use dendritic cells or progenitors thereof as antigen-presenting cells. Dendritic cells are highly potent APCs (Banchereau and Steinman, *Nature* 392:245-251, 1998) and have been shown to be effective as a physiological adjuvant for eliciting prophylactic or therapeutic antitumor immunity (*see* Timmerman and Levy, *Ann. Rev. Med.* 50:507-529, 1999). In
20 general, dendritic cells may be identified based on their typical shape (stellate *in situ*, with marked cytoplasmic processes (dendrites) visible *in vitro*), their ability to take up, process and present antigens with high efficiency and their ability to activate naïve T cell responses. Dendritic cells may, of course, be engineered to express specific cell-surface receptors or ligands that are not commonly found on dendritic cells *in vivo* or *ex*
25 *vivo*, and such modified dendritic cells are contemplated by the present invention. As an alternative to dendritic cells, secreted vesicles antigen-loaded dendritic cells (called exosomes) may be used within a vaccine (*see* Zitvogel et al., *Nature Med.* 4:594-600, 1998).

 Dendritic cells and progenitors may be obtained from peripheral blood,
30 bone marrow, tumor-infiltrating cells, peritumoral tissues-infiltrating cells, lymph

nodes, spleen, skin, umbilical cord blood or any other suitable tissue or fluid. For example, dendritic cells may be differentiated *ex vivo* by adding a combination of cytokines such as GM-CSF, IL-4, IL-13 and/or TNF α to cultures of monocytes harvested from peripheral blood. Alternatively, CD34 positive cells harvested from
5 peripheral blood, umbilical cord blood or bone marrow may be differentiated into dendritic cells by adding to the culture medium combinations of GM-CSF, IL-3, TNF α , CD40 ligand, LPS, flt3 ligand and/or other compound(s) that induce differentiation, maturation and proliferation of dendritic cells.

Dendritic cells are conveniently categorized as "immature" and "mature"
10 cells, which allows a simple way to discriminate between two well characterized phenotypes. However, this nomenclature should not be construed to exclude all possible intermediate stages of differentiation. Immature dendritic cells are characterized as APC with a high capacity for antigen uptake and processing, which correlates with the high expression of Fc γ receptor and mannose receptor. The mature
15 phenotype is typically characterized by a lower expression of these markers, but a high expression of cell surface molecules responsible for T cell activation such as class I and class II MHC, adhesion molecules (*e.g.*, CD54 and CD11) and costimulatory molecules (*e.g.*, CD40, CD80, CD86 and 4-1BB).

APCs may generally be transfected with a polynucleotide of the
20 invention (or portion or other variant thereof) such that the encoded polypeptide, or an immunogenic portion thereof, is expressed on the cell surface. Such transfection may take place *ex vivo*, and a pharmaceutical composition comprising such transfected cells may then be used for therapeutic purposes, as described herein. Alternatively, a gene delivery vehicle that targets a dendritic or other antigen presenting cell may be
25 administered to a patient, resulting in transfection that occurs *in vivo*. *In vivo* and *ex vivo* transfection of dendritic cells, for example, may generally be performed using any methods known in the art, such as those described in WO 97/24447, or the gene gun approach described by Mahvi et al., *Immunology and cell Biology* 75:456-460, 1997. Antigen loading of dendritic cells may be achieved by incubating dendritic cells or
30 progenitor cells with the tumor polypeptide, DNA (naked or within a plasmid vector) or

RNA; or with antigen-expressing recombinant bacterium or viruses (*e.g.*, vaccinia, fowlpox, adenovirus or lentivirus vectors). Prior to loading, the polypeptide may be covalently conjugated to an immunological partner that provides T cell help (*e.g.*, a carrier molecule). Alternatively, a dendritic cell may be pulsed with a non-conjugated immunological partner, separately or in the presence of the polypeptide.

While any suitable carrier known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed in the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention, the type of carrier will typically vary depending on the mode of administration. Compositions of the present invention may be formulated for any appropriate manner of administration, including for example, topical, oral, nasal, mucosal, intravenous, intracranial, intraperitoneal, subcutaneous and intramuscular administration.

Carriers for use within such pharmaceutical compositions are biocompatible, and may also be biodegradable. In certain embodiments, the formulation preferably provides a relatively constant level of active component release. In other embodiments, however, a more rapid rate of release immediately upon administration may be desired. The formulation of such compositions is well within the level of ordinary skill in the art using known techniques. Illustrative carriers useful in this regard include microparticles of poly(lactide-co-glycolide), polyacrylate, latex, starch, cellulose, dextran and the like. Other illustrative delayed-release carriers include supramolecular biovectors, which comprise a non-liquid hydrophilic core (*e.g.*, a cross-linked polysaccharide or oligosaccharide) and, optionally, an external layer comprising an amphiphilic compound, such as a phospholipid (*see e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 5,151,254 and PCT applications WO 94/20078, WO/94/23701 and WO 96/06638). The amount of active compound contained within a sustained release formulation depends upon the site of implantation, the rate and expected duration of release and the nature of the condition to be treated or prevented.

In another illustrative embodiment, biodegradable microspheres (*e.g.*, polylactate polyglycolate) are employed as carriers for the compositions of this invention. Suitable biodegradable microspheres are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268; 5,075,109; 5,928,647; 5,811,128; 5,820,883; 5,853,763;

5,814,344, 5,407,609 and 5,942,252. Modified hepatitis B core protein carrier systems, such as described in WO/99 40934, and references cited therein, will also be useful for many applications. Another illustrative carrier/delivery system employs a carrier comprising particulate-protein complexes, such as those described in U.S. Patent No. 5 5,928,647, which are capable of inducing a class I-restricted cytotoxic T lymphocyte responses in a host.

The pharmaceutical compositions of the invention will often further comprise one or more buffers (*e.g.*, neutral buffered saline or phosphate buffered saline), carbohydrates (*e.g.*, glucose, mannose, sucrose or dextrans), mannitol, proteins, 10 polypeptides or amino acids such as glycine, antioxidants, bacteriostats, chelating agents such as EDTA or glutathione, adjuvants (*e.g.*, aluminum hydroxide), solutes that render the formulation isotonic, hypotonic or weakly hypertonic with the blood of a recipient, suspending agents, thickening agents and/or preservatives. Alternatively, compositions of the present invention may be formulated as a lyophilizate.

15 The pharmaceutical compositions described herein may be presented in unit-dose or multi-dose containers, such as sealed ampoules or vials. Such containers are typically sealed in such a way to preserve the sterility and stability of the formulation until use. In general, formulations may be stored as suspensions, solutions or emulsions in oily or aqueous vehicles. Alternatively, a pharmaceutical composition 20 may be stored in a freeze-dried condition requiring only the addition of a sterile liquid carrier immediately prior to use.

The development of suitable dosing and treatment regimens for using the particular compositions described herein in a variety of treatment regimens, including *e.g.*, oral, parenteral, intravenous, intranasal, and intramuscular administration and 25 formulation, is well known in the art, some of which are briefly discussed below for general purposes of illustration.

In certain applications, the pharmaceutical compositions disclosed herein may be delivered *via* oral administration to an animal. As such, these compositions may be formulated with an inert diluent or with an assimilable edible carrier, or they

may be enclosed in hard- or soft-shell gelatin capsule, or they may be compressed into tablets, or they may be incorporated directly with the food of the diet.

The active compounds may even be incorporated with excipients and used in the form of ingestible tablets, buccal tables, troches, capsules, elixirs, suspensions, syrups, wafers, and the like (see, for example, Mathiowitz *et al.*, Nature 5 1997 Mar 27;386(6623):410-4; Hwang *et al.*, Crit Rev Ther Drug Carrier Syst 1998;15(3):243-84; U. S. Patent 5,641,515; U. S. Patent 5,580,579 and U. S. Patent 5,792,451). Tablets, troches, pills, capsules and the like may also contain any of a variety of additional components, for example, a binder, such as gum tragacanth, acacia, 10 cornstarch, or gelatin; excipients, such as dicalcium phosphate; a disintegrating agent, such as corn starch, potato starch, alginic acid and the like; a lubricant, such as magnesium stearate; and a sweetening agent, such as sucrose, lactose or saccharin may be added or a flavoring agent, such as peppermint, oil of wintergreen, or cherry flavoring. When the dosage unit form is a capsule, it may contain, in addition to 15 materials of the above type, a liquid carrier. Various other materials may be present as coatings or to otherwise modify the physical form of the dosage unit. For instance, tablets, pills, or capsules may be coated with shellac, sugar, or both. Of course, any material used in preparing any dosage unit form should be pharmaceutically pure and substantially non-toxic in the amounts employed. In addition, the active compounds 20 may be incorporated into sustained-release preparation and formulations.

Typically, these formulations will contain at least about 0.1% of the active compound or more, although the percentage of the active ingredient(s) may, of course, be varied and may conveniently be between about 1 or 2% and about 60% or 70% or more of the weight or volume of the total formulation. Naturally, the amount of 25 active compound(s) in each therapeutically useful composition may be prepared in such a way that a suitable dosage will be obtained in any given unit dose of the compound. Factors such as solubility, bioavailability, biological half-life, route of administration, product shelf life, as well as other pharmacological considerations will be contemplated by one skilled in the art of preparing such pharmaceutical formulations, and as such, a 30 variety of dosages and treatment regimens may be desirable.

For oral administration, the compositions of the present invention may alternatively be incorporated with one or more excipients in the form of a mouthwash, dentifrice, buccal tablet, oral spray, or sublingual orally-administered formulation. Alternatively, the active ingredient may be incorporated into an oral solution such as
5 one containing sodium borate, glycerin and potassium bicarbonate, or dispersed in a dentifrice, or added in a therapeutically-effective amount to a composition that may include water, binders, abrasives, flavoring agents, foaming agents, and humectants. Alternatively the compositions may be fashioned into a tablet or solution form that may be placed under the tongue or otherwise dissolved in the mouth.

10 In certain circumstances it will be desirable to deliver the pharmaceutical compositions disclosed herein parenterally, intravenously, intramuscularly, or even intraperitoneally. Such approaches are well known to the skilled artisan, some of which are further described, for example, in U. S. Patent 5,543,158; U. S. Patent 5,641,515 and U. S. Patent 5,399,363. In certain embodiments, solutions of the active compounds
15 as free base or pharmacologically acceptable salts may be prepared in water suitably mixed with a surfactant, such as hydroxypropylcellulose. Dispersions may also be prepared in glycerol, liquid polyethylene glycols, and mixtures thereof and in oils. Under ordinary conditions of storage and use, these preparations generally will contain a preservative to prevent the growth of microorganisms.

20 Illustrative pharmaceutical forms suitable for injectable use include sterile aqueous solutions or dispersions and sterile powders for the extemporaneous preparation of sterile injectable solutions or dispersions (for example, see U. S. Patent 5,466,468). In all cases the form must be sterile and must be fluid to the extent that easy syringability exists. It must be stable under the conditions of manufacture and
25 storage and must be preserved against the contaminating action of microorganisms, such as bacteria and fungi. The carrier can be a solvent or dispersion medium containing, for example, water, ethanol, polyol (e.g., glycerol, propylene glycol, and liquid polyethylene glycol, and the like), suitable mixtures thereof, and/or vegetable oils. Proper fluidity may be maintained, for example, by the use of a coating, such as
30 lecithin, by the maintenance of the required particle size in the case of dispersion and/or

by the use of surfactants. The prevention of the action of microorganisms can be facilitated by various antibacterial and antifungal agents, for example, parabens, chlorobutanol, phenol, sorbic acid, thimerosal, and the like. In many cases, it will be preferable to include isotonic agents, for example, sugars or sodium chloride.

- 5 Prolonged absorption of the injectable compositions can be brought about by the use in the compositions of agents delaying absorption, for example, aluminum monostearate and gelatin.

In one embodiment, for parenteral administration in an aqueous solution, the solution should be suitably buffered if necessary and the liquid diluent first rendered
10 isotonic with sufficient saline or glucose. These particular aqueous solutions are especially suitable for intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous and intraperitoneal administration. In this connection, a sterile aqueous medium that can be employed will be known to those of skill in the art in light of the present disclosure. For example, one dosage may be dissolved in 1 ml of isotonic NaCl solution and either added to 1000 ml
15 of hypodermoclysis fluid or injected at the proposed site of infusion, (see for example, "Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences" 15th Edition, pages 1035-1038 and 1570-1580). Some variation in dosage will necessarily occur depending on the condition of the subject being treated. Moreover, for human administration, preparations will of course preferably meet sterility, pyrogenicity, and the general safety and purity
20 standards as required by FDA Office of Biologics standards.

In another embodiment of the invention, the compositions disclosed herein may be formulated in a neutral or salt form. Illustrative pharmaceutically-acceptable salts include the acid addition salts (formed with the free amino groups of the protein) and which are formed with inorganic acids such as, for
25 example, hydrochloric or phosphoric acids, or such organic acids as acetic, oxalic, tartaric, mandelic, and the like. Salts formed with the free carboxyl groups can also be derived from inorganic bases such as, for example, sodium, potassium, ammonium, calcium, or ferric hydroxides, and such organic bases as isopropylamine, trimethylamine, histidine, procaine and the like. Upon formulation, solutions will be

administered in a manner compatible with the dosage formulation and in such amount as is therapeutically effective.

The carriers can further comprise any and all solvents, dispersion media, vehicles, coatings, diluents, antibacterial and antifungal agents, isotonic and absorption
5 delaying agents, buffers, carrier solutions, suspensions, colloids, and the like. The use of such media and agents for pharmaceutical active substances is well known in the art. Except insofar as any conventional media or agent is incompatible with the active ingredient, its use in the therapeutic compositions is contemplated. Supplementary active ingredients can also be incorporated into the compositions. The phrase
10 "pharmaceutically-acceptable" refers to molecular entities and compositions that do not produce an allergic or similar untoward reaction when administered to a human.

In certain embodiments, the pharmaceutical compositions may be delivered by intranasal sprays, inhalation, and/or other aerosol delivery vehicles. Methods for delivering genes, nucleic acids, and peptide compositions directly to the
15 lungs *via* nasal aerosol sprays has been described, *e.g.*, in U. S. Patent 5,756,353 and U. S. Patent 5,804,212. Likewise, the delivery of drugs using intranasal microparticle resins (Takenaga *et al.*, J Controlled Release 1998 Mar 2;52(1-2):81-7) and lysophosphatidyl-glycerol compounds (U. S. Patent 5,725,871) are also well-known in the pharmaceutical arts. Likewise, illustrative transmucosal drug delivery in the form of
20 a polytetrafluoroethylene support matrix is described in U. S. Patent 5,780,045.

In certain embodiments, liposomes, nanocapsules, microparticles, lipid particles, vesicles, and the like, are used for the introduction of the compositions of the present invention into suitable host cells/organisms. In particular, the compositions of the present invention may be formulated for delivery either encapsulated in a lipid
25 particle, a liposome, a vesicle, a nanosphere, or a nanoparticle or the like. Alternatively, compositions of the present invention can be bound, either covalently or non-covalently, to the surface of such carrier vehicles.

The formation and use of liposome and liposome-like preparations as potential drug carriers is generally known to those of skill in the art (see for example,
30 Lasic, Trends Biotechnol 1998 Jul;16(7):307-21; Takakura, Nippon Rinsho 1998

Mar;56(3):691-5; Chandran *et al.*, Indian J Exp Biol. 1997 Aug;35(8):801-9; Margalit, Crit Rev Ther Drug Carrier Syst. 1995;12(2-3):233-61; U.S. Patent 5,567,434; U.S. Patent 5,552,157; U.S. Patent 5,565,213; U.S. Patent 5,738,868 and U.S. Patent 5,795,587, each specifically incorporated herein by reference in its entirety).

5 Liposomes have been used successfully with a number of cell types that are normally difficult to transfect by other procedures, including T cell suspensions, primary hepatocyte cultures and PC 12 cells (Renneisen *et al.*, J Biol Chem. 1990 Sep 25;265(27):16337-42; Muller *et al.*, DNA Cell Biol. 1990 Apr;9(3):221-9). In addition, liposomes are free of the DNA length constraints that are typical of viral-based delivery
10 systems. Liposomes have been used effectively to introduce genes, various drugs, radiotherapeutic agents, enzymes, viruses, transcription factors, allosteric effectors and the like, into a variety of cultured cell lines and animals. Furthermore, the use of liposomes does not appear to be associated with autoimmune responses or unacceptable toxicity after systemic delivery.

15 In certain embodiments, liposomes are formed from phospholipids that are dispersed in an aqueous medium and spontaneously form multilamellar concentric bilayer vesicles (also termed multilamellar vesicles (MLVs)).

 Alternatively, in other embodiments, the invention provides for pharmaceutically-acceptable nanocapsule formulations of the compositions of the
20 present invention. Nanocapsules can generally entrap compounds in a stable and reproducible way (see, for example, Quintanar-Guerrero *et al.*, Drug Dev Ind Pharm. 1998 Dec;24(12):1113-28). To avoid side effects due to intracellular polymeric overloading, such ultrafine particles (sized around 0.1 μ m) may be designed using polymers able to be degraded *in vivo*. Such particles can be made as described, for
25 example, by Couvreur *et al.*, Crit Rev Ther Drug Carrier Syst. 1988;5(1):1-20; zur Muhlen *et al.*, Eur J Pharm Biopharm. 1998 Mar;45(2):149-55; Zambaux *et al.* J Controlled Release. 1998 Jan 2;50(1-3):31-40; and U. S. Patent 5,145,684.

Cancer Therapeutic Methods

In further aspects of the present invention, the pharmaceutical compositions described herein may be used for the treatment of cancer, particularly for the immunotherapy of prostate cancer. Within such methods, the pharmaceutical compositions described herein are administered to a patient, typically a warm-blooded animal, preferably a human. A patient may or may not be afflicted with cancer. Accordingly, the above pharmaceutical compositions may be used to prevent the development of a cancer or to treat a patient afflicted with a cancer. Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered either prior to or following surgical removal of primary tumors and/or treatment such as administration of radiotherapy or conventional chemotherapeutic drugs. As discussed above, administration of the pharmaceutical compositions may be by any suitable method, including administration by intravenous, intraperitoneal, intramuscular, subcutaneous, intranasal, intradermal, anal, vaginal, topical and oral routes.

Within certain embodiments, immunotherapy may be active immunotherapy, in which treatment relies on the *in vivo* stimulation of the endogenous host immune system to react against tumors with the administration of immune response-modifying agents (such as polypeptides and polynucleotides as provided herein).

Within other embodiments, immunotherapy may be passive immunotherapy, in which treatment involves the delivery of agents with established tumor-immune reactivity (such as effector cells or antibodies) that can directly or indirectly mediate antitumor effects and does not necessarily depend on an intact host immune system. Examples of effector cells include T cells as discussed above, T lymphocytes (such as CD8⁺ cytotoxic T lymphocytes and CD4⁺ T-helper tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes), killer cells (such as Natural Killer cells and lymphokine-activated killer cells), B cells and antigen-presenting cells (such as dendritic cells and macrophages) expressing a polypeptide provided herein. T cell receptors and antibody receptors specific for the polypeptides recited herein may be cloned, expressed and transferred into other vectors or effector cells for adoptive immunotherapy. The

polypeptides provided herein may also be used to generate antibodies or anti-idiotypic antibodies (as described above and in U.S. Patent No. 4,918,164) for passive immunotherapy.

Effector cells may generally be obtained in sufficient quantities for adoptive immunotherapy by growth *in vitro*, as described herein. Culture conditions for expanding single antigen-specific effector cells to several billion in number with retention of antigen recognition *in vivo* are well known in the art. Such *in vitro* culture conditions typically use intermittent stimulation with antigen, often in the presence of cytokines (such as IL-2) and non-dividing feeder cells. As noted above, immunoreactive polypeptides as provided herein may be used to rapidly expand antigen-specific T cell cultures in order to generate a sufficient number of cells for immunotherapy. In particular, antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic, macrophage, monocyte, fibroblast and/or B cells, may be pulsed with immunoreactive polypeptides or transfected with one or more polynucleotides using standard techniques well known in the art. For example, antigen-presenting cells can be transfected with a polynucleotide having a promoter appropriate for increasing expression in a recombinant virus or other expression system. Cultured effector cells for use in therapy must be able to grow and distribute widely, and to survive long term *in vivo*. Studies have shown that cultured effector cells can be induced to grow *in vivo* and to survive long term in substantial numbers by repeated stimulation with antigen supplemented with IL-2 (*see, for example, Cheever et al., Immunological Reviews 157:177, 1997*).

Alternatively, a vector expressing a polypeptide recited herein may be introduced into antigen presenting cells taken from a patient and clonally propagated *ex vivo* for transplant back into the same patient. Transfected cells may be reintroduced into the patient using any means known in the art, preferably in sterile form by intravenous, intracavitary, intraperitoneal or intratumor administration.

Routes and frequency of administration of the therapeutic compositions described herein, as well as dosage, will vary from individual to individual, and may be readily established using standard techniques. In general, the pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered by injection (*e.g., intracutaneous,*

intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneous), intranasally (*e.g.*, by aspiration) or orally. Preferably, between 1 and 10 doses may be administered over a 52 week period. Preferably, 6 doses are administered, at intervals of 1 month, and booster vaccinations may be given periodically thereafter. Alternate protocols may be appropriate for individual patients. A suitable dose is an amount of a compound that, when administered as described above, is capable of promoting an anti-tumor immune response, and is at least 10-50% above the basal (*i.e.*, untreated) level. Such response can be monitored by measuring the anti-tumor antibodies in a patient or by vaccine-dependent generation of cytolytic effector cells capable of killing the patient's tumor cells *in vitro*. Such vaccines should also be capable of causing an immune response that leads to an improved clinical outcome (*e.g.*, more frequent remissions, complete or partial or longer disease-free survival) in vaccinated patients as compared to non-vaccinated patients. In general, for pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines comprising one or more polypeptides, the amount of each polypeptide present in a dose ranges from about 25 µg to 5 mg per kg of host. Suitable dose sizes will vary with the size of the patient, but will typically range from about 0.1 mL to about 5 mL.

In general, an appropriate dosage and treatment regimen provides the active compound(s) in an amount sufficient to provide therapeutic and/or prophylactic benefit. Such a response can be monitored by establishing an improved clinical outcome (*e.g.*, more frequent remissions, complete or partial, or longer disease-free survival) in treated patients as compared to non-treated patients. Increases in preexisting immune responses to a tumor protein generally correlate with an improved clinical outcome. Such immune responses may generally be evaluated using standard proliferation, cytotoxicity or cytokine assays, which may be performed using samples obtained from a patient before and after treatment.

Cancer Detection and Diagnostic Compositions, Methods and Kits

In general, a cancer may be detected in a patient based on the presence of one or more prostate tumor proteins and/or polynucleotides encoding such proteins in a biological sample (for example, blood, sera, sputum urine and/or tumor biopsies)

obtained from the patient. In other words, such proteins may be used as markers to indicate the presence or absence of a cancer such as prostate cancer. In addition, such proteins may be useful for the detection of other cancers. The binding agents provided herein generally permit detection of the level of antigen that binds to the agent in the biological sample. Polynucleotide primers and probes may be used to detect the level of mRNA encoding a tumor protein, which is also indicative of the presence or absence of a cancer. In general, a prostate tumor sequence should be present at a level that is at least three fold higher in tumor tissue than in normal tissue

There are a variety of assay formats known to those of ordinary skill in the art for using a binding agent to detect polypeptide markers in a sample. *See, e.g.,* Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient may be determined by (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent; (b) detecting in the sample a level of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the level of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value.

In a preferred embodiment, the assay involves the use of binding agent immobilized on a solid support to bind to and remove the polypeptide from the remainder of the sample. The bound polypeptide may then be detected using a detection reagent that contains a reporter group and specifically binds to the binding agent/polypeptide complex. Such detection reagents may comprise, for example, a binding agent that specifically binds to the polypeptide or an antibody or other agent that specifically binds to the binding agent, such as an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or a lectin. Alternatively, a competitive assay may be utilized, in which a polypeptide is labeled with a reporter group and allowed to bind to the immobilized binding agent after incubation of the binding agent with the sample. The extent to which components of the sample inhibit the binding of the labeled polypeptide to the binding agent is indicative of the reactivity of the sample with the immobilized binding agent. Suitable polypeptides for use within such assays include full length prostate tumor proteins and polypeptide portions thereof to which the binding agent binds, as described above.

The solid support may be any material known to those of ordinary skill in the art to which the tumor protein may be attached. For example, the solid support may be a test well in a microtiter plate or a nitrocellulose or other suitable membrane. Alternatively, the support may be a bead or disc, such as glass, fiberglass, latex or a plastic material such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride. The support may also be a magnetic particle or a fiber optic sensor, such as those disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 5,359,681. The binding agent may be immobilized on the solid support using a variety of techniques known to those of skill in the art, which are amply described in the patent and scientific literature. In the context of the present invention, the term "immobilization" refers to both noncovalent association, such as adsorption, and covalent attachment (which may be a direct linkage between the agent and functional groups on the support or may be a linkage by way of a cross-linking agent). Immobilization by adsorption to a well in a microtiter plate or to a membrane is preferred. In such cases, adsorption may be achieved by contacting the binding agent, in a suitable buffer, with the solid support for a suitable amount of time. The contact time varies with temperature, but is typically between about 1 hour and about 1 day. In general, contacting a well of a plastic microtiter plate (such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride) with an amount of binding agent ranging from about 10 ng to about 10 μ g, and preferably about 100 ng to about 1 μ g, is sufficient to immobilize an adequate amount of binding agent.

Covalent attachment of binding agent to a solid support may generally be achieved by first reacting the support with a bifunctional reagent that will react with both the support and a functional group, such as a hydroxyl or amino group, on the binding agent. For example, the binding agent may be covalently attached to supports having an appropriate polymer coating using benzoquinone or by condensation of an aldehyde group on the support with an amine and an active hydrogen on the binding partner (*see, e.g.,* Pierce Immunotechnology Catalog and Handbook, 1991, at A12-A13).

In certain embodiments, the assay is a two-antibody sandwich assay. This assay may be performed by first contacting an antibody that has been immobilized

on a solid support, commonly the well of a microtiter plate, with the sample, such that polypeptides within the sample are allowed to bind to the immobilized antibody. Unbound sample is then removed from the immobilized polypeptide-antibody complexes and a detection reagent (preferably a second antibody capable of binding to a
5 different site on the polypeptide) containing a reporter group is added. The amount of detection reagent that remains bound to the solid support is then determined using a method appropriate for the specific reporter group.

More specifically, once the antibody is immobilized on the support as described above, the remaining protein binding sites on the support are typically
10 blocked. Any suitable blocking agent known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as bovine serum albumin or Tween 20™ (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO). The immobilized antibody is then incubated with the sample, and polypeptide is allowed to bind to the antibody. The sample may be diluted with a suitable diluent, such as phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) prior to incubation. In general, an appropriate contact
15 time (*i.e.*, incubation time) is a period of time that is sufficient to detect the presence of polypeptide within a sample obtained from an individual with prostate cancer. Preferably, the contact time is sufficient to achieve a level of binding that is at least about 95% of that achieved at equilibrium between bound and unbound polypeptide. Those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that the time necessary to achieve
20 equilibrium may be readily determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. At room temperature, an incubation time of about 30 minutes is generally sufficient.

Unbound sample may then be removed by washing the solid support with an appropriate buffer, such as PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20™. The second
25 antibody, which contains a reporter group, may then be added to the solid support. Preferred reporter groups include those groups recited above.

The detection reagent is then incubated with the immobilized antibody-polypeptide complex for an amount of time sufficient to detect the bound polypeptide. An appropriate amount of time may generally be determined by assaying the level of
30 binding that occurs over a period of time. Unbound detection reagent is then removed

and bound detection reagent is detected using the reporter group. The method employed for detecting the reporter group depends upon the nature of the reporter group. For radioactive groups, scintillation counting or autoradiographic methods are generally appropriate. Spectroscopic methods may be used to detect dyes, luminescent groups and fluorescent groups. Biotin may be detected using avidin, coupled to a different reporter group (commonly a radioactive or fluorescent group or an enzyme). Enzyme reporter groups may generally be detected by the addition of substrate (generally for a specific period of time), followed by spectroscopic or other analysis of the reaction products.

To determine the presence or absence of a cancer, such as prostate cancer, the signal detected from the reporter group that remains bound to the solid support is generally compared to a signal that corresponds to a predetermined cut-off value. In one preferred embodiment, the cut-off value for the detection of a cancer is the average mean signal obtained when the immobilized antibody is incubated with samples from patients without the cancer. In general, a sample generating a signal that is three standard deviations above the predetermined cut-off value is considered positive for the cancer. In an alternate preferred embodiment, the cut-off value is determined using a Receiver Operator Curve, according to the method of Sackett et al., *Clinical Epidemiology: A Basic Science for Clinical Medicine*, Little Brown and Co., 1985, p. 106-7. Briefly, in this embodiment, the cut-off value may be determined from a plot of pairs of true positive rates (*i.e.*, sensitivity) and false positive rates (100%-specificity) that correspond to each possible cut-off value for the diagnostic test result. The cut-off value on the plot that is the closest to the upper left-hand corner (*i.e.*, the value that encloses the largest area) is the most accurate cut-off value, and a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method may be considered positive. Alternatively, the cut-off value may be shifted to the left along the plot, to minimize the false positive rate, or to the right, to minimize the false negative rate. In general, a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method is considered positive for a cancer.

In a related embodiment, the assay is performed in a flow-through or strip test format, wherein the binding agent is immobilized on a membrane, such as nitrocellulose. In the flow-through test, polypeptides within the sample bind to the immobilized binding agent as the sample passes through the membrane. A second, labeled binding agent then binds to the binding agent-polypeptide complex as a solution containing the second binding agent flows through the membrane. The detection of bound second binding agent may then be performed as described above. In the strip test format, one end of the membrane to which binding agent is bound is immersed in a solution containing the sample. The sample migrates along the membrane through a region containing second binding agent and to the area of immobilized binding agent. Concentration of second binding agent at the area of immobilized antibody indicates the presence of a cancer. Typically, the concentration of second binding agent at that site generates a pattern, such as a line, that can be read visually. The absence of such a pattern indicates a negative result. In general, the amount of binding agent immobilized on the membrane is selected to generate a visually discernible pattern when the biological sample contains a level of polypeptide that would be sufficient to generate a positive signal in the two-antibody sandwich assay, in the format discussed above. Preferred binding agents for use in such assays are antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof. Preferably, the amount of antibody immobilized on the membrane ranges from about 25 ng to about 1 μ g, and more preferably from about 50 ng to about 500 ng. Such tests can typically be performed with a very small amount of biological sample.

Of course, numerous other assay protocols exist that are suitable for use with the tumor proteins or binding agents of the present invention. The above descriptions are intended to be exemplary only. For example, it will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art that the above protocols may be readily modified to use tumor polypeptides to detect antibodies that bind to such polypeptides in a biological sample. The detection of such tumor protein specific antibodies may correlate with the presence of a cancer.

A cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the presence of T cells that specifically react with a tumor protein in a biological sample. Within certain methods, a biological sample comprising CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient is incubated with a tumor polypeptide, a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide and/or an APC that expresses at least an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, and the presence or absence of specific activation of the T cells is detected. Suitable biological samples include, but are not limited to, isolated T cells. For example, T cells may be isolated from a patient by routine techniques (such as by Ficoll/Hypaque density gradient centrifugation of peripheral blood lymphocytes). T cells may be incubated *in vitro* for 2-9 days (typically 4 days) at 37°C with polypeptide (*e.g.*, 5 - 25 µg/ml). It may be desirable to incubate another aliquot of a T cell sample in the absence of tumor polypeptide to serve as a control. For CD4⁺ T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating proliferation of the T cells. For CD8⁺ T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating cytolytic activity. A level of proliferation that is at least two fold greater and/or a level of cytolytic activity that is at least 20% greater than in disease-free patients indicates the presence of a cancer in the patient.

As noted above, a cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the level of mRNA encoding a tumor protein in a biological sample. For example, at least two oligonucleotide primers may be employed in a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) based assay to amplify a portion of a tumor cDNA derived from a biological sample, wherein at least one of the oligonucleotide primers is specific for (*i.e.*, hybridizes to) a polynucleotide encoding the tumor protein. The amplified cDNA is then separated and detected using techniques well known in the art, such as gel electrophoresis. Similarly, oligonucleotide probes that specifically hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a tumor protein may be used in a hybridization assay to detect the presence of polynucleotide encoding the tumor protein in a biological sample.

To permit hybridization under assay conditions, oligonucleotide primers and probes should comprise an oligonucleotide sequence that has at least about 60%, preferably at least about 75% and more preferably at least about 90%, identity to a portion of a polynucleotide encoding a tumor protein of the invention that is at least 10

nucleotides, and preferably at least 20 nucleotides, in length. Preferably, oligonucleotide primers and/or probes hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide described herein under moderately stringent conditions, as defined above. Oligonucleotide primers and/or probes which may be usefully employed in the
5 diagnostic methods described herein preferably are at least 10-40 nucleotides in length. In a preferred embodiment, the oligonucleotide primers comprise at least 10 contiguous nucleotides, more preferably at least 15 contiguous nucleotides, of a DNA molecule having a sequence as disclosed herein. Techniques for both PCR based assays and hybridization assays are well known in the art (*see*, for example, Mullis et al., *Cold*
10 *Spring Harbor Symp. Quant. Biol.*, 51:263, 1987; Erlich ed., *PCR Technology*, Stockton Press, NY, 1989).

One preferred assay employs RT-PCR, in which PCR is applied in conjunction with reverse transcription. Typically, RNA is extracted from a biological sample, such as biopsy tissue, and is reverse transcribed to produce cDNA molecules.
15 PCR amplification using at least one specific primer generates a cDNA molecule, which may be separated and visualized using, for example, gel electrophoresis. Amplification may be performed on biological samples taken from a test patient and from an individual who is not afflicted with a cancer. The amplification reaction may be performed on several dilutions of cDNA spanning two orders of magnitude. A two-fold
20 or greater increase in expression in several dilutions of the test patient sample as compared to the same dilutions of the non-cancerous sample is typically considered positive.

In another embodiment, the compositions described herein may be used as markers for the progression of cancer. In this embodiment, assays as described above
25 for the diagnosis of a cancer may be performed over time, and the change in the level of reactive polypeptide(s) or polynucleotide(s) evaluated. For example, the assays may be performed every 24-72 hours for a period of 6 months to 1 year, and thereafter performed as needed. In general, a cancer is progressing in those patients in whom the level of polypeptide or polynucleotide detected increases over time. In contrast, the

cancer is not progressing when the level of reactive polypeptide or polynucleotide either remains constant or decreases with time.

Certain *in vivo* diagnostic assays may be performed directly on a tumor. One such assay involves contacting tumor cells with a binding agent. The bound
5 binding agent may then be detected directly or indirectly via a reporter group. Such binding agents may also be used in histological applications. Alternatively, polynucleotide probes may be used within such applications.

As noted above, to improve sensitivity, multiple tumor protein markers may be assayed within a given sample. It will be apparent that binding agents specific
10 for different proteins provided herein may be combined within a single assay. Further, multiple primers or probes may be used concurrently. The selection of tumor protein markers may be based on routine experiments to determine combinations that results in optimal sensitivity. In addition, or alternatively, assays for tumor proteins provided herein may be combined with assays for other known tumor antigens.

15 The present invention further provides kits for use within any of the above diagnostic methods. Such kits typically comprise two or more components necessary for performing a diagnostic assay. Components may be compounds, reagents, containers and/or equipment. For example, one container within a kit may contain a monoclonal antibody or fragment thereof that specifically binds to a tumor protein.
20 Such antibodies or fragments may be provided attached to a support material, as described above. One or more additional containers may enclose elements, such as reagents or buffers, to be used in the assay. Such kits may also, or alternatively, contain a detection reagent as described above that contains a reporter group suitable for direct or indirect detection of antibody binding.

25 Alternatively, a kit may be designed to detect the level of mRNA encoding a tumor protein in a biological sample. Such kits generally comprise at least one oligonucleotide probe or primer, as described above, that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a tumor protein. Such an oligonucleotide may be used, for example, within a PCR or hybridization assay. Additional components that may be

present within such kits include a second oligonucleotide and/or a diagnostic reagent or container to facilitate the detection of a polynucleotide encoding a tumor protein.

The following Examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.

5

EXAMPLES

EXAMPLE 1

ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE-SPECIFIC POLYPEPTIDES

10

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate-specific polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library was constructed from prostate tumor poly A⁺ RNA using a Superscript Plasmid System for cDNA Synthesis and Plasmid Cloning kit (BRL Life Technologies, Gaithersburg, MD 20897) following
15 the manufacturer's protocol. Specifically, prostate tumor tissues were homogenized with polytron (Kinematica, Switzerland) and total RNA was extracted using Trizol reagent (BRL Life Technologies) as directed by the manufacturer. The poly A⁺ RNA was then purified using a Qiagen oligotex spin column mRNA purification kit (Qiagen,
20 Santa Clarita, CA 91355) according to the manufacturer's protocol. First-strand cDNA was synthesized using the NotI/Oligo-dT18 primer. Double-stranded cDNA was synthesized, ligated with EcoRI/BAXI adaptors (Invitrogen, San Diego, CA) and digested with NotI. Following size fractionation with Chroma Spin-1000 columns (Clontech, Palo Alto, CA), the cDNA was ligated into the EcoRI/NotI site of
25 pCDNA3.1 (Invitrogen) and transformed into ElectroMax *E. coli* DH10B cells (BRL Life Technologies) by electroporation.

Using the same procedure, a normal human pancreas cDNA expression library was prepared from a pool of six tissue specimens (Clontech). The cDNA libraries were characterized by determining the number of independent colonies, the
30 percentage of clones that carried insert, the average insert size and by sequence analysis.

The prostate tumor library contained 1.64×10^7 independent colonies, with 70% of clones having an insert and the average insert size being 1745 base pairs. The normal pancreas cDNA library contained 3.3×10^6 independent colonies, with 69% of clones having inserts and the average insert size being 1120 base pairs. For both libraries, sequence analysis showed that the majority of clones had a full length cDNA sequence and were synthesized from mRNA, with minimal rRNA and mitochondrial DNA contamination.

cDNA library subtraction was performed using the above prostate tumor and normal pancreas cDNA libraries, as described by Hara *et al.* (*Blood*, 84:189-199, 1994) with some modifications. Specifically, a prostate tumor-specific subtracted cDNA library was generated as follows. Normal pancreas cDNA library (70 μ g) was digested with EcoRI, NotI, and SfuI, followed by a filling-in reaction with DNA polymerase Klenow fragment. After phenol-chloroform extraction and ethanol precipitation, the DNA was dissolved in 100 μ l of H₂O, heat-denatured and mixed with 100 μ l (100 μ g) of Photoprobe biotin (Vector Laboratories, Burlingame, CA). As recommended by the manufacturer, the resulting mixture was irradiated with a 270 W sunlamp on ice for 20 minutes. Additional Photoprobe biotin (50 μ l) was added and the biotinylation reaction was repeated. After extraction with butanol five times, the DNA was ethanol-precipitated and dissolved in 23 μ l H₂O to form the driver DNA.

To form the tracer DNA, 10 μ g prostate tumor cDNA library was digested with BamHI and XhoI, phenol chloroform extracted and passed through Chroma spin-400 columns (Clontech). Following ethanol precipitation, the tracer DNA was dissolved in 5 μ l H₂O. Tracer DNA was mixed with 15 μ l driver DNA and 20 μ l of 2 x hybridization buffer (1.5 M NaCl/10 mM EDTA/50 mM HEPES pH 7.5/0.2% sodium dodecyl sulfate), overlaid with mineral oil, and heat-denatured completely. The sample was immediately transferred into a 68 °C water bath and incubated for 20 hours (long hybridization [LH]). The reaction mixture was then subjected to a streptavidin treatment followed by phenol/chloroform extraction. This process was repeated three more times. Subtracted DNA was precipitated, dissolved in 12 μ l H₂O, mixed with 8 μ l driver DNA and 20 μ l of 2 x hybridization buffer, and subjected to a hybridization at 68

⁰C for 2 hours (short hybridization [SH]). After removal of biotinylated double-stranded DNA, subtracted cDNA was ligated into BamHI/XhoI site of chloramphenicol resistant pBCSK⁺ (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA 92037) and transformed into ElectroMax *E. coli* DH10B cells by electroporation to generate a prostate tumor specific subtracted
5 cDNA library (referred to as "prostate subtraction 1").

To analyze the subtracted cDNA library, plasmid DNA was prepared from 100 independent clones, randomly picked from the subtracted prostate tumor specific library and grouped based on insert size. Representative cDNA clones were further characterized by DNA sequencing with a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems
10 Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A (Foster City, CA). Six cDNA clones, hereinafter referred to as F1-13, F1-12, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4, were shown to be abundant in the subtracted prostate-specific cDNA library. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for F1-12 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 2 and 3, respectively, with determined 3' cDNA sequences for F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4 being provided
15 in SEQ ID NO: 1 and 4-7, respectively.

The cDNA sequences for the isolated clones were compared to known sequences in the gene bank using the EMBL and GenBank databases (release 96). Four of the prostate tumor cDNA clones, F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, and H1-4, were determined to encode the following previously identified proteins: prostate specific antigen (PSA),
20 human glandular kallikrein, human tumor expression enhanced gene, and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. H1-9 was found to be identical to a previously identified human autonomously replicating sequence. No significant homologies to the cDNA sequence for F1-12 were found.

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of a full-length cDNA sequence
25 for F1-12 (also referred to as P504S). This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 107, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 108. cDNA splice variants of P504S are provided in SEQ ID NO: 600-605.

To clone less abundant prostate tumor specific genes, cDNA library subtraction was performed by subtracting the prostate tumor cDNA library described
30 above with the normal pancreas cDNA library and with the three most abundant genes

in the previously subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library: human glandular kallikrein, prostate specific antigen (PSA), and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. Specifically, 1 μ g each of human glandular kallikrein, PSA and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II cDNAs in pCDNA3.1 were added to the driver DNA and subtraction was performed as described above to provide a second subtracted cDNA library hereinafter referred to as the "subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike".

Twenty-two cDNA clones were isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-17, L1-12, N1-1862, J1-13, J1-19, J1-25, J1-24, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4 and L1-14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11, 12-13, 14-15, 16-17, 18-19, 20-21, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27 and 28-29, respectively. The determined 3' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-12, J1-16, J1-21, K1-48, K1-55, L1-2, L1-6, N1-1858, N1-1860, N1-1861, N1-1864 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 30-40, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to three of the five most abundant DNA species, (J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862; SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11 and 12-13, respectively). Of the remaining two most abundant species, one (J1-12; SEQ ID NO:30) was found to be identical to the previously identified human pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, and the other (K1-48; SEQ ID NO:33) was determined to have some homology to *R. norvegicus* mRNA for 2-arylpropionyl-CoA epimerase. Of the 17 less abundant cDNA clones isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, four (J1-16, K1-55, L1-6 and N1-1864; SEQ ID NOS:31, 34, 36 and 40, respectively) were found to be identical to previously identified sequences, two (J1-21 and N1-1860; SEQ ID NOS: 32 and 38, respectively) were found to show some homology to non-human sequences, and two (L1-2 and N1-1861; SEQ ID NOS: 35 and 39, respectively) were found to show some homology to known human sequences. No significant homologies were found to the polypeptides J1-13, J1-19, J1-24, J1-25, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4, L1-14 (SEQ ID NOS: 14-15, 16-17, 20-21, 18-19, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27, 28-29, respectively).

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of full length cDNA sequences for J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862 (SEQ ID NOS: 109-111, respectively). The corresponding predicted amino acid sequences are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 112-114. L1-12 is also referred to as P501S. A cDNA splice variant of P501S is provided in SEQ ID NO: 606.

5 In a further experiment, four additional clones were identified by subtracting a prostate tumor cDNA library with normal prostate cDNA prepared from a pool of three normal prostate poly A+ RNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 2"). The determined cDNA sequences for these clones, hereinafter referred to as U1-3064, U1-3065, V1-3692 and 1A-3905, are provided in SEQ ID NO: 69-72, respectively.

10 Comparison of the determined sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to U1-3065.

A second subtraction with spike (referred to as "prostate subtraction spike 2") was performed by subtracting a prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike with normal pancreas cDNA library and further spiked with PSA, J1-17,

15 pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, mitochondrial DNA, cytochrome c oxidase subunit II, N1-1862, autonomously replicating sequence, L1-12 and tumor expression enhanced gene. Four additional clones, hereinafter referred to as V1-3686, R1-2330, 1B-3976 and V1-3679, were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO:73-76, respectively. Comparison of these sequences

20 with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to V1-3686 and R1-2330.

Further analysis of the three prostate subtractions described above (prostate subtraction 2, subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, and prostate subtraction spike 2) resulted in the identification of sixteen additional clones,

25 referred to as 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1G-4734, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4810, 1I-4811, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 77-92, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4741, 1G-4734, 1I-4807, 1J-4876 and

30 1K-4896 (SEQ ID NOS: 79, 81, 87, 90 and 92, respectively). Further analysis of the

isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4807, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 179-188 and 191-193, respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1I-4810
5 and 1I-4811, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 189 and 190, respectively.

Additional studies with prostate subtraction spike 2 resulted in the isolation of three more clones. Their sequences were determined as described above and compared to the most recent GenBank. All three clones were found to have homology to known genes, which are Cysteine-rich protein, KIAA0242, and KIAA0280
10 (SEQ ID NO: 317, 319, and 320, respectively). Further analysis of these clones by Synteni microarray (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA) demonstrated that all three clones were over-expressed in most prostate tumors and prostate BPH, as well as in the majority of normal prostate tissues tested, but low expression in all other normal tissues.

An additional subtraction was performed by subtracting a normal
15 prostate cDNA library with normal pancreas cDNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 3"). This led to the identification of six additional clones referred to as 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766, 1H-4770, 1H-4771 and 1H-4772 (SEQ ID NOS: 93-98). Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4761 and 1H-4771 (SEQ ID NOS: 93 and 97, respectively). Further analysis of the
20 isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766 and 1H-4772 provided in SEQ ID NOS: 194-196 and 199, respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1H-4770 and 1H-4771, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 197 and 198, respectively.

Subtraction of a prostate tumor cDNA library, prepared from a pool of
25 polyA+ RNA from three prostate cancer patients, with a normal pancreas cDNA library (prostate subtraction 4) led to the identification of eight clones, referred to as 1D-4297, 1D-4309, 1D-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280 (SEQ ID NOS: 99-107). These sequences were compared to those in the gene bank as described above. No significant homologies were found to 1D-4283 and 1D-4304 (SEQ ID NOS:
30 103 and 104, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the

determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1D-4309, 1D-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 200-206, respectively.

cDNA clones isolated in prostate subtraction 1 and prostate subtraction
5 2, described above, were colony PCR amplified and their mRNA expression levels in prostate tumor, normal prostate and in various other normal tissues were determined using microarray technology (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA). Briefly, the PCR amplification products were dotted onto slides in an array format, with each product occupying a unique location in the array. mRNA was extracted from the tissue sample to be tested,
10 reverse transcribed, and fluorescent-labeled cDNA probes were generated. The microarrays were probed with the labeled cDNA probes, the slides scanned and fluorescence intensity was measured. This intensity correlates with the hybridization intensity. Two clones (referred to as P509S and P510S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate and expressed at low levels in all other
15 normal tissues tested (liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon). The determined cDNA sequences for P509S and P510S are provided in SEQ ID NO: 223 and 224, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed some homology to previously
20 identified ESTs.

Additional, studies led to the isolation of the full-length cDNA sequence for P509S. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 332, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 339. Two variant full-length cDNA sequences for P510S are provided in SEQ ID NO: 535 and 536, with the
25 corresponding predicted amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 537 and 538, respectively. Additional splice variants of P510S are provided in SEQ ID NO: 598 and 599.

EXAMPLE 2

DETERMINATION OF TISSUE SPECIFICITY OF PROSTATE-SPECIFIC POLYPEPTIDES

Using gene specific primers, mRNA expression levels for the
5 representative prostate-specific polypeptides F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (also referred to as P502S), L1-12 (also referred to as P501S), F1-12 (also referred to as P504S) and N1-1862 (also referred to as P503S) were examined in a variety of normal and tumor tissues using RT-PCR.

Briefly, total RNA was extracted from a variety of normal and tumor
10 tissues using Trizol reagent as described above. First strand synthesis was carried out using 1-2 μ g of total RNA with SuperScript II reverse transcriptase (BRL Life Technologies) at 42 °C for one hour. The cDNA was then amplified by PCR with gene-specific primers. To ensure the semi-quantitative nature of the RT-PCR, β -actin was used as an internal control for each of the tissues examined. First, serial dilutions of the
15 first strand cDNAs were prepared and RT-PCR assays were performed using β -actin specific primers. A dilution was then chosen that enabled the linear range amplification of the β -actin template and which was sensitive enough to reflect the differences in the initial copy numbers. Using these conditions, the β -actin levels were determined for each reverse transcription reaction from each tissue. DNA contamination was
20 minimized by DNase treatment and by assuring a negative PCR result when using first strand cDNA that was prepared without adding reverse transcriptase.

mRNA Expression levels were examined in four different types of tumor tissue (prostate tumor from 2 patients, breast tumor from 3 patients, colon tumor, lung tumor), and sixteen different normal tissues, including prostate, colon, kidney, liver,
25 lung, ovary, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, testes, bone marrow and brain. F1-16 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor tissue, colon tumor and normal prostate, and at lower levels in normal liver, skin and testes, with expression being undetectable in the other tissues examined. H1-1 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor, lung tumor, breast tumor, normal prostate, normal colon
30 and normal brain, at much lower levels in normal lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin,

small intestine, bone marrow, and was not detected in the other tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) and L1-12 (P501S) appear to be specifically over-expressed in prostate, with both genes being expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate but at low to undetectable levels in all the other tissues examined. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors and detectable in normal colon and kidney. The RT-PCR results thus indicate that F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (P502S), N1-1862 (P503S) and L1-12 (P501S) are either prostate specific or are expressed at significantly elevated levels in prostate.

Further RT-PCR studies showed that F1-12 (P504S) is over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney but not detectable in all other tissues tested. Similarly, R1-2330 was shown to be over-expressed in 40% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney and liver, but not detectable in all other tissues tested. U1-3064 was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, and also expressed in breast and colon tumors, but was not detectable in normal tissues.

RT-PCR characterization of R1-2330, U1-3064 and 1D-4279 showed that these three antigens are over-expressed in prostate and/or prostate tumors.

Northern analysis with four prostate tumors, two normal prostate samples, two BPH prostates, and normal colon, kidney, liver, lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, brain, stomach, testes, small intestine and bone marrow, showed that L1-12 (P501S) is over-expressed in prostate tumors and normal prostate, while being undetectable in other normal tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) was detected in two prostate tumors and not in the other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in three prostate tumors and to be expressed in normal prostate, colon and kidney, but not in other tissues tested. F1-12 (P504S) was found to be highly expressed in two prostate tumors and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

The microarray technology described above was used to determine the expression levels of representative antigens described herein in prostate tumor, breast tumor and the following normal tissues: prostate, liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon. L1-12 (P501S) was found to be

over-expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, with some expression being detected in normal skeletal muscle. Both J1-12 and F1-12 (P504S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor, with expression being lower or undetectable in all other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and at low levels in normal large intestine and normal colon, with expression being undetectable in all other tissues tested. R1-2330 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and to be expressed at lower levels in all other tissues tested. 1D-4279 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, expressed at lower levels in normal spinal cord, and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

Further microarray analysis to specifically address the extent to which P501S (SEQ ID NO: 110) was expressed in breast tumor revealed moderate over-expression not only in breast tumor, but also in metastatic breast tumor (2/31), with negligible to low expression in normal tissues. This data suggests that P501S may be over-expressed in various breast tumors as well as in prostate tumors.

The expression levels of 32 ESTs (expressed sequence tags) described by Vasmatazis *et al.* (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:300-304, 1998) in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by microarray technology as described above. Two of these clones (referred to as P1000C and P1001C) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and expressed at low to undetectable levels in all other tissues tested (normal aorta, thymus, resting and activated PBMC, epithelial cells, spinal cord, adrenal gland, fetal tissues, skin, salivary gland, large intestine, bone marrow, liver, lung, dendritic cells, stomach, lymph nodes, brain, heart, small intestine, skeletal muscle, colon and kidney. The determined cDNA sequences for P1000C and P1001C are provided in SEQ ID NO: 384 and 472, respectively. The sequence of P1001C was found to show some homology to the previously isolated Human mRNA for JM27 protein. Subsequent comparison of the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 384 with sequences in the public databases, led to the identification of a full-length cDNA sequence of P1000C (SEQ ID NO: 786), which encodes a 492 amino acid sequence. Analysis of the amino acid sequence using the PSORT II program led to the

identification of a putative transmembrane domain from amino acids 84-100. The cDNA sequence of the open reading frame of P1000C, including the stop codon, is provided in SEQ ID NO: 787, with the open reading frame without the stop codon being provided in SEQ ID NO: 788. The full-length amino acid sequence of P1000C is
5 provided in SEQ ID NO: 789. SEQ ID NO: 790 and 791 represent amino acids 1-100 and 100-492 of P1000C, respectively.

The expression of the polypeptide encoded by the full length cDNA sequence for F1-12 (also referred to as P504S; SEQ ID NO: 108) was investigated by immunohistochemical analysis. Rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibodies were
10 generated against the full length P504S protein by standard techniques. Subsequent isolation and characterization of the polyclonal antibodies were also performed by techniques well known in the art. Immunohistochemical analysis showed that the P504S polypeptide was expressed in 100% of prostate carcinoma samples tested (n=5).

The rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody did not appear to label benign
15 prostate cells with the same cytoplasmic granular staining, but rather with light nuclear staining. Analysis of normal tissues revealed that the encoded polypeptide was found to be expressed in some, but not all normal human tissues. Positive cytoplasmic staining with rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody was found in normal human kidney, liver, brain, colon and lung-associated macrophages, whereas heart and bone marrow were
20 negative.

This data indicates that the P504S polypeptide is present in prostate cancer tissues, and that there are qualitative and quantitative differences in the staining between benign prostatic hyperplasia tissues and prostate cancer tissues, suggesting that this polypeptide may be detected selectively in prostate tumors and therefore be useful
25 in the diagnosis of prostate cancer.

EXAMPLE 3

ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE-SPECIFIC
POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

5 A cDNA subtraction library, containing cDNA from normal prostate subtracted with ten other normal tissue cDNAs (brain, heart, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, placenta, skeletal muscle, spleen and thymus) and then submitted to a first round of PCR amplification, was purchased from Clontech. This library was subjected to a second round of PCR amplification, following the manufacturer's protocol. The
10 resulting cDNA fragments were subcloned into the vector pT7 Blue T-vector (Novagen, Madison, WI) and transformed into XL-1 Blue MRF' *E. coli* (Stratagene). DNA was isolated from independent clones and sequenced using a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A.

 Fifty-nine positive clones were sequenced. Comparison of the DNA
15 sequences of these clones with those in the gene bank, as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 25 of these clones, hereinafter referred to as P5, P8, P9, P18, P20, P30, P34, P36, P38, P39, P42, P49, P50, P53, P55, P60, P64, P65, P73, P75, P76, P79 and P84. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ
ID NO: 41-45, 47-52 and 54-65, respectively. P29, P47, P68, P80 and P82 (SEQ ID
20 NO: 46, 53 and 66-68, respectively) were found to show some degree of homology to previously identified DNA sequences. To the best of the inventors' knowledge, none of these sequences have been previously shown to be present in prostate.

 Further studies employing the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 67 as a probe in standard full-length cloning methods, resulted in the isolation of three cDNA sequences
25 which appear to be splice variants of P80 (also known as P704P). These sequences are provided in SEQ ID NO: 620-622.

 Further studies using the PCR-based methodology described above resulted in the isolation of more than 180 additional clones, of which 23 clones were found to show no significant homologies to known sequences. The determined cDNA
30 sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 115-123, 127, 131, 137, 145,

147-151, 153, 156-158 and 160. Twenty-three clones (SEQ ID NO: 124-126, 128-130, 132-136, 138-144, 146, 152, 154, 155 and 159) were found to show some homology to previously identified ESTs. An additional ten clones (SEQ ID NO: 161-170) were found to have some degree of homology to known genes. Larger cDNA clones
5 containing the P20 sequence represent splice variants of a gene referred to as P703P. The determined DNA sequence for the variants referred to as DE1, DE13 and DE14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 171, 175 and 177, respectively, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 172, 176 and 178, respectively. The determined cDNA sequence for an extended spliced form of P703 is
10 provided in SEQ ID NO: 225. The DNA sequences for the splice variants referred to as DE2 and DE6 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 173 and 174, respectively.

mRNA Expression levels for representative clones in tumor tissues (prostate (n=5), breast (n=2), colon and lung) normal tissues (prostate (n=5), colon, kidney, liver, lung (n=2), ovary (n=2), skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, small intestine
15 and brain), and activated and non-activated PBMC was determined by RT-PCR as described above. Expression was examined in one sample of each tissue type unless otherwise indicated.

P9 was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor compared to all normal tissues tested except for normal colon which showed
20 comparable expression. P20, a portion of the P703P gene, was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to all twelve normal tissues tested. A modest increase in expression of P20 in breast tumor (n=2), colon tumor and lung tumor was seen compared to all normal tissues except lung (1 of 2). Increased expression of P18 was found in normal prostate, prostate tumor and breast tumor
25 compared to other normal tissues except lung and stomach. A modest increase in expression of P5 was observed in normal prostate compared to most other normal tissues. However, some elevated expression was seen in normal lung and PBMC. Elevated expression of P5 was also observed in prostate tumors (2 of 5), breast tumor and one lung tumor sample. For P30, similar expression levels were seen in normal
30 prostate and prostate tumor, compared to six of twelve other normal tissues tested.

Increased expression was seen in breast tumors, one lung tumor sample and one colon tumor sample, and also in normal PBMC. P29 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to the majority of normal tissues. However, substantial expression of P29 was observed in normal colon and
5 normal lung (2 of 2). P80 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to all other normal tissues tested, with increased expression also being seen in colon tumor.

Further studies resulted in the isolation of twelve additional clones, hereinafter referred to as 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3. The determined DNA sequences for 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 207, 208, 209, 216, 217, 220, 221 and 222, respectively. The determined forward and reverse DNA sequences for 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6 and 8-g3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 210 and 211; 212 and 213; 214 and 215; and 218 and 219, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in
15 the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to the sequence of 9-f3. The clones 10-d8, 11-c8 and 8-h11 were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs, while 10-h10, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3 and 9-f12 were found to show some homology to previously identified genes. Further characterization of 7-G6 and 8-G3 showed identity to the known genes PAP and PSA, respectively.

20 mRNA expression levels for these clones were determined using the micro-array technology described above. The clones 7-G6, 8-G3, 8-B5, 8-B6, 8-D4, 8-D9, 9-F3, 9-F12, 9-H3, 10-A2, 10-A4, 11-C9 and 11-F2 were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, with expression in other tissues tested being low or undetectable. Increased expression of 8-F11 was seen in prostate tumor and normal prostate, bladder, skeletal muscle and colon. Increased expression of 10-H10 was seen in prostate tumor and normal prostate, bladder, lung, colon, brain and large intestine. Increased expression of 9-B1 was seen in prostate tumor, breast tumor, and normal prostate, salivary gland, large intestine and skin, with increased expression of 11-C8 being seen in prostate tumor, and normal prostate and large intestine.

An additional cDNA fragment derived from the PCR-based normal prostate subtraction, described above, was found to be prostate specific by both microarray technology and RT-PCR. The determined cDNA sequence of this clone (referred to as 9-A11) is provided in SEQ ID NO: 226. Comparison of this sequence with those
5 in the public databases revealed 99% identity to the known gene HOXB13.

Further studies led to the isolation of the clones 8-C6 and 8-H7. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 227 and 228, respectively. These sequences were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs.

10 PCR and hybridization-based methodologies were employed to obtain longer cDNA sequences for clone P20 (also referred to as P703P), yielding three additional cDNA fragments that progressively extend the 5' end of the gene. These fragments, referred to as P703PDE5, P703P6.26, and P703PX-23 (SEQ ID NO: 326, 328 and 330, with the predicted corresponding amino acid sequences being provided in
15 SEQ ID NO: 327, 329 and 331, respectively) contain additional 5' sequence. P703PDE5 was recovered by screening of a cDNA library (#141-26) with a portion of P703P as a probe. P703P6.26 was recovered from a mixture of three prostate tumor cDNAs and P703PX_23 was recovered from cDNA library (#438-48). Together, the additional sequences include all of the putative mature serine protease along with part of
20 the putative signal sequence. The full-length cDNA sequence for P703P is provided in SEQ ID NO: 524, with the corresponding amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 525.

Using computer algorithms, the following regions of P703P were predicted to represent potential HLA A2-binding CTL epitopes: amino acids 164-172
25 of SEQ ID NO: 525 (SEQ ID NO: 723); amino acids 160-168 of SEQ ID NO: 525 (SEQ ID NO: 724); amino acids 239-247 of SEQ ID NO: 525 (SEQ ID NO: 725); amino acids 118-126 of SEQ ID NO: 525 (SEQ ID NO: 726); amino acids 112-120 of SEQ ID NO: 525 (SEQ ID NO: 727); amino acids 155-164 of SEQ ID NO: 525 (SEQ ID NO: 728); amino acids 117-126 of SEQ ID NO: 525 (SEQ ID NO: 729); amino acids
30 164-173 of SEQ ID NO: 525 (SEQ ID NO: 730); amino acids 154-163 of SEQ ID NO:

525 (SEQ ID NO: 731); amino acids 163-172 of SEQ ID NO: 525 (SEQ ID NO: 732); amino acids 58-66 of SEQ ID NO: 525 (SEQ ID NO: 733); and amino acids 59-67 of SEQ ID NO: 525 (SEQ ID NO: 734).

P703P was found to show some homology to previously identified proteases, such as thrombin. The thrombin receptor has been shown to be preferentially expressed in highly metastatic breast carcinoma cells and breast carcinoma biopsy samples. Introduction of thrombin receptor antisense cDNA has been shown to inhibit the invasion of metastatic breast carcinoma cells in culture. Antibodies against thrombin receptor inhibit thrombin receptor activation and thrombin-induced platelet activation. Furthermore, peptides that resemble the receptor's tethered ligand domain inhibit platelet aggregation by thrombin. P703P may play a role in prostate cancer through a protease-activated receptor on the cancer cell or on stromal cells. The potential trypsin-like protease activity of P703P may either activate a protease-activated receptor on the cancer cell membrane to promote tumorigenesis or activate a protease-activated receptor on the adjacent cells (such as stromal cells) to secrete growth factors and/or proteases (such as matrix metalloproteinases) that could promote tumor angiogenesis, invasion and metastasis. P703P may thus promote tumor progression and/or metastasis through the activation of protease-activated receptor. Polypeptides and antibodies that block the P703P-receptor interaction may therefore be usefully employed in the treatment of prostate cancer.

To determine whether P703P expression increases with increased severity of Gleason grade, an indicator of tumor stage, quantitative PCR analysis was performed on prostate tumor samples with a range of Gleason scores from 5 to > 8. The mean level of P703P expression increased with increasing Gleason score, indicating that P703P expression may correlate with increased disease severity.

Further studies using a PCR-based subtraction library of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a pool of normal tissues (referred to as JP: PCR subtraction) resulted in the isolation of thirteen additional clones, seven of which did not share any significant homology to known GenBank sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these seven clones (P711P, P712P, novel 23, P774P, P775P, P710P and P768P) are

provided in SEQ ID NO: 307-311, 313 and 315, respectively. The remaining six clones (SEQ ID NO: 316 and 321-325) were shown to share some homology to known genes. By microarray analysis, all thirteen clones showed three or more fold over-expression in prostate tissues, including prostate tumors, BPH and normal prostate as compared to
5 normal non-prostate tissues. Clones P711P, P712P, novel 23 and P768P showed over-expression in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues tested (n=29), and in the majority of normal prostate tissues (n=4), but background to low expression levels in all normal tissues. Clones P774P, P775P and P710P showed comparatively lower expression and expression in fewer prostate tumors and BPH samples, with negative to low expression
10 in normal prostate.

Further studies led to the isolation of an extended cDNA sequence for P712P (SEQ ID NO: 552). The amino acid sequences encoded by 16 predicted open reading frames present within the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 552 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 553-568.

15 The full-length cDNA for P711P was obtained by employing the partial sequence of SEQ ID NO: 307 to screen a prostate cDNA library. Specifically, a directionally cloned prostate cDNA library was prepared using standard techniques. One million colonies of this library were plated onto LB/Amp plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs which were picked up by these
20 filters were denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P711P cDNA fragment of SEQ ID NO: 307 was radio-labeled and used to hybridize with these filters. Positive clones were selected, and cDNAs were prepared and sequenced using an automatic Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems sequencer. The determined full-length sequence of P711P is provided in SEQ ID NO: 382, with the corresponding predicted
25 amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 383.

Using PCR and hybridization-based methodologies, additional cDNA sequence information was derived for two clones described above, 11-C9 and 9-F3, herein after referred to as P707P and P714P, respectively (SEQ ID NO: 333 and 334). After comparison with the most recent GenBank, P707P was found to be a splice
30 variant of the known gene HoxB13. In contrast, no significant homologies to P714P

were found. Further studies employing the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 334 as a probe in standard full-length cloning methods, resulted in an extended cDNA sequence for P714P. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 619. This sequence was found to show some homology to the gene that encodes human ribosomal L23A protein.

5 Clones 8-B3, P89, P98, P130 and P201 (as disclosed in U.S. Patent Application No. 09/020,956, filed February 9, 1998) were found to be contained within one contiguous sequence, referred to as P705P (SEQ ID NO: 335, with the predicted amino acid sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 336), which was determined to be a splice variant of the known gene NKX 3.1.

10 Further studies on P775P resulted in the isolation of four additional sequences (SEQ ID NO: 473-476) which are all splice variants of the P775P gene. The sequence of SEQ ID NO: 474 was found to contain two open reading frames (ORFs). The predicted amino acid sequences encoded by these ORFs are provided in SEQ ID NO: 477 and 478. The cDNA sequence of SEQ ID NO: 475 was found to contain an
15 ORF which encodes the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 479. The cDNA sequence of SEQ ID NO: 473 was found to contain four ORFs. The predicted amino acid sequences encoded by these ORFs are provided in SEQ ID NO: 480-483. Additional splice variants of P775P are provided in SEQ ID NO: 593-597.

Subsequent studies led to the identification of a genomic region on
20 chromosome 22q11.2, known as the Cat Eye Syndrome region, that contains the five prostate genes P704P, P712P, P774P, P775P and B305D. The relative location of each of these five genes within the genomic region is shown in Fig. 10. This region may therefore be associated with malignant tumors, and other potential tumor genes may be contained within this region. These studies also led to the identification of a potential
25 open reading frame (ORF) for P775P (provided in SEQ ID NO: 533), which encodes the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 534.

Comparison of the clone of SEQ ID NO: 325 (referred to as P558S) with sequences in the GenBank and GeneSeq DNA databases showed that P558S is identical to the prostate-specific transglutaminase gene, which is known to have two forms. The
30 full-length sequences for the two forms are provided in SEQ ID NO: 630 and 631, with

the corresponding amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 632 and 633, respectively. The cDNA sequence of SEQ ID NO: 631 has a 15 pair base insert, resulting in a 5 amino acid insert in the corresponding amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 633). This insert is not present in the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 630.

5 Further studies on P768P (SEQ ID NO: 315) led to the identification of the putative full-length open reading frame (ORF). The cDNA sequence of the ORF with stop codon is provided in SEQ ID NO: 764. The cDNA sequence of the ORF without stop codon is provided in SEQ ID NO: 765, with the corresponding amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 766. This sequence was found to show 86%
10 identity to a rat calcium transporter protein, indicating that P768P may represent a human calcium transporter protein. The locations of transmembrane domains within P768P were predicted using the PSORT II computer algorithm. Six transmembrane domains were predicted at amino acid positions 118-134, 172-188, 211-227, 230-246, 282-298 and 348-364. The amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 767-772 represent
15 amino acids 1-134, 135-188, 189-227, 228-246, 247-298 and 299-511 of P768P, respectively.

EXAMPLE 4

SYNTHESIS OF POLYPEPTIDES

20

Polypeptides may be synthesized on a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems 430A peptide synthesizer using Fmoc chemistry with HPTU (O-Benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate) activation. A Gly-Cys-Gly sequence may be attached to the amino terminus of the peptide to provide a method of
25 conjugation, binding to an immobilized surface, or labeling of the peptide. Cleavage of the peptides from the solid support may be carried out using the following cleavage mixture: trifluoroacetic acid:ethanedithiol:thioanisole:water:phenol (40:1:2:2:3). After cleaving for 2 hours, the peptides may be precipitated in cold methyl-t-butyl-ether. The peptide pellets may then be dissolved in water containing 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid
30 (TFA) and lyophilized prior to purification by C18 reverse phase HPLC. A gradient of

0%-60% acetonitrile (containing 0.1% TFA) in water (containing 0.1% TFA) may be used to elute the peptides. Following lyophilization of the pure fractions, the peptides may be characterized using electrospray or other types of mass spectrometry and by amino acid analysis.

5

EXAMPLE 5

FURTHER ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE-SPECIFIC POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

10 A cDNA library generated from prostate primary tumor mRNA as described above was subtracted with cDNA from normal prostate. The subtraction was performed using a PCR-based protocol (Clontech), which was modified to generate larger fragments. Within this protocol, tester and driver double stranded cDNA were separately digested with five restriction enzymes that recognize six-nucleotide
15 restriction sites (MluI, MscI, PvuII, SalI and StuI). This digestion resulted in an average cDNA size of 600 bp, rather than the average size of 300 bp that results from digestion with RsaI according to the Clontech protocol. This modification did not affect the subtraction efficiency. Two tester populations were then created with different adapters, and the driver library remained without adapters.

20 The tester and driver libraries were then hybridized using excess driver cDNA. In the first hybridization step, driver was separately hybridized with each of the two tester cDNA populations. This resulted in populations of (a) unhybridized tester cDNAs, (b) tester cDNAs hybridized to other tester cDNAs, (c) tester cDNAs hybridized to driver cDNAs and (d) unhybridized driver cDNAs. The two separate
25 hybridization reactions were then combined, and rehybridized in the presence of additional denatured driver cDNA. Following this second hybridization, in addition to populations (a) through (d), a fifth population (e) was generated in which tester cDNA with one adapter hybridized to tester cDNA with the second adapter. Accordingly, the second hybridization step resulted in enrichment of differentially expressed sequences
30 which could be used as templates for PCR amplification with adaptor-specific primers.

The ends were then filled in, and PCR amplification was performed using adaptor-specific primers. Only population (e), which contained tester cDNA that did not hybridize to driver cDNA, was amplified exponentially. A second PCR amplification step was then performed, to reduce background and further enrich
5 differentially expressed sequences.

This PCR-based subtraction technique normalizes differentially expressed cDNAs so that rare transcripts that are overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue may be recoverable. Such transcripts would be difficult to recover by traditional subtraction methods.

10 In addition to genes known to be overexpressed in prostate tumor, seventy-seven further clones were identified. Sequences of these partial cDNAs are provided in SEQ ID NO: 29 to 305. Most of these clones had no significant homology to database sequences. Exceptions were JPTPN23 (SEQ ID NO: 231; similarity to pig valosin-containing protein), JPTPN30 (SEQ ID NO: 234; similarity to rat mRNA for
15 proteasome subunit), JPTPN45 (SEQ ID NO: 243; similarity to rat *norvegicus* cytosolic NADP-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase), JPTPN46 (SEQ ID NO: 244; similarity to human subclone H8 4 d4 DNA sequence), JP1D6 (SEQ ID NO: 265; similarity to *G. gallus* dynein light chain-A), JP8D6 (SEQ ID NO: 288; similarity to human BAC clone RG016J04), JP8F5 (SEQ ID NO: 289; similarity to human subclone H8 3 b5 DNA
20 sequence), and JP8E9 (SEQ ID NO: 299; similarity to human Alu sequence).

Additional studies using the PCR-based subtraction library consisting of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a normal prostate pool (referred to as PT-PN PCR subtraction) yielded three additional clones. Comparison of the cDNA sequences of these clones with the most recent release of GenBank revealed no significant
25 homologies to the two clones referred to as P715P and P767P (SEQ ID NO: 312 and 314). The remaining clone was found to show some homology to the known gene KIAA0056 (SEQ ID NO: 318). Using microarray analysis to measure mRNA expression levels in various tissues, all three clones were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumors and BPH tissues. Specifically, clone P715P was over-expressed in most
30 prostate tumors and BPH tissues by a factor of three or greater, with elevated expression

seen in the majority of normal prostate samples and in fetal tissue, but negative to low expression in all other normal tissues. Clone P767P was over-expressed in several prostate tumors and BPH tissues, with moderate expression levels in half of the normal prostate samples, and background to low expression in all other normal tissues tested.

5 Further analysis, by microarray as described above, of the PT-PN PCR subtraction library and of a DNA subtraction library containing cDNA from prostate tumor subtracted with a pool of normal tissue cDNAs, led to the isolation of 27 additional clones (SEQ ID NO: 340-365 and 381) which were determined to be over-expressed in prostate tumor. The clones of SEQ ID NO: 341, 342, 345, 347, 348, 349,
10 351, 355-359, 361, 362 and 364 were also found to be expressed in normal prostate. Expression of all 26 clones in a variety of normal tissues was found to be low or undetectable, with the exception of P544S (SEQ ID NO: 356) which was found to be expressed in small intestine. Of the 26 clones, 11 (SEQ ID NO: 340-349 and 362) were found to show some homology to previously identified sequences. No significant
15 homologies were found to the clones of SEQ ID NO: 350, 351, 353-361, and 363-365.

Comparison of the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 362 with sequences in the GenBank and GeneSeq DNA databases showed that this clone (referred to as P788P) is identical to GeneSeq Accession No. X27262, which encodes a protein found in the GeneSeq protein Accession No. Y00931. The full length cDNA sequence of P788P is
20 provided in SEQ ID NO: 634, with the corresponding predicted amino acid being provided in SEQ ID NO: 635. Subsequently, a full-length cDNA sequence for P788P that contains polymorphisms not found in the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 634, was cloned multiple times by PCR amplification from cDNA prepared from several RNA templates from three individuals. This determined cDNA sequence of this polymorphic variant of
25 P788P is provided in SEQ ID NO: 636, with the corresponding amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 637. The sequence of SEQ ID NO: 637 differs from that of SEQ ID NO: 635 by six amino acid residues. The P788P protein has 7 potential transmembrane domains at the C-terminal portion and is predicted to be a plasma membrane protein with an extracellular N-terminal region.

Further studies on the clone of SEQ ID NO: 352 (referred to as P790P) led to the isolation of the full-length cDNA sequence of SEQ ID NO: 526. The corresponding predicted amino acid is provided in SEQ ID NO: 527. Data from two quantitative PCR experiments indicated that P790P is over-expressed in 11/15 tested prostate tumor samples and is expressed at low levels in spinal cord, with no expression being seen in all other normal samples tested. Data from further PCR experiments and microarray experiments showed over-expression in normal prostate and prostate tumor with little or no expression in other tissues tested. P790P was subsequently found to show significant homology to a previously identified G-protein coupled prostate tissue receptor.

Additional studies on the clone of SEQ ID NO: 354 (referred to as P776P) led to the isolation of an extended cDNA sequence, provided in SEQ ID NO: 569. The determined cDNA sequences of three additional splice variants of P776P are provided in SEQ ID NO: 570-572. The amino acid sequences encoded by two predicted open reading frames (ORFs) contained within SEQ ID NO: 570, one predicted ORF contained within SEQ ID NO: 571, and 11 predicted ORFs contained within SEQ ID NO: 569, are provided in SEQ ID NO: 573-586, respectively. Further studies led to the isolation of the full-length sequence for the clone of SEQ ID NO: 570 (provided in SEQ ID NO: 737). Full-length cloning efforts on the clone of SEQ ID NO: 571 led to the isolation of two sequences (provided in SEQ ID NO: 738 and 739), representing a single clone, that are identical with the exception of a polymorphic insertion/deletion at position 1293. Specifically, the clone of SEQ ID NO: 739 (referred to as clone F1) has a C at position 1293. The clone of SEQ ID NO: 738 (referred to as clone F2) has a single base pair deletion at position 1293. The predicted amino acid sequences encoded by 5 open reading frames located within SEQ ID NO: 737 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 740-744, with the predicted amino acid sequences encoded by the clone of SEQ ID NO: 738 and 739 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 745-750.

Comparison of the cDNA sequences for the clones P767P (SEQ ID NO: 314) and P777P (SEQ ID NO: 350) with sequences in the GenBank human EST database showed that the two clones matched many EST sequences in common,

suggesting that P767P and P777P may represent the same gene. A DNA consensus sequence derived from a DNA sequence alignment of P767P, P777P and multiple EST clones is provided in SEQ ID NO: 587. The amino acid sequences encoded by three putative ORFs located within SEQ ID NO: 587 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 588-590.

5 The clone of SEQ ID NO: 342 (referred to as P789P) was found to show homology to a previously identified gene. The full length cDNA sequence for P789P and the corresponding amino acid sequence are provided in SEQ ID NO: 735 and 736, respectively.

10

EXAMPLE 6

PEPTIDE PRIMING OF MICE AND PROPAGATION OF CTL LINES

6.1. This Example illustrates the preparation of a CTL cell line specific for cells expressing the P502S gene.

15 Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2Kb (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with P2S#12 peptide (VLGWVAEL; SEQ ID NO: 306), which is derived from the P502S gene (also referred to herein as J1-17, SEQ ID NO: 8), as described by Theobald et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:11993-11997, 1995 with the following modifications. Mice were
20 immunized with 100µg of P2S#12 and 120µg of an I-A^b binding peptide derived from hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and using a nylon mesh single cell suspensions prepared. Cells were then resuspended at 6×10^6 cells/ml in complete media (RPMI-1640; Gibco BRL, Gaithersburg, MD) containing 10% FCS, 2mM Glutamine (Gibco BRL), sodium
25 pyruvate (Gibco BRL), non-essential amino acids (Gibco BRL), 2×10^{-5} M 2-mercaptoethanol, 50U/ml penicillin and streptomycin, and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P2S#12-pulsed (5mg/ml P2S#12 and 10mg/ml β2-microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of 7µg/ml dextran sulfate and 25µg/ml LPS for 3 days). Six days later, cells (5×10^5 /ml) were
30 restimulated with 2.5×10^6 /ml peptide pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells

(Sherman et al, *Science* 258:815-818, 1992) and 3×10^6 /ml A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20U/ml IL-2. Cells continued to be restimulated on a weekly basis as described, in preparation for cloning the line.

P2S#12 line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed
5 EL4 A2Kb tumor cells (1×10^4 cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells as feeders (5×10^5 cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were restimulated as before. On day 21, clones that were growing were isolated and maintained in culture. Several of these clones demonstrated significantly higher reactivity (lysis) against human fibroblasts (HLA A2Kb expressing) transduced with
10 P502S than against control fibroblasts. An example is presented in Figure 1.

This data indicates that P2S #12 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA A2Kb molecule.

15 6.2. This Example illustrates the preparation of murine CTL lines and CTL clones specific for cells expressing the P501S gene.

This series of experiments were performed similarly to that described above. Mice were immunized with the P1S#10 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 337), which is
20 derived from the P501S gene (also referred to herein as L1-12, SEQ ID NO: 110). The P1S#10 peptide was derived by analysis of the predicted polypeptide sequence for P501S for potential HLA-A2 binding sequences as defined by published HLA-A2 binding motifs (Parker, KC, et al, *J. Immunol.*, 152:163, 1994). P1S#10 peptide was synthesized as described in Example 4, and empirically tested for HLA-A2 binding
25 using a T cell based competition assay. Predicted A2 binding peptides were tested for their ability to compete HLA-A2 specific peptide presentation to an HLA-A2 restricted CTL clone (D150M58), which is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58. D150M58 CTL secretes TNF in response to self-presentation of peptide fluM58. In the competition assay, test peptides at 100-200 μ g/ml were added to
30 cultures of D150M58 CTL in order to bind HLA-A2 on the CTL. After thirty minutes,

CTL cultured with test peptides, or control peptides, were tested for their antigen dose response to the fluM58 peptide in a standard TNF bioassay. As shown in Figure 3, peptide P1S#10 competes HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58, demonstrating that peptide P1S#10 binds HLA-A2.

5 Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2Kb were immunized as described by Theobald et al. (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 92:11993-11997, 1995) with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 62.5 μ g of P1S #10 and 120 μ g of an I-A^b binding peptide derived from Hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and single
10 cell suspensions prepared using a nylon mesh. Cells were then resuspended at 6×10^6 cells/ml in complete media (as described above) and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P1S#10-pulsed (2 μ g/ml P1S#10 and 10mg/ml β 2-microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of 7 μ g/ml dextran sulfate and 25 μ g/ml LPS for 3 days). Six days later cells (5×10^5 /ml) were restimulated
15 with 2.5×10^6 /ml peptide-pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells, as described above, and 3×10^6 /ml A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20 U/ml IL-2. Cells were restimulated on a weekly basis in preparation for cloning. After three rounds of *in vitro* stimulations, one line was generated that recognized P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat targets as
20 shown in Figure 4.

A P1S#10-specific CTL line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells (1×10^4 cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells as feeders (5×10^5 cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were restimulated as before. On day 21, viable clones were
25 isolated and maintained in culture. As shown in Figure 5, five of these clones demonstrated specific cytolytic reactivity against P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets. This data indicates that P1S#10 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P501S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA-A2.1 molecule.

EXAMPLE 7

PRIMING OF CTL *IN VIVO* USING NAKED DNA IMMUNIZATION

WITH A PROSTATE ANTIGEN

The prostate-specific antigen L1-12, as described above, is also referred
5 to as P501S. HLA A2Kb Tg mice (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research
Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with 100 µg P501S in the vector VR1012
either intramuscularly or intradermally. The mice were immunized three times, with a
two week interval between immunizations. Two weeks after the last immunization,
immune spleen cells were cultured with Jurkat A2Kb-P501S transduced stimulator
10 cells. CTL lines were stimulated weekly. After two weeks of *in vitro* stimulation, CTL
activity was assessed against P501S transduced targets. Two out of 8 mice developed
strong anti-P501S CTL responses. These results demonstrate that P501S contains at
least one naturally processed HLA-A2-restricted CTL epitope.

15

EXAMPLE 8

ABILITY OF HUMAN T CELLS TO RECOGNIZE PROSTATE-SPECIFIC POLYPEPTIDES

This Example illustrates the ability of T cells specific for a prostate
tumor polypeptide to recognize human tumor.

20

Human CD8⁺ T cells were primed *in vitro* to the P2S-12 peptide (SEQ
ID NO: 306) derived from P502S (also referred to as J1-17) using dendritic cells
according to the protocol of Van Tsai et al. (*Critical Reviews in Immunology* 18:65-75,
1998). The resulting CD8⁺ T cell microcultures were tested for their ability to
recognize the P2S-12 peptide presented by autologous fibroblasts or fibroblasts which
25 were transduced to express the P502S gene in a γ -interferon ELISPOT assay (see
Lalvani et al., *J. Exp. Med.* 186:859-865, 1997). Briefly, titrating numbers of T cells
were assayed in duplicate on 10⁴ fibroblasts in the presence of 3 µg/ml human β 2-
microglobulin and 1 µg/ml P2S-12 peptide or control E75 peptide. In addition, T cells
were simultaneously assayed on autologous fibroblasts transduced with the P502S gene
30 or as a control, fibroblasts transduced with HER-2/*neu*. Prior to the assay, the

fibroblasts were treated with 10 ng/ml γ -interferon for 48 hours to upregulate class I MHC expression. One of the microcultures (#5) demonstrated strong recognition of both peptide pulsed fibroblasts as well as transduced fibroblasts in a γ -interferon ELISPOT assay. Figure 2A demonstrates that there was a strong increase in the number of γ -interferon spots with increasing numbers of T cells on fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide (solid bars) but not with the control E75 peptide (open bars). This shows the ability of these T cells to specifically recognize the P2S-12 peptide. As shown in Figure 2B, this microculture also demonstrated an increase in the number of γ -interferon spots with increasing numbers of T cells on fibroblasts transduced to express the P502S gene but not the HER-2/*neu* gene. These results provide additional confirmatory evidence that the P2S-12 peptide is a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein. Furthermore, this also demonstrates that there exists in the human T cell repertoire, high affinity T cells which are capable of recognizing this epitope. These T cells should also be capable of recognizing human tumors which express the P502S gene.

EXAMPLE 9

ELICITATION OF PROSTATE ANTIGEN-SPECIFIC CTL RESPONSES IN HUMAN BLOOD

20

This Example illustrates the ability of a prostate-specific antigen to elicit a CTL response in blood of normal humans.

Autologous dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal donors by growth for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml GMCSF and 30 ng/ml IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S-expressing vaccinia virus at an M.O.I. of 5 and matured for 8 hours by the addition of 2 micrograms/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation, CD8⁺ cells were isolated by positive selection using magnetic beads, and priming cultures were initiated in 24-well plates. Following five stimulation cycles using autologous fibroblasts

retrovirally transduced to express P501S and CD80, CD8+ lines were identified that specifically produced interferon-gamma when stimulated with autologous P501S-transduced fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity of cell line 3A-1 could be maintained following additional stimulation cycles on autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S. Line 3A-1 was shown to specifically recognize autologous B-LCL transduced to express P501S, but not EGFP-transduced autologous B-LCL, as measured by cytotoxicity assays (^{51}Cr release) and interferon-gamma production (Interferon-gamma Elispot; *see above and Lalvani et al., J. Exp. Med. 186:859-865, 1997*). The results of these assays are presented in Figures 6A and 6B.

10

EXAMPLE 10

IDENTIFICATION OF A NATURALLY PROCESSED CTL EPITOPE CONTAINED WITHIN THE
PROSTATE-SPECIFIC ANTIGEN P703P

The 9-mer peptide p5 (SEQ ID NO: 338) was derived from the P703P antigen (also referred to as P20). The p5 peptide is immunogenic in human HLA-A2 donors and is a naturally processed epitope. Antigen specific human CD8+ T cells can be primed following repeated *in vitro* stimulations with monocytes pulsed with p5 peptide. These CTL specifically recognize p5-pulsed and P703P-transduced target cells in both ELISPOT (as described above) and chromium release assays. Additionally, immunization of HLA-A2Kb transgenic mice with p5 leads to the generation of CTL lines which recognize a variety of HLA-A2Kb or HLA-A2 transduced target cells expressing P703P.

Initial studies demonstrating that p5 is a naturally processed epitope were done using HLA-A2Kb transgenic mice. HLA-A2Kb transgenic mice were immunized subcutaneously in the footpad with 100 μg of p5 peptide together with 140 μg of hepatitis B virus core peptide (a Th peptide) in Freund's incomplete adjuvant. Three weeks post immunization, spleen cells from immunized mice were stimulated *in vitro* with peptide-pulsed LPS blasts. CTL activity was assessed by chromium release assay five days after primary *in vitro* stimulation. Retrovirally transduced cells expressing the

30

control antigen P703P and HLA-A2Kb were used as targets. CTL lines that specifically recognized both p5-pulsed targets as well as P703P-expressing targets were identified.

Human *in vitro* priming experiments demonstrated that the p5 peptide is immunogenic in humans. Dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte
5 cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by culturing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, the DC were pulsed with 1 ug/ml p5 peptide and cultured with CD8+ T cell enriched PBMC. CTL lines were restimulated on a weekly basis with p5-pulsed monocytes. Five to six weeks after initiation of the CTL cultures,
10 CTL recognition of p5-pulsed target cells was demonstrated. CTL were additionally shown to recognize human cells transduced to express P703P, demonstrating that p5 is a naturally processed epitope.

Studies identifying a further peptide epitope (referred to as peptide 4) derived from the prostate tumor-specific antigen P703P that is capable of being
15 recognized by CD4 T cells on the surface of cells in the context of HLA class II molecules were carried out as follows. The amino acid sequence for peptide 4 is provided in SEQ ID NO: 638, with the corresponding cDNA sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 639.

Twenty 15-mer peptides overlapping by 10 amino acids and derived
20 from the carboxy-terminal fragment of P703P were generated using standard procedures. Dendritic cells (DC) were derived from PBMC of a normal female donor using GM-CSF and IL-4 by standard protocols. CD4 T cells were generated from the same donor as the DC using MACS beads and negative selection. DC were pulsed overnight with pools of the 15-mer peptides, with each peptide at a final concentration
25 of 0.25 microgram/ml. Pulsed DC were washed and plated at 1×10^4 cells/well of 96-well V-bottom plates and purified CD4 T cells were added at 1×10^5 /well. Cultures were supplemented with 60 ng/ml IL-6 and 10 ng/ml IL-12 and incubated at 37 °C. Cultures were restimulated as above on a weekly basis using DC generated and pulsed as above as antigen presenting cells, supplemented with 5 ng/ml IL-7 and 10 u/ml IL-2.
30 Following 4 *in vitro* stimulation cycles, 96 lines (each line corresponding to one well) were tested for specific proliferation and cytokine production in response to the

stimulating pools with an irrelevant pool of peptides derived from mammaglobin being used as a control.

One line (referred to as 1-F9) was identified from pool #1 that demonstrated specific proliferation (measured by ³H proliferation assays) and cytokine production (measured by interferon-gamma ELISA assays) in response to pool #1 of P703P peptides. This line was further tested for specific recognition of the peptide pool, specific recognition of individual peptides in the pool, and in HLA mismatch analyses to identify the relevant restricting allele. Line 1-F9 was found to specifically proliferate and produce interferon-gamma in response to peptide pool #1, and also to peptide 4 (SEQ ID NO: 638). Peptide 4 corresponds to amino acids 126-140 of SEQ ID NO: 327. Peptide titration experiments were conducted to assess the sensitivity of line 1-F9 for the specific peptide. The line was found to specifically respond to peptide 4 at concentrations as low as 0.25 ng/ml, indicating that the T cells are very sensitive and therefore likely to have high affinity for the epitope.

To determine the HLA restriction of the P703P response, a panel of antigen presenting cells (APC) was generated that was partially matched with the donor used to generate the T cells. The APC were pulsed with the peptide and used in proliferation and cytokine assays together with line 1-F9. APC matched with the donor at HLA-DRB0701 and HLA-DQB02 alleles were able to present the peptide to the T cells, indicating that the P703P-specific response is restricted to one of these alleles.

Antibody blocking assays were utilized to determine if the restricting allele was HLA-DR0701 or HLA-DQ02. The anti-HLA-DR blocking antibody L243 or an irrelevant isotype matched IgG2a were added to T cells and APC cultures pulsed with the peptide RMPTVLQCVNVS VVS (SEQ ID NO: 638) at 250 ng/ml. Standard interferon-gamma and proliferation assays were performed. Whereas the control antibody had no effect on the ability of the T cells to recognize peptide-pulsed APC, in both assays the anti-HLA-DR antibody completely blocked the ability of the T cells to specifically recognize peptide-pulsed APC.

To determine if the peptide epitope RMPTVLQCVNVS VVS (SEQ ID NO: 638) was naturally processed, the ability of line 1-F9 to recognize APC pulsed with recombinant P703P protein was examined. For these experiments a number of

recombinant P703P sources were utilized; *E. coli*-derived P703P, Pichia-derived P703P and baculovirus-derived P703P. Irrelevant protein controls used were *E. coli*-derived L3E (a lung-specific antigen) and baculovirus-derived mammaglobin. In interferon-gamma ELISA assays, line 1-F9 was able to efficiently recognize both *E. coli* forms of P703P as well as Pichia-derived recombinant P703P, while baculovirus-derived P703P was recognized less efficiently. Subsequent Western blot analysis revealed that the *E. coli* and Pichia P703P protein preparations were intact while the baculovirus P703P preparation was approximately 75% degraded. Thus, peptide RMPTVLQCVNVS VVS (SEQ ID NO: 638) from P703P is a naturally processed peptide epitope derived from P703P and presented to T cells in the context of HLA-DRB-0701

In further studies, twenty-four 15-mer peptides overlapping by 10 amino acids and derived from the N-terminal fragment of P703P (corresponding to amino acids 27-154 of SEQ ID NO: 525) were generated by standard procedures and their ability to be recognized by CD4 cells was determined essentially as described above. DC were pulsed overnight with pools of the peptides with each peptide at a final concentration of 10 microgram/ml. A large number of individual CD4 T cell lines (65/480) demonstrated significant proliferation and cytokine release (IFN-gamma) in response to the P703P peptide pools but not to a control peptide pool. The CD4 T cell lines which demonstrated specific activity were restimulated on the appropriate pool of P703P peptides and reassayed on the individual peptides of each pool as well as a peptide dose titration of the pool of peptides in a IFN-gamma release assay and in a proliferation assay.

Sixteen immunogenic peptides were recognized by the T cells from the entire set of peptide antigens tested. The amino acid sequences of these peptides are provided in SEQ ID NO: 656-671, with the corresponding cDNA sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 640-655, respectively. In some cases the peptide reactivity of the T cell line could be mapped to a single peptide, however some could be mapped to more than one peptide in each pool. Those CD4 T cell lines that displayed a representative pattern of recognition from each peptide pool with a reasonable affinity for peptide were chosen for further analysis (I-1A, -6A; II-4C, -5E; III-6E, IV-4B, -3F, -9B, -10F, V-5B, -4D, and -10F). These CD4 T cell lines were restimulated on the

appropriate individual peptide and reassayed on autologous DC pulsed with a truncated form of recombinant P703P protein made in *E. coli* (a.a. 96 - 254 of SEQ ID NO: 525), full-length P703P made in the baculovirus expression system, and a fusion between influenza virus NS1 and P703P made in *E. coli*. Of the T cell lines tested, line I-1A
5 recognized specifically the truncated form of P703P (*E. coli*) but no other recombinant form of P703P. This line also recognized the peptide used to elicit the T cells. Line 2-4C recognized the truncated form of P703P (*E. coli*) and the full length form of P703P made in baculovirus, as well as peptide. The remaining T cell lines tested were either peptide-specific only (II-5E, II-6F, IV-4B, IV-3F, IV-9B, IV-10F, V-5B and V-4D) or
10 were non-responsive to any antigen tested (V-10F). These results demonstrate that the peptide sequence RPLLANDLMLIKLDE (SEQ ID NO: 671; corresponding to a.a. 110-124 of SEQ ID NO: 525) recognized by the T cell line I-1A, and the peptide sequences SVSESDTIRSISIAS (SEQ ID NO: 668; corresponding to a.a. 125-139 of SEQ ID NO: 525) and ISIASQCPTAGNSCL (SEQ ID NO: 667; corresponding to a.a. 135-149 of
15 SEQ ID NO: 525) recognized by the T cell line II-4C may be naturally processed epitopes of the P703P protein.

EXAMPLE 11

EXPRESSION OF A BREAST TUMOR-DERIVED ANTIGEN IN PROSTATE

20

Isolation of the antigen B305D from breast tumor by differential display is described in US Patent Application No. 08/700,014, filed August 20, 1996. Several different splice forms of this antigen were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences
25 for these splice forms are provided in SEQ ID NO: 366-375, with the predicted amino acid sequences corresponding to the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 292, 298 and 301-303 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 299-306, respectively. In further studies, a splice variant of the cDNA sequence of SEQ ID NO: 366 was isolated which was found to contain an additional guanine residue at position 884 (SEQ ID NO: 530), leading to a
30 frameshift in the open reading frame. The determined DNA sequence of this ORF is

provided in SEQ ID NO: 531. This frameshift generates a protein sequence (provided in SEQ ID NO: 532) of 293 amino acids that contains the C-terminal domain common to the other isoforms of B305D but that differs in the N-terminal region.

The expression levels of B305D in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by real time PCR and by Northern analysis. The results indicated that B305D is highly expressed in breast tumor, prostate tumor, normal prostate and normal testes, with expression being low or undetectable in all other tissues examined (colon tumor, lung tumor, ovary tumor, and normal bone marrow, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, skin, small intestine, stomach). Using real-time PCR on a panel of prostate tumors, expression of B305D in prostate tumors was shown to increase with increasing Gleason grade, demonstrating that expression of B305D increases as prostate cancer progresses.

EXAMPLE 12

15 GENERATION OF HUMAN CTL *IN VITRO* USING WHOLE GENE PRIMING AND STIMULATION TECHNIQUES WITH THE PROSTATE-SPECIFIC ANTIGEN P501S

Using *in vitro* whole-gene priming with P501S-vaccinia infected DC (see, for example, Yee et al, *The Journal of Immunology*, 157(9):4079-86, 1996), human CTL lines were derived that specifically recognize autologous fibroblasts transduced with P501S (also known as L1-12), as determined by interferon- γ ELISPOT analysis as described above. Using a panel of HLA-mismatched B-LCL lines transduced with P501S, these CTL lines were shown to be likely restricted to HLAB class I allele. Specifically, dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by growing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S vaccinia virus at a multiplicity of infection (M.O.I) of five, and matured overnight by the addition of 3 μ g/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation. CD8+ T cells were isolated using a magnetic bead system, and priming cultures were initiated

using standard culture techniques. Cultures were restimulated every 7-10 days using autologous primary fibroblasts retrovirally transduced with P501S and CD80. Following four stimulation cycles, CD8⁺ T cell lines were identified that specifically produced interferon- γ when stimulated with P501S and CD80-transduced autologous
5 fibroblasts. A panel of HLA-mismatched B-LCL lines transduced with P501S were generated to define the restriction allele of the response. By measuring interferon- γ in an ELISPOT assay, the P501S specific response was shown to be likely restricted by HLA B alleles. These results demonstrate that a CD8⁺ CTL response to P501S can be elicited.

10 To identify the epitope(s) recognized, cDNA encoding P501S was fragmented by various restriction digests, and sub-cloned into the retroviral expression vector pBIB-KS. Retroviral supernatants were generated by transfection of the helper packaging line Phoenix-Ampho. Supernatants were then used to transduce Jurkat/A2Kb cells for CTL screening. CTL were screened in IFN-gamma ELISPOT
15 assays against these A2Kb targets transduced with the "library" of P501S fragments. Initial positive fragments P501S/H3 and P501S/F2 were sequenced and found to encode amino acids 106-553 and amino acids 136-547, respectively, of SEQ ID NO: 113. A truncation of H3 was made to encode amino acid residues 106-351 of SEQ ID NO: 113, which was unable to stimulate the CTL, thus localizing the epitope to amino acid
20 residues 351-547. Additional fragments encoding amino acids 1-472 (Fragment A) and amino acids 1-351 (Fragment B) were also constructed. Fragment A but not Fragment B stimulated the CTL thus localizing the epitope to amino acid residues 351-472. Overlapping 20-mer and 18-mer peptides representing this region were tested by pulsing Jurkat/A2Kb cells versus CTL in an IFN-gamma assay. Only peptides P501S-369(20)
25 and P501S-369(18) stimulated the CTL. Nine-mer and 10-mer peptides representing this region were synthesized and similarly tested. Peptide P501S-370 (SEQ ID NO: 539) was the minimal 9-mer giving a strong response. Peptide P501S-376 (SEQ ID NO: 540) also gave a weak response, suggesting that it might represent a cross-reactive epitope.

In subsequent studies, the ability of primary human B cells transduced with P501S to prime MHC class I-restricted, P501S-specific, autologous CD8 T cells was examined. Primary B cells were derived from PBMC of a homozygous HLA-A2 donor by culture in CD40 ligand and IL-4, transduced at high frequency with recombinant P501S in the vector pBIB, and selected with blastocidin-S. For *in vitro* priming, purified CD8⁺ T cells were cultured with autologous CD40 ligand + IL-4 derived, P501S-transduced B cells in a 96-well microculture format. These CTL microcultures were re-stimulated with P501S-transduced B cells and then assayed for specificity. Following this initial screen, microcultures with significant signal above background were cloned on autologous EBV-transformed B cells (BLCL), also transduced with P501S. Using IFN-gamma ELISPOT for detection, several of these CD8 T cell clones were found to be specific for P501S, as demonstrated by reactivity to BLCL/P501S but not BLCL transduced with control antigen. It was further demonstrated that the anti-P501S CD8 T cell specificity is HLA-A2-restricted. First, antibody blocking experiments with anti-HLA-A,B,C monoclonal antibody (W6.32), anti-HLA-B,C monoclonal antibody (B1.23.2) and a control monoclonal antibody showed that only the anti-HLA-A,B,C antibody blocked recognition of P501S-expressing autologous BLCL. Secondly, the anti-P501S CTL also recognized an HLA-A2 matched, heterologous BLCL transduced with P501S, but not the corresponding EGFP transduced control BLCL.

A naturally processed, CD8, class I-restricted peptide epitope of P501S was identified as follows. Dendritic Cells (DC) were isolated by Percol gradient followed by differential adherence, and cultured for 5 days in the presence of RPMI medium containing 1% human serum, 50ng/ml GM-CSF and 30ng/ml IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected for 24 hours with P501S-expressing adenovirus at an MOI of 10 and matured for an additional 24 hours by the addition of 2ug/ml CD40 ligand. CD8 cells were enriched for by the subtraction of CD4⁺, CD14⁺ and CD16⁺ populations from PBMC with magnetic beads. Priming cultures containing 10,000 P501S-expressing DC and 100,000 CD8⁺ T cells per well were set up in 96-well V-bottom plates with RPMI containing 10% human serum, 5ng/ml IL-12 and 10ng/ml IL-6. Cultures were stimulated every 7 days using autologous fibroblasts retrovirally

transduced to express P501S and CD80, and were treated with IFN-gamma for 48-72 hours to upregulate MHC Class I expression. 10u/ml IL-2 was added at the time of stimulation and on days 2 and 5 following stimulation. Following 4 stimulation cycles, one P501S-specific CD8+ T cell line (referred to as 2A2) was identified that produced IFN-gamma in response to IFN-gamma-treated P501S/CD80 expressing autologous fibroblasts, but not in response to IFN-gamma-treated P703P/CD80 expressing autologous fibroblasts in a γ -IFN Elispot assay. Line 2A2 was cloned in 96-well plates with 0.5 cell/well or 2 cells/well in the presence of 75,000 PBMC/well, 10,000 B-LCL/well, 30ng/ml OKT3 and 50u/ml IL-2. Twelve clones were isolated that showed strong P501S specificity in response to transduced fibroblasts.

Fluorescence activated cell sorting (FACS) analysis was performed on P501S-specific clones using CD3-, CD4- and CD8-specific antibodies conjugated to PercP, FITC and PE respectively. Consistent with the use of CD8 enriched T cells in the priming cultures, P5401S-specific clones were determined to be CD3+, CD8+ and CD4-.

To identify the relevant P501S epitope recognized by P501S specific CTL, pools of 18-20 mer or 30-mer peptides that spanned the majority of the amino acid sequence of P501S were loaded onto autologous B-LCL and tested in γ -IFN Elispot assays for the ability to stimulate two P501S-specific CTL clones, referred to as 4E5 and 4E7. One pool, composed of five 18-20 mer peptides that spanned amino acids 411-486 of P501S (SEQ ID NO: 113), was found to be recognized by both P501S-specific clones. To identify the specific 18-20 mer peptide recognized by the clones, each of the 18-20 mer peptides that comprised the positive pool were tested individually in γ -IFN Elispot assays for the ability to stimulate the two P501S-specific CTL clones, 4E5 and 4E7. Both 4E5 and 4E7 specifically recognized one 20-mer peptide (SEQ ID NO: 710; cDNA sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 711) that spanned amino acids 453-472 of P501S. Since the minimal epitope recognized by CD8+ T cells is almost always either a 9 or 10-mer peptide sequence, 10-mer peptides that spanned the entire sequence of SEQ ID NO: 710 were synthesized that differed by 1 amino acid. Each of these 10-mer peptides was tested for the ability to stimulate two P501S-specific clones, (referred to as 1D5 and 1E12). One 10-mer peptide (SEQ ID NO: 712; cDNA sequence provided in

SEQ ID NO: 713) was identified that specifically stimulated the P501S-specific clones. This epitope spans amino acids 463-472 of P501S. This sequence defines a minimal 10-mer epitope from P501S that can be naturally processed and to which CTL responses can be identified in normal PBMC. Thus, this epitope is a candidate for use as a vaccine moiety, and as a therapeutic and/or diagnostic reagent for prostate cancer.

To identify the class I restriction element for the P501S-derived sequence of SEQ ID NO: 712, HLA blocking and mismatch analyses were performed. In γ -IFN Elispot assays, the specific response of clones 4A7 and 4E5 to P501S-transduced autologous fibroblasts was blocked by pre-incubation with 25ug/ml W6/32 (pan-Class I blocking antibody) and B1.23.2 (HLA-B/C blocking antibody). These results demonstrate that the SEQ ID NO: 712-specific response is restricted to an HLA-B or HLA-C allele.

For the HLA mismatch analysis, autologous B-LCL (HLA-A1,A2,B8,B51, Cw1, Cw7) and heterologous B-LCL (HLA-A2,A3,B18,B51,Cw5,Cw14) that share the HLAB51 allele were pulsed for one hour with 20ug/ml of peptide of SEQ ID NO: 712, washed, and tested in γ -IFN Elispot assays for the ability to stimulate clones 4A7 and 4E5. Antibody blocking assays with the B1.23.2 (HLA-B/C blocking antibody) were also performed. SEQ ID NO: 712-specific response was detected using both the autologous (D326) and heterologous (D107) B-LCL, and furthermore the responses were blocked by pre-incubation with 25ug/ml of B1.23.2 HLA-B/C blocking antibody. Together these results demonstrate that the P501S-specific response to the peptide of SEQ ID NO: 712 is restricted to the HLA-B51 class I allele. Molecular cloning and sequence analysis of the HLA-B51 allele from D3326 revealed that the HLA-B51 subtype of D326 is HLA-B51011.

Based on the 10-mer P501S-derived epitope of SEQ ID NO: 712, two 9-mers with the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 714 and 715 were synthesized and tested in Elispot assays for the ability to stimulate two P501S-specific CTL clones derived from line 2A2. The 10-mer peptide of SEQ ID NO: 712, as well as the 9-mer peptide of SEQ ID NO: 715, but not the 9-mer peptide of SEQ ID NO: 714, were capable of stimulating the P501S-specific CTL to produce IFN-gamma. These results demonstrate that the peptide of SEQ ID NO: 715 is a 9-mer P501S-derived epitope recognized by P501S-

specific CTL. The DNA sequence encoding the epitope of SEQ ID NO: 715 is provided in SEQ ID NO: 716.

To identify the class I restricting allele for the P501S-derived peptide of SEQ ID NO: 712 and 715 specific response, each of the HLA B and C alleles were
5 cloned from the donor used in the *in vitro* priming experiment. Sequence analysis indicated that the relevant alleles were HLA-B8, HLA-B51, HLA-Cw01 and HLA-Cw07. Each of these alleles were subcloned into an expression vector and co-transfected together with the P501S gene into VA-13 cells. Transfected VA-13 cells were then tested for the ability to specifically stimulate the P501S-specific CTL in
10 ELISPOT assays. VA-13 cells transfected with P501S and HLA-B51 were capable of stimulating the P501S-specific CTL to secrete gamma-IFN. VA-13 cells transfected with HLA-B51 alone or P501S + the other HLA-alleles were not capable of stimulating the P501S-specific CTL. These results demonstrate that the restricting allele for the P501S-specific response is the HLAB51 allele. Sequence analysis revealed that the
15 subtype of the relevant restricting allele is HLA-B51011.

To determine if the P501S-specific CTL could recognize prostate tumor cells that express P501S, the P501S-positive lines LnCAP and CRL2422 (both expressing "moderate" amounts of P501S mRNA and protein), and PC-3 (expressing low amounts of P501S mRNA and protein), plus the P501S-negative cell line DU-145
20 were retrovirally transduced with the HLA-B51011 allele that was cloned from the donor used to generate the P501S-specific CTL. HLA-B51011- or EGFP-transduced and selected tumor cells were treated with gamma-interferon and androgen (to upregulate stimulatory functions and P501S, respectively) and used in gamma-interferon Elispot assays with the P501S-specific CTL clones 4E5 and 4E7. Untreated
25 cells were used as a control.

Both 4E5 and 4E7 efficiently and specifically recognized LnCAP and CRL2422 cells that were transduced with the HLA-B51011 allele, but not the same cell lines transduced with EGFP. Additionally, both CTL clones specifically recognized PC-3 cells transduced with HLA-B51011, but not the P501S-negative tumor cell line
30 DU-145. Treatment with gamma-interferon or androgen did not enhance the ability of CTL to recognize tumor cells. These results demonstrate that P501S-specific CTL,

generated by *in vitro* whole gene priming, specifically and efficiently recognize prostate tumor cell lines that express P501S.

A naturally processed CD4 epitope of P501S was identified as follows.

CD4 cells specific for P501S were prepared as described above. A series
5 of 16 overlapping peptides were synthesized that spanned approximately 50% of the amino terminal portion of the P501S gene (amino acids 1- 325 of SEQ ID NO: 113). For priming, peptides were combined into pools of 4 peptides, pulsed at 4 μ g/ml onto dendritic cells (DC) for 24 hours, with TNF-alpha. DC were then washed and mixed with negatively selected CD4+ T cells in 96 well U-bottom plates. Cultures were re-
10 stimulated weekly on fresh DC loaded with peptide pools. Following a total of 4 stimulation cycles, cells were rested for an additional week and tested for specificity to APC pulsed with peptide pools using γ -IFN ELISA and proliferation assays. For these assays, adherent monocytes loaded with either the relevant peptide pool at 4 μ g/ml or an irrelevant peptide at μ g/ml were used as APC. T cell lines that demonstrated either
15 specific cytokine secretion or proliferation were then tested for recognition of individual peptides that were present in the pool. T cell lines could be identified from pools A and B that recognized individual peptides from these pools.

From pool A, lines AD9 and AE10 specifically recognized peptide 1 (SEQ ID NO: 719), and line AF5 recognized peptide 39 (SEQ ID NO: 718). From pool B, line BC6 could be identified that recognized peptide 58 (SEQ ID NO: 717). Each of these lines were stimulated on the specific peptide and tested for specific recognition of the peptide in a titration assay as well as cell lysates generated by infection of HEK 293 cells with adenovirus expressing either P501S or an irrelevant antigen. For these assays, APC-adherent monocytes were pulsed with either 10, 1, or 0.1 µg/ml individual P501S peptides, and DC were pulsed overnight with a 1:5 dilution of adenovirally infected cell lysates. Lines AD9, AE10 and AF5 retained significant recognition of the relevant P501S-derived peptides even at 0.1 mg/ml. Furthermore, line AD9 demonstrated significant (8.1 fold stimulation index) specific activity for lysates from adenovirus-P501S infected cells. These results demonstrate that high affinity CD4 T cell lines can be generated toward P501S-derived epitopes, and that at least a subset of these T cells specific for the P501S derived sequence of SEQ ID NO: 719 are specific for an epitope that is naturally processed by human cells. The DNA sequences encoding the amino acid sequences of SEQ ID NO: 717-719 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 720-722, respectively.

To further characterize the P501S-specific activity of AD9, the line was cloned using anti-CD3. Three clones, referred to as 1A1, 1A9 and 1F5, were identified that were specific for the P501S-1 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 719). To determine the HLA restriction allele for the P501S-specific response, each of these clones was tested in class II antibody blocking and HLA mismatch assays using proliferation and gamma-interferon assays. In antibody blocking assays and measuring gamma-interferon production using ELISA assays, the ability of all three clones to recognize peptide pulsed APC was specifically blocked by co-incubation with either a pan-class II blocking antibody or a HLA-DR blocking antibody, but not with a HLA-DQ or an irrelevant antibody. Proliferation assays performed simultaneously with the same cells confirmed these results. These data indicate that the P501S-specific response of the clones is restricted by an HLA-DR allele. Further studies demonstrated that the restricting allele for the P501S-specific response is HLA-DRB1501.

EXAMPLE 13

IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE-SPECIFIC ANTIGENS

BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

5 This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate-specific polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

 A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to
10 non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 372 clones were identified, and 319 were successfully sequenced. Table I presents a summary of these clones, which are shown in SEQ ID NOs:385-400. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:386, 389, 390 and 392 correspond to novel genes, and SEQ ID NOs: 393 and 396 correspond to previously identified sequences. The others (SEQ ID NOs:385, 387, 388, 391, 394, 395 and 397-
15 400) correspond to known sequences, as shown in Table I.

Table I
Summary of Prostate Tumor Antigens

Known Genes	Previously Identified Genes	Novel Genes
T-cell gamma chain	P504S	23379 (SEQ ID NO:389)
Kallikrein	P1000C	23399 (SEQ ID NO:392)
Vector	P501S	23320 (SEQ ID NO:386)
CGI-82 protein mRNA (23319; SEQ ID NO:385)	P503S	23381 (SEQ ID NO:390)
PSA	P510S	
Ald. 6 Dehyd.	P784P	
L-idoitol-2 dehydrogenase (23376; SEQ ID NO:388)	P502S	
Ets transcription factor PDEF (22672; SEQ ID NO:398)	P706P	
hTGR (22678; SEQ ID NO:399)	19142.2, bangur.seq (22621; SEQ ID NO:396)	
KIAA0295(22685; SEQ ID NO:400)	5566.1 Wang (23404; SEQ ID NO:393)	
Prostatic Acid Phosphatase(22655; SEQ ID NO:397)	P712P	
transglutaminase (22611; SEQ ID NO:395)	P778P	
HDLBP (23508; SEQ ID NO:394)		
CGI-69 Protein(23367; SEQ ID NO:387)		
KIAA0122(23383; SEQ ID NO:391)		
TEEG		

CGI-82 showed 4.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 43% of prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate, not detected in other normal tissues tested. L-idoitol-2 dehydrogenase showed 4.94 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to
5 other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 90% of prostate tumors, 100% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Ets transcription factor PDEF showed 5.55 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate and not detected in other normal tissues tested. hTGR1 showed 9.11 fold over-expression in
10 prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 63% of prostate tumors and is not detected in normal tissues tested including normal prostate. KIAA0295 showed 5.59 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% of prostate tumors, low to undetectable in normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Prostatic acid
15 phosphatase showed 9.14 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 67% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Transglutaminase showed 14.84 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 30% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and is
20 not detected in other normal tissues tested. High density lipoprotein binding protein (HDLBP) showed 28.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% of normal prostate, and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. CGI-69 showed 3.56 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It is
25 a low abundant gene, detected in more than 90% of prostate tumors, and in 75% normal prostate tissues. The expression of this gene in normal tissues was very low. KIAA0122 showed 4.24 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 57% of prostate tumors, it was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. 19142.2
30 bangur showed 23.25 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other

normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors and 100% of normal prostate. It was undetectable in other normal tissues tested. .5566.1 Wang showed 3.31 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% normal prostate and was also over-expressed in normal bone marrow, pancreas, and activated PBMC. Novel clone 23379 (also referred to as P553S) showed 4.86 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in 97% of prostate tumors and 75% normal prostate and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. Novel clone 23399 showed 4.09 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 27% of prostate tumors and was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Novel clone 23320 showed 3.15 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in all prostate tumors and 50% of normal prostate tissues. It was also expressed in normal colon and trachea. Other normal tissues do not express this gene at high level.

Subsequent full-length cloning studies on P553S, using standard techniques, revealed that this clone is an incomplete spliced form of P501S. The determined cDNA sequences for four splice variants of P553S are provided in SEQ ID NO: 623-626. An amino acid sequence encoded by SEQ ID NO: 626 is provided in SEQ ID NO: 627. The cDNA sequence of SEQ ID NO: 623 was found to contain two open reading frames (ORFs). The amino acid sequences encoded by these two ORFs are provided in SEQ ID NO: 628 and 629.

EXAMPLE 14

IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE-SPECIFIC ANTIGENS BY ELECTRONIC SUBTRACTION

This Example describes the use of an electronic subtraction technique to identify prostate-specific antigens.

Potential prostate-specific genes present in the GenBank human EST database were identified by electronic subtraction (similar to that described by Vasmatizis et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 95:300-304, 1998). The sequences of EST clones (43,482) derived from various prostate libraries were obtained from the GenBank public human EST database. Each prostate EST sequence was used as a query sequence in a BLASTN (National Center for Biotechnology Information) search against the human EST database. All matches considered identical (length of matching sequence >100 base pairs, density of identical matches over this region > 70%) were grouped (aligned) together in a cluster. Clusters containing more than 200 ESTs were discarded since they probably represented repetitive elements or highly expressed genes such as those for ribosomal proteins. If two or more clusters shared common ESTs, those clusters were grouped together into a "supercluster," resulting in 4,345 prostate superclusters.

Records for the 479 human cDNA libraries represented in the GenBank release were downloaded to create a database of these cDNA library records. These 479 cDNA libraries were grouped into three groups: Plus (normal prostate and prostate tumor libraries, and breast cell line libraries, in which expression was desired), Minus (libraries from other normal adult tissues, in which expression was not desirable), and Other (libraries from fetal tissue, infant tissue, tissues found only in women, non-prostate tumors and cell lines other than prostate cell lines, in which expression was considered to be irrelevant). A summary of these library groups is presented in Table II.

Table IIProstate cDNA Libraries and ESTs

Library	# of Libraries	# of ESTs
Plus	25	43,482
Normal	11	18,875
Tumor	11	21,769
Cell lines	3	2,838
Minus	166	
Other	287	

5 Each supercluster was analyzed in terms of the ESTs within the supercluster. The tissue source of each EST clone was noted and used to classify the superclusters into four groups: Type 1- EST clones found in the Plus group libraries only; no expression detected in Minus or Other group libraries; Type 2- EST clones derived from the Plus and Other group libraries only; no expression detected in the

10 Minus group; Type 3- EST clones derived from the Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the number of ESTs derived from the Plus group is higher than in either the Minus or Other groups; and Type 4- EST clones derived from Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the number derived from the Plus group is higher than the number derived from the Minus group. This analysis identified 4,345 breast clusters

15 (see Table III). From these clusters, 3,172 EST clones were ordered from Research Genetics, Inc., and were received as frozen glycerol stocks in 96-well plates.

Table III
Prostate Cluster Summary

Type	# of Superclusters	# of ESTs Ordered
1	688	677
2	2899	2484
3	85	11
4	673	0
Total	4345	3172

5 The EST clone inserts were PCR-amplified using amino-linked PCR primers for Synteni microarray analysis. When more than one PCR product was obtained for a particular clone, that PCR product was not used for expression analysis. In total, 2,528 clones from the electronic subtraction method were analyzed by microarray analysis to identify electronic subtraction breast clones that had high levels of tumor vs. normal tissue mRNA. Such screens were performed using a Synteni (Palo Alto, CA) microarray, according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94:2150-2155, 1997). Within these analyses, the clones were arrayed on the chip, which was then probed with fluorescent probes generated from normal and tumor prostate cDNA, as well as various other normal tissues. The slides were scanned and the fluorescence intensity was measured.

15 Clones with an expression ratio greater than 3 (*i.e.*, the level in prostate tumor and normal prostate mRNA was at least three times the level in other normal tissue mRNA) were identified as prostate tumor-specific sequences (Table IV). The sequences of these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 401-453, with certain novel sequences shown in SEQ ID NO: 407, 413, 416-419, 422, 426, 427 and 450.

Table IV

Prostate-tumor Specific Clones

SEQ ID NO.	Sequence Designation	Comments
401	22545	previously identified P1000C
402	22547	previously identified P704P
403	22548	known
404	22550	known
405	22551	PSA
406	22552	prostate secretory protein 94
407	22553	novel
408	22558	previously identified P509S
409	22562	glandular kallikrein
410	22565	previously identified P1000C
411	22567	PAP
412	22568	B1006C (breast tumor antigen)
413	22570	novel
414	22571	PSA
415	22572	previously identified P706P
416	22573	novel
417	22574	novel
418	22575	novel
419	22580	novel
420	22581	PAP
421	22582	prostatic secretory protein 94
422	22583	novel
423	22584	prostatic secretory protein 94
424	22585	prostatic secretory protein 94
425	22586	known
426	22587	novel
427	22588	novel
428	22589	PAP
429	22590	known
430	22591	PSA
431	22592	known
432	22593	Previously identified P777P
433	22594	T cell receptor gamma chain
434	22595	Previously identified P705P
435	22596	Previously identified P707P
436	22847	PAP
437	22848	known
438	22849	prostatic secretory protein 57

439	22851	PAP
440	22852	PAP
441	22853	PAP
442	22854	previously identified P509S
443	22855	previously identified P705P
444	22856	previously identified P774P
445	22857	PSA
446	23601	previously identified P777P
447	23602	PSA
448	23605	PSA
449	23606	PSA
450	23612	novel
451	23614	PSA
452	23618	previously identified P1000C
453	23622	previously identified P705P

Further studies on the clone of SEQ ID NO: 407 (also referred to as P1020C) led to the isolation of an extended cDNA sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 591. This extended cDNA sequence was found to contain an open reading frame that
5 encodes the predicted amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 592. The P1020C cDNA and amino acid sequences were found to show some similarity to the human endogenous retroviral HERV-K pol gene and protein.

EXAMPLE 15

10 FURTHER IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE-SPECIFIC ANTIGENS BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of additional prostate-specific polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above
15 was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 142 clones were identified and sequenced. Certain of these clones are shown in SEQ ID NO: 454-467. Of these sequences, SEQ ID NO: 459-460 represent novel genes. The others (SEQ ID NO: 454-
20 458 and 461-467) correspond to known sequences. Comparison of the determined

cDNA sequence of SEQ ID NO: 461 with sequences in the Genbank database using the BLAST program revealed homology to the previously identified transmembrane protease serine 2 (TMPRSS2). The full-length cDNA sequence for this clone is provided in SEQ ID NO: 751, with the corresponding amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 752. The cDNA sequence encoding the first 209 amino acids of TMPRSS2 is provided in SEQ ID NO: 753, with the first 209 amino acids being provided in SEQ ID NO: 754.

The sequence of SEQ ID NO: 462 (referred to as P835P) was found to correspond to the previously identified clone FLJ13518 (Accession AK023643; SEQ ID NO: 774), which had no associated open reading frame (ORF). This clone was used to search the Geneseq DNA database and matched a clone previously identified as a G protein-coupled receptor protein (DNA Geneseq Accession A09351; amino acid Geneseq Accession Y92365), that is characterized by the presence of seven transmembrane domains. The sequences of fragments between these domains are provided in SEQ ID NO: 778-785, with SEQ ID NO: 778, 780, 782 and 784 representing extracellular domains and SEQ ID NO: 779, 781, 783 and 785 representing intracellular domains. SEQ ID NO: 778-785 represent amino acids 1-28, 53-61, 83-103, 124-143, 165-201, 226-238, 263-272 and 297-381, respectively, of P835P. The full-length cDNA sequence for P835P is provided in SEQ ID NO: 773. The cDNA sequence of the open reading frame for P835P, including stop codon, is provided in SEQ ID NO: 775, with the open reading frame without stop codon being provided in SEQ ID NO: 776 and the corresponding amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 777.

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EXAMPLE 16

FURTHER CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE-SPECIFIC ANTIGEN P710P

This Example describes the full length cloning of P710P.

The prostate cDNA library described above was screened with the P710P fragment described above. One million colonies were plated on LB/Ampicillin plates.

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Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs picked up by these filters were then denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P710P fragment was radiolabeled and used to hybridize with the filters. Positive cDNA clones were selected and their cDNAs recovered and sequenced by an automatic Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Sequencer. Four sequences were obtained, and are presented in SEQ ID NO: 468-471. These sequences appear to represent different splice variants of the P710P gene. Subsequent comparison of the cDNA sequences of P710P with those in Genbank revealed homology to the DD3 gene (Genbank accession numbers AF103907 & AF103908). The cDNA sequence of DD3 is provided in SEQ ID NO: 618.

EXAMPLE 17

PROTEIN EXPRESSION OF PROSTATE-SPECIFIC ANTIGENS

This example describes the expression and purification of prostate-specific antigens in *E. coli*, baculovirus, mammalian and yeast cells.

a) Expression of P501S in *E. coli*

Expression of the full-length form of P501S was attempted by first cloning P501S without the leader sequence (amino acids 36-553 of SEQ ID NO: 113) downstream of the first 30 amino acids of the *M. tuberculosis* antigen Ra12 (SEQ ID NO: 484) in pET17b. Specifically, P501S DNA was used to perform PCR using the primers AW025 (SEQ ID NO: 485) and AW003 (SEQ ID NO: 486). AW025 is a sense cloning primer that contains a HindIII site. AW003 is an antisense cloning primer that contains an EcoRI site. DNA amplification was performed using 5 µl 10X Pfu buffer, 1 µl 20 mM dNTPs, 1 µl each of the PCR primers at 10 µM concentration, 40 µl water, 1 µl Pfu DNA polymerase (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA) and 1 µl DNA at 100 ng/µl. Denaturation at 95°C was performed for 30 sec, followed by 10 cycles of 95°C for 30 sec, 60°C for 1 min and by 72°C for 3 min. 20 cycles of 95°C for 30 sec, 65°C for 1 min and by 72°C for 3 min, and lastly by 1 cycle of 72°C for 10 min. The PCR product was

cloned to Ra12m/pET17b using HindIII and EcoRI. The sequence of the resulting fusion construct (referred to as Ra12-P501S-F) was confirmed by DNA sequencing.

The fusion construct was transformed into BL21(DE3)pLysE, pLysS and CodonPlus *E. coli* (Stratagene) and grown overnight in LB broth with kanamycin. The resulting culture was induced with IPTG. Protein was transferred to PVDF membrane and blocked with 5% non-fat milk (in PBS-Tween buffer), washed three times and incubated with mouse anti-His tag antibody (Clontech) for 1 hour. The membrane was washed 3 times and probed with HRP-Protein A (Zymed) for 30 min. Finally, the membrane was washed 3 times and developed with ECL (Amersham). No expression was detected by Western blot. Similarly, no expression was detected by Western blot when the Ra12-P501S-F fusion was used for expression in BL21CodonPlus by CE6 phage (Invitrogen).

An N-terminal fragment of P501S (amino acids 36-325 of SEQ ID NO: 113) was cloned down-stream of the first 30 amino acids of the *M. tuberculosis* antigen Ra12 in pET17b as follows. P501S DNA was used to perform PCR using the primers AW025 (SEQ ID NO: 485) and AW027 (SEQ ID NO: 487). AW027 is an antisense cloning primer that contains an EcoRI site and a stop codon. DNA amplification was performed essentially as described above. The resulting PCR product was cloned to Ra12 in pET17b at the HindIII and EcoRI sites. The fusion construct (referred to as Ra12-P501S-N) was confirmed by DNA sequencing.

The Ra12-P501S-N fusion construct was used for expression in BL21(DE3)pLysE, pLysS and CodonPlus, essentially as described above. Using Western blot analysis, protein bands were observed at the expected molecular weight of 36 kDa. Some high molecular weight bands were also observed, probably due to aggregation of the recombinant protein. No expression was detected by Western blot when the Ra12-P501S-F fusion was used for expression in BL21CodonPlus by CE6 phage.

A fusion construct comprising a C-terminal portion of P501S (amino acids 257-553 of SEQ ID NO: 113) located down-stream of the first 30 amino acids of the *M. tuberculosis* antigen Ra12 (SEQ ID NO: 484) was prepared as follows. P501S

DNA was used to perform PCR using the primers AW026 (SEQ ID NO: 488) and AW003 (SEQ ID NO: 486). AW026 is a sense cloning primer that contains a HindIII site. DNA amplification was performed essentially as described above. The resulting PCR product was cloned to Ra12 in pET17b at the HindIII and EcoRI sites. The
5 sequence for the fusion construct (referred to as Ra12-P501S-C) was confirmed.

The Ra12-P501S-C fusion construct was used for expression in BL21(DE3)pLysE, pLysS and CodonPlus, as described above. A small amount of protein was detected by Western blot, with some molecular weight aggregates also being observed. Expression was also detected by Western blot when the Ra12-P501S-C
10 fusion was used for expression in BL21CodonPlus induced by CE6 phage.

A fusion construct comprising a fragment of P501S (amino acids 36-298 of SEQ ID NO: 113) located down-stream of the *M. tuberculosis* antigen Ra12 (SEQ ID NO: 705) was prepared as follows. P501S DNA was used to perform PCR using the primers AW042 (SEQ ID NO: 706) and AW053 (SEQ ID NO: 707). AW042 is a sense
15 cloning primer that contains a EcoRI site. AW053 is an antisense primer with stop and Xho I sites. DNA amplification was performed essentially as described above. The resulting PCR product was cloned to Ra12 in pET17b at the EcoRI and Xho I sites. The resulting fusion construct (referred to as Ra12-P501S-E2) was expressed in B834 (DE3) pLys S *E. coli* host cells in TB media for 2 h at room temperature. Expressed protein
20 was purified by washing the inclusion bodies and running on a Ni-NTA column. The purified protein stayed soluble in buffer containing 20 mM Tris-HCl (pH 8), 100 mM NaCl, 10 mM β -Me and 5% glycerol. The determined cDNA and amino acid sequences for the expressed fusion protein are provided in SEQ ID NO: 708 and 709, respectfully.

25 b) Expression of P501S in Baculovirus

The Bac-to-Bac baculovirus expression system (BRL Life Technologies, Inc.) was used to express P501S protein in insect cells. Full-length P501S (SEQ ID NO: 113) was amplified by PCR and cloned into the XbaI site of the donor plasmid pFastBacI. The recombinant bacmid and baculovirus were prepared according to the

manufacturer's instructions. The recombinant baculovirus was amplified in Sf9 cells and the high titer viral stocks were utilized to infect High Five cells (Invitrogen) to make the recombinant protein. The identity of the full-length protein was confirmed by N-terminal sequencing of the recombinant protein and by Western blot analysis (Figure 7). Specifically, 0.6 million High Five cells in 6-well plates were infected with either the unrelated control virus BV/ECD_PD (lane 2), with recombinant baculovirus for P501S at different amounts or MOIs (lanes 4-8), or were uninfected (lane 3). Cell lysates were run on SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions and analyzed by Western blot with the anti-P501S monoclonal antibody P501S-10E3-G4D3 (prepared as described below). Lane 1 is the biotinylated protein molecular weight marker (BioLabs).

The localization of recombinant P501S in the insect cells was investigated as follows. The insect cells overexpressing P501S were fractionated into fractions of nucleus, mitochondria, membrane and cytosol. Equal amounts of protein from each fraction were analyzed by Western blot with a monoclonal antibody against P501S. Due to the scheme of fractionation, both nucleus and mitochondria fractions contain some plasma membrane components. However, the membrane fraction is basically free from mitochondria and nucleus. P501S was found to be present in all fractions that contain the membrane component, suggesting that P501S may be associated with plasma membrane of the insect cells expressing the recombinant protein.

c) Expression of P501S in Mammalian Cells

Full-length P501S (553 amino acids; SEQ ID NO: 113) was cloned into various mammalian expression vectors, including pCEP4 (Invitrogen), pVR1012 (Vical, San Diego, CA) and a modified form of the retroviral vector pBMN, referred to as pBIB. Transfection of P501S/pCEP4 and P501S/pVR1012 into HEK293 fibroblasts was carried out using the Fugene transfection reagent (Boehringer Mannheim). Briefly, 2 ul of Fugene reagent was diluted into 100 ul of serum-free media and incubated at room temperature for 5-10 min. This mixture was added to 1 ug of P501S plasmid DNA, mixed briefly and incubated for 30 minutes at room temperature. The

Fugene/DNA mixture was added to cells and incubated for 24-48 hours. Expression of recombinant P501S in transfected HEK293 fibroblasts was detected by means of Western blot employing a monoclonal antibody to P501S.

Transfection of p501S/pCEP4 into CHO-K cells (American Type Culture Collection, Rockville, MD) was carried out using GenePorter transfection reagent (Gene Therapy Systems, San Diego, CA). Briefly, 15 µl of GenePorter was diluted in 500 µl of serum-free media and incubated at room temperature for 10 min. The GenePorter/media mixture was added to 2 µg of plasmid DNA that was diluted in 500 µl of serum-free media, mixed briefly and incubated for 30 min at room temperature. CHO-K cells were rinsed in PBS to remove serum proteins, and the GenePorter/DNA mix was added and incubated for 5 hours. The transfected cells were then fed an equal volume of 2x media and incubated for 24-48 hours.

FACS analysis of P501S transiently infected CHO-K cells, demonstrated surface expression of P501S. Expression was detected using rabbit polyclonal antiserum raised against a P501S peptide, as described below. Flow cytometric analysis was performed using a FaCScan (Becton Dickinson), and the data were analyzed using the Cell Quest program.

d) Expression of P501S in *S. cerevisiae*

P501S was expressed in yeast, directed in membranes, using the yeast α prepro signal sequence. The natural signal sequence and first luminal domain of P501S was deleted in order to conserve the natural positioning of the expressed P501S protein.

Specifically, the α prepro signal sequence of *S. cerevisiae* linked to amino acids 55-553 of SEQ ID NO: 113 with a His tag tail was cloned into the plasmid pRIT15068 with the CUP1 promoter and transfected into *S. cerevisiae* strain Y1790. The Y1790 strain is Leu⁺ and His⁻. Expression of protein was induced by addition of either 500 µM or 250 µM of CuSO₄ at 30 °C in minimal medium supplemented with histidine. Cells were harvested 24 hours after induction. Extracts were prepared by growing cells to a concentration of OD₆₀₀ 5.0 in 50 mM citrate phosphate buffer (pH 4.0) plus 130 mM NaCl supplemented with protease inhibitors. Cells were disrupted

using glass beads and centrifuged for 20 min at 15,000 g. The recombinant protein was found to be 100% pellet associated.

Expression of the recombinant protein (molecular weight 63 kD) was demonstrated by Western blot analysis, using the anti-P501S monoclonal antibody 10E-D4-G3 described below. The amino acid sequence of the expressed protein is provided in SEQ ID NO: 792.

Fermentation processes for the production of the α prepro-P501S-His tag recombinant protein in *S. cerevisiae* (strain Y1790 – CUP1 inducible promoter) were evaluated as follows. One hundred μ l of a master seed containing 2.5×10^8 cells/ml of transformed *S. cerevisiae* Y1790 were spread on FSC004AA solid medium. The composition of the FSC004AA medium is as follows: glucose 10 g/l; $\text{Na}_2\text{MoO}_4 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ 0.0002 g/l; folic acid 0.000064 g/l; KH_2PO_4 1 g/l; $\text{MnSO}_4 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ 0.0004 g/l; Inositol 0.064 g/l; $\text{MgSO}_4 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$ 0.5 g/l; H_3BO_3 0.0005 g/l; Pyridoxine 0.008 g/l; $\text{CaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ 0.1 g/l; KI 0.0001 g/l; Thiamine 0.008 g/l; NaCl 0.1 g/l; $\text{CoCl}_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ 0.00009 g/l; Niacin 0.000032 g/l; $\text{FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ 0.0002 g/l; Riboflavin 0.000016 g/l; Panthotenate Ca 0.008 g/l; $\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$ 0.00004 g/l; Biotin 0.000064 g/l; para-aminobenzoic acid 0.000016 g/l; $\text{ZnSO}_4 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$ 0.0004 g/l; $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$ 5 g/l; agar 18 g/l; Histidine 0.1 g/l.

Two plates were incubated for 26 h at 30 °C. These solid pre-cultures were harvested in 5 ml of liquid medium FSC007AA and 0.5 ml (or 9.3×10^7 cells) of this suspension was used to inoculate 2 liquid pre-cultures.

The composition of the FSC007AA medium is as follows: Glucose 10 g/l; $\text{Na}_2\text{MoO}_4 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ 0.0002 g/l; folic acid 0.000064 g/l; KH_2PO_4 1 g/l; $\text{MnSO}_4 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ 0.0004 g/l; Inositol 0.064 g/l; $\text{MgSO}_4 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$ 0.5 g/l; H_3BO_3 0.0005 g/l; Pyridoxine 0.008 g/l; $\text{CaCl}_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$ 0.1 g/l; KI 0.0001 g/l; Thiamine 0.008 g/l; NaCl 0.1 g/l; $\text{CoCl}_2 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ 0.00009 g/l; Niacine 0.000032 g/l; $\text{FeCl}_3 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ 0.0002 g/l; Riboflavin 0.000016 g/l; Panthotenate Ca 0.008 g/l; $\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$ 0.00004 g/l; Biotin 0.000064 g/l; para-aminobenzoic acid 0.000016 g/l; $\text{ZnSO}_4 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$ 0.0004 g/l; $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$ 5 g/l; Histidine 0.1 g/l.

These pre-cultures were run for 20 hours in 2L flasks containing 400 ml of medium FSC007AA in order to obtain an OD of 1.8. The other characteristics of these pre-cultures are as follows: pH 2.8; glucose 2.3 g/L; ethanol 3.4 g/L.

The best timing for liquid pre-cultures for strain Y1790 was determined in preliminary experiments. Liquid pre-cultures containing 400 ml of medium and inoculated with various volumes of Master Seed (0.25, 0.5, 1 or 2 ml) were monitored in order to identify the best inoculum size and timing. Glucose, ethanol, pH, OD and
5 cell number (determined by flow cytometry) were followed between 16 and 23 hours of culture. Glucose exhaustion and maximal biomass were obtained after 20 hour incubation with 0.5 inoculum. These conditions were adopted for transferring the pre-culture into fermentation.

In total, 800ml of pre-culture were used to inoculate a 20 L fermenter
10 containing 5L of medium FSC002AA. Three ml of irradiated antifoam were added before inoculation. The composition of the FSC002AA medium is as follows:
(NH₄)₂SO₄ 6.4 g/l; Na₂MoO₄.2H₂O 2.05 mg/l; folic acid 0.54 mg/l; KH₂PO₄ 8.25 g/l;
MnSO₄.H₂O 4.1 mg/l; inositol 540 mg/l; MgSO₄.7H₂O 4.69 g/l; H₃BO₃ 5.17 mg/l;
pyridoxine 68 mg/l; CaCl₂.2H₂O 0.92 g/l; KI 1.03 mg/l; thiamine 68 mg/l; NaCl 0.06g/l;
15 CoCl₂.6H₂O 0.92 mg/l; Niacine 0.27 mg/l; HCl 1 ml/l; FeCl₃.6H₂O 9.92 mg/l;
Riboflavin 0.13 mg/l; CuSO₄.5H₂O 0.41 mg/l; Glucose 0.14 g/l; Panthotenate Ca 68
mg/l; ZnSO₄.7H₂O 4.1 mg/l; Biotin 0.54 mg/l; para-aminobenzoic acid 0.13 mg/l;
Histidine 0.3 g/l

The carbon source (glucose) was supplemented by a continuous feeding
20 of FFB004AA medium. The composition of the FFB004AA medium is as follows:
glucose 350 g/l; Na₂MoO₄.2H₂O 5.15 mg/l; folic acid 1.36 mg/l; KH₂PO₄ 20.6 g/l;
MnSO₄.H₂O 10.3 mg/l; inositol 1350 mg/l; MgSO₄.7H₂O 11.7 g/l; H₃BO₃ 12.9 mg/l;
pyridoxine 170 mg/l; CaCl₂.2H₂O 2.35 g/l; KI 2.6 mg/l; thiamine 170 mg/l; NaCl 0.15 g/l;
CoCl₂.6H₂O 2.3 mg/l; niacine 0.67 mg/l; HCl 2.5 ml/l; FeCl₃.6H₂O 24.8 mg/l;
25 riboflavin; 0.33 mg/l; CuSO₄.5H₂O 1.03 mg/l; biotin 1.36 mg/l; panthotenate Ca 170
mg/l; ZnSO₄.7H₂O 10.3 mg/l; para-aminobenzoic acid: 0.33 mg/l; histidine 5.35 g/l.

The residual glucose concentration was maintained very low (□50 mg/L) in order to minimize ethanol production by fermentation. This was achieved by limiting the development of the microorganism using a limited glucose feed rate. The Standard
30 biomass content (OD 80-90) was reached in fermentation after 44 hour growth phase.

CUP1 promoter was then induced by adding 500μM CuSO₄ in order to

produce P501S antigen. CuSO_4 addition was followed by ethanol accumulation (up to 6 g/L), and the glucose feeding rate was then reduced in order to consume the ethanol. The copper available for the microorganism was monitored by testing Cu ion concentration in the broth supernatant using a spectrophotometric copper assay (DETC
5 method). The fermentation was then supplemented by CuSO_4 throughout the induction phase in order to maintain its concentration between 150 and 250 μM in the supernatant. The biomass reached an OD of 100 at the end of induction. Cells were harvested after 8 hours of induction.

Cell homogenate was prepared and analysed by SDS-PAGE and Western
10 Blot using standard protocols. A major protein band with the expected molecular weight of 62KD was detected by Western blot using anti-P501S monoclonal antibodies. Western blot analysis also showed that the major 62KD band was progressively produced from 30 minutes of induction on, and reached a maximum after 3 hours. No more antigen seemed to be produced between 3 and 12 hours of induction.

15 The number of passages through a French Press necessary to extract all the antigen from the cells was evaluated. One, three and five passages were tested and total cell lysates, supernatants and pellets of cell lysates were analysed by Western blot. Three passages through a French Press were sufficient to completely extract the antigen. The antigen was present in the insoluble fraction.

20

e) Expression of P703P in Baculovirus

The cDNA for full-length P703P-DE5 (SEQ ID NO: 326), together with several flanking restriction sites, was obtained by digesting the plasmid pCDNA703 with restriction endonucleases Xba I and Hind III. The resulting restriction fragment
25 (approx. 800 base pairs) was ligated into the transfer plasmid pFastBacI which was digested with the same restriction enzymes. The sequence of the insert was confirmed by DNA sequencing. The recombinant transfer plasmid pFBP703 was used to make recombinant bacmid DNA and baculovirus using the Bac-To-Bac Baculovirus expression system (BRL Life Technologies). High Five cells were infected with the
30 recombinant virus BVP703, as described above, to obtain recombinant P703P protein.

e) Expression of P788P in *E. Coli*

A truncated, N-terminal portion, of P788P (residues 1-644 of SEQ ID NO: 777; referred to as P788P-N) fused with a C-terminal 6xHis Tag was expressed in *E. coli* as follows. P788P cDNA was amplified using the primers AW080 and AW081 (SEQ ID NO: 672 and 673). AW080 is a sense cloning primer with an NdeI site. AW081 is an antisense cloning primer with a XhoI site. The PCR-amplified P788P, as well as the vector pCRX1, were digested with NdeI and XhoI. Vector and insert were ligated and transformed into NovaBlue cells. Colonies were randomly screened for insert and then sequenced. P788P-N clone #6 was confirmed to be identical to the designed construct. The expression construct P788P-N #6/pCRX1 was transformed into *E. coli* BL21 CodonPlus-RIL competent cells. After induction, most of the cells grew well, achieving OD600 of greater than 2.0 after 3 hr. Coomassie stained SDS-PAGE showed an over-expressed band at about 75 kD. Western blot analysis using a 6xHisTag antibody confirmed the band was P788P-N. The determined cDNA sequence for P788P-N is provided in SEQ ID NO: 674, with the corresponding amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 675.

f) Expression of P510S in *E. Coli*

The P510S protein has 9 potential transmembrane domains and is predicted to be located at the plasma membrane. The C-terminal protein of this protein, as well as the predicted third extracellular domain of P510S were expressed in *E. coli* as follows.

The expression construct referred to as Ra12-P501S-C was designed to have a 6 HisTag at the N-terminal end, followed by the *M. tuberculosis* antigen Ra12 (SEQ ID NO: 676) and then the C-terminal portion of P510S (amino residues 1176-1261 of SEQ ID NO: 538). Full-length P510S was used to amplify the P510S-C fragment by PCR using the primers AW056 and AW057 (SEQ ID NO: 677 and 678, respectively). AW056 is a sense cloning primer with an EcoRI site. AW057 is an antisense primer with stop and XhoI sites. The amplified P501S fragment and Ra12/pCRX1 were digested with EcoRI and XhoI and then purified. The insert and

vector were ligated together and transformed into NovaBlue. Colonies were randomly screened for insert and sequences. For protein expression, the expression construct was transformed into *E. coli* BL21 (DE3) CodonPlus-RIL competent cells. A mini-induction screen was performed to optimize the expression conditions. After induction
5 the cells grew well, achieving OD 600 nm greater than 2.0 after 3 hours. Coomassie stain SDS-PAGE showed a highly over-expressed band at approx. 30 kD. Though this is higher than the expected molecular weight, western blot analysis was positive, showing this band to be the His tag-containing protein. The optimized culture conditions are as follows. Dilute overnight culture/daytime culture (LB + kanamycin +
10 chloramphenicol) into 2xYT (with kanamycin and chloramphenicol) at a ratio of 25 ml culture to 1 liter 2xYT. Allow to grow at 37 °C until OD600 = 0.6. Take an aliquot out as T0 sample. Add 1 mM IPTG and allow to grow at 30 °C for 3 hours. Take out a T3 sample, spin down cells and store at -80 °C. The determined cDNA and amino acid sequences for the Ra12-P510S-C construct are provided in SEQ ID NO: 679 and 682,
15 respectively.

The expression construct P510S-C was designed to have a 5' added start codon and a glycine (GGA) codon and then the P510S C terminal fragment followed by the in frame 6x histidine tag and stop codon from the pET28b vector. The cloning strategy is similar to that used for Ra12-P510S-C, except that the PCR primers employed were
20 those shown in SEQ ID NO: 685 and 686, respectively and the NcoI/XhoI cut in pET28b was used. The primer of SEQ ID NO: 685 created a 5' NcoI site and added a start codon. The antisense primer of SEQ ID NO: 686 creates a XhoI site on P510S C terminal fragment. Clones were confirmed by sequencing. For protein expression, the expression construct was transformed into *E. coli* BL21 (DE3) CodonPlus-RIL
25 competent cells. An OD600 of greater than 2.0 was obtained 30 hours after induction. Coomassie stained SDS-PAGE showed an over-expressed band at about 11 kD. Western blot analysis confirmed that the band was P510S-C, as did N-terminal protein sequencing. The optimized culture conditions are as follows: dilute overnight culture/daytime culture (LB + kanamycin + chloramphenicol) into 2x YT (+ kanamycin
30 and chloramphenicol) at a ratio of 25 mL culture to 1 liter 2x YT, and allow to grow at

37 °C until an OD 600 of about 0.5 is reached. Take out an aliquot as T0 sample. Add 1 mM IPTG and allow to grow at 30 °C for 3 hours. Spin down the cells and store at -80 °C until purification. The determined cDNA and amino acid sequences for the P510S-C construct are shown in SEQ ID NO: 680 and 683, respectively.

5 The predicted third extracellular domain of P510S (P510S-E3; residues 328-676 of SEQ ID NO: 538) was expressed in *E. coli* as follows. The P510S fragment was amplified by PCR using the primers shown in SEQ ID NO: 687 and 688. The primer of SEQ ID NO: 687 is a sense primer with an NdeI site for use in ligating into pPDM. The primer of SEQ ID NO: 688 is an antisense primer with an added XhoI site
10 for use in ligating into pPDM. The resulting fragment was cloned to pPDM at the NdeI and XhoI sites. Clones were confirmed by sequencing. For protein expression, the clone was transformed into *E. coli* BL21 (DE3) CodonPlus-RIL competent cells. After induction, an OD600 of greater than 2.0 was achieved after 3 hours. Coomassie stained SDS-PAGE showed an over-expressed band at about 39 kD, and N-terminal sequencing
15 confirmed the N-terminal to be that of P510S-E3. Optimized culture conditions are as follows: dilute overnight culture/daytime culture (LB + kanamycin + chloramphenicol) into 2x YT (kanamycin and chloramphenicol) at a ratio of 25 ml culture to 1 liter 2x YT. Allow to grow at 37 °C until OD 600 equals 0.6. Take out an aliquot as T0 sample. Add 1 mM IPTG and allow to grow at 30 °C for 3 hours. Take out a T3
20 sample, spin down the cells and store at -80 °C until purification. The determined cDNA and amino acid sequences for the P501S-E3 construct are provided in SEQ ID NO: 681 and 684, respectively.

g) Expression of P775S in *E. Coli*

25 The antigen P775P contains multiple open reading frames (ORF). The third ORF, encoding the protein of SEQ ID NO: 483, has the best emotif score. An expression fusion construct containing the *M. tuberculosis* antigen Ra12 (SEQ ID NO: 676) and P775P-ORF3 with an N-terminal 6x HisTag was prepared as follows. P775P-ORF3 was amplified using the sense PCR primers of SEQ ID NO: 689 and the anti-sense PCR primer of SEQ ID NO: 690. The PCR amplified fragment of P775P and

Ra12/pCRX1 were digested with the restriction enzymes EcoRI and XhoI. Vector and insert were ligated and then transformed into NovaBlue cells. Colonies were randomly screened for insert and then sequenced. A clone having the desired sequence was transformed into *E. coli* BL21 (DE3) CodonPlus-RIL competent cells. Two hours after
5 induction, the cell density peaked at OD600 of approximately 1.8. Coomassie stained SDS-PAGE showed an over-expressed band at about 31 kD. Western blot using 6x HisTag antibody confirmed that the band was Ra12-P775P-ORF3. The determined cDNA and amino acid sequences for the fusion construct are provided in SEQ ID NO: 691 and 692, respectively.

10

H) EXPRESSION OF A P703P HIS TAG FUSION PROTEIN IN *E. COLI*

The cDNA for the coding region of P703P was prepared by PCR using the primers of SEQ ID NO: 693 and 694. The PCR product was digested with EcoRI restriction enzyme, gel purified and cloned into a modified pET28 vector with a His tag
15 in frame, which had been digested with Eco72I and EcoRI restriction enzymes. The correct construct was confirmed by DNA sequence analysis and then transformed into *E. coli* BL21 (DE3) pLys S expression host cells. The determined amino acid and cDNA sequences for the expressed recombinant P703P are provided in SEQ ID NO: 695 and 696, respectively.

20

I) EXPRESSION OF A P705P HIS TAG FUSION PROTEIN IN *E. COLI*

The cDNA for the coding region of P705P was prepared by PCR using the primers of SEQ ID NO: 697 and 698. The PCR product was digested with EcoRI restriction enzyme, gel purified and cloned into a modified pET28 vector with a His tag
25 in frame, which had been digested with Eco72I and EcoRI restriction enzymes. The correct construct was confirmed by DNA sequence analysis and then transformed into *E. coli* BL21 (DE3) pLys S and BL21 (DE3) CodonPlus expression host cells. The determined amino acid and cDNA sequences for the expressed recombinant P705P are provided in SEQ ID NO: 699 and 700, respectively.

30

J) EXPRESSION OF A P711P HIS TAG FUSION PROTEIN IN *E. COLI*

The cDNA for the coding region of P711P was prepared by PCR using the primers of SEQ ID NO: 701 and 702. The PCR product was digested with EcoRI restriction enzyme, gel purified and cloned into a modified pET28 vector with a His tag in frame, which had been digested with Eco72I and EcoRI restriction enzymes. The correct construct was confirmed by DNA sequence analysis and then transformed into *E. coli* BL21 (DE3) pLys S and BL21 (DE3) CodonPlus expression host cells. The determined amino acid and cDNA sequences for the expressed recombinant P711P are provided in SEQ ID NO: 703 and 704, respectively.

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EXAMPLE 18

PREPARATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF ANTIBODIES AGAINST PROSTATE-SPECIFIC POLYPEPTIDES

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a) Preparation and Characterization of Polyclonal Antibodies against P703P, P504S and P509S

Polyclonal antibodies against P703P, P504S and P509S were prepared as follows.

Each prostate tumor antigen expressed in an *E. coli* recombinant expression system was grown overnight in LB broth with the appropriate antibiotics at 37°C in a shaking incubator. The next morning, 10 ml of the overnight culture was added to 500 ml to 2x YT plus appropriate antibiotics in a 2L-baffled Erlenmeyer flask. When the Optical Density (at 560 nm) of the culture reached 0.4-0.6, the cells were induced with IPTG (1 mM). Four hours after induction with IPTG, the cells were harvested by centrifugation. The cells were then washed with phosphate buffered saline and centrifuged again. The supernatant was discarded and the cells were either frozen for future use or immediately processed. Twenty ml of lysis buffer was added to the cell pellets and vortexed. To break open the *E. coli* cells, this mixture was then run

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through the French Press at a pressure of 16,000 psi. The cells were then centrifuged again and the supernatant and pellet were checked by SDS-PAGE for the partitioning of the recombinant protein. For proteins that localized to the cell pellet, the pellet was resuspended in 10 mM Tris pH 8.0, 1% CHAPS and the inclusion body pellet was washed and centrifuged again. This procedure was repeated twice more. The washed inclusion body pellet was solubilized with either 8 M urea or 6 M guanidine HCl containing 10 mM Tris pH 8.0 plus 10 mM imidazole. The solubilized protein was added to 5 ml of nickel-chelate resin (Qiagen) and incubated for 45 min to 1 hour at room temperature with continuous agitation. After incubation, the resin and protein mixture were poured through a disposable column and the flow through was collected. The column was then washed with 10-20 column volumes of the solubilization buffer. The antigen was then eluted from the column using 8M urea, 10 mM Tris pH 8.0 and 300 mM imidazole and collected in 3 ml fractions. A SDS-PAGE gel was run to determine which fractions to pool for further purification.

As a final purification step, a strong anion exchange resin such as HiPrepQ (Biorad) was equilibrated with the appropriate buffer and the pooled fractions from above were loaded onto the column. Each antigen was eluted off the column with a increasing salt gradient. Fractions were collected as the column was run and another SDS-PAGE gel was run to determine which fractions from the column to pool. The pooled fractions were dialyzed against 10 mM Tris pH 8.0. The proteins were then vialled after filtration through a 0.22 micron filter and the antigens were frozen until needed for immunization.

Four hundred micrograms of each prostate antigen was combined with 100 micrograms of muramyl dipeptide (MDP). Every four weeks rabbits were boosted with 100 micrograms mixed with an equal volume of Incomplete Freund's Adjuvant (IFA). Seven days following each boost, the animal was bled. Sera was generated by incubating the blood at 4°C for 12-4 hours followed by centrifugation.

Ninety-six well plates were coated with antigen by incubating with 50 microliters (typically 1 microgram) of recombinant protein at 4 °C for 20 hours. 250 microliters of BSA blocking buffer was added to the wells and incubated at room

temperature for 2 hours. Plates were washed 6 times with PBS/0.01% Tween. Rabbit sera was diluted in PBS. Fifty microliters of diluted sera was added to each well and incubated at room temperature for 30 min. Plates were washed as described above before 50 microliters of goat anti-rabbit horse radish peroxidase (HRP) at a 1:10000
5 dilution was added and incubated at room temperature for 30 min. Plates were again washed as described above and 100 microliters of TMB microwell peroxidase substrate was added to each well. Following a 15 min incubation in the dark at room temperature, the colorimetric reaction was stopped with 100 microliters of 1N H₂SO₄ and read immediately at 450 nm. All polyclonal antibodies showed immunoreactivity
10 to the appropriate antigen.

b) Preparation and Characterization of Antibodies against P501S

A murine monoclonal antibody directed against the carboxy-terminus of the prostate-specific antigen P501S was prepared as follows.

A truncated fragment of P501S (amino acids 355-526 of SEQ ID NO:
15 113) was generated and cloned into the pET28b vector (Novagen) and expressed in *E. coli* as a thioredoxin fusion protein with a histidine tag. The trx-P501S fusion protein was purified by nickel chromatography, digested with thrombin to remove the trx fragment and further purified by an acid precipitation procedure followed by reverse phase HPLC.

20 Mice were immunized with truncated P501S protein. Serum bleeds from mice that potentially contained anti-P501S polyclonal sera were tested for P501S-specific reactivity using ELISA assays with purified P501S and trx-P501S proteins. Serum bleeds that appeared to react specifically with P501S were then screened for P501S reactivity by Western analysis. Mice that contained a P501S-specific antibody
25 component were sacrificed and spleen cells were used to generate anti-P501S antibody producing hybridomas using standard techniques. Hybridoma supernatants were tested for P501S-specific reactivity initially by ELISA, and subsequently by FACS analysis of reactivity with P501S transduced cells. Based on these results, a monoclonal hybridoma referred to as 10E3 was chosen for further subcloning. A number of subclones were

generated, tested for specific reactivity to P501S using ELISA and typed for IgG isotype. The results of this analysis are shown below in Table V. Of the 16 subclones tested, the monoclonal antibody 10E3-G4-D3 was selected for further study.

5

Table V

Isotype analysis of murine anti-P501S monoclonal antibodies

Hybridoma clone	Isotype	Estimated [Ig] in supernatant ($\mu\text{g/ml}$)
4D11	IgG1	14.6
1G1	IgG1	0.6
4F6	IgG1	72
4H5	IgG1	13.8
4H5-E12	IgG1	10.7
4H5-EH2	IgG1	9.2
4H5-H2-A10	IgG1	10
4H5-H2-A3	IgG1	12.8
4H5-H2-A10-G6	IgG1	13.6
4H5-H2-B11	IgG1	12.3
10E3	IgG2a	3.4
10E3-D4	IgG2a	3.8
10E3-D4-G3	IgG2a	9.5
10E3-D4-G6	IgG2a	10.4
10E3-E7	IgG2a	6.5
8H12	IgG2a	0.6

The specificity of 10E3-G4-D3 for P501S was examined by FACS analysis. Specifically, cells were fixed (2% formaldehyde, 10 minutes), permeabilized (0.1% saponin, 10 minutes) and stained with 10E3-G4-D3 at 0.5 – 1 $\mu\text{g/ml}$, followed by incubation with a secondary, FITC-conjugated goat anti-mouse Ig antibody (Pharmingen, San Diego, CA). Cells were then analyzed for FITC fluorescence using an Excalibur fluorescence activated cell sorter. For FACS analysis of transduced cells, B-LCL were retrovirally transduced with P501S. For analysis of infected cells, B-LCL were infected with a vaccinia vector that expresses P501S. To demonstrate specificity in these assays, B-LCL transduced with a different antigen (P703P) and uninfected B-LCL vectors were utilized. 10E3-G4-D3 was shown to bind with P501S-transduced B-

LCL and also with P501S-infected B-LCL, but not with either uninfected cells or P703P-transduced cells.

To determine whether the epitope recognized by 10E3-G4-D3 was found on the surface or in an intracellular compartment of cells, B-LCL were transduced with
5 P501S or HLA-B8' as a control antigen and either fixed and permeabilized as described above or directly stained with 10E3-G4-D3 and analyzed as above. Specific recognition of P501S by 10E3-G4-D3 was found to require permeabilization, suggesting that the epitope recognized by this antibody is intracellular.

The reactivity of 10E3-G4-D3 with the three prostate tumor cell lines
10 Lncap, PC-3 and DU-145, which are known to express high, medium and very low levels of P501S, respectively, was examined by permeabilizing the cells and treating them as described above. Higher reactivity of 10E3-G4-D3 was seen with Lncap than with PC-3, which in turn showed higher reactivity than DU-145. These results are in agreement with the real time PCR and demonstrate that the antibody specifically
15 recognizes P501S in these tumor cell lines and that the epitope recognized in prostate tumor cell lines is also intracellular.

Specificity of 10E3-G4-D3 for P501S was also demonstrated by Western blot analysis. Lysates from the prostate tumor cell lines Lncap, DU-145 and PC-3, from P501S-transiently transfected HEK293 cells, and from non-transfected HEK293 cells
20 were generated. Western blot analysis of these lysates with 10E3-G4-D3 revealed a 46 kDa immunoreactive band in Lncap, PC-3 and P501S-transfected HEK cells, but not in DU-145 cells or non-transfected HEK293 cells. P501S mRNA expression is consistent with these results since semi-quantitative PCR analysis revealed that P501S mRNA is expressed in Lncap, to a lesser but detectable level in PC-3 and not at all in DU-145
25 cells. Bacterially expressed and purified recombinant P501S (referred to as P501SStr2) was recognized by 10E3-G4-D3 (24 kDa), as was full-length P501S that was transiently expressed in HEK293 cells using either the expression vector VR1012 or pCEP4. Although the predicted molecular weight of P501S is 60.5 kDa, both transfected and "native" P501S run at a slightly lower mobility due to its hydrophobic nature.

Immunohistochemical analysis was performed on prostate tumor and a panel of normal tissue sections (prostate, adrenal, breast, cervix, colon, duodenum, gall bladder, ileum, kidney, ovary, pancreas, parotid gland, skeletal muscle, spleen and testis). Tissue samples were fixed in formalin solution for 24 hours and embedded in paraffin before being sliced into 10 micron sections. Tissue sections were permeabilized and incubated with 10E3-G4-D3 antibody for 1 hr. HRP-labeled anti-mouse followed by incubation with DAB chromogen was used to visualize P501S immunoreactivity. P501S was found to be highly expressed in both normal prostate and prostate tumor tissue but was not detected in any of the other tissues tested.

To identify the epitope recognized by 10E3-G4-D3, an epitope mapping approach was pursued. A series of 13 overlapping 20-21 mers (5 amino acid overlap; SEQ ID NO: 489-501) was synthesized that spanned the fragment of P501S used to generate 10E3-G4-D3. Flat bottom 96 well microtiter plates were coated with either the peptides or the P501S fragment used to immunize mice, at 1 microgram/ml for 2 hours at 37 °C. Wells were then aspirated and blocked with phosphate buffered saline containing 1% (w/v) BSA for 2 hours at room temperature, and subsequently washed in PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20 (PBST). Purified antibody 10E3-G4-D3 was added at 2 fold dilutions (1000 ng – 16 ng) in PBST and incubated for 30 minutes at room temperature. This was followed by washing 6 times with PBST and subsequently incubating with HRP-conjugated donkey anti-mouse IgG (H+L)Affinipure F(ab') fragment (Jackson Immunoresearch, West Grove, PA) at 1:20000 for 30 minutes. Plates were then washed and incubated for 15 minutes in tetramethyl benzidine. Reactions were stopped by the addition of 1N sulfuric acid and plates were read at 450 nm using an ELISA plate reader. As shown in Fig. 8, reactivity was seen with the peptide of SEQ ID NO: 496 (corresponding to amino acids 439-459 of P501S) and with the P501S fragment but not with the remaining peptides, demonstrating that the epitope recognized by 10E3-G4-D3 is localized to amino acids 439-459 of SEQ ID NO: 113.

In order to further evaluate the tissue specificity of P501S, multi-array immunohistochemical analysis was performed on approximately 4700 different human tissues encompassing all the major normal organs as well as neoplasias derived from

these tissues. Sixty-five of these human tissue samples were of prostate origin. Tissue sections 0.6 mm in diameter were formalin-fixed and paraffin embedded. Samples were pretreated with HIER using 10 mM citrate buffer pH 6.0 and boiling for 10 min. Sections were stained with 10E3-G4-D3 and P501S immunoreactivity was visualized
 5 with HRP. All the 65 prostate tissues samples (5 normal, 55 untreated prostate tumors, 5 hormone refractory prostate tumors) were positive, showing distinct perinuclear staining. All other tissues examined were negative for P501S expression.

c) Preparation and Characterization of Antibodies against P503S

10 A fragment of P503S (amino acids 113-241 of SEQ ID NO: 114) was expressed and purified from bacteria essentially as described above for P501S and used to immunize both rabbits and mice. Mouse monoclonal antibodies were isolated using standard hybridoma technology as described above. Rabbit monoclonal antibodies were isolated using Selected Lymphocyte Antibody Method (SLAM) technology at
 15 Immgenics Pharmaceuticals (Vancouver, BC, Canada). Table VI, below, lists the monoclonal antibodies that were developed against P503S.

Table VI

Antibody	Species
20D4	Rabbit
JA1	Rabbit
1A4	Mouse
1C3	Mouse
1C9	Mouse
1D12	Mouse
2A11	Mouse
2H9	Mouse
4H7	Mouse
8A8	Mouse
8D10	Mouse
9C12	Mouse
6D12	Mouse

The DNA sequences encoding the complementarity determining regions (CDRs) for the rabbit monoclonal antibodies 20D4 and JA1 were determined and are provided in SEQ ID NO: 502 and 503, respectively.

5 In order to better define the epitope binding region of each of the antibodies, a series of overlapping peptides were generated that span amino acids 109-213 of SEQ ID NO: 114. These peptides were used to epitope map the anti-P503S monoclonal antibodies by ELISA as follows. The recombinant fragment of P503S that was employed as the immunogen was used as a positive control. Ninety-six well
10 microtiter plates were coated with either peptide or recombinant antigen at 20 ng/well overnight at 4 °C. Plates were aspirated and blocked with phosphate buffered saline containing 1% (w/v) BSA for 2 hours at room temperature then washed in PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20 (PBST). Purified rabbit monoclonal antibodies diluted in PBST were added to the wells and incubated for 30 min at room temperature. This was
15 followed by washing 6 times with PBST and incubation with Protein-A HRP conjugate at a 1:2000 dilution for a further 30 min. Plates were washed six times in PBST and incubated with tetramethylbenzidine (TMB) substrate for a further 15 min. The reaction was stopped by the addition of 1N sulfuric acid and plates were read at 450 nm using at ELISA plate reader. ELISA with the mouse monoclonal antibodies was performed with
20 supernatants from tissue culture run neat in the assay.

All of the antibodies bound to the recombinant P503S fragment, with the exception of the negative control SP2 supernatant. 20D4, JA1 and 1D12 bound strictly to peptide #2101 (SEQ ID NO: 504), which corresponds to amino acids 151-169 of SEQ ID NO: 114. 1C3 bound to peptide #2102 (SEQ ID NO: 505), which corresponds
25 to amino acids 165-184 of SEQ ID NO: 114. 9C12 bound to peptide #2099 (SEQ ID NO: 522), which corresponds to amino acids 120-139 of SEQ ID NO: 114. The other antibodies bind to regions that were not examined in these studies.

Subsequent to epitope mapping, the antibodies were tested by FACS analysis on a cell line that stably expressed P503S to confirm that the antibodies bind to
30 cell surface epitopes. Cells stably transfected with a control plasmid were employed as

a negative control. Cells were stained live with no fixative. 0.5 ug of anti-P503S monoclonal antibody was added and cells were incubated on ice for 30 min before being washed twice and incubated with a FITC-labelled goat anti-rabbit or mouse secondary antibody for 20 min. After being washed twice, cells were analyzed with an Excalibur
5 fluorescent activated cell sorter. The monoclonal antibodies 1C3, 1D12, 9C12, 20D4 and JA1, but not 8D3, were found to bind to a cell surface epitope of P503S.

In order to determine which tissues express P503S, immunohistochemical analysis was performed, essentially as described above, on a panel of normal tissues (prostate, adrenal, breast, cervix, colon, duodenum, gall bladder,
10 ileum, kidney, ovary, pancreas, parotid gland, skeletal muscle, spleen and testis). HRP-labeled anti-mouse or anti-rabbit antibody followed by incubation with TMB was used to visualize P503S immunoreactivity. P503S was found to be highly expressed in prostate tissue, with lower levels of expression being observed in cervix, colon, ileum and kidney, and no expression being observed in adrenal, breast, duodenum, gall
15 bladder, ovary, pancreas, parotid gland, skeletal muscle, spleen and testis.

Western blot analysis was used to characterize anti-P503S monoclonal antibody specificity. SDS-PAGE was performed on recombinant (rec) P503S expressed in and purified from bacteria and on lysates from HEK293 cells transfected with full length P503S. Protein was transferred to nitrocellulose and then Western blotted with
20 each of the anti-P503S monoclonal antibodies (20D4, JA1, 1D12, 6D12 and 9C12) at an antibody concentration of 1 ug/ml. Protein was detected using horse radish peroxidase (HRP) conjugated to either a goat anti-mouse monoclonal antibody or to protein A-sepharose. The monoclonal antibody 20D4 detected the appropriate molecular weight 14 kDa recombinant P503S (amino acids 113-241) and the 23.5 kDa
25 species in the HEK293 cell lysates transfected with full length P503S. Other anti-P503S monoclonal antibodies displayed similar specificity by Western blot.

d) Preparation and Characterization of Antibodies against P703P

Rabbits were immunized with either a truncated (P703Ptr1; SEQ ID NO: 172) or full-length mature form (P703Pfl; SEQ ID NO: 523) of recombinant P703P

protein was expressed in and purified from bacteria as described above. Affinity purified polyclonal antibody was generated using immunogen P703Pfl or P703Ptrl attached to a solid support. Rabbit monoclonal antibodies were isolated using SLAM technology at Immgenics Pharmaceuticals. Table VII below lists both the polyclonal and monoclonal antibodies that were generated against P703P.

Table VII

Antibody	Immunogen	Species/type
Aff. Purif. P703P (truncated); #2594	P703Ptrl	Rabbit polyclonal
Aff. Purif. P703P (full length); #9245	P703Pfl	Rabbit polyclonal
2D4	P703Ptrl	Rabbit monoclonal
8H2	P703Ptrl	Rabbit monoclonal
7H8	P703Ptrl	Rabbit monoclonal

The DNA sequences encoding the complementarity determining regions (CDRs) for the rabbit monoclonal antibodies 8H2, 7H8 and 2D4 were determined and are provided in SEQ ID NO: 506-508, respectively.

Epitope mapping studies were performed as described above. Monoclonal antibodies 2D4 and 7H8 were found to specifically bind to the peptides of SEQ ID NO: 509 (corresponding to amino acids 145-159 of SEQ ID NO: 172) and SEQ ID NO: 510 (corresponding to amino acids 11-25 of SEQ ID NO: 172), respectively. The polyclonal antibody 2594 was found to bind to the peptides of SEQ ID NO: 511-514, with the polyclonal antibody 9427 binding to the peptides of SEQ ID NO: 515-517.

The specificity of the anti-P703P antibodies was determined by Western blot analysis as follows. SDS-PAGE was performed on (1) bacterially expressed recombinant antigen; (2) lysates of HEK293 cells and Ltk^{-/-} cells either untransfected or transfected with a plasmid expressing full length P703P; and (3) supernatant isolated from these cell cultures. Protein was transferred to nitrocellulose and then Western blotted using the anti-P703P polyclonal antibody #2594 at an antibody concentration of 1 ug/ml. Protein was detected using horse radish peroxidase (HRP) conjugated to an anti-rabbit antibody. A 35 kDa immunoreactive band could be observed with

recombinant P703P. Recombinant P703P runs at a slightly higher molecular weight since it is epitope tagged. In lysates and supernatants from cells transfected with full length P703P, a 30 kDa band corresponding to P703P was observed. To assure specificity, lysates from HEK293 cells stably transfected with a control plasmid were
5 also tested and were negative for P703P expression. Other anti-P703P antibodies showed similar results.

Immunohistochemical studies were performed as described above, using anti-P703P monoclonal antibody. P703P was found to be expressed at high levels in normal prostate and prostate tumor tissue but was not detectable in all other tissues
10 tested (breast tumor, lung tumor and normal kidney).

e) Preparation and Characterization of Antibodies against P504S

Full-length P504S (SEQ ID NO: 108) was expressed and purified from bacteria essentially as described above for P501S and employed to raise rabbit monoclonal antibodies using Selected Lymphocyte Antibody Method (SLAM)
15 technology at Immgenics Pharmaceuticals (Vancouver, BC, Canada). The anti-P504S monoclonal antibody 13H4 was shown by Western blot to bind to both expressed recombinant P504S and to native P504S in tumor cells.

Immunohistochemical studies using 13H4 to assess P504S expression in various prostate tissues were performed as described above. A total of 104 cases,
20 including 65 cases of radical prostatectomies with prostate cancer (PC), 26 cases of prostate biopsies and 13 cases of benign prostate hyperplasia (BPH), were stained with the anti-P504S monoclonal antibody 13H4. P504S showed strongly cytoplasmic granular staining in 64/65 (98.5%) of PCs in prostatectomies and 26/26 (100%) of PCs in prostatic biopsies. P504S was stained strongly and diffusely in carcinomas (4+ in
25 91.2% of cases of PC; 3+ in 5.5%; 2+ in 2.2% and 1+ in 1.1%) and high grade prostatic intraepithelial neoplasia (4+ in all cases). The expression of P504S did not vary with Gleason score. Only 17/91 (18.7%) of cases of NP/BPH around PC and 2/13 (15.4%) of BPH cases were focally (1+, no 2+ to 4+ in all cases) and weakly positive for P504S in large glands. Expression of P504S was not found in small atrophic glands, postatrophic
30 hyperplasia, basal cell hyperplasia and transitional cell metaplasia in either biopsies or

prostatectomies. P504S was thus found to be over-expressed in all Gleason scores of prostate cancer (98.5 to 100% of sensitivity) and exhibited only focal positivities in large normal glands in 19/104 of cases (82.3% of specificity). These findings indicate that P504S may be usefully employed for the diagnosis of prostate cancer.

5

EXAMPLE 19

CHARACTERIZATION OF CELL SURFACE EXPRESSION AND
CHROMOSOME LOCALIZATION OF THE PROSTATE-SPECIFIC ANTIGEN P501S

10 This example describes studies demonstrating that the prostate-specific antigen P501S is expressed on the surface of cells, together with studies to determine the probable chromosomal location of P501S.

The protein P501S (SEQ ID NO: 113) is predicted to have 11 transmembrane domains. Based on the discovery that the epitope recognized by the anti-
15 P501S monoclonal antibody 10E3-G4-D3 (described above in Example 17) is intracellular, it was predicted that following transmembrane determinants would allow the prediction of extracellular domains of P501S. Fig. 9 is a schematic representation of the P501S protein showing the predicted location of the transmembrane domains and the intracellular epitope described in Example 17. Underlined sequence represents the
20 predicted transmembrane domains, bold sequence represents the predicted extracellular domains, and italicized sequence represents the predicted intracellular domains. Sequence that is both bold and underlined represents sequence employed to generate polyclonal rabbit serum. The location of the transmembrane domains was predicted using HHMTOP as described by Tusnady and Simon (Principles Governing Amino
25 Acid Composition of Integral Membrane Proteins: Applications to Topology Prediction, *J. Mol. Biol.* 283:489-506, 1998).

Based on Fig. 9, the P501S domain flanked by the transmembrane domains corresponding to amino acids 274-295 and 323-342 is predicted to be extracellular. The peptide of SEQ ID NO: 518 corresponds to amino acids 306-320 of
30 P501S and lies in the predicted extracellular domain. The peptide of SEQ ID NO: 519,

which is identical to the peptide of SEQ ID NO: 518 with the exception of the substitution of the histidine with an asparagine, was synthesized as described above. A Cys-Gly was added to the C-terminus of the peptide to facilitate conjugation to the carrier protein. Cleavage of the peptide from the solid support was carried out using the following cleavage mixture: trifluoroacetic acid:ethanediol:thioanisole:water:phenol (40:1:2:2:3). After cleaving for two hours, the peptide was precipitated in cold ether. The peptide pellet was then dissolved in 10% v/v acetic acid and lyophilized prior to purification by C18 reverse phase hplc. A gradient of 5-60% acetonitrile (containing 0.05% TFA) in water (containing 0.05% TFA) was used to elute the peptide. The purity of the peptide was verified by hplc and mass spectrometry, and was determined to be >95%. The purified peptide was used to generate rabbit polyclonal antisera as described above.

Surface expression of P501S was examined by FACS analysis. Cells were stained with the polyclonal anti-P501S peptide serum at 10 µg/ml, washed, incubated with a secondary FITC-conjugated goat anti-rabbit Ig antibody (ICN), washed and analyzed for FITC fluorescence using an Excalibur fluorescence activated cell sorter. For FACS analysis of transduced cells, B-LCL were retrovirally transduced with P501S. To demonstrate specificity in these assays, B-LCL transduced with an irrelevant antigen (P703P) or nontransduced were stained in parallel. For FACS analysis of prostate tumor cell lines, Lncap, PC-3 and DU-145 were utilized. Prostate tumor cell lines were dissociated from tissue culture plates using cell dissociation medium and stained as above. All samples were treated with propidium iodide (PI) prior to FACS analysis, and data was obtained from PI-excluding (*i.e.*, intact and non-permeabilized) cells. The rabbit polyclonal serum generated against the peptide of SEQ ID NO: 519 was shown to specifically recognize the surface of cells transduced to express P501S, demonstrating that the epitope recognized by the polyclonal serum is extracellular.

To determine biochemically if P501S is expressed on the cell surface, peripheral membranes from Lncap cells were isolated and subjected to Western blot analysis. Specifically, Lncap cells were lysed using a dounce homogenizer in 5 ml of homogenization buffer (250 mM sucrose, 10 mM HEPES, 1mM EDTA, pH 8.0, 1

complete protease inhibitor tablet (Boehringer Mannheim)). Lysate samples were spun at 1000 g for 5 min at 4 °C. The supernatant was then spun at 8000g for 10 min at 4 °C. Supernatant from the 8000g spin was recovered and subjected to a 100,000g spin for 30 min at 4 °C to recover peripheral membrane. Samples were then separated by SDS-
5 PAGE and Western blotted with the mouse monoclonal antibody 10E3-G4-D3 (described above in Example 17) using conditions described above. Recombinant purified P501S, as well as HEK293 cells transfected with and over-expressing P501S were included as positive controls for P501S detection. LCL cell lysate was included as a negative control. P501S could be detected in Lncap total cell lysate, the 8000g
10 (internal membrane) fraction and also in the 100,000g (plasma membrane) fraction. These results indicate that P501S is expressed at, and localizes to, the peripheral membrane.

To demonstrate that the rabbit polyclonal antiserum generated to the peptide of SEQ ID NO: 519 specifically recognizes this peptide as well as the
15 corresponding native peptide of SEQ ID NO: 518, ELISA analyses were performed. For these analyses, flat-bottomed 96 well microtiter plates were coated with either the peptide of SEQ ID NO: 519, the longer peptide of SEQ ID NO: 520 that spans the entire predicted extracellular domain, the peptide of SEQ ID NO: 521 which represents the epitope recognized by the P501S-specific antibody 10E3-G4-D3, or a P501S fragment
20 (corresponding to amino acids 355-526 of SEQ ID NO: 113) that does not include the immunizing peptide sequence, at 1 µg/ml for 2 hours at 37 °C. Wells were aspirated, blocked with phosphate buffered saline containing 1% (w/v) BSA for 2 hours at room temperature and subsequently washed in PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20 (PBST). Purified anti-P501S polyclonal rabbit serum was added at 2 fold dilutions (1000 ng -
25 125 ng) in PBST and incubated for 30 min at room temperature. This was followed by washing 6 times with PBST and incubating with HRP-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) Affinipure F(ab') fragment at 1:20000 for 30 min. Plates were then washed and incubated for 15 min in tetramethyl benzidine. Reactions were stopped by the addition of 1N sulfuric acid and plates were read at 450 nm using an ELISA plate reader. As
30 shown in Fig. 11, the anti-P501S polyclonal rabbit serum specifically recognized the

peptide of SEQ ID NO: 519 used in the immunization as well as the longer peptide of SEQ ID NO: 520, but did not recognize the irrelevant P501S-derived peptides and fragments.

In further studies, rabbits were immunized with peptides derived from the P501S sequence and predicted to be either extracellular or intracellular, as shown in Fig. 9. Polyclonal rabbit sera were isolated and polyclonal antibodies in the serum were purified, as described above. To determine specific reactivity with P501S, FACS analysis was employed, utilizing either B-LCL transduced with P501S or the irrelevant antigen P703P, of B-LCL infected with vaccinia virus-expressing P501S. For surface expression, dead and non-intact cells were excluded from the analysis as described above. For intracellular staining, cells were fixed and permeabilized as described above. Rabbit polyclonal serum generated against the peptide of SEQ ID NO: 548, which corresponds to amino acids 181-198 of P501S, was found to recognize a surface epitope of P501S. Rabbit polyclonal serum generated against the peptide SEQ ID NO: 551, which corresponds to amino acids 543-553 of P501S, was found to recognize an epitope that was either potentially extracellular or intracellular since in different experiments intact or permeabilized cells were recognized by the polyclonal sera. Based on similar deductive reasoning, the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 541-547, 549 and 550, which correspond to amino acids 109-122, 539-553, 509-520, 37-54, 342-359, 295-323, 217-274, 143-160 and 75-88, respectively, of P501S, can be considered to be potential surface epitopes of P501S recognized by antibodies.

In further studies, mouse monoclonal antibodies were raised against amino acids 296 to 322 to P501S, which are predicted to be in an extracellular domain. A/J mice were immunized with P501S/adenovirus, followed by subsequent boosts with an *E. coli* recombinant protein, referred to as P501N, that contains amino acids 296 to 322 of P501S, and with peptide 296-322 (SEQ ID NO: 755) coupled with KLH. The mice were subsequently used for splenic B cell fusions to generate anti-peptide hybridomas. The resulting 3 clones, referred to as 4F4 (IgG1,kappa), 4G5 (IgG2a,kappa) and 9B9 (IgG1,kappa), were grown for antibody production. The 4G5 mAb was purified by passing the supernatant over a Protein A-sepharose column,

followed by antibody elution using 0.2M glycine, pH 2.3. Purified antibody was neutralized by the addition of 1M Tris, pH 8, and buffer exchanged into PBS.

For ELISA analysis, 96 well plates were coated with P501S peptide 296-322 (referred to as P501-long), an irrelevant P775 peptide, P501S-N, P501TR2, P501S-long-KLH, P501S peptide 306-319 (referred to as P501-short)-KLH, or the irrelevant peptide 2073-KLH, all at a concentration of 2 ug/ml and allowed to incubate for 60 minutes at 37 °C. After coating, plates were washed 5X with PBS + 0.1% Tween and then blocked with PBS, 0.5% BSA, 0.4% Tween20 for 2 hours at room temperature. Following the addition of supernatants or purified mAb, the plates were incubated for 60 minutes at room temperature. Plates were washed as above and donkey anti-mouse IgHRP-linked secondary antibody was added and incubated for 30 minutes at room temperature, followed by a final washing as above. TMB peroxidase substrate was added and incubated 15 minutes at room temperature in the dark. The reaction was stopped by the addition of 1N H₂SO₄ and the OD was read at 450 nM. All three hybrid clones secreted mAb that recognized peptide 296-322 and the recombinant protein P501N.

For FACS analysis, HEK293 cells were transiently transfected with a P501S/VR1012 expression constructs using Fugene 6 reagent. After 2 days of culture, cells were harvested and washed, then incubated with purified 4G5 mAb for 30 minutes on ice. After several washes in PBS, 0.5% BSA, 0.01% azide, goat anti-mouse Ig-FITC was added to the cells and incubated for 30 minutes on ice. Cells were washed and resuspended in wash buffer including 1% propidium iodide and subjected to FACS analysis. The FACS analysis confirmed that amino acids 296-322 of P501S are in an extracellular domain and are cell surface expressed.

The chromosomal location of P501S was determined using the GeneBridge 4 Radiation Hybrid panel (Research Genetics). The PCR primers of SEQ ID NO: 528 and 529 were employed in PCR with DNA pools from the hybrid panel according to the manufacturer's directions. After 38 cycles of amplification, the reaction products were separated on a 1.2% agarose gel, and the results were analyzed through the Whitehead Institute/MIT Center for Genome Research web server

(<http://www-genome.wi.mit.edu/cgi-bin/contig/rhmapper.pl>) to determine the probable chromosomal location. Using this approach, P501S was mapped to the long arm of chromosome 1 at WI-9641 between q32 and q42. This region of chromosome 1 has been linked to prostate cancer susceptibility in hereditary prostate cancer (Smith *et al.* *Science* 274:1371-1374, 1996 and Berthon *et al.* *Am. J. Hum. Genet.* 62:1416-1424, 1998). These results suggest that P501S may play a role in prostate cancer malignancy.

EXAMPLE 20

REGULATION OF EXPRESSION OF THE PROSTATE-SPECIFIC ANTIGEN P501S

10

Steroid (androgen) hormone modulation is a common treatment modality in prostate cancer. The expression of a number of prostate tissue-specific antigens have previously been demonstrated to respond to androgen. The responsiveness of the prostate-specific antigen P501S to androgen treatment was examined in a tissue culture system as follows.

15

Cells from the prostate tumor cell line LNCaP were plated at 1.5×10^6 cells/T75 flask (for RNA isolation) or 3×10^5 cells/well of a 6-well plate (for FACS analysis) and grown overnight in RPMI 1640 media containing 10% charcoal-stripped fetal calf serum (BRL Life Technologies, Gaithersburg, MD). Cell culture was continued for an additional 72 hours in RPMI 1640 media containing 10% charcoal-stripped fetal calf serum, with 1 nM of the synthetic androgen Methyltrienolone (R1881; New England Nuclear) added at various time points. Cells were then harvested for RNA isolation and FACS analysis at 0, 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 24, 28 and 72-hours post androgen addition. FACS analysis was performed using the anti-P501S antibody 10E3-G4-D3 and permeabilized cells.

25

For Northern analysis, 5-10 micrograms of total RNA was run on a formaldehyde denaturing gel, transferred to Hybond-N nylon membrane (Amersham Pharmacia Biotech, Piscataway, NJ), cross-linked and stained with methylene blue. The filter was then prehybridized with Church's Buffer (250 mM Na_2HPO_4 , 70 mM H_3PO_4 , 1 mM EDTA, 1% SDS, 1% BSA in pH 7.2) at 65 °C for 1 hour. P501S DNA was

30

labeled with ^{32}P using High Prime random-primed DNA labeling kit (Boehringer Mannheim). Unincorporated label was removed using MicroSpin S300-HR columns (Amersham Pharmacia Biotech). The RNA filter was then hybridized with fresh Church's Buffer containing labeled cDNA overnight, washed with 1X SCP (0.1 M NaCl, 0.03 M $\text{Na}_2\text{HPO}_4 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$, 0.001 M Na_2EDTA), 1% sarkosyl (n-lauroylsarcosine) and exposed to X-ray film.

Using both FACS and Northern analysis, P501S message and protein levels were found to increase in response to androgen treatment.

10

EXAMPLE 20

PREPARATION OF FUSION PROTEINS OF PROSTATE-SPECIFIC ANTIGENS

The example describes the preparation of a fusion protein of the prostate-specific antigen P703P and a truncated form of the known prostate antigen PSA. The truncated form of PSA has a 21 amino acid deletion around the active serine site. The expression construct for the fusion protein also has a restriction site at 3' end, immediately prior to the termination codon, to aid in adding cDNA for additional antigens.

The full-length cDNA for PSA was obtained by RT-PCR from a pool of RNA from human prostate tumor tissues using the primers of SEQ ID NO: 607 and 608, and cloned in the vector pCR-Blunt II-TOPO. The resulting cDNA was employed as a template to make two different fragments of PSA by PCR with two sets of primers (SEQ ID NO: 609 and 610; and SEQ ID NO: 611 and 612). The PCR products having the expected size were used as templates to make truncated forms of PSA by PCR with the primers of SEQ ID NO: 611 and 613, which generated PSA (delta 208-218 in amino acids). The cDNA for the mature form of P703P with a 6X histidine tag at the 5' end, was prepared by PCR with P703P and the primers of SEQ ID NO: 614 and 615. The cDNA for the fusion of P703P with the truncated form of PSA (referred to as FOPP) was then obtained by PCR using the modified P703P cDNA and the truncated form of PSA cDNA as templates and the primers of SEQ ID NO: 614 and 615. The FOPP

cDNA was cloned into the NdeI site and XhoI site of the expression vector pCRX1, and confirmed by DNA sequencing. The determined cDNA sequence for the fusion construct FOPP is provided in SEQ ID NO: 616, with the amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 617.

5 The fusion FOPP was expressed as a single recombinant protein in *E. coli* as follows. The expression plasmid pCRX1FOPP was transformed into the *E. coli* strain BL21-CodonPlus RIL. The transformant was shown to express FOPP protein upon induction with 1 mM IPTG. The culture of the corresponding expression clone was inoculated into 25 ml LB broth containing 50 ug/ml kanamycin and 34 ug/ml
10 chloramphenicol, grown at 37 °C to OD600 of about 1, and stored at 4 °C overnight. The culture was diluted into 1 liter of TB LB containing 50 ug/ml kanamycin and 34 ug/ml chloramphenicol, and grown at 37 °C to OD600 of 0.4. IPTG was added to a final concentration of 1 mM, and the culture was incubated at 30 °C for 3 hours. The cells were pelleted by centrifugation at 5,000 RPM for 8 min. To purify the protein, the
15 cell pellet was suspended in 25 ml of 10 mM Tris-Cl pH 8.0, 2mM PMSF, complete protease inhibitor and 15 ug lysozyme. The cells were lysed at 4 °C for 30 minutes, sonicated several times and the lysate centrifuged for 30 minutes at 10,000 x g. The precipitate, which contained the inclusion body, was washed twice with 10 mM Tris-Cl pH 8.0 and 1% CHAPS. The inclusion body was dissolved in 40 ml of 10 mM Tris-Cl
20 pH 8.0, 100 mM sodium phosphate and 8 M urea. The solution was bound to 8 ml Ni-NTA (Qiagen) for one hour at room temperature. The mixture was poured into a 25 ml column and washed with 50 ml of 10 mM Tris-Cl pH 6.3, 100 mM sodium phosphate, 0.5% DOC and 8M urea. The bound protein was eluted with 350 mM imidazole, 10 mM Tris-Cl pH 8.0, 100 mM sodium phosphate and 8 M urea. The fractions containing
25 FOPP proteins were combined and dialyzed extensively against 10 mM Tris-Cl pH 4.6, aliquoted and stored at - 70 °C.

EXAMPLE 21

REAL-TIME PCR CHARACTERIZATION OF THE PROSTATE-SPECIFIC ANTIGEN P501S IN
PERIPHERAL BLOOD OF PROSTATE CANCER PATIENTS

5 Circulating epithelial cells were isolated from fresh blood of normal individuals and metastatic prostate cancer patients, mRNA isolated and cDNA prepared using real-time PCR procedures. Real-time PCR was performed with the TaqmanTM procedure using both gene specific primers and probes to determine the levels of gene expression.

10 Epithelial cells were enriched from blood samples using an immunomagnetic bead separation method (Dynal A.S., Oslo, Norway). Isolated cells were lysed and the magnetic beads removed. The lysate was then processed for poly A+ mRNA isolation using magnetic beads coated with Oligo(dT)25. After washing the beads in buffer, bead/poly A+ RNA samples were suspended in 10 mM Tris HCl pH 8.0

15 and subjected to reversed transcription. The resulting cDNA was subjected to real-time PCR using gene specific primers. Beta-actin content was also determined and used for normalization. Samples with P501S copies greater than the mean of the normal samples + 3 standard deviations were considered positive. Real time PCR on blood samples was performed using the TaqmanTM procedure but extending to 50 cycles using

20 forward and reverse primers and probes specific for P501S. Of the eight samples tested, 6 were positive for P501S and β -actin signal. The remaining 2 samples had no detectable β -actin or P501S. No P501S signal was observed in the four normal blood samples tested.

25

EXAMPLE 22

EXPRESSION OF THE PROSTATE-SPECIFIC ANTIGENS P703P AND P501S IN
SCID MOUSE-PASSAGED PROSTATE TUMORS

When considering the effectiveness of antigens in the treatment of

30 prostate cancer, the continued presence of the antigens in tumors during androgen

ablation therapy is important. The presence of the prostate-specific antigens P703P and P501S in prostate tumor samples grown in SCID mice in the presence of testosterone was evaluated as follows.

Two prostate tumors that had metastasized to the bone were removed from patients, implanted into SCID mice and grown in the presence of testosterone. Tumors were evaluated for mRNA expression of P703P, P501S and PSA using quantitative real time PCR with the SYBR green assay method. Expression of P703P and P501S in a prostate tumor was used as a positive control and the absence in normal intestine and normal heart as negative controls. In both cases, the specific mRNA was present in late passage tumors. Since the bone metastases were grown in the presence of testosterone, this implies that the presence of these genes would not be lost during androgen ablation therapy.

EXAMPLE 23

ANTI-P503S MONOCLONAL ANTIBODY INHIBITS TUMOR GROWTH *IN VIVO*

The ability of the anti-P503S monoclonal antibody 20D4 to suppress tumor formation in mice was examined as follows.

Ten SCID mice were injected subcutaneously with HEK293 cells that expressed P503S. Five mice received 150 micrograms of 20D4 intravenously at day 0 (time of tumor cell injection), day 5 and day 9. Tumor size was measured for 50 days. Of the five animals that received no 20D4, three formed detectable tumors after about 2 weeks which continued to enlarge throughout the study. In contrast, none of the five mice that received 20D4 formed tumors. These results demonstrate that the anti-P503S Mab 20D4 displays potent anti-tumor activity *in vivo*.

EXAMPLE 24

CHARACTERIZATION OF A T CELL RECEPTOR CLONE FROM A P501S-SPECIFIC T CELL CLONE

T cells have a limited lifespan. However, cloning of T cell receptor (TCR) chains and subsequent transfer essentially enables infinite propagation of the T

cell specificity. Cloning of tumor-antigen TCR chains allows the transfer of the specificity into T cells isolated from patients that share the TCR MHC-restricting allele. Such T cells could then be expanded and used in adoptive transfer settings to introduce the tumor antigen specificity into patients carrying tumors that express the antigen. T
5 cell receptor alpha and beta chains from a CD8 T cell clone specific for the prostate-specific antigen P501S were isolated and sequenced as follows.

Total mRNA from 2×10^6 cells from CTL clone 4E5 (described above in Example 12) was isolated using Trizol reagent and cDNA was synthesized. To determine Va and Vb sequences in this clone, a panel of Va and Vb subtype-specific
10 primers was synthesized and used in RT-PCR reactions with cDNA generated from each of the clones. The RT-PCR reactions demonstrated that each of the clones expressed a common Vb sequence that corresponded to the Vb7 subfamily. Furthermore, using cDNA generated from the clone, the Va sequence expressed was determined to be Va6. To clone the full TCR alpha and beta chains from clone 4E5,
15 primers were designed that spanned the initiator and terminator-coding TCR nucleotides. The primers were as follows: TCR Valpha-6 5'(sense): GGATCC---GCCGCCACC---ATGTCACCTTCTAGCCTGCT (SEQ ID NO: 756) BamHI site Kozak TCR alpha sequence TCR alpha 3' (antisense): GTCGAC---TCAGCTGGACCACAGCCGCAG (SEQ ID NO: 757) Sall site TCR alpha constant
20 sequence TCR Vbeta-7. 5'(sense): GGATCC---GCCGCCACC--ATGGGCTGCAGGCTGCTCT (SEQ ID NO: 758) BamHI site Kozak TCR alpha sequence TCR beta 3' (antisense): GTCGAC---TCAGAAATCCTTTCTCTTGAC (SEQ ID NO: 759) Sall site TCR beta constant sequence. Standard 35 cycle RT-PCR reactions were established using cDNA synthesized from the CTL clone and the above
25 primers, employing the proofreading thermostable polymerase PWO (Roche, Nutley, NJ).

The resultant specific bands (approx. 850 bp for alpha and approx. 950 for beta) were ligated into the PCR blunt vector (Invitrogen) and transformed into *E. coli*. *E. coli* transformed with plasmids containing full-length alpha and beta chains
30 were identified, and large scale preparations of the corresponding plasmids were generated. Plasmids containing full-length TCR alpha and beta chains were submitted

for sequencing. The sequencing reactions demonstrated the cloning of full-length TCR alpha and beta chains with the determined cDNA sequences for the Vb and Va chains being shown in SEQ ID NO: 760 and 761, respectively. The corresponding amino acid sequences are shown in SEQ ID NO: 762 and 763, respectively. The Va sequence was
5 shown by nucleotide sequence alignment to be 99% identical (347/348) to Va6.2, and the Vb to be 99% identical to Vb7 (336/338).

From the foregoing it will be appreciated that, although specific embodiments of the invention have been described herein for purposes of illustration,
10 various modifications may be made without deviating from the spirit and scope of the invention. Accordingly, the invention is not limited except as by the appended claims.

CLAIMS

What is Claimed:

1. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence selected from the group consisting of:
 - (a) sequences provided in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591, 593-606, 618-626, 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 773-776 and 786-788;
 - (b) complements of the sequences provided in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591, 593-606, 618-626, 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 773-776 and 786-788;
 - (c) sequences consisting of at least 20 contiguous residues of a sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591, 593-606, 618-626, 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 773-776 and 786-788;
 - (d) sequences that hybridize to a sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591, 593-606, 618-626, 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 773-776 and 786-788 under moderately stringent conditions;
 - (e) sequences having at least 75% identity to a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-

375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591, 593-606, 618-626, 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 773-776 and 786-788;

(f) sequences having at least 90% identity to a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591, 593-606, 618-626, 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 773-776 and 786-788; and

(g) degenerate variants of a sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591, 593-606, 618-626, 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 773-776 and 786-788.

2. An isolated polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(a) sequences recited in SEQ ID NO: 112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380, 383, 477-483, 496, 504, 505, 519, 520, 522, 525, 527, 532, 534, 537-551, 553-568, 573-586, 588-590, 592, 627-629, 632, 633, 635, 637, 638, 656-671, 675, 683, 684, 710, 712, 714, 715, 717-719, 723-734, 736, 740-750, 752, 754, 755, 766-772, 777-785 and 789-791;

(b) sequences having at least 70% identity to a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380, 383, 477-483, 496, 504, 505, 519, 520, 522, 525, 527, 532, 534, 537-551, 553-568, 573-586, 588-590, 592, 627-629, 632, 633, 635, 637, 638, 656-671, 675, 683, 684, 710, 712, 714, 715, 717-719, 723-734, 736, 740-750, 752, 754, 755, 766-772, 777-785 and 789-791;

(c) sequences having at least 90% identity to a sequence of SEQ ID NO: 112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380, 383, 477-483, 496, 504, 505, 519, 520, 522, 525, 527, 532, 534, 537-551, 553-568, 573-586, 588-590, 592, 627-

629, 632, 633, 635, 637, 638, 656-671, 675, 683, 684, 710, 712, 714, 715, 717-719, 723-734, 736, 740-750, 752, 754, 755, 766-772, 777-785 and 789-791;

- (d) sequences encoded by a polynucleotide of claim 1;
- (e) sequences having at least 70% identity to a sequence encoded by a polynucleotide of claim 1; and
- (f) sequences having at least 90% identity to a sequence encoded by a polynucleotide of claim 1.

3. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide of claim 1 operably linked to an expression control sequence.

4. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 3.

5. An isolated antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to a polypeptide of claim 2.

6. A method for detecting the presence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

- (a) obtaining a biological sample from the patient;
- (b) contacting the biological sample with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide of claim 2;
- (c) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and
- (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide to a predetermined cut-off value and therefrom determining the presence of a cancer in the patient.

7. A fusion protein comprising at least one polypeptide according to claim 2.

8. The fusion protein of claim 7, wherein the fusion protein comprises a sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(a) sequences provided in SEQ ID NO: 682, 692, 695, 699, 703 and 709; and

(b) sequences encoded by SEQ ID NO: 679, 691, 696, 700, 704 and 708.

9. An oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a sequence recited in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 and 384-476, 524, 526, 530, 531, 533, 535, 536, 552, 569-572, 587, 591, 593-606, 618-626, 630, 631, 634, 636, 639-655, 674, 680, 681, 711, 713, 716, 720-722, 735, 737-739, 751, 753, 764, 765, 773-776 or 786-788 under moderately stringent conditions.

10. A method for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

(a) polypeptides according to claim 2;
(b) polynucleotides according to claim 1; and
(c) antigen-presenting cells that express a polypeptide according to claim 1,

under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells.

11. An isolated T cell population, comprising T cells prepared according to the method of claim 10.

12. A composition comprising a first component selected from the group consisting of physiologically acceptable carriers and immunostimulants, and a second component selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) polypeptides according to claim 2;
- (b) polynucleotides according to claim 1;
- (c) antibodies according to claim 5;
- (d) fusion proteins according to claim 7;
- (e) T cell populations according to claim 11; and
- (f) antigen presenting cells that express a polypeptide according to claim 2.

13. A method for stimulating an immune response in a patient, comprising administering to the patient a composition of claim 12.

14. A method for the treatment of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to the patient a composition of claim 12.

15. A method for determining the presence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

- (a) obtaining a biological sample from the patient;
- (b) contacting the biological sample with an oligonucleotide according to claim 9;
- (c) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and
- (d) compare the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence of the cancer in the patient.

16. A diagnostic kit comprising at least one oligonucleotide according to claim 9.

17. A diagnostic kit comprising at least one antibody according to claim 5 and a detection reagent, wherein the detection reagent comprises a reporter group.

18. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) incubating CD4⁺ and/or CD8⁺ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of: (i) polypeptides according to claim 2; (ii) polynucleotides according to claim 1; and (iii) antigen presenting cells that express a polypeptide of claim 2, such that T cell proliferate; and

(b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells,

thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

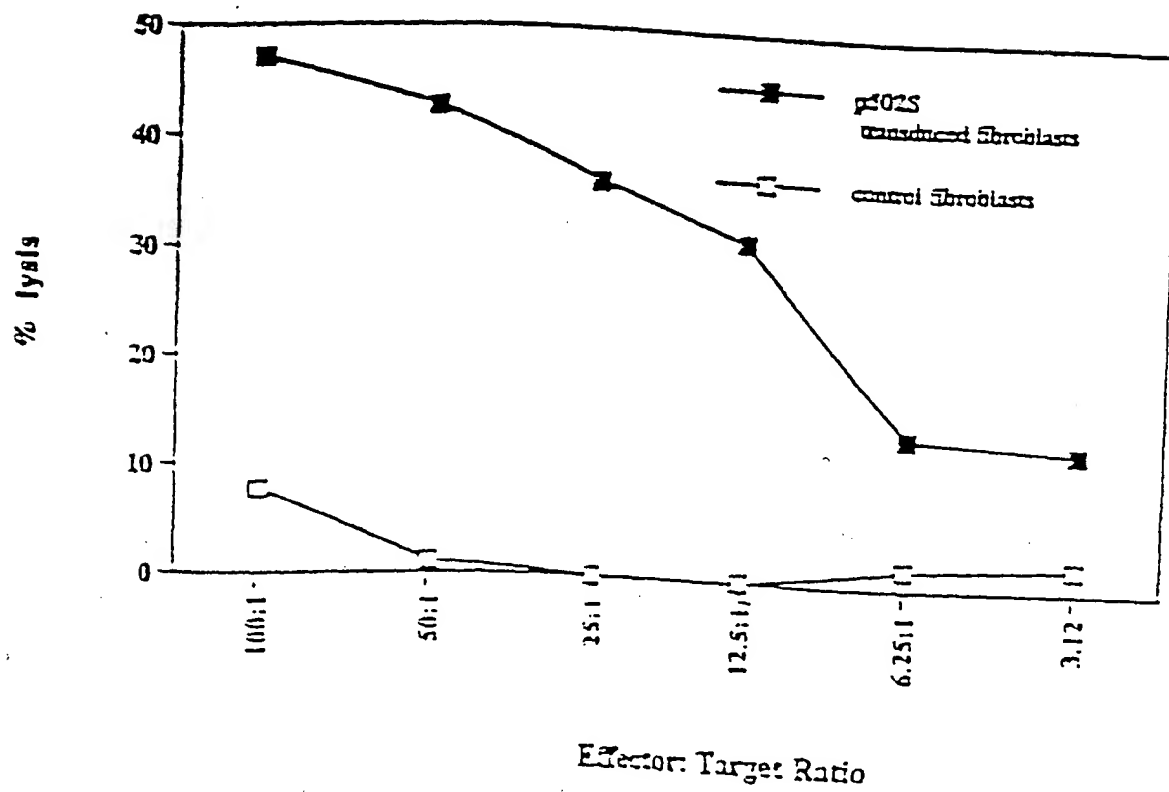


Fig. 1

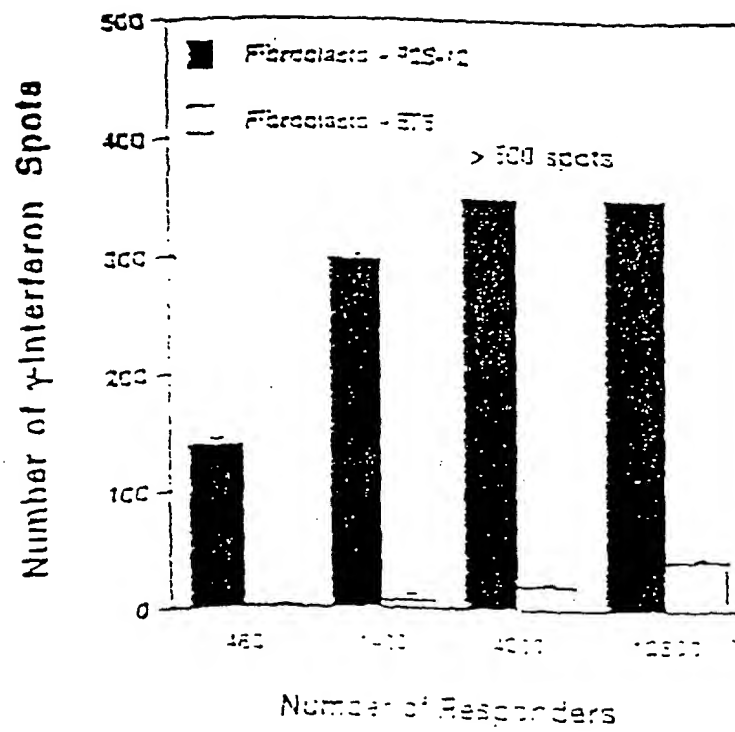


FIG. 2A

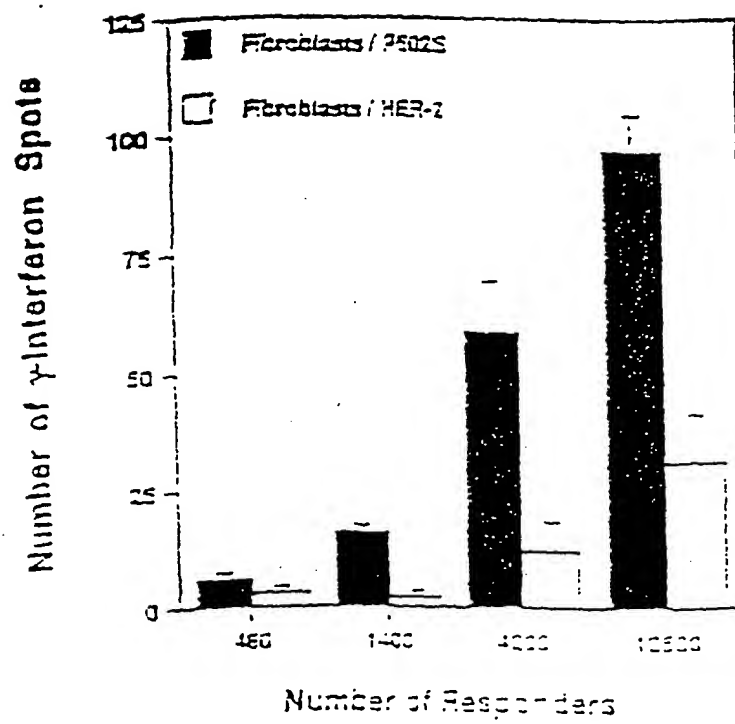


Fig. 25

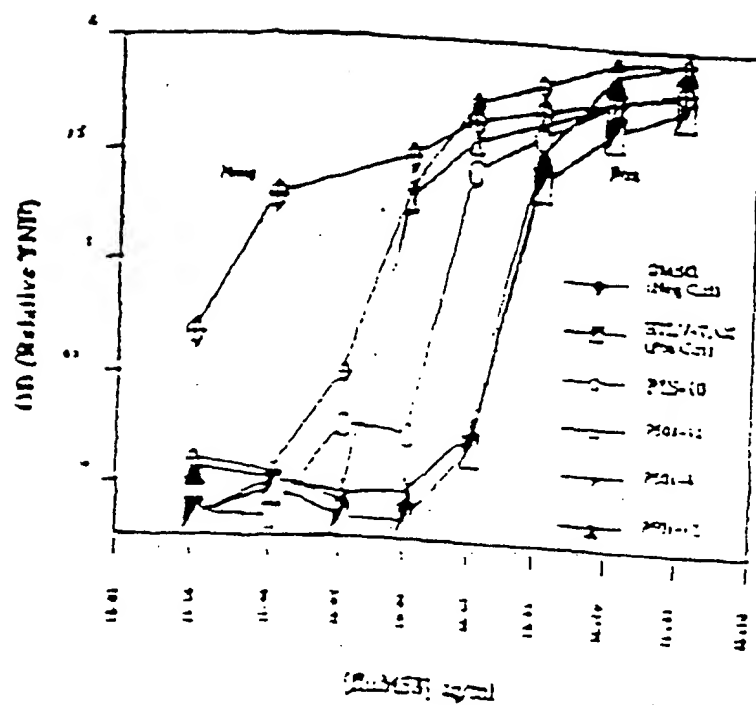


Fig. 3

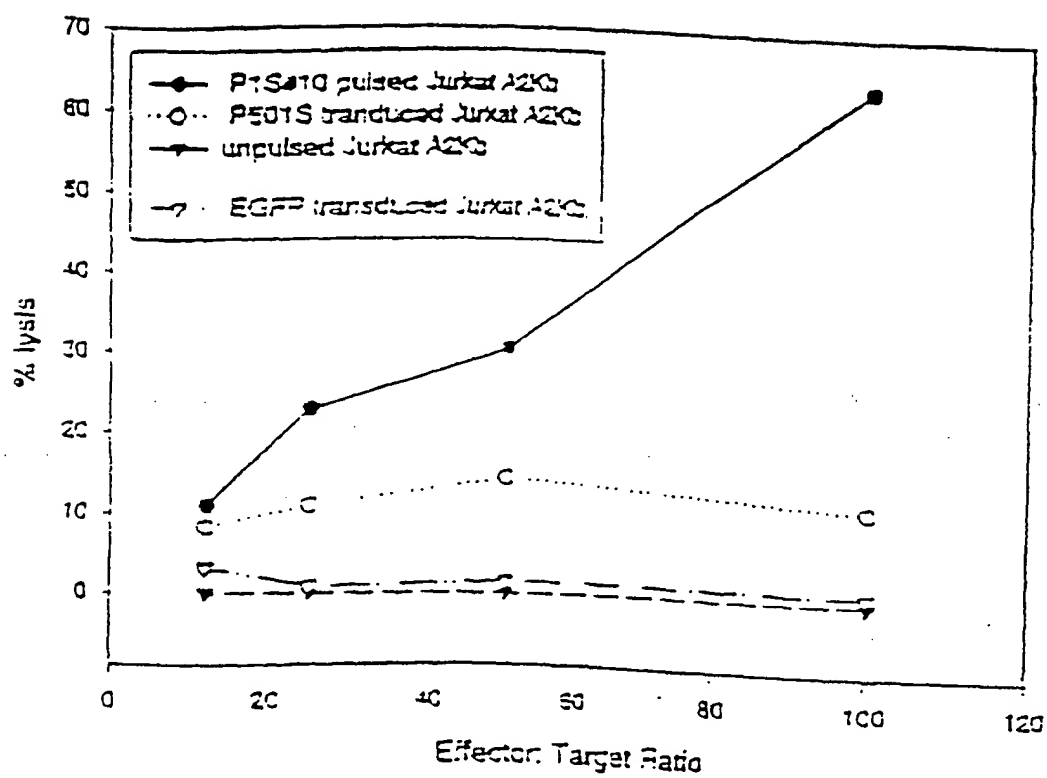


Fig. 4

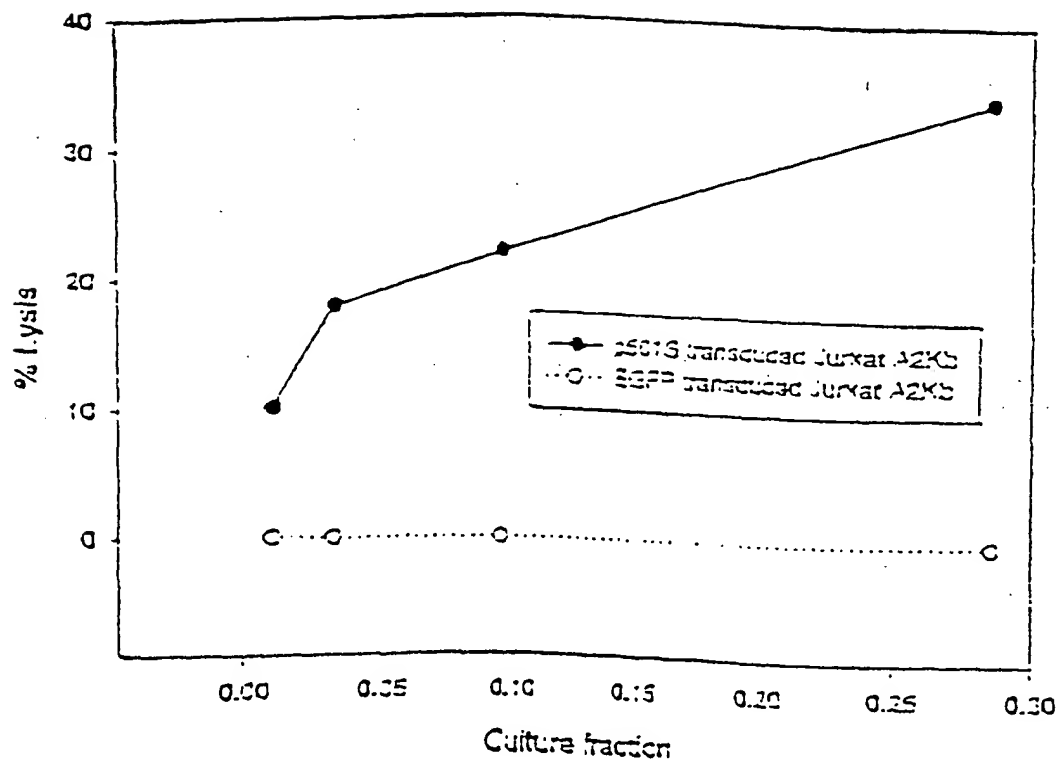


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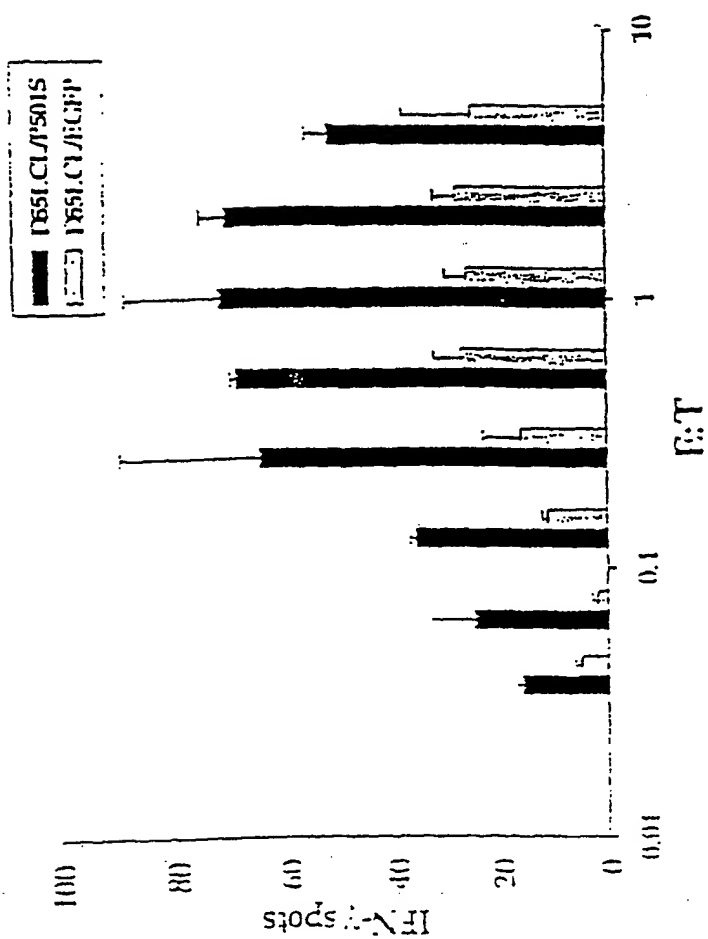


Fig. 6B

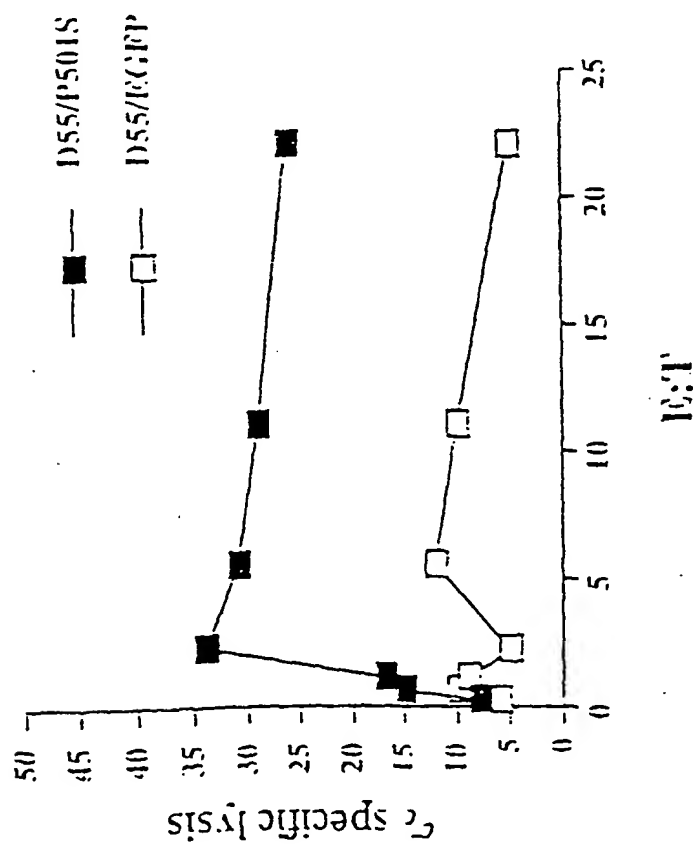
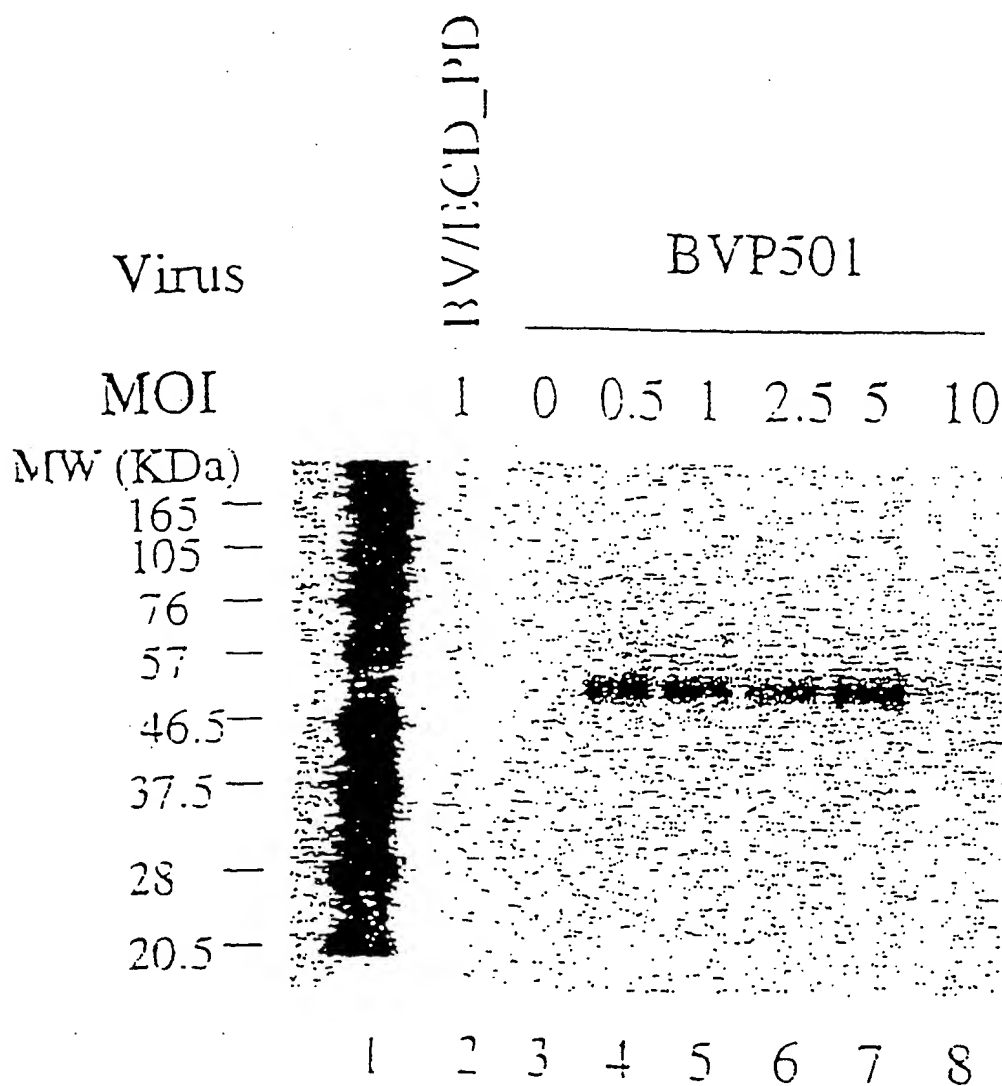


Fig. 6A

Expression of P501S by the Baculovirus Expression System



0.6 million high 5 cells in 6-well plate were infected with an unrelated control virus BV/ECD_PD (lane 2), without virus (lane 3), or with recombinant baculovirus for P501 at different MOIs (lane 4-8). Cell lysates were run on SDS-PAGE under the reducing conditions and analyzed by Western blot with a monoclonal antibody against P501S (P501S-10E9-G4D3). Lane 1 is the biotinylated protein molecular weight marker (BioLabs).

Fig. 7

Figure 1. Schematic of P501S with predicted transmembrane, cytoplasmic, and extracellular regions

MVQRLWVSRLLRHK AQLILLVNLITTEGLEVCLAAQIT VVPPIILLEVGVREKEM TMVLGICGPVLGLVCYPLLGSAS
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 VTAYMVSAAAGLILVAIFYAT QVVFDKSDIAXYSA

Underlined sequence: Predicted transmembrane domain; **Bold sequence**: Predicted extracellular domain;

Italic sequence: Predicted intracellular domain. Sequence in bold/underlined: used to generate polyclonal rabbit serum

Localization of domains predicted using IMMTOPI (G.E. Tusnady and I. Simon (1998) Principles Governing Amino Acid Composition of Integral Membrane Proteins: Applications to topology Prediction. J.Mol Biol. 283, 489-506.

Genomic Map of (5) Corixa Candidate Genes

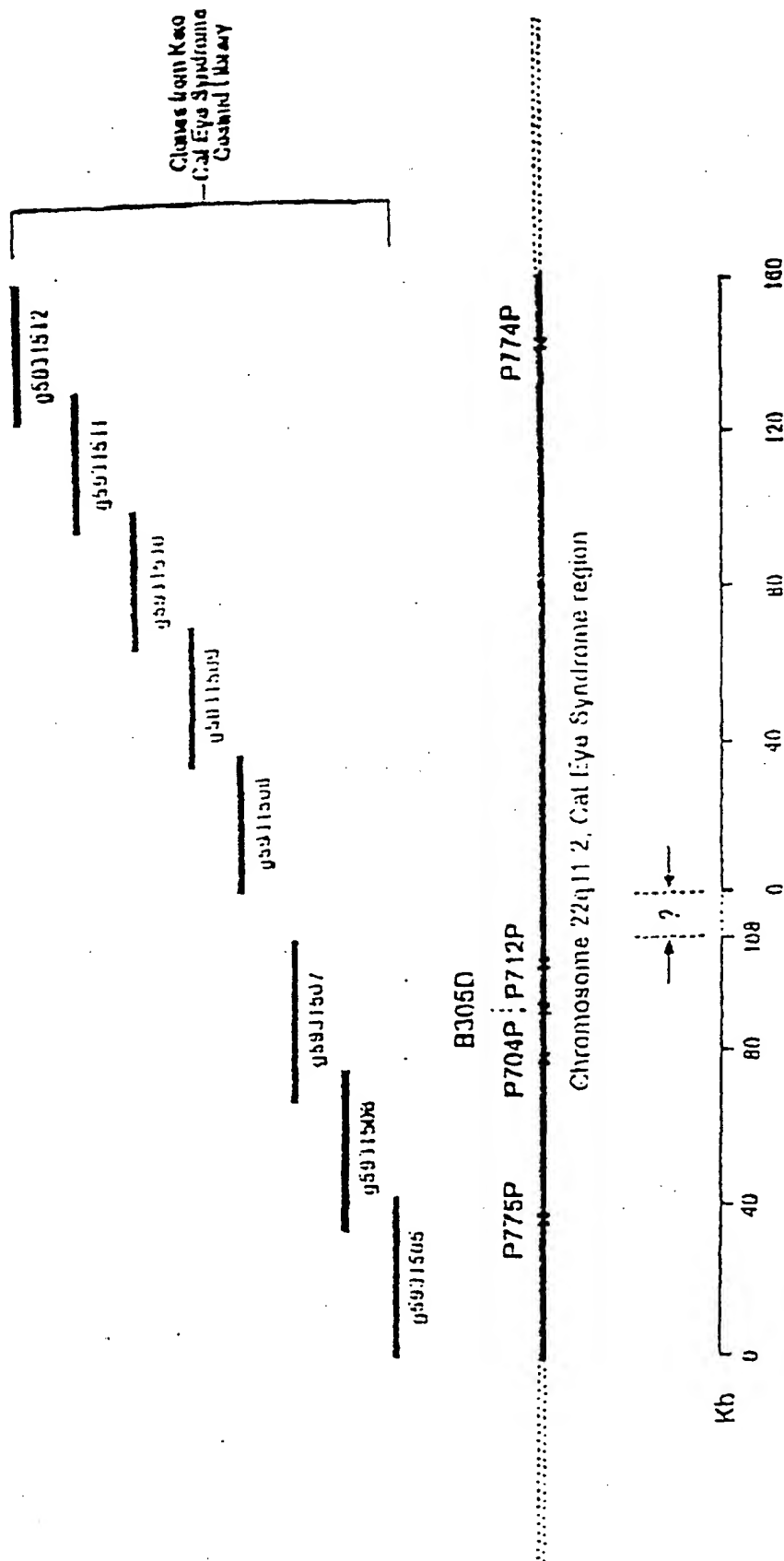


Fig. 10

FIGURE 4. Elisa assay of rabbit polyclonal antibody specificity

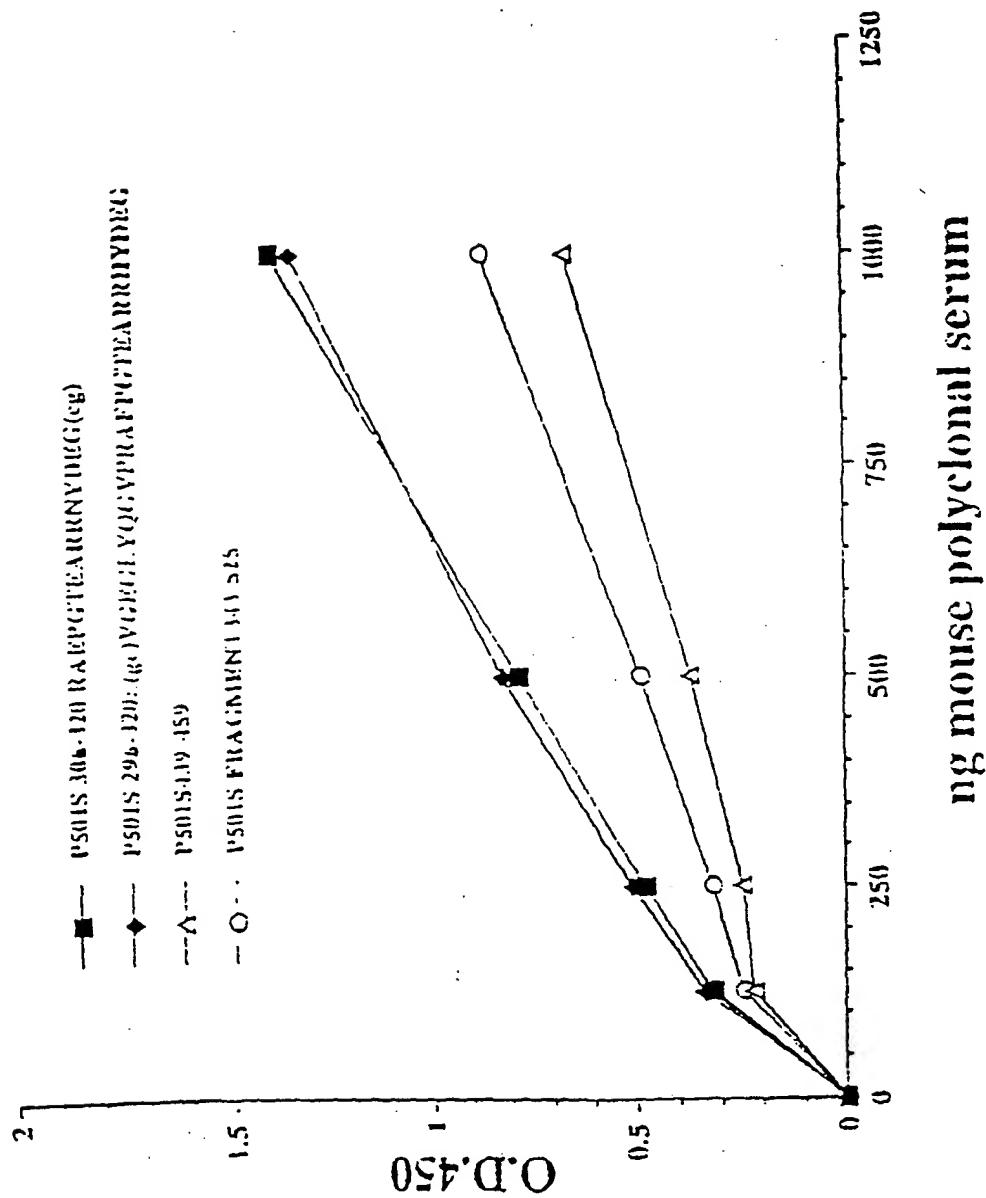


Fig. 11

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 Harlocker, Susan L.
 Jiang, Yuqui
 Reed, Steven G.
 Kalos, Michael D.
 Fanger, Gary R.
 Retter, Marc W.
 Stolk, John A.
 Day, Craig H.
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 Vanderbrugge, Didier
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<120> COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THE THERAPY AND
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gtgactggga aaaccctggg cgttaccaac ttaatgcct tgcagcatat ccccttttcg	540
ccagctgggc gtaatanaga aaaggccgc acgatcgcc cttccaacag ttgogcacct	600
gaatgggnaa atgggacccc cctgttacgg cgcattnaac ccccgngggg tttngttggt	660
accccacnt nnaccgctta cactttgccg ggcgcttanc gccgctccc tttcncttt	720
cttcccttcc tttcnncnccn ctttcccccg ggggttcccc cntcaaacc cna	773

<210> 4
 <211> 828
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(828)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 4

cctcctgagt	cctactgacc	tgtgctttct	ggtgtggagt	ccagggctgc	taggaaaagg	60
aatgggcaga	cacaggtgta	tgccaatggt	tctgaaatgg	gtataatttc	gtcctctcct	120
tcggaacact	ggctgtctct	gaagacttct	cgctcagttt	cagtgaggac	acacacaaag	180
acgtgggtga	ccatgttggt	tgtgggggtgc	agagatggga	gggggtggggc	ccaccctgga	240
agagtggaca	gtgacacaag	gtggacactc	tctacagatc	actgaggata	agctggagcc	300
acaatgcatg	aggcacacac	acagcaagga	tgacnctgta	aacatagccc	acgctgtcct	360
gnngggcactg	ggaagcctan	atnaggccgt	gagcanaaaag	aaggggagga	tccactagtt	420
ctanagcggc	cgccaccgcg	gtgganctcc	ancctttgtt	cccttttagtg	agggttaatt	480
gcgcgcttgg	cntaatcatg	gtcatanctn	tttcctgtgt	gaaattgtta	tccgctcaca	540
attccacaca	acatacganc	cggaaacata	aantgtaaac	ctggggtgcc	taatgantga	600
ctaactcaca	ttaattgcgt	tgcgctcact	gcccgccttc	caatcnggaa	acctgtcttg	660
ccncttgcat	tnatgaatcn	gccaaccccc	ggggaaaagc	gtttgcgttt	tgggcgctct	720
tccgcttcct	cntctantta	ntccctnenc	tcggtcattc	cggctgcngc	aaaccggttc	780
accnctcca	aaggggggtat	tccggtttcc	ccnaatccgg	ggnanacc		828

<210> 5

<211> 834

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(834)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 5

tttttttttt	tttttactga	tagatggaat	ttattaagct	tttcacatgt	gatagcacat	60
agttttaatt	gcatccaaag	tactaacaaa	aactctagca	atcaagaatg	gcagcatggt	120
attttataac	aatcaacacc	tgtggctttt	aaaatttggt	tttcataaga	taatttatac	180
tgaagtaaat	ctagccatgc	ttttaaaaaa	tgcttttaggt	cactccaagc	ttggcagtta	240
acatttgga	taaacaataa	taaaacaatc	acaatttaac	aaataacaaa	tacaacattg	300
taggccataa	tcatatacac	tataaggaaa	aggtggtagt	gttgagtaag	cagttattag	360
aatagaatac	cttggcctct	atgcaaatat	gtctagacac	tttgattcac	tcagccctga	420
cattcagttt	tcaaagtagg	agacagggtc	tacagtatca	ttttacagtt	tccaacacat	480
tgaaaacaag	tagaaaatga	tgagttgatt	tttattaatg	cattacatcc	tcaagagtta	540
tcaccaaccc	ctcagttata	aaaaattttc	aagttatatt	agtcataata	cttgggtgtgc	600
ttatttttaa	ttagtgtctaa	atggattaag	tgaagacaac	aatgggtccc	taatgtgatt	660
gatattggtc	atttttacca	gcttctaaat	ctnaactttc	aggcttttga	actggaacat	720
tgnatnacag	tgttccanag	ttncaaccta	ctggaacatt	acagtgtgct	tgattcaaaa	780
tgttattttg	ttaaaaatta	aattttaacc	tggtggaaaa	ataatttgaa	atna	834

<210> 6

<211> 818

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(818)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 6

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	aagaccctca	tcaatagatg	gagacataca	gaaatagtca	60
aaccacatct	acaaaatgcc	agtatcaggc	ggcggcttcg	aagccaaagt	gatgtttgga	120
tgtaaagtga	aatattagtt	ggcggatgaa	gcagatagtg	aggaaagttg	agccaataat	180
gacgtgaagt	ccgtggaagc	ctgtggctac	aaaaaatgtt	gagccgtaga	tgccgtcgga	240
aatggtgaag	ggagactcga	agtactctga	ggcttgtagg	agggtaaaat	agagaccag	300
taaaattgta	ataagcagtg	cttgaattat	ttggtttcgg	ttgttttcta	ttagactatg	360
gtgagctcag	gtgattgata	ctcctgatgc	gagtaatacg	gatgtgttta	ggagtgggac	420
ttctagggga	tttagcgggg	tgatgcctgt	tggggggccag	tgccctccta	gttggggggg	480
aggggctagg	ctggagtggg	aaaaggctca	gaaaaatcct	gcgaagaaaa	aaacttctga	540
ggtaataaat	aggattatcc	cgtatcgaag	gccttttttg	acaggtgggt	tgtggtggcc	600
ttggtatgtg	ctttctcgtg	ttacatcgcg	ccatcatttg	tatatgggta	gtgtgttggg	660
ttantangg	ctantatgaa	gaacttttgg	antggaatta	aatcaatngc	ttggccggaa	720
gtcattanga	nggctnaaaa	ggccctgtta	ngggtctggg	ctnggtttta	cccnacccat	780
ggaatncnc	ccccggacna	ntgnatccct	attcttaa			818

<210> 7

<211> 817

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(817)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 7

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tggctctaga	gggggtagag	ggggtgctat	agggtaaata	60
cgggccctat	ttcaaagatt	tttaggggaa	ttaattctag	gacgatgggt	atgaaactgt	120
ggtttgctcc	acagatttca	gagcattgac	cgtagtatac	ccccggtcgt	gtagcgggta	180
aagtggtttg	gttttagacgt	ccgggaattg	catctgtttt	taagcctaata	gtggggacag	240
ctcatgagt	caagacgtct	tgtgatgtaa	ttattatacn	aatgggggct	tcaatcggga	300
gtactactcg	attgtcaacg	tcaaggagtc	gcaggtcgcc	tggttctagg	aataatgggg	360
gaagtatgta	ggaattgaag	attaatccgc	cgtagtcggt	gttctcctag	gttcaatacc	420
attggtggcc	aattgatttg	atggtaagg	gagggatcgt	tgaactcgtc	tggtatgtaa	480
aggatncctt	ngggatggga	aggcnatnaa	ggactangga	tnaatggcgg	gcangatatt	540
tcaaacngtc	tctanttcct	gaaacgtctg	aaatgttaat	aanaattaan	tttngttatt	600
gaatnttnng	gaaaagggct	tacaggacta	gaaaccaa	angaaaanta	atnntaangg	660
cnttatcntn	aaaggtnata	accnctccta	tnatcccacc	caatngnatt	ccccacnenn	720
acnattggat	nccccanttc	canaaanggc	cncctcccg	tgnannccnc	cttttgttcc	780
cttnantgan	ggttattcnc	ccctngcntt	atcance			817

<210> 8

<211> 799

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(799)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 8

catttccggg	tttactttct	aaggaaagcc	gagcggaagc	tgctaacgtg	ggaatcgggtg	60
cataaggaga	actttctgct	ggcacgcgct	agggacaagc	gggagagcga	ctccgagcgt	120
ctgaagcgca	cgtcccagaa	ggtggacttg	gcactgaaac	agctgggaca	catccgcgag	180
tacgaacagc	gcctgaaagt	gctggagcgg	gaggtccagc	agtgtagccg	cgtcctgggg	240

tggttgccg	angcctganc	cgtctgect	tgctgcccc	angtgggccc	ccacccctg	300
acctgcctg	gtccaaacac	tgagccctg	tggtggactt	caagganaac	ccccacangg	360
ggattttgct	cctanantaa	ggctcatctg	ggcctcgcc	ccccacctg	gttggccttg	420
tctttgagt	gagcccatg	tccatctggg	ccactgtcng	gaccaccttt	ngggagtgtt	480
ctccttacia	ccacannatg	cccggctcct	cccggaaacc	antcccancc	tgngaaggat	540
caagnccctgn	atccactnnt	netanaaccg	gcncncnccg	cngtggaacc	cnccttntgt	600
tccttttctnt	tnagggttaa	tnnccgcttg	gccttnccan	ngtcctncnc	nttttccnnt	660
gttnaaattg	ttangcnccc	nccntcccn	cnnnnnnan	cccgaaccnn	annttnnann	720
ncttgggggt	nccnncngat	tgaccnnc	nccctntant	tgcnttnggg	nncnntgccc	780
ctttccctct	nggganncg					799

<210> 9

<211> 801

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(801)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 9

acgccttgat	cctcccaggc	tggtactggt	tctgggagga	gccgggcatg	ctgtggtttg	60
taangatgac	actcccaaag	gtggtcctga	cagtggccca	gatggacatg	gggtcacct	120
caaggacaag	gccaccaggt	gcgggggccc	aagccacat	gaccttact	ctatgagcaa	180
aatccctgt	gggggcttct	ccttgaagtc	cgccancagg	gctcagtctt	tggaaccang	240
caggtcatgg	ggttgtngnc	caactggggg	ccncaacgca	aaanggcnc	gggctcngn	300
cacccatccc	angacgcggc	tacactnctg	gacctccnc	tccaccactt	tcatgcgctg	360
ttcntacccg	cgnatntgtc	ccanctgttt	cngtgconac	tccancttct	nggacgtgcg	420
ctacatacgc	ccggantcnc	ntcccgcctt	tgccctatc	cacgtncan	caacaaattt	480
cncctantg	caccnattcc	cacttttnc	agntttccnc	nncnggcttc	cttntaaaag	540
ggttganccc	cggaaaatnc	cccaaagggg	gggggcccng	tacccaactn	ccccctnata	600
getgaantcc	ccatnacnnc	gnctcnatgg	ancntccnt	tttaannacn	ttctnaactt	660
gggaanance	ctcgnccntn	ccccnttaa	tccnccctg	cnangnnct	cccccnntcc	720
ncccnntng	gcntntnann	cnaaaaggc	ccnnancaa	tctcctnnnc	cctcanttgc	780
ccanccctcg	aatcgccn	c				801

<210> 10

<211> 789

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(789)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 10

cagtctatnt	ggccagtgtg	gcagctttcc	ctgtggtg	cggtgccaca	tgctgtccc	60
acagtgtggc	cgtggtgaca	gcttcagccg	ccctcaccgg	gttcaccttc	tcagccctgc	120
agatcctgcc	ctacacactg	gcctccctct	accaccggga	gaagcaggtg	ttcctgccca	180
aataccgagg	ggacactgga	ggtgctagca	gtgaggacag	cctgatgacc	agcttcctgc	240
caggccctaa	gcctggagct	cccttcccta	atggacacgt	gggtgctgga	ggcagtggcc	300
tgctcccacc	tccaccgcg	ctctgcgggg	cctctgcctg	tgatgtctcc	gtacgtgtgg	360
tggtgggtga	gcccaccgan	gccaggggtg	ttccggggccg	gggcatctgc	ctggacctcg	420
ccatcctgga	tagtgcttcc	tgctgtccca	ngtggcccca	tccctgttta	tggtgtccat	480
tgtccagctc	agccagtctg	tactgccta	tatggtgtct	gccgcaggcc	tggtgtggt	540
cccatttact	ttgtacaca	ggtantattt	gacaagaacg	anttgcccaa	atactcagcg	600

ttaaaaaatt	ccagcaacat	tgggggtgga	aggcctgcct	cactgggtcc	aactccccgc	660
tcctgttaac	cccatggggc	tgccggcttg	gccgcccaatt	tctgttgctg	ccaaantnat	720
gtggetctct	gctgccacct	gttgctggct	gaagtgcnta	cngcncanct	nggggggtng	780
gnggttccc						789

<210> 11
 <211> 772
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(772)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 11						
cccaccctac	ccaaatatta	gacaccaaca	cagaaaagct	agcaatggat	tcccttctac	60
tttggttaa	aaataagtta	aataatttaa	tgccctgtgc	tctgtgatgg	caacagaagg	120
accaacaggc	cacatcctga	taaaaggtaa	gaggggggtg	gatcagcaaa	aagacagtgc	180
tgtgggctga	ggggacctgg	ttcttgtgtg	ttgccctca	ggactcttcc	cctacaaata	240
actttcatat	gttcaaattcc	catggaggag	tgtttcatcc	tagaaactcc	catgcaagag	300
ctacattaaa	cgaagctgca	ggttaagggg	cttanagatg	ggaaaccagg	tgactgagtt	360
tattcagctc	ccaaaaaccc	ttctctaggt	gtgtctcaac	taggaggcta	gctgttaacc	420
ctgagcctgg	gtaatccacc	tgcaagatcc	ccgcattcca	gtgcatggaa	cccttctggc	480
ctccctgtat	aagtccagac	tgaaaccccc	ttggaaggnc	tccagtcagg	cagccctana	540
aactggggaa	aaaagaaaag	gacgccccan	ccccagctg	tgcanctacg	cacctcaaca	600
gcacagggtg	gcagcaaaaa	aaccacttta	ctttggcaca	aacaaaaact	ngggggggca	660
accccggcac	cccnangggg	gttaacagga	ancngggnaa	cntggaaccc	aattnaggca	720
ggcccnccac	ccnnaatntt	gctgggaaat	ttttcctccc	ctaaattntt	tc	772

<210> 12
 <211> 751
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(751)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 12						
gccccaatc	cagctgccac	accacccaag	gtgactgcat	tagttcggat	gtcatacaaa	60
agctgattga	agcaaccctc	tacttttttg	tcgtgagcct	tttgcttggt	gcaggtttca	120
ttggctgtgt	tggtgacgtt	gtcattgcaa	cagaatgggg	gaaaggcact	gttctctttg	180
aagtanggtg	agtcctcaaa	atccgtatag	ttgggtgaagc	cacagcactt	gagccctttc	240
atggttggtg	tccacacttg	agtgaagtct	tcctgggaac	cataatcttt	cttgatggca	300
ggcactacca	gcaacgtcag	ggaagtgtct	agccattgtg	gtgtacacca	aggcgaccac	360
agcagctgcn	acctcagcaa	tgaagatgan	gaggangatg	aagaagaacg	tcncgagggc	420
acacttgctc	tcagtcttan	caccatanca	gcccntgaaa	accaananca	aagaccacna	480
cnccggctgc	gatgaagaaa	tnaccccneg	ttgacaaact	tgcatggcac	tggganccac	540
agtggccnna	aaaatcttca	aaaaggatgc	cccatcnatt	gaccccccaa	atgccactg	600
ccaacagggg	ctgccccacn	cncnnaacga	tgancnatt	gnacaagatc	tncntggtct	660
tnatnaacnt	gaaccctgcn	tngtggctcc	tgttcaggnc	cnnggcctga	cttctnaann	720
aangaactcn	gaagncccca	cngganannc	g			751

<210> 13
 <211> 729
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(729)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 13

gagccaggcg	tcctctgcc	tgccactca	gtggcaacac	ccgggagctg	ttttgtcctt	60
tgtggancct	cagcagtncc	ctctttcaga	actcantgcc	aagancctg	aacaggagcc	120
accatgcagt	gcttcagctt	cattaagacc	atgatgatcc	tcttcaattt	gctcatcttt	180
ctgtgtggtg	cagccctggt	ggcagtggtg	atctgggtgt	caatcgatgg	ggcatccttt	240
ctgaagatct	tcggggccact	gtcgtccagt	gccatgcagt	ttgtcaacgt	gggctacttc	300
ctcatcgag	ccggcggttg	ggtottagct	ctaggtttcc	tgggctgcta	tggtgctaag	360
actgagagca	agtgtgccct	cgtgacgttc	ttcttcaccc	tcctcctcat	cttcattgct	420
gaggttgcaa	tgctgtggtc	gccttggtgt	acaccacaat	ggctgagcac	ttcctgacgt	480
tgctggtaat	gcctgccatc	aanaaaagat	tatgggttcc	caggaanact	tcaactcaagt	540
ggttgaacac	caccatgaaa	gggctcaagt	gctgtggctt	cnnccaacta	tacggatttt	600
gaagantcac	ctacttcaaa	gaaaanagtg	cctttccccc	atttctgttg	caattgacaa	660
acgtcccca	cacagccaat	tgaaaacctg	caccaacccc	aaanggggtcc	ccaaccanaa	720
attnaagg						729

<210> 14

<211> 816

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(816)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 14

tgctcttct	caaagttgtt	cttggtgcc	taacaaccac	cataggtaaa	gcgggcgcag	60
tgcttctga	aggggttgta	gtaccagcgc	gggatgctct	ccttgagag	tcctgtgtct	120
ggcaggtcca	cgcagtgcc	tttgtaactg	gggaaatgga	tgcgctggag	ctcgtcaaa	180
ccactcgtgt	atttttcaca	ggcagcctcg	tcogaacggt	cggggcagtt	gggggtgtct	240
tcacactcca	ggaaactgtc	natgcagcag	ccattgctgc	agcggaaactg	gggtgggtga	300
cangtgccag	agcacactgg	atggcgcctt	tccatgnnan	gggccctgng	ggaaagtccc	360
tgancccan	anctgcctct	caaangcccc	accttgacac	ccccgacagg	ctagaatgga	420
atcttcttcc	cgaaaggtag	ttnttcttgt	tgcccaancc	ancccntaa	acaaactctt	480
gcanatctgc	tcgngggggg	tentantacc	ancgtgggaa	aagaacccca	ggcngcgaac	540
caancttggt	tggatnccga	gcnataatct	ncntttctgc	ttggtggaca	gcaccantna	600
ctgtnnanct	ttagnccntg	gtcctcntgg	gttgnncttg	aacctaatcn	ccnntcaact	660
gggacaaggt	aantngccnt	cctttnaatt	cccnanctn	ccccctggtt	tgggggtttt	720
cncnctcta	ccccagaaan	nccgtgttcc	cccccaacta	ggggccnaaa	ccnnttnttc	780
cacaacctn	ccccacccac	gggttcngnt	ggttng			816

<210> 15

<211> 783

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(783)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 15
 ccaaggcctg ggcaggcata nacttgaagg tacaacccca ggaacccctg gtgctgaagg 60
 atgtggaaaa cacagattgg cgcctactgc ggggtgacac ggatgtcagg gtagagagga 120
 aagacccaaa ccaggtggaa ctgtggggac tcaaggaang cacctacctg ttccagctga 180
 cagtgactag ctacagaccac ccagaggaca cggccaacgt cacagtcact gtgctgtcca 240
 ccaagcagac agaagactac tgcctcgcat ccaacaangt gggtcgctgc cggggctctt 300
 tcccacgctg gtactatgac cccacggagc agatctgcaa gagtttcgtt tatggaggct 360
 gcttgggcaa caagaacaac taccttcggg aagaagagt cattctancc tgtcnggggtg 420
 tgcaagggtg gcctttgana ngcanctctg gggtcangc gactttcccc cagggccctt 480
 ccatggaaag ggcctatcca ntgttctctg gcacctgtca gccacccag ttccgctgca 540
 ncaatggctg ctgcatcnac antttcctng aattgtgaca acacccccca ntgccccaa 600
 cctcccaac aaagcttccc tgttnaaaaa tacnccantt ggcttttnac aaacncccg 660
 cncctcctt ttcccnntn aacaaagggc nctngcnttt gaactgccc aaccnnggaa 720
 tctnccnngg aaaaantncc cccctggtt cctnnaanc cctccnnaa anctncccc 780
 ccc 783

<210> 16
 <211> 801
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(801)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 16
 gccccaatc cagctgccac accacccacg gtgactgcat tagttcggat gtcatacaaa 60
 agctgattga agcaaccctc tacttttttg tegttagcct tttgcttggg gcaggtttca 120
 ttggctgtgt tggtagcgtt gtcattgcaa cagaatgggg gaaaggcact gttctctttg 180
 aagtaggggt agtcctcaaa atccgtatag ttggtgaagc cacagcactt gagccctttc 240
 atggtggtgt tccacacttg agtgaagtct tcctgggaac cataatcttt cttgatggca 300
 ggactacca gcaacgtcag gaagtgtca gccattgttg tgtacaccaa ggcgaccaca 360
 gcagctgcaa cctcagcaat gaagatgagg aggaggatga agaagaacgt cncgagggca 420
 cacttgctct ccgtcttagc accatagcag ccangaaac caagagcaaa gaccacaacg 480
 ccngctgcga atgaaagaaa ntaccacgt tgacaaactg catggccact ggacgacagt 540
 tggccgaan atcttcagaa aagggatgcc ccacogattg aacacccana tgccactgc 600
 cnacagggct gcnccnccn gaaagaatga gccattgaag aaggatcntc ntggtcttaa 660
 tgaactgaaa cctgcatgg tggccctgt tcagggtctt tggcagtga ttctganaaa 720
 aaggaacngc ntnagcccc ccaaangana aaacaccccc ggggtgttgc ctgaattggc 780
 ggccaaggan ccctgccccn g 801

<210> 17
 <211> 740
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(740)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 17
 gtgagagcca ggctccctc tgcctgccca ctacgtggca acacccggga gctgttttgt 60
 cctttgtgga gcctcagcag ttccctcttt cagaactcac tgccaagagc cctgaacagg 120
 agccaccatg cagtgttca gcttcattaa gaccatgatg atcctcttca atttgctcat 180
 ctttctgtgt ggtgcagccc tgttggcagt gggcatctgg gtgtcaatcg atggggcatc 240
 ctttctgaag atcttcgggc cactgtcgtc cagtgccatg cagtttgtca acgtgggcta 300

cttcctcatc	gcagccggcg	ttgtggtctt	tgtctttggt	ttcctgggct	gctatgggtgc	360
taagacggag	agcaagtgtg	ccctcgtgac	gttctttctt	atcctcctcc	tcattcttcat	420
tgtctgaagt	gcagctgctg	tggtcgcctt	ggtgtacacc	acaatggctg	aaccattcct	480
gagcttgctg	gtantgcctg	ccatcaanaa	agattatggg	ttcccaggaa	aaattcactc	540
aantntggaa	caccnccatg	aaaagggctc	caattttctgn	tggtttcccc	aactataccg	600
gaattttgaa	agantcnccc	tacttccaaa	aaaaaanant	tgcttttncc	ccntttctgt	660
tgcaatgaaa	acntcccaan	acngccaatn	aaaacctgcc	cnnncaaaaa	ggntcncaaa	720
caaaaaaant	nnaagggttt					740

<210> 18

<211> 802

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (802)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 18

ccgctggttg	cgctgggtcca	gngnagccac	gaagcacgtc	agcatacaca	gcctcaatca	60
caaggtcttc	cagctgccgc	acattacgca	gggcaagagc	ctccagcaac	actgcatatg	120
ggatacactt	tacttttagca	gccagggtga	caactgagag	gtgtcgaagc	ttattctttt	180
gagcctctgt	tagtggagga	agattccggg	cttcagctaa	gtagtcagcg	tatgtcccat	240
aagcaaacac	tgtgagcagc	cggaaagtag	aggcaaagtc	actctcagcc	agctctctaa	300
cattgggcat	gtccagcagt	tctccaaaca	cgtagacacc	agnggcctcc	agcacctgat	360
ggatgagtgt	ggccagcgct	gcccccttgg	ccgacttggc	taggagcaga	aattgctcct	420
ggtttctgcc	tgtcaccttc	acttccgcac	tcactactgc	actgagtgtg	ggggacttgg	480
gctcaggatg	tccagagacg	tggttccgcc	ccctcnctta	atgacaccgn	ccanncaacc	540
gtcggctccc	gccgantgng	ttcgtcgtnc	ctgggtcagg	gtctgctggc	cnctacttgc	600
aancttcgtc	nggcccatgg	aattcacenc	accggaactn	gtangatcca	ctnnttctat	660
aaccggnccg	caccgcnnnt	ggaactccac	tcttnttncc	tttacttgag	ggttaaggtc	720
acccttnncc	ttactttggt	ccaaacnctn	cctgtgtctg	anatngtnaa	tcnggnccna	780
tnccancncn	atangaagcc	ng				802

<210> 19

<211> 731

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1) ... (731)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 19

cnaagcttcc	aggtnacggg	ccgcnaance	tgaccnagg	tancanaang	cagnccngcg	60
gagcccaccg	tcacngngng	gngtctttat	nggagggggc	ggagccacat	cnetggacnt	120
cntgacccca	actccccncc	ncncantgca	gtgatgagtg	cagaactgaa	ggtnacgtgg	180
caggaaccaa	gancaaannc	tgtccnntc	caagtcggcn	nagggggcgg	ggctggccac	240
gcncatccnt	cnagtgtctg	aaagccccnn	cctgtctact	tgtttgagga	acngcnnnga	300
catgccccagn	gttanataac	nggengagag	tnantttgcc	tctcccttcc	ggctgcgcac	360
cgngtntgct	tagnggacat	aacctgacta	cttaactgaa	cccnngaate	tnccnccctt	420
ccactaagct	cagaacaaaa	aacttcgaca	ccactcantt	gtcacctgnc	tgctcaagta	480
aagtgtaccc	catncccaat	gtntgctnca	ngctctgncc	tgcnttangt	tcggctcttg	540
gaagacctat	caattnaagc	tatgtttctg	actgcctctt	gctccctgna	acaancnacc	600
cnnccntcca	agggggggnc	ggcccccaat	ccccccaacc	ntnaattnan	tttanccccc	660
ccccngggcc	oggcctttta	cnancntcnn	nnacngggna	aaaccnnngc	tttncccaac	720

nnaatccncc t

731

<210> 20
 <211> 754
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(754)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 20
 tttttttttt tttttttttt taaaaacccc ctccattnaa tgnaaacttc cgaaattgtc 60
 caacccctc ntccaaatnn ccntttccgg gnggggggttc caaacccaan ttanntttgg 120
 annntaaatt aaatnttntt tgngngnnna anccnaatgt nangaaagt naaccanta 180
 tnancttnaa tncctggaaa ccngtngntt ccaaaaatnt ttaaccctta antccctccg 240
 aaatngttna nggaaaaccc aanttctcnt aaggttggtt gaaggntnaa tnaaaanccc 300
 nnccaattgt ttttngccac gcctgaatta attggnttcc gntgttttcc nttaaaanaa 360
 ggnnancccc ggttantnaa tcccccnnc cccaattata ccgantttt ttngaattgg 420
 ganccnccg gaattaacgg ggnnntccc tnttgggggg cnggnncccc cccntcggg 480
 ggttngggnc aggnccnaat tgtttaaggg tccgaaaaat ccctccnaga aaaaaanctc 540
 ccagntgag nntnggggtt ncccccccc cangggccct ctcgnanagt tgggggttgg 600
 ggggcctggg atttntttt cctnttncc tcccccccc ccngganag aggttngnt 660
 tttgntcnc ggcccnccn aagantttt ccganttnan ttaaaccnt gcctnggcga 720
 agtcnttgn agggntaaan ggccccctnn cggg 754

<210> 21
 <211> 755
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(755)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 21
 atcanccat gacccnaac nngggaccnc tcancggnc nnncnaccnc cgccnatca 60
 nngtnagnnc actncnttn natcacnccc cncnactac gccncnanc cnacgccta 120
 nncanatncc actganngcg cgangtngan ngagaaanct nataccanag ncaccanacn 180
 ccagctgtcc nanaangcct nnnatacngg nnnatccaat ntgnancctc cnaagtattn 240
 nncnncanat gattttcctn anccgattac cctncccc tanccctcc cccccaacna 300
 cgaaggcnc ggncnaagg nngcgnccc ccgctagntc ccnncaagt cncncncta 360
 aactcanccn nattacnccg ttcttgagta tcaactcccc aatctcacc tactcaactc 420
 aaaaanatcn gatacaaat aatncaagcc tgnttatnac actntgactg ggtctctatt 480
 ttagnggtcc ntnaanctc ctaatactc cagtctnct tcnccaattt ccnaangget 540
 ctttngaca gcatnttttg gttcccnntt ggggtcttan ngaattgcc ttctnngaac 600
 gggctcntct tttccttcgg ttancctggn ttcnccggc cagttattat tttccntttt 660
 aaattcntnc cntttanttt tggcntttna aacccccggc cttgaaaacg gccccctgg 720
 aaaagttgt tttganaaaa tttttgtttt gttcc 755

<210> 22
 <211> 849
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(849)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 22

tttttttttt	tttttangtg	tngtctgtgca	ggtagaggct	tactacaant	gtgaanacgt	60
acgtnggan	taangcgacc	cganttctag	gannncct	aaaatcanac	tgtgaagatn	120
atcctgnna	cggaanggtc	accggnngat	nntgctagg	tgncnctcc	cannncnttn	180
cataactng	nggccctgcc	caccaccttc	ggcggccng	ngnccgggcc	cgggtcattn	240
gnnttaaccn	cactnngcna	ncggtttccn	nccccnnng	accnggcga	tccgggtnc	300
tctgtcttc	cctgnagncn	anaaantggg	ccnccgnccc	ctttaccct	nnacaagcca	360
cngccteta	ncnccngccc	cccctccant	nngggggact	gccnanngt	ccgttnctng	420
nnaccccn	gggtncctcg	gttgtcgant	cnaccgnang	ccanggatc	cnaaggaagg	480
tgcgttnttg	gccctaccc	ttcgctnccg	nnaccccttc	ccgacnanga	nccgtcccg	540
cncnccgnng	cctcnccctcg	caacacccgc	ntctctngt	ncggnnnccc	ccccaccgc	600
nccctcncc	ngnccgnancn	ctccnccncc	gtctcannca	ccaccccgcc	ccgccaggcc	660
ntcanccaen	ggngacnng	nagcnccntc	gcncgcgcgn	gcgnccct	cgcncngaa	720
ctnctcngg	ccantnccgc	teaancnna	cnaaacgcgc	ctgcgcggcc	cgnagcgncc	780
ncctccnca	gtcctcccg	cttcnacc	angnttccn	cgaggacacn	nnaccccgcc	840
nncangcgg						849

<210> 23

<211> 872

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(872)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 23

gcgcaaacta	tacttcgctc	gnactcgtgc	gcctcgtcnc	tcttttcctc	cgcaaccatg	60
tctgacnanc	ccgattnggc	ngatatchan	aagntcganc	agtccaaact	gantaacaca	120
cacacnncan	aganaaatcc	nctgccttc	anagtanacn	attgaacnng	agaaccangc	180
nggcgaatcg	taatnaggcg	tgcgcgcga	atntgtcncc	gtttattntn	ccagcctcnc	240
ctnccnacc	tacntcttcn	nagctgtcnn	accctngtn	cgnaccccc	naggctggga	300
tccgggtttn	nntgaccng	cnncccttc	ccccntccat	nacganccnc	ccgcaccacc	360
nanngcncgc	nccctcgnct	cttcgccncc	ctgtcctntn	cccctgtngc	ctggcncngn	420
accgcattga	ccccgcgnn	ctnccngaaa	ncgnanacgt	ccgggttgnn	annancgctg	480
tgggnnngcg	tctgcncgc	gttccttcen	ncncttcca	ccatcttcnt	taenggtct	540
ccnccgctc	tcnnncaenc	cctgggacgc	tntcctntgc	cccccttnac	ccccccctt	600
cgnccgtgnc	cgncccccacc	ntcatttnca	nacgntcttc	acaannncct	ggntnctcc	660
cnancngnnc	gtcanccnag	ggaagggngg	ggnnccnntg	nttgacgttg	nggngangtc	720
cgaanantcc	tcnccntcan	cctaccct	cgggcgnct	ctcngttncc	aacttancaa	780
ntctcccccg	ngngcncntc	tcagcctcnc	ccncccnct	ctctgcantg	tnctctgctc	840
tnaccnntac	gantnttcgn	cncctcttt	cc			872

<210> 24

<211> 815

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(815)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 24

gcattgcaagc	ttgagtattc	tatagngtca	cctaaatanc	ttggcntaat	catggctcnta	60
nctgncttcc	tgtgtcaaat	gtatacnaan	tanatatgaa	tctnatntga	caagannngta	120
tctntcatta	gtaacaantg	tnntgtccat	cctgtcngan	canattccca	tnnattncgn	180
cgcattcnncn	gencantatn	taatngggaa	ntcnntnnn	ncaccnncat	ctatcntncc	240
gcncctgac	tggnagagat	ggatnanttc	tnntntgacc	nacatgttca	tcttggattn	300
aanancccc	cgngnccac	cggttngng	cnagcnnnc	ccaagacctc	ctgtggaggt	360
aacctgcgtc	aganncatca	aacntgggaa	acccgcnncc	angtnnaagt	ngnnncanan	420
gatcccgctc	aggnntnacc	atcccttcnc	agcgccccct	ttngtgcctt	anagnnagc	480
gtgtccnanc	cncctcaacat	ganacgcgcc	agnccanccg	caattnggca	caatgtcgnc	540
gaaccccccta	gggggantna	tncaaanc	caggattgtc	cncncangaa	atcccnanc	600
cccncctac	ccncttttg	gacngtgacc	aantcccga	gtncagtc	ggcngnctc	660
ccccaccggt	nnccttggg	gggtgaanct	cngnntcanc	cngncgaggn	ntcgnaagga	720
accggnccctn	ggncgaann	ancnntcnga	agngccnct	cgtataacc	cccctcncca	780
nccnacngnt	agntcccc	cngggtncg	aangg			815

<210> 25

<211> 775

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(775)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 25

ccgagatgtc	tgcctccgtg	gccttagctg	tgctcgcgt	actctctctt	tctggcctgg	60
aggctatcca	gcgtactcca	aagattcagg	tttactcacg	tcatccagca	gagaatggaa	120
agtcaaat	cctgaattgc	tatgtgtctg	ggtttcatcc	atccgacatt	gaanttgact	180
tactgaagaa	tggnagagaa	attgaaaaag	tgagcattc	agacttgtct	ttcagcaagg	240
actggtcttt	ctatctcntg	tactacactg	aattcacccc	cactgaaaaa	gatgagtatg	300
cctgccgtgt	gaaccatgtg	actttgtcac	agcccaagat	agttaagtgg	gatcgagaca	360
tgtaagcagn	cnncatggaa	gtttgaagat	gccgcatttg	gattggatga	attccaaatt	420
ctgcttgctt	gcntttta	antgatatgc	ntatacacc	taccctttat	gncccaaat	480
tgtaggggtt	acatnantgt	tcnctnngga	catgatcttc	ctttataant	ccnccnttcg	540
aattgcccgt	cnccngttn	ngaattgttc	cnnaaccacg	gttggtccc	ccaggtcncc	600
tcttacggaa	gggctgggc	cnccttncaa	gggtggggga	accnaaaatt	tcnctntngc	660
cncccncca	cnntcttng	nncncanttt	ggaacccttc	cnattccct	tggcctcnna	720
nccttnncta	anaaaacttn	aaancgtngc	naaannttn	acttcccc	ttacc	775

<210> 26

<211> 820

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(820)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 26

anattantac	agtgtaatct	tttcccagag	gtgtgtanag	ggaacggggc	ctagaggcat	60
cccanagata	ncttatanca	acagtgttt	gaccaagagc	tgctgggcac	atttcttgca	120
gaaaagggtg	cggctcccat	cactcctcct	ctcccatagc	catcccagag	gggtgagtag	180
ccatcangcc	ttcgggtggga	gggagtcang	gaaacaacan	accacagagc	anacagacca	240
ntgatgacca	tgggcgggag	cgagcctctt	ccctgnaccg	gggtggcana	nganagccta	300
nctgaggggt	cacactataa	acgttaacga	ccnagatnan	cacctgcttc	aagtgcacc	360

ttcctacctg	acnaccagng	accnnnaact	gngcctggg	gacagcncctg	ggancagcta	420
acnnagcact	cacctgcccc	cccatggccg	tncgntccc	tggtcctgnc	aagggaagct	480
ccctggttga	attncgggga	naccaaggga	nccccctct	ccanctgtga	aggaaaaann	540
gatggaattt	tncccttccg	gccnntcccc	tcttccttta	cacgccccct	nnactcctc	600
tccctctntt	ntcctgncnc	acttttnacc	ccnnnatttc	ccttnattga	tcgannctn	660
ganattccac	tnncgcctnc	cntcnatcng	naanaaaaa	nactntctna	ccnggggat	720
gggnncctcg	ntcatcctct	ctttttcnct	accnccnntt	ctttgcctct	ccttngatca	780
tccaaccntc	gntggccntn	cccccccnnn	tccttttccc			820

<210> 27

<211> 818

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(818)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 27

tctgggtgat	ggcctcttcc	tcctcagggg	cctctgactg	ctctgggcca	aagaatctct	60
tgtttcttct	ccgagcccca	ggcagcggtg	attcagccct	gccaacctg	attctgatga	120
ctgcggatgc	tgtgacggac	ccaaggggca	aataggggtc	caggggtccag	ggaggggagc	180
ctgctgagca	cttccgcccc	tcaccctgcc	cagccctgc	catgagctct	gggctgggtc	240
tccgcctcca	gggttctgct	cttccangca	ngccancaa	tggtgctggg	ccacactggc	300
ttcttctg	ccctccctg	getctgantc	tctgtcttcc	tgtcctgtgc	angcnccttg	360
gatctcagtt	tcctcncctc	anngaactct	gtttctgann	tcttcantta	actntgantt	420
tatnaccnan	tggnetgtnc	tgtcnnactt	taatgggcn	gaccggctaa	tcctccctc	480
ntcccttcc	anttcnnnna	accngcttnc	cncntctcc	ccntancccg	ccnggggaanc	540
ctcctttgcc	ctnaccangg	gccnnnaccg	ccntnnctn	ggggggcnng	gtnnctncnc	600
ctgntncccc	cncctcncnt	tnctctgtcc	cnnccnccg	nngcannttc	nngtcccn	660
tnnctcttcn	ngntcgnaa	ngntcncntn	tnnnnnngcn	ngntnntn	tcctctcnc	720
cnnntgnang	tnnttnnnnc	nngnncccc	nnnnnnnnn	nggnntnnn	tctnccngc	780
ccnncccc	ngnattaagg	cctccnntct	ccggccnc			818

<210> 28

<211> 731

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(731)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 28

aggaagggcg	gagggatatt	gtangggatt	gagggatagg	agnataangg	gggaggtgtg	60
tccaacatg	anggtgnngt	tctcttttga	angaggggtg	ngtttttann	ccnggtgggt	120
gattnaaccc	cattgtatgg	agnnaaagg	tttnagggat	ttttcggtc	ttatcagtat	180
ntanattcct	gtnaatcgga	aaatnatntt	tcnnccggaa	aatnttgctc	ccatccgnaa	240
attntcccg	ggtagtgc	nttnggggn	cngccangtt	tcccaggtg	ctanaatcgt	300
actaaagntt	naagtgggan	tncaaataa	aacctnnac	agagnatccn	taccgactg	360
tnntttncct	tcgcccctng	actctgcng	agcccaatac	ccnngngnat	gtcncnngn	420
nnngcgnnc	tgaaannnnc	tcngggctnn	gancatcang	gggtttcgca	tcaaaagcnn	480
cgtttncat	naaggcactt	tngcctcatc	caaccnctng	ccctcnncca	tttngccgtc	540
nggttncct	acgtntntng	cncctnnntn	ganattttnc	cgcctnggg	naancctcct	600
gnaatgggta	gggnccttnc	tttnaccnn	gnggtntact	aatcnnctnc	acgcntnctt	660
tctnaccccc	ccccctttt	caatccanc	ggcnaatggg	gtctcccn	cgangggggg	720

nnncccannc c

731

<210> 29
 <211> 822
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(822)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 29
 actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggggnonc ttctatgant antnttagat 60
 cgctcanacc tcacanccctc ccnacnangc ctataangaa nannaataga nctgtncnnt 120
 atntntacnc tcatanncct cnnaaccacac tccctcttaa cccntactgt gcctatngcn 180
 tnnctantct ntgcgcctn cnanccaccn gtggggccnac cncnngnatt ctcnatctcc 240
 tcnccatntn gcctananta ngtncatacc ctatacctac nccaatgcta nnnctaancn 300
 tccatnantt annntaacta ccactgacnt ngactttcnc atnanctcct aatttgaatc 360
 tactctgact cccacngcct annnattagc ancntcccc nacnatntct caaccaaate 420
 ntcaacaacc tatctantctg ttcnccaacc nttncctccg atccccnnac aacccccctc 480
 ccaaataccc nccacctgac ncctaaccn caccatcccg gcaagccnan ggncatttan 540
 ccactggaat cacnatngga naaaaaaac ccnaactctc tancncnnat ctccctaana 600
 aatnctcctn naatttactn ncantnccat caancccaac tgaaacnaaa cccctgtttt 660
 tanatccctt ctttcgaaaa ccnacccttt annncccaac ctttngggcc ccccccctnc 720
 ccnaatgaag gncncccaat cnangaaacg nccntgaaaa ancnaggcna anannntccg 780
 canatccctat cccttanttn ggggnccctt ncccnngggcc cc 822

<210> 30
 <211> 787
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(787)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 30
 cggcgcgctg ctctggcaca tgcttcctga atggcatcaa aagtgatgga ctgcccattg 60
 ctagagaaga ccttctctcc tactgtcatt atggagccct gcagactgag ggctcccctt 120
 gtctgcagga tttgatgtct gaagtcgtgg agtgtggctt ggagctcctc atctacatna 180
 gctggaagcc ctggagggcc tctctcgcca gcctccccct tctctccacg ctctccangg 240
 acaccagggg ctccaggcag cccattattc ccagnangac atggtgtttc tccacgcgga 300
 cccatggggc ctgnaaggec agggctctct ttgacaccat ctctcccgtc ctgcctggca 360
 ggccgtggga tccactantt ctanaacggn cgccaccncg gtgggagctc cagcttttgt 420
 tccenttaat gaaggttaat tgcncgcttg gcgtaatcat nggtcanaac tntttcctgt 480
 gtgaaattgt ttntccccctc ncnattccnc ncnacatacn aacccggaan cataaagtgt 540
 taaagcctgg gggtngcctn nngaanaaac tnaactcaat taattgcgtt ggctcatggc 600
 ccgctttccn ttcnngaaaa ctgtcntccc ctgcnttntt gaatcgcca cccccnngg 660
 aaaagcggtt tgcnttttng ggggntcctt ccncttcccc cctcnctaan cctnccgct 720
 cggtcgttnc nggtngcggg gaangggnat nnnctccnc naagggggng agnnngntat 780
 ccccaaa 787

<210> 31
 <211> 799
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(799)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 31
 tttttttttt tttttttggc gatgctactg ttttaattgca ggaggtgggg gtgtgtgtac 60
 catgtaccag ggctattaga agcaagaagg aaggaggag ggcagagcgc cctgctgagc 120
 aacaaaggac tcttcagcc ttctctgtct gtctcttggc gcaggcacat ggggaggcct 180
 cccgcagggt gggggccacc agtccagggg tgggagcact acanggggtg ggagtgggtg 240
 gtggctggtt cnaatggcct gncacanatc cctacgattc ttgacacctg gatttcacca 300
 ggggaccttc tgttctccca nggnaacttc ntnnatctcn aaagaacaca actgtttctt 360
 cngcanttct ggctgttcat ggaaagcaca ggtgtccnat ttnggctggg acttggtaca 420
 tatggttccg gccacctct cccntcnaan aagtaattca ccccccccn cctctnttg 480
 cctgggcccct taantaccca caccggaact canttanta ttcattctng gntgggcttg 540
 ntnatncn cctgaangcg ccaagttgaa aggccacgcc gtnccnctc cccatagnan 600
 nttttnnnt canctaagc cccccnggc aacnatccaa tcccccccn tgggggcccc 660
 agcccanggc ccccgntctg ggnnncngn cncgnantcc ccagntctc ccantcngnc 720
 ccnnngcncc cccgcacgca gaacanaagg ntngagccnc cgcannnnnn nggtnnncac 780
 ctcgcccccc ccnncgng 799

<210> 32
 <211> 789
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(789)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 32
 tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt 60
 ttttnccnag ggcaggttta ttgacaaact cncgggacac aancaggctg gggacaggac 120
 ggcaacaggc tccggcggcg gcggcggcg ccctacctgc ggtaccaa atgtcagcctc 180
 cgctcccgt tgaatntcct ctgcagctgc aggatgcctt aaaacagggc ctgcggcctn 240
 ggtgggcacc ctgggatttn aatttccacg ggcacaatgc ggtcgcancc cctcaccacc 300
 nattaggaat agtggtnnta ccnccnccg ttggcncact cccntggaa accactntc 360
 gcggctccg catctggtct taaaccttgc aaacnctggg gccctctttt tggttantnt 420
 nccngccaca atcatnact agactggcnc gggctggccc caaaaaancn ccccaaaacc 480
 ggnccatgtc ttncgggggt tgctgonatn tncatcacct cccgggcnca ncaggncaac 540
 ccaaaaagttc ttngggcccn caaaaaanct cgggggggnc ccagtttcaa caaagtcac 600
 ccccttggcc cccaaatcct cccccgntt nctgggtttg ggaaccacg cctctnnctt 660
 tggngggcaa gntggntccc ccttcgggcc cccgggtggc ccnctctaa ngaaaacncc 720
 ntctnnnca ccatcccccc nngnnacgnc tancaangna tccctttttt tanaaacggg 780
 cccccncc 799

<210> 33
 <211> 793
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(793)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 33

gacagaacat	ggttgatggt	ggagcacctt	tctatacgac	ttacaggaca	gcagatgggg	60
aattcatggc	tgttgagca	atanaacccc	agttctacga	gctgctgac	aaaggacttg	120
gactaaagtc	tgatgaactt	cccaatcaga	tgagcatgga	tgattggcca	gaaatgaana	180
agaagtttgc	agatgtat	gcaaagaaga	cgaaggcaga	gtggtgtcaa	atctttgacg	240
gcacagatgc	ctgtgtgact	ccggttctga	cttttgagga	ggttggtcat	catgatcaca	300
acaangaacg	gggctcggtt	atcaccantg	aggagcagga	cgtgagcccc	cgccctgcac	360
ctctgctggt	aaacacccca	gccatccctt	ctttcaaaag	ggatccacta	cttctagagc	420
ggncgccacc	gcggtggagc	tccagctttt	gttcccttta	gtgagggtta	attgcgcgct	480
tggcgtaatc	atggtcatan	ctgtttcctg	tgtgaaattg	ttatccgctc	acaattccac	540
acaacatacg	anccggaagc	atnaaatttt	aaagcctggg	ggtngcctaa	tgantgaact	600
nactcacatt	aattggcttt	gcgctcactg	cccgttttcc	agtcgggaaa	acctgtcctt	660
gccagctgcc	nttaatgaat	cnggccaccc	cccggggaaa	aggcngtttg	cttnttgggg	720
cgcncctccc	gctttctcgc	ttcctgaant	ccttcccccc	ggtctttcgg	cttgccgcna	780
acggtatcna	cct					793

<210> 34

<211> 756

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(756)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 34

gccgcgaccg	gcatgtacga	gcaactcaag	ggcgagtggg	accgtaaaag	ccccaatctt	60
ancaagtgcg	gggaanagct	gggtcgactc	aagctagtgc	ttctggagct	caacttcttg	120
ccaaccacag	ggaccaagct	gaccaaacag	cagctaattc	tggcccgtga	catactggag	180
atcgggggccc	aatggagcat	cctacgcaan	gacatccctt	ccttcgagcg	ctacatggcc	240
cagctcaaat	gctactactt	tgattacaan	gagcagctcc	ccgagtcagc	ctatatgcac	300
cagctcttgg	gcctcaacct	cctcttctct	ctgtcccaga	accgggtggc	tgantnccac	360
acgganttgg	ancggctgcc	tgcccanga	catacanacc	aatgtctaca	tcnaccacca	420
gtgtcctgga	gcaatactga	tgganggcag	ctaccncaaa	gtnttcctgg	ccnagggtaa	480
catccccgcg	cgagagctac	accttcttca	ttgacatcct	gctcgacact	atcagggatg	540
aaaatcgcn	ggttgctcca	gaaaggctnc	aanaanatcc	ttttcncctga	aggccccggg	600
atncnctagt	nctagaatcg	gcccggcact	gcggtgganc	ctccaacctt	tcgttncctt	660
ttactgaggg	tttattgccc	cccttggcgt	tatcatggtc	acnccngttn	cctgtgttga	720
aattnttaac	cccccaaat	tccacgcna	cattn			756

<210> 35

<211> 834

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(834)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 35

ggggatctct	anactnacct	gnatgcatgg	ttgtcggtgt	ggtcgctgtc	gatgaanatg	60
aacaggatct	tgcccttgaa	gctctcggtt	gctgtnttta	agttgtctag	tctgccgtca	120
tagtcagaca	cnetcttggg	caaaaaacan	caggatntga	gtcttgattt	cacctccaat	180
aatcttcngg	gctgtctgct	cggtgaactc	gatgacnang	ggcagctggg	tgtgtntgat	240
aaantccanc	angttctcct	tggtgacctc	cccttcaaag	ttgttccggc	cttcatcaaa	300
cttctnnaan	angannancc	canctttgtc	gagctgggnat	ttgganaaca	cgtcactggt	360

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ggaaactgat cccaaatggt atgtcatcca tgcctctgc tgcctgcaaa aaacttgctt 420
ggcncaaate cgactcccn tccttgaaag aagccnatca cccccctc cctggactcc 480
nncaangact ctnccgctnc ccntccnng caggggtggt ggcanncgg gccntgcgc 540
ttcttcagcc agttcacnat ntcatcagc cctctgcca gctgtntat tccttggggg 600
ggaanccgtc tctcccttcc tgaannaact ttgaccgtng gaatagccgc gcntcncnt 660
acntnctggg cccgggttcaa antccctcn ttgncntcn cctcgggcca ttctggattt 720
nccnaacttt ttcttcccc cncctcncgg ngtttgntt ttcatnggg ccccaactct 780
gctnttggcc antccctgg gggcntntan cncctctnt ggtccctng ggcc 834

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<210> 36
<211> 814
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(814)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

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<400> 36
cggncgcttt ccngccgcgc cccgtttcca tgacnaaggc tcccttcang ttaaatacnn 60
cctagnaaac attaatgggt tgctctacta atacatcata cnaaccagta agcctgcca 120
naacgccaac tcaggccatt cctaccaaag gaagaaaggc tgggtctctcc acccctgta 180
ggaaaggcct gccttgtaag acaccacaat ncggctgaat ctnaagtctt gtgttttact 240
aatggaaaaa aaaaataaac aanaggtttt gttctcatgg ctgccaccg cagcctggca 300
ctaaaacanc ccagcgtca cttctgcttg ganaaatatt ctttgcctt ttggacatca 360
ggcttgatgg tatcactgcc acntttccac ccagctgggc ncccttcccc catntttgtc 420
antganctgg aaggcctgaa ncttagtctc caaagtctc ngcccacaag accggccacc 480
aggggangtc ntttncagt gatctgcaa anantaccn tatcatcnn gaataaaaag 540
gccctgaac ganatgctc cancancctt taagaccat aatcctngaa ccatggtgcc 600
cttccggtct gatccnaaag gaatgttctt gggctccant cctcctttg ttnccttacgt 660
tgtnttggac cctgctngn atnaccaan tganatcccc ngaagcacc tnccttggc 720
atgtgantt cntaaattct ctgccctacn nctgaaagca cnattccctn ggcnccnaan 780
ggngaactca agaaggtctn ngaaaaacca cncn 814

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```

<210> 37
<211> 760
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(760)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 37
gcatgctgct cttcctcaaa gttgttcttg ttgccataac aaccaccata ggtaaagcgg 60
gcgcagtgtt cgctgaagg gttgtagtac cagcgcgga tgctctcctt gcagagtct 120
gtgtctggca ggtccacgca atgcccttg tctctggga aatggatgcg ctggagctcg 180
tcnaanccac tcgtgtattt ttcacangca gctcctccg aagcctccgg gcagttgggg 240
gtgtcgtcac actccactaa actgtcgatn cancagccca ttgctgcagc ggaactgggt 300
gggctgacag gtgccagaac acactggatn ggctttcca tgggaaggcc tgggggaaat 360
cncctnancc caaactgcct ctcaaaggcc accttgaca ccccgacagg ctagaaatgc 420
actcttcttc ccaaaggtag ttgttcttgt tgcccaagca ncctccanca aaccaaanc 480
ttgcaaaatc tgctccgtgg gggcatnnn taccanggtt ggggaaanaa acccgcnng 540
gancncctt gtttgaatgc naaggnaata atcctcctgt cttgcttggg tggaanagca 600
caattgaact gttaacnttg ggccngttc cncnnggtg gtctgaaact aatcacgctc 660
actggaaaaa ggtangtgcc ttccttgaat tcccaaannt cccctngntt tgggtnttt 720

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ctcctctncc ctaaaaatcg tnttcccccc centanggcg

760

<210> 38

<211> 724

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(724)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 38

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttaaaaa	ccccctccat	tgaatgaaaa	60
cttcnnaaat	tgtccaaccc	cctcnnecaa	atnnccattt	ccgggggggg	gttccaaacc	120
caaattaatt	ttgganttta	aattaaatnt	tnattngggg	aanaanccaa	atgtnaagaa	180
aatttaaccc	attatnaact	taaatncctn	gaaacccttg	gnttccaaaa	atttttaacc	240
cttaaatccc	tccgaaattg	ntaanggaaa	accaaattcn	cctaaggctn	tttgaaggtt	300
ngatttaaac	ccccttnant	tnttttnacc	cnngnctnaa	ntatttngnt	tccggtgttt	360
tccntttaan	cntnggtaac	tcccgnataa	gaannnccct	aanccaatta	aaccgaattt	420
tttttgaatt	ggaaattccn	ngggaattna	ccgggggttt	tcccntttgg	gggccatncc	480
cccnctttcg	gggtttgggn	ntaggttgaa	tttttnnang	nccccaaaaa	ncccccaana	540
aaaaaactcc	caagnnttaa	ttngaantnc	ccccttccca	ggccttttgg	gaaaggnggg	600
tttntggggg	ccngggantt	cnttcccccn	ttncncccc	ccccccnggt	aaanggttat	660
ngnntttggt	ttttgggccc	cttnanggac	cttcgggatn	gaaattaaat	ccccgggncc	720
gccg						724

<210> 39

<211> 751

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(751)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 39

tttttttttt	tttttctttg	ctcacattta	atttttattt	tgattttttt	taatgctgca	60
caacacaata	tttttttcat	ttgtttcttt	tattttcattt	tatttggttg	ctgctgctgt	120
tttattttatt	tttactgaaa	gtgagaggga	actttttgtg	ccttttttcc	tttttctgta	180
ggcgcgctta	agcttttctaa	atlttggaaca	tctaagcaag	ctgaanggaa	aaggggggtt	240
cgcaaaatca	ctcgggggaa	nggaaagggt	gctttgttaa	tcatgcccta	tggtgggtga	300
ttaactgott	gtacaattac	ntttcacttt	taattaattg	tgctnaangc	tttaattana	360
cttgggggtt	ccctccccc	accaaaccn	ctgacaaaaa	gtgccngccc	tcaaattnatg	420
tcccgcnnt	cnttgaaaca	cacngcngaa	ngttctcatt	ntccccncnc	caggtnaaaa	480
tgaagggtta	ccatntttta	cncacctcc	acntggcnnn	gcctgaatcc	tcnaaaancn	540
ccctcaancn	aatttctnng	ccccgggtnc	gcntnngtcc	cncgccgggt	ccgggaantn	600
cacccccnga	anncnntnnc	naacnaaatt	ccgaaaatat	tcccnntcnc	tcaattcccc	660
cnnagactnt	cctcnncnan	cncaattttc	ttttntcac	gaacncgnnc	cnnaaaatgn	720
nnnnncctc	cntngtccn	naatcnccan	c			751

<210> 40

<211> 753

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(753)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 40

gtgggtatttt	ctgtaagatc	aggtgttcct	ccctcgtagg	tttagaggaa	acaccctcat	60
agatgaaaac	ccccccgaga	cagcagcact	gcaactgcc	agcagccggg	gtaggagggg	120
cgccctatgc	acagctgggc	ccttgagaca	gcagggttc	gatgtcaggc	tcgatgtcaa	180
tggtctggaa	gcggcggctg	tacctgcgta	ggggcacacc	gtcaggggcc	accaggaaact	240
tctcaaagtt	ccaggcaacn	tcgttgcgac	acaccggaga	ccagggtgatn	agcttgggggt	300
cggtcataa	cgcggtggcg	tcgtcgtctg	gagctggcag	ggcctcccgc	aggaaggcna	360
ataaaaggtg	cgcccccgca	ccgttcantc	cgcacttctc	naanaccatg	angttgggct	420
cnaaccacc	accannccgg	acttccttga	nggaattccc	aatctctctc	gntcttgggc	480
ttctnctgat	gccctantct	gttgcccnng	atgccaanca	nccccaance	ccggggctct	540
aaancacccn	cctcctcntt	tcctctgggt	tnttntcccc	ggacntgggt	tcctctcaag	600
ggancccata	tctcnaccan	tactcacent	nccccccent	gnnaccanc	cttctannng	660
ttccnccccg	ncctctggcc	cntcaaan	gcttnacna	cctgggtctg	ccttcccccc	720
tnccctatct	gnaccccn	tttgtctcan	tnt			753

<210> 41

<211> 341

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 41

actatatcca	tcacaacaga	catgcttcat	cccatagact	tcttgacata	gcttcaaagt	60
agtgaacca	tccttgattt	atatacatat	atgttctcag	tattttggga	gcctttccac	120
ttctttaaac	cttggttcatt	atgaacactg	aaaataggaa	tttgtaaga	gttaaaaagt	180
tatagcttgt	ttacgtagta	agtttttgaa	gtctacattc	aatccagaca	cttagttgag	240
tgttaaactg	tgatttttaa	aaaatatcat	ttgagaatat	tctttcagag	gtattttcat	300
ttttactttt	tgattaattg	tgttttatat	attagggtag	t		341

<210> 42

<211> 101

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 42

acttactgaa	tttagttctg	tgctcttcct	tatttagtgt	tgtatcataa	atactttgat	60
gtttcaaaca	ttctaaataa	ataattttca	gtggcttcat	a		101

<210> 43

<211> 305

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 43

acatctttgt	tacagtctaa	gatgtgttct	taaatcacca	ttccttcctg	gtcctcaccc	60
tccagggtgg	tctcacactg	taattagagc	tattgaggag	tctttacagc	aaattaagat	120
tcagatgcct	tgctaagtct	agagttctag	agttatgttt	cagaaagtct	aagaaaccca	180
cctcttgaga	ggtcagtaaa	gaggacttaa	tatttcatat	ctacaaaatg	accacaggat	240
tgatacaga	acgagagtta	tcctggataa	ctcagagctg	agtacctgcc	cgggggcccg	300
tcgaa						305

<210> 44

<211> 852

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(852)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 44

acataaatat	cagagaaaag	tagtctttga	aatattttacg	tccaggagtt	ctttgtttct	60
gattatttgg	tgtgtgtttt	ggtttgtgtc	caaagtattg	gcagettcag	ttttcatttt	120
ctctccatcc	tcgggcattc	ttcccaaatt	tatataccag	tcttcgtcca	tccacacgct	180
ccagaatttc	tctttttag	taatatctca	tagctcggct	gagcttttca	taggtcatgc	240
tgtgttgtt	cttcttttta	ccccatagct	gagccactgc	ctctgatttc	aagaacctga	300
agacgccctc	agatcgggtc	tcccatttta	ttaatcctgg	gttcttgtct	gggttcaaga	360
ggatgtcgcg	gatgaattcc	cataagttag	tccctctcgg	gttgtgtctt	ttggtgtggc	420
acttggcagg	ggggtcttgc	tcctttttca	tatcagggtga	ctctgcaaca	ggaagggtgac	480
tggtggttgt	catggagatc	tgagcccggc	agaaagtttt	gctgtccaac	aaatctactg	540
tgctaccata	gttggtgtca	tataaatagt	tctngtcttt	ccagggtgtc	atgatggaag	600
gctcagcttt	ttcagtcttg	acaatgacat	tgtgtgtgga	ctggaacagg	tactactgc	660
actggccgtt	ccacttcaga	tgctgcaagt	tgctgtagag	gagntgcccc	gccgtccctg	720
ccgcccgggt	gaactcctgc	aaactcatgc	tgcaaagggtg	ctcgccgttg	atgtcgaact	780
cntggaaagg	gatacaattg	gcattccagct	ggttggtgtc	caggaggtga	tggagccact	840
cccacacctg	gt					852

<210> 45

<211> 234

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 45

acaacagacc	cttgctcgct	aacgacctca	tgctcatcaa	gttgagcgaa	tccgtgtccg	60
agtctgacac	catccggagc	atcagcattg	cttcgcagtg	ccctaccgcg	gggaactctt	120
gcctcgtttc	tggctggggg	ctgctggcga	acggcagaat	gcctaccgtg	ctgcagtgcg	180
tgaacgtgtc	ggtggtgtct	gaggaggtct	gcagtaagct	ctatgaccgg	ctgt	234

<210> 46

<211> 590

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(590)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 46

actttttatt	taaatgttta	taaggcagat	ctatgagaat	gatagaaaac	atggtgtgta	60
atttgatagc	aatatttttg	agattacaga	gttttagtaa	ttaccaatta	cacagttaaa	120
aagaagataa	tatattccaa	gcanatacaa	aatatcta	gaaagatcaa	ggcaggaaaa	180
tgantataac	taattgacaa	tggaataatca	attttaatgt	gaattgcaca	ttatccttta	240
aaagctttca	aaanaaanaa	ttattgcagt	ctanttaatt	caaacagtgt	ttaatgggtat	300
caggataaan	aactgaaggg	canaaagaat	taattttcac	ttcatgtaac	ncacccanat	360
ttacaatggc	ttaaatgcan	ggaaaaagca	gtggaagtag	ggaagtantc	aaggtctttc	420
tggtctctaa	tctgccttac	tctttgggtg	tggttttgat	cctctggaga	cagctgccag	480
ggctcctgtt	atatccacaa	tcccagcagc	aagatgaagg	gatgaaaaag	gacacatgct	540
gccttccttt	gaggagactt	catctcactg	gccaacactc	agtcacatgt		590

<210> 47

<211> 774

<212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(774)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 47
 acaagggggc ataatgaagg agtgggggana gatttttaag aaggaaaaaa aacgaggccc 60
 tgaacagaat tttcctgnac aacggggcctt caaaataatt ttcttgggga ggttcaagac 120
 gcttcactgc ttgaaactta atgggatgtg ggacanaatt ttctgtaatg accctgaggg 180
 cattacagac gggactcttg gaggaaggat aaacagaaag gggacaaagg ctaatcccaa 240
 aacatcaaag aaaggaaggt ggcgtcatat ctcccagcct acacagttct ccagggtct 300
 cctcatccct ggaggacgac agtggaggaa caactgacca tgtcccagg ctcctgtgtg 360
 ctggctcctg gtcttcagcc cccagctctg gaagcccacc ctctgctgat cctgcgtggc 420
 ccacactcct tgaacacaca tcccaggtt atattcctgg acatggctga acctcctatt 480
 cctacttccg agatgccttg ctccctgcag cctgtcaaaa tcccactcac cctccaaacc 540
 acggcatggg aagcctttct gacttgcttg attactccag catcttgga caatccctga 600
 ttcccactc cttagaggca agataggggtg gttaagagta gggctggacc acttgagacc 660
 aggtgcttg cttcaaattt tggctcattt acgagctatg ggaccttggg caagtnatct 720
 tcacttctat gggcntcatt ttgttctacc tgcaaaatgg gggataataa tagt 774

<210> 48
 <211> 124
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(124)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 48
 canaaattga aattttataa aaaggcattt ttctottata tccataaaat gatataattt 60
 ttgcaantat anaaatgtgt cataaattat aatgttcctt aattacagct caacgcaact 120
 tggt 124

<210> 49
 <211> 147
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(147)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 49
 gccgatgcta ctattttatt gcaggagggtg ggggtgtttt tattattctc tcaacagctt 60
 tgtggctaca ggtgggtgtc gactgcatna aaaanttttt tacgggtgat tgcaaaaatt 120
 ttagggcacc catatcccaa gcantgt 147

<210> 50
 <211> 107
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 50
 acattaaatt aataaaagga ctgttggggt tctgctaaaa cacatggcctt gatataattgc 60
 atggtttgag gttaggagga gttaggcata tgttttggga gaggggt 107

<210> 51
 <211> 204
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 51
 gtcctaggaa gtctagggga cacacgactc tggggtcacg gggccgacac acttgcacgg 60
 cgggaaggaa aggcagagaa gtgacaccgt cagggggaaa tgacagaaag gaaaatcaag 120
 gccttgcaag gtcagaaagg ggactcaggg cttccaccac agccctgccc cacttgggcca 180
 cctccctttt gggaccagca atgt 204

<210> 52
 <211> 491
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(491)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 52
 acaaagataa catttatctt ataacaaaaa tttgatagtt ttaaaggtta gtatttgtta 60
 gggatatttc caaaagacta aagagataac tcaggtaaaa agttagaaat gtataaaaca 120
 ccatcagaca ggttttttaa aaacaacata ttacaaaatt agacaatcat ccttaaaaaa 180
 aaaacttctt gtatcaattt cttttgttca aaatgactga cttaantatt tttaaatatt 240
 tcanaaacac ttcctcaaaa attttcaana tggtagcttt canatgtnc ctcagtccca 300
 atgttgctca gataaataaa tctcgtgaga acttaccacc caccacaagc tttctggggc 360
 atgcaacagt gtcttttctt tnccttttct tttttttttt ttacaggcac agaaactcat 420
 caattttatt tggataacaa agggctctcca aattatattg aaaaataaat ccaagttaat 480
 atcactcttg t 491

<210> 53
 <211> 484
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(484)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 53
 acataattta gcagggctaa ttaccataag atgctattta ttaanaggtn tatgatctga 60
 gtattaacag ttgctgaagt ttggatattt tatgcagcat tttctttttg ctttgataac 120
 actacagaac ccttaaggac actgaaaatt agtaagtaaa gttcagaaac attagctgct 180
 caatcaaato tctacataac actatagtaa ttaaaacggt aaaaaaaagt gttgaaatct 240
 gcaactagat anaccgctcc tgtcaggata anactgcttt ggaacagaaa gggaaaaanc 300
 agctttgant ttctttgtgc tgatangagg aaaggctgaa ttaccttggt gcctctccct 360
 aatgattggc aggtcnggta aatnccaaaa catattccaa ctcaacactt cttttccncg 420
 tancttgant ctgtgtatto caggancagg cggatggaat gggccagccc ncggatgttc 480
 cant 484

<210> 54

<211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 54
 actaaacctc gtgcttgtga actccatata gaaaaacggtg ccatccctga acaaggctgg 60
 ccactgggta tactgctgac aaccgcaaca acaaaaacac aaatccttgg cactggctag 120
 tctatgtcct ctcaagtgcc tttttgtttg t 151

<210> 55
 <211> 91
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 55
 acctggcttg tctccgggtg gttcccggcg cccccacagg tcccagaac ggacactttc 60
 gccctccagt ggatactcga gccaaagtgg t 91

<210> 56
 <211> 133
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 56
 ggcggatgtg cgttgggttat atacaaatat gtcattttat gtaagggact tgagtatact 60
 tggatttttg gtatctgtgg gttgggggga cgggccagga accaataccc catggatacc 120
 aagggacaac tgt 133

<210> 57
 <211> 147
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(147)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 57
 actctggaga acctgagccg ctgctccgcc tctgggatga ggtgatgcan gcngtggcgc 60
 gactgggagc tgagcccttc cctttgcgcc tgcctcagag gattgttgcc gacntgcana 120
 tctcantggg ctggatncat gcagggt 147

<210> 58
 <211> 198
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(198)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 58
 acagggatat aggttttnaag ttattgtnat tgtaaaatac attgaatttt ctgtatactc 60
 tgattacata catttatcct ttaaaaaaga tgtaaatctt aatttttatg ccacttatta 120
 attaccaat gagttacctt gtaaatgaga agtcatgata gcactgaatt ttaactagtt 180
 ttgacttcta agtttggt 198

<210> 59
 <211> 330
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 59
 acaacaaatg ggttgtgagg aagtcttatac agcaaaactg gtgatggcta ctgaaaagat 60
 ccattgaaaa ttatcattaa tgatttttaa tgacaagtta tcaaaaactc actcaatttt 120
 cacctgtgct agcttgctaa aatgggagtt aactctagag caaatatagt atcttctgaa 180
 tacagtcaat aaatgacaaa gccagggcct acaggtgggt tccagacttt ccagaccag 240
 cagaaggaat ctattttatc acatggatct cgtctgtgc tcaaaatacc taatgatatt 300
 tttcgtcttt attggacttc tttgaagagt 330

<210> 60
 <211> 175
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 60
 accgtgggtg ccttctacat tcttgacggc tcttcacca acatctgggt ctacttcggc 60
 gtcgtgggct ccttcctctt catcctcacc cagctgggtg tgctcatcga ctttgcgac 120
 tcttggaacc agcgggtggct gggcaaggcc gaggagtgcg attcccgtgc ctggt 175

<210> 61
 <211> 154
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 61
 accccacttt tctcctctgtg agcagctctgg acttctcact gctacatgat gaggggtgagt 60
 ggttggttgc cttcaacagt atcctccctt ttcgggatct gctgagccgg acagcagtgc 120
 tggactgcac agccccgggg ctccacattg ctgt 154

<210> 62
 <211> 30
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 62
 cgctcgagcc ctatagttag tcgtattaga 30

<210> 63
 <211> 89
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 63
 acaagtcatt tcagcaccct ttgctcttca aaactgacca tcttttatat ttaatgcttc 60
 ctgtatgaat aaaaatgggt atgtcaagt 89

<210> 64
 <211> 97
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 64
 accggagtaa ctgagtcggg acgctgaatc tgaatccacc aataaataaa ggttctgcag 60

aatcagtgc tccaggattg gtccttggat ctggggg

97

<210> 65
 <211> 377
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(377)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 65
 acaacaanaa ntcccttctt taggccaactg atggaaacct ggaaccccct tttgatggca 60
 gcatggcgct ctaggccttg acacagcggc tggggtttgg gctntcccaa accgcacacc 120
 ccaaccctgg tctaccaca nttctggcta tgggctgtct ctgccactga acatcagggt 180
 tcggtcataa natgaaatcc caanggggac agaggtcagt agaggaagct caatgagaaa 240
 ggtgctgttt gctcagccag aaaacagctg cctggcattc gccgctgaac tatgaacccg 300
 tgggggtgaa ctacccccc gaggaatcat gcctgggcga tgcaanggtg ccaacaggag 360
 gggcgggagg agcatgt 377

<210> 66
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 66
 acgcctttcc ctcagaattc agggaagaga ctgtcgctg ccttctctcg ttgttgctg 60
 agaaccctg tgccccttcc caccatatcc accctcgctc catctttgaa ctcaaacacg 120
 aggaactaac tgcaccctgg tctctcccc agtccccagt tcaccctcca tccctcacct 180
 tctccactc taagggatat caacactgcc cagcacaggg gccctgaatt tatgtggtt 240
 ttatatattt tttaataaga tgcactttat gtcatttttt aataaagtct gaagaattac 300
 tgttt 305

<210> 67
 <211> 385
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 67
 actacacaca ctccacttgc ccttgtgaga cactttgtcc cagcacttta ggaatgctga 60
 ggtcggacca gccacatctc atgtgcaaga ttgccagca gacatcagggt ctgagagttc 120
 cccttttaaa aaaggggact tgcttaaaaa agaagtctag ccacgattgt gtagagcagc 180
 tgtgctgtgc tggagattca cttttgagag agttctctc tgagacctga tcttttagagg 240
 ctgggcagtc ttgcacatga gatggggctg gtctgatctc agcactcctt agtctgcttg 300
 cctctcccag ggccccagcc tggccacacc tgcttacagg gcactctcag atgccatac 360
 catagtttct gtgctagtgg accgt 385

<210> 68
 <211> 73
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 68
 acttaaccag atatattttt accccagatg gggatattct ttgtaaaaaa tgaaaataaa 60
 gtttttttaa tgg 73

<210> 69

<211> 536
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(536)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 69
 actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggggctc tcaccctcct ctccctgcagc 60
 tccagctttg tgctctgcct ctgaggagac catggcccag catctgagta ccctgctgct 120
 cctgctggcc accctagctg tggccctggc ctggagcccc aaggaggagg ataggataat 180
 ccgggtggc atctataacg cagacctcaa tgatgagtgg gtacagcgtg cccttcactt 240
 cgccatcagc gagtataaca aggccaccaa agatgactac tacagacgtc cgctgcgggt 300
 actaagagcc aggcaacaga ccgttggggg ggtgaattac ttcttcgacg tagagggtggg 360
 ccgaaccata tgtaccaagt ccagcccaa cttggacacc tgtgccttcc atgaacagcc 420
 agaactgcag aagaaacagt tgtgctcttt cgagatctac gaagttccct ggggagaaca 480
 gaangtccct gggtgaaatc caggtgtcaa gaaatcctan ggatctgttg ccaggc 536

<210> 70
 <211> 477
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 70
 atgacccta acaggggccc totcagccct cctaattgacc tccggcctag ccatgtgatt 60
 tcaattccac tccataacgc toctcactact aggcctacta accaacacac taaccatata 120
 ccaatgatgg cgcgatgtaa cagagaaaag cacataccaa ggccaccaca caccacctgt 180
 ccaaaaaggc cttcgatacg ggataatcct atttattacc tcagaagttt ttttcttcgc 240
 agggattttt ctgagccttt taccactcca gcctagcccc taccocccaa ctaggagggc 300
 actggccccc aacaggcatc accccgctaa atcccctaga agtcccactc ctaaacacat 360
 ccgtattact cgcacagga gtatcaatca cctgagctca ccatagtcta atagaaaaca 420
 accgaaacca aattattcaa agcaactgctt attacaattt tactgggtct ctatttt 477

<210> 71
 <211> 533
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(533)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 71
 agagctatag gtacagtgtg atctcagctt tgcaaacaca ttttctacat agatagtact 60
 aggtattaat agatatgtaa agaaagaaat cacaccatta ataatggtaa gattgggtta 120
 tgtgatttta gtggtatttt tggcaccctt atatatgttt tocaaacttt cagcagtgat 180
 attatttcca taacttaaaa agtgagtgtt aaaaagaaaa tctccagcaa gcatctcatt 240
 taaataaagg tttgtcatct ttaaaaatac agcaatatgt gactttttta aaaagctgtc 300
 aaatagggtg gaccctacta ataattatta gaaatacatt taaaaacatc gagtacctca 360
 agtcagtttg ccttgaaaaa tatcaaatat aactottaga gaaatgtaca taaaagaatg 420
 cttcgtaatt ttggagtang aggttccctc ctcaattttg tattttttaa aagtacatgg 480
 taaaaaaaaa aattcacaac agtatataag gctgtaaaat gaagaattct gcc 533

<210> 72
 <211> 511

<212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(511)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 72
 tattacggaa aaacacacca cataattcaa ctancaaaga anactgcttc agggcgtgta 60
 aaatgaaagg cttccaggca gttatctgat taaagaacac taaaagaggg acaaggctaa 120
 aagccgcagg atgtctacac tatancaggc gctatttggg ttggctggag gagctgtgga 180
 aaacatggan agattggtgc tgganacgc cgtggctatt cctcattgtt attacanagt 240
 gaggttctct gtgtgcccac tggtttgaaa accgttctnc aataatgata gaatagtaca 300
 cacatgagaa ctgaaatggc ccaaaccag aaagaaagcc caactagatc ctcagaanac 360
 gcttctaggg acaataaccg atgaagaaaa gatggcctcc ttgtgcccc gtctgttatg 420
 atttctctcc attgcagcna naaaccggtt cttctaagca aacncagggtg atgatggcna 480
 aaatacacc cctcttgaag naccnggagg a 511

<210> 73
 <211> 499
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(499)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 73
 cagtgccagc actggtgcc gtaccagtag caataacagt gccagtgcc gtgccagcac 60
 cagtgggtggc ttcagtgtcg gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctcacatttg ggctcttcgc 120
 tggccttggg ggagctggtg ccagcaccag tggcagctct ggtgcctgtg gtttctccta 180
 caagtgagat tttagatatt gttaatcctg ccagtctttc tcttcaagcc aggggtgcac 240
 ctcagaaacc tactcaacac agcactctag gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagttgaca 300
 ctctgcatta aatctatttg ccatttctga aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaggg cggccgctcg 360
 antctagagg gcccgtttaa acccgctgat cagcctcgac tgtgccttct anttgccagc 420
 catctgttgt ttgccctcc cccgntgcct tccttgacct tggaaagtgc cactcccact 480
 gtcctttcct aantaaaat 499

<210> 74
 <211> 537
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(537)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 74
 tttcatagga gaacacactg aggagatact tgaagaattt ggattcagcc gcgaagagat 60
 ttatcagctt aactcagata aaatcattga aagtaataag gtaaaagcta gtctctaact 120
 tccaggccca cggctcaagt gaatttgaat actgcattta cagtgtagag taacacataa 180
 cattgtatgc atggaaacat ggaggaacag tattacagtg tctaccact ctaatcaaga 240
 aaagaattac agactctgat tctacagtga tgattgaatt ctaaaaatgg taatcattag 300
 ggcttttgat ttataanact ttgggtactt atactaaatt atggtagtta tactgccttc 360
 cagtttgctt gatataattg ttgatattaa gattccttgac ttatattttg aatgggttct 420

actgaaaaan gaatgatata ttcttgaaga catcgatata catttattta cactcttgat 480
tctacaatgt agaaaatgaa ggaaatgcc caaattgtat ggtgataaaa gtcccg 537

<210> 75
<211> 467
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(467)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 75
caaanacaat tgttcaaaag atgcaaatga tacactactg ctgcagctca caaacacctc 60
tgcataattac acgtacctcc tctgtctct caagtagtgt ggtctatattt gccatcatca 120
cctgctgtct gcttagaaga acggctttct gctgcaangg agagaaatca taacagacgg 180
tggcacaagg aggccatctt ttcctcatcg gttattgtcc ctagaagcgt cttctgagga 240
tctagttggg ctttctttct gggtttgggc catttcantt ctcattgtgtg tactattcta 300
tcattattgt ataacgggtt tcaaaccngt gggcacncag agaacctcac tctgtaataa 360
caatgaggaa tagccacggg gatctccagc accaaatctc tccatgtnt tccagagctc 420
ctccagccaa cccaaatagc cgctgctatn gtgtagaaca tccctgn 467

<210> 76
<211> 400
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(400)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 76
aagctgacag cattcggggc gagatgtctc gctccgtggc cttagctgtg ctgcgctac 60
tctctctttc tggcctggag gctatccagc gtactccaaa gattcagggt tactcacgtc 120
atccagcaga gaatggaaaag tcaaatttcc tgaattgcta tgtgtctggg ttcatccat 180
ccgacattga agttgactta ctgaagaatg gagagagaat tgaaaaagt gagcattcag 240
acttgtcttt cagcaaggac tggctcttct atctcttgta ctacactgaa ttcaccccca 300
ctgaaaaaga tgagtatgcc tgccgtgtga accatgtgac tttgtcacag cccaagatng 360
ttnagtggga tcganacatg taagcagcan catgggaggt 400

<210> 77
<211> 248
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 77
ctggagtgcc ttggtgtttc aagcccctgc aggaagcaga atgcacctc tgaggcacct 60
ccagctgcc cggcggggga tgcgaggctc ggagaccct tgcccggctg tgattgtctc 120
caggcactgt tcctctcagc tttctgtcc ctttgtccc ggcaagcgt tctgtgaaa 180
gttcatactt ggagcctgat gtcttaacga ataaaggtcc catgctccac ccgaaaaaaa 240
aaaaaaaa 248

<210> 78
<211> 201
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 78
 actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggcccaa cacaatggct acctttaaca 60
 tcacccagac cccgccctgc ccgtgcccc aacgacagta tgatgcttac 120
 tctgctactc ggaaactatt tttatgtaat taatgtatgc tttcttgttt ataaatgcct 180
 gatttaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a 201

<210> 79
 <211> 552
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(552)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 79
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 tttaggcagt gctagtaatt tcctcgtaat gattctgtta ttactttcct attctttatt 120
 cctctttcct ctgaagatta atgaagttga aaattgaggt ggataaatac aaaaaggtag 180
 tgtgatagta taagtatcta agtgcagatg aaagtgtgtt atatataatc attcaaaatt 240
 atgcaagtta gtaattactc aggtttaact aaattacttt aatatgctgt tgaacctact 300
 ctgttccttg gctagaaaaa attataaaca ggactttggt agtttgggaa gccaaattga 360
 taatattcta tgttctaaaa gttgggctat acataaanta tnaagaaata tggaatttta 420
 ttcccaggaa tatgggggttc atttatgaat antaccggg anagaagttt tgantnaaac 480
 cngttttggt taatacgtta atatgtcctn aatnaacaag gcntgactta tttccaaaaa 540
 aaaaaaaaaa aa 552

<210> 80
 <211> 476
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(476)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 80
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 ggggaaaaatg gggcctagaa gttacagagc atctagctgg tgogctggca cccctggcct 120
 cacacagact cccgagtagc tgggactaca ggcacacagt cactgaagca ggccctgttt 180
 gcaattcacg ttgccacctc caacttaaac attcttcata tgtgatgtcc ttagtcaacta 240
 aggttaaact ttcccaccca gaaaaggcaa cttagataaa atcttagagt actttcatac 300
 tcttetaagt cctcttccag cctcactttg agtcctcctt gggggttgat aggaantntc 360
 tcttggtttt ctcaataaaa tctctatcca tctcatgttt aatttggtac gntaaaaaat 420
 gctgaaaaaa ttaaaatggt ctggtttcnc tttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 476

<210> 81
 <211> 232
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(232)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 81
 tttttttttg tatgcntcn ctgtggngtt attgttgctg ccaccctgga ggagcccagt 60
 ttcttctgta tctttctttt ctgggggatc ttcttggtc tgcccctcca ttcccagcct 120
 ctcaccccca tcttgcactt ttgctagggt tggaggcgct ttcttggtag cccctcagag 180
 actcagtcag cggaataag tcctaggggt ggggggtgtg gcaagccggc ct 232

<210> 82
 <211> 383
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(383)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 82
 aggcggggagc agaagctaaa gccaaagccc aagaagagtg gcagtgccag cactggtgcc 60
 agtaccagta ccaataacat gccagtgcc gtgccagcac cagtgggtggc ttcagtgtctg 120
 gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctcacatttg ggctcttcgc tggccttggt ggagctggtg 180
 ccagcaaccag tggcagctct ggtgcctgtg gtttctccta caagtgagat tttagatatt 240
 gttaatcctg ccagtctttc tcttcaagcc aggggtgcac ctcagaaacc tactcaacac 300
 agcactctng gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagttgaca ctctgcatta aatctatttg 360
 ccatttcaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaa 383

<210> 83
 <211> 494
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(494)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 83
 accgaattgg gaccgctggc ttataagcga tcatgtcttc cagtattacc tcaacgagca 60
 gggagatcga gtctatacgc tgaagaaatt tgaccgatg ggacaacaga cctgctcagc 120
 ccatcctgct cggttctccc cagatgacaa atactctcga caccgaatca ccatcaagaa 180
 acgcttcaag gtgctcatga cccagcaacc ggcacctgtc ctctgagggt ccttaaactg 240
 atgtcttttc tgccacctgt taccctcgg agactccgta accaaactct tcggactgtg 300
 agccctgatg cctttttgcc agccatactc tttggentcc agtctctcgt ggcgattgat 360
 tatgcttggt tgaggcaatc atggtggcat caccatnaa gggaacacat ttganttttt 420
 tttncatat tttaaattac naccagaata nttcagaata aatgaattga aaaactctta 480
 aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 494

<210> 84
 <211> 380
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(380)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 84

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gctggtagcc tatggcgtgg ccacggangg gctcctgagg cacgggacag tgacttccca      60
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gaggacatgg acgtggccct catggagcac agcaactgct cgtcggagcc cggcttctgg      180
gcacaccctc ctggggccca ggcgggcacc tgcgtctccc agtatgcca ctggctgggtg      240
gtgctgctcc tcgtcatctt cctgctcgtg gccaacatcc tgctggtcac ttgctcattg      300
ccatgttcag ttacacattc ggcaaagtac agggcaacag cnatctctac tgggaaggcc      360
agcgttnccg cctcatccgg                                     380

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<210> 85
<211> 481
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(481)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 85
gagttagctc ctccacaacc ttgatgaggt cgtctgcagt ggcctctcgc ttcataccgc      60
tnccatcgtc atactgtagg ttggccacca cctcctgcat cttggggcgg ctaatatcca      120
ggaaactctc aatcaagtca ccgtcnatna aacctgtggc tggttctgtc ttccgctcgg      180
tgtgaaagga tctccagaag gagtgctcga tcttccccac acttttgatg actttattga      240
gtcgattctg catgtccagc aggaggttgt accagctctc tgacagtgag gtcaccagcc      300
ctatcatgcc nttgaacgtg ccgaagaaca ccgagccttg tgtggggggg gnagtctcac      360
ccagattctg cattaccaga nagccgtggc aaaaganatt gacaactcgc ccaggngaa      420
aaagaacacc tcctggaagt gctngccgct cctcgtccnt tgggtggngc gentnccttt      480
t                                     481

```

```

<210> 86
<211> 472
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(472)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 86
aacatcttcc tgtataatgc tgtgtaatat cgatccgatn ttgtctgctg agaattcatt      60
acttgaaaaa gcaacttnaa gcctggacac tggattataa attcacaata tgcaacactt      120
taaacagtgt gtcaatctgc tcccttactt tgtcatcacc agtctgggaa taaggggatg      180
ccctattcac acctgttaaa agggcgctaa gcatttttga ttcaacatct ttttttttga      240
cacaagtccg aaaaaagcaa aagtaaacag ttnttaattt gtagccaat tcactttctt      300
catgggacag agccatttga tttaaaaagc aaattgcata atattgagct ttgggagctg      360
atatntgagc ggaagantag cctttctact tcaccagaca caactccttt catattggga      420
tgttnacnaa agttatgtct cttacagatg ggatgctttt gtggcaattc tg                                     472

```

```

<210> 87
<211> 413
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(413)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

<400> 87

agaaccagct atctctnaaa acaacctctc ataccttggtg gacctaatth	60
tgtgtgtggtg cgcataattat atagacaggc acatcttttt tacttttgta aaagcttatg	120
cctcttttgggt atctataatct gtgaaagttt taatgatctg ccataatgtc ttggggacct	180
ttgtcttctg tgtaaatggt actagagaaa acacctatnt tatgagtcaa tctagttngt	240
tttattcgac atgaaggaaa tttccagatn acaacactna caaactctcc cttgactagg	300
ggggacaaaag aaaagcnaaa ctgaacatna gaaacaattn cctgggtgaga aattncataa	360
acagaaattg ggtngtatat tgaaanannng catcattnaa acgttttttt ttt	413

<210> 88

<211> 448

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(448)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 88

cgcagcgggt cctctctatc tagctccagc ctctcgcttg ccccaactccc cgcgtcccgc	60
gtcctagccn accatggccg ggcccctgctg cgcctcgctg ccatacctggc	120
cgtggccctg gccgtgagcc ccgcggcccg ctccagctccc ggcaagccgc cgcgcctggt	180
gggaggccca tggaccccg gtggaagaag aaggtgtgctg gcgtgcaactg gactttgccc	240
tcggenanta caacaaaccc gcaacnactt ttaccnagen cgcgtgcag gttgtgccgc	300
cccaancaaa ttgttactng gggtaantaa ttcttggaag ttgaacctgg gccaaacnng	360
tttaccagaa ccnagccaat tngaacaatt ncccctccat aacagcccct tttaaaaagg	420
gaancantcc tgntcttttc caaatth	448

<210> 89

<211> 463

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(463)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 89

gaatthttgtg cactggccac tgtgatggaa ccattgggcc aggatgctth	60
gtagtgattc tgccaaagtt ggtgttgtaa catgagtatg taaaatgtca aaaaattagc	120
agaggtctag gtctgcatat cagcagacag tttgtccgtg tattttgtag ccttgaagtt	180
ctcagtgaca agttntttct gatgcgaagt tctnattcca gtgttttagt cctttgcac	240
tttnatgtn agacttgct ctntnaaatt gctttgtnt tctgcaggta ctatctgtgg	300
tttaacaaaa tagaannact tctctgcttn gaanatttga atatcttaca tctnaaaatn	360
aattctctcc ccatannaaa acccangccc ttggganaat ttgaaaaang gntccttcnn	420
aattcnnana anttcagtn tcatacaaca naacngganc ccc	463

<210> 90

<211> 400

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(400)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 90

agggattgaa	gggtctntnt	actgtcggac	tggtcancca	ccaactctac	aagttgctgt	60
cttccactca	ctgtctgtaa	gcntnttaac	ccagactgta	tcttcataaa	tagaacaaat	120
tcttcaccag	tcacatcttc	taggaecttt	ttggattcag	ttagtataag	ctcttcact	180
tcctttgtta	agacttcctc	tggtaaagtc	ttaagttttg	tagaaaggaa	tttaattgct	240
cgttctctaa	caatgtcctc	tccttgaagt	atttggtgta	acaaccacc	tnaagtcct	300
ttgtgcatcc	attttaaata	tacttaatag	ggcattggtg	cactagggtta	aattctgcaa	360
gagtcctctg	tctgcaaaag	ttgcgttagt	atatctgcca			400

<210> 91

<211> 480

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(480)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 91

gagctoggat	ccaataatct	ttgtctgagg	gcagcacaca	tatncagtgc	catggnaact	60
gggtctacccc	acatgggagc	agcatgccgt	agntatataa	ggtcattccc	tgagtcagac	120
atgcctcttt	gactaccgtg	tgccagtgtc	gggtattctc	acacacctcc	nnccgctctt	180
tgtggaaaaa	ctggcacttg	nttggaacta	gcaagacatc	acttaciaat	tcaccacga	240
gacacttgaa	aggtgtaaca	aagcgactct	tgcatgtgtt	tttgtccctc	cggcaccagt	300
tgtcaataact	aaccgctggg	tttgccctcca	tcacatttgt	gatctgtagc	tctggataca	360
tctctgaca	gtactgaaga	acttcttctt	ttgtttcaaa	agcaactctt	ggtgcctgtt	420
ngatcagggt	cccatctccc	agtcggaatg	ttcacatggc	atatnttact	tcccacaaaa	480

<210> 92

<211> 477

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(477)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 92

atacagccca	natcccacca	cgaagatgcg	cttggttgact	gagaacctga	tgcggtcact	60
gggtcccgtg	tagccccagc	gactctccac	ctgctggaag	cggttgatgc	tgactcctt	120
cccacgcagg	cagcagcggg	gccggtcaat	gaactccact	cgtggcttgg	ggttgacggg	180
taantgcagg	aagaggctga	ccacctcgcg	gtccaccagg	atgcccgact	gtgcgggacc	240
tgacgcgaaa	ctctcgatg	gtcatgagcg	ggaagcgaat	gangcccagg	gccttgccca	300
gaaccttccg	cctgttctct	ggcgctcaact	gcagctgctg	ccgctnacac	tcggcctcgg	360
accagcggac	aaacggcggt	gaacagccgc	acctcaaggga	tgcccantgt	gtcgcgctcc	420
aggaacggcn	ccagcgtgtc	caggtcaatg	tcggtgaanc	ctccgcgggt	aatggcg	477

<210> 93

<211> 377

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(377)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 93

gaacggctgg	accttgccctc	gcattgtgct	gctggcagga	ataccttggc	aagcagctcc	60
agtccgagca	gccccagacc	gctgccgccc	gaagctaagc	ctgcctctgg	ccttcccctc	120
cgctcaatg	cagaaccant	agtgggagca	ctgtgtttag	agttaagagt	gaacactgtn	180
tgattttact	tggaattttc	ctctgttata	tagcttttcc	caatgctaata	ttccaaacaa	240
caacaacaaa	ataacatggt	tgctgttna	gttgataaaa	agtangtgat	tctgtatnta	300
aagaaaatat	tactgttaca	tatactgctt	gcaanttctg	tatttattgg	tnctctggaa	360
ataaatatat	tattaaa					377

<210> 94

<211> 495

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(495)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 94

ccctttgagg	ggttagggtc	cagttcccag	tggaagaaac	agggcaggag	aantgcgtgc	60
cgagctgang	cagatttccc	acagtgaccc	cagagccctg	ggctatagtc	tctgaccctt	120
ccaaggaaag	accaccttct	ggggacatgg	gctggagggc	aggacctaga	ggcaccaagg	180
gaaggcccca	ttccggggct	gttcccagag	gaggaaggga	aggggctctg	tgtgccccc	240
acgaggaana	ggccttgant	cctgggatca	nacaccctt	cacgtgtatc	cccacacaaa	300
tgcaagctca	ccaaggtccc	ctctcagtc	cttccctaca	ccctgaacgg	ncaactggcc	360
acaccacccc	agancancca	cccgccatgg	ggaatgttct	caaggaatcg	cngggcaacg	420
tggactctng	tccnnaagg	gggcagaatc	tccaatagan	gganngaacc	cttgctnana	480
aaaaaaaaana	aaaaa					495

<210> 95

<211> 472

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(472)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 95

ggttacttgg	tttcattgcc	accacttagt	ggatgtcatt	tagaaccatt	ttgtctgctc	60
cctctggaag	ccttgccgag	agcggacttt	gtaattgttg	gagaataact	gctgaatttt	120
tagctgtttt	gagttgattc	gcaccactgc	accacaactc	aatatgaaaa	ctatttnact	180
tatttattat	cttgtgaaaa	gtatacaatg	aaaattttgt	tcatactgta	tttatcaagt	240
atgatgaaaa	gcaatagata	tatattcttt	tattatgttn	aattatgatt	gccattatta	300
atcggcaaaa	tgtggagtgt	atgttctttt	cacagtaata	tatgcctttt	gtaacttcac	360
ttggttattt	tattgtaaat	gaattacaaa	attcttaatt	taagaaaatg	gtangttata	420
tttanttcan	taatttcttt	ccttgtttac	gttaattttg	aaaagaatgc	at	472

<210> 96

<211> 476

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(476)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 96

ctgaagcatt	tottcaaact	tntctacttt	tgtcattgat	acctgtagta	agttgacaat	60
gtggtgaaat	ttcaaaatta	tatgtaactt	ctactagttt	tactttctcc	cccaagtctt	120
ttttaactca	tgattttttac	acacacaatc	cagaacttat	tatatagcct	ctaagtcttt	180
attcttcaca	gtagatgatg	aaagagtctt	ccagtgtctt	gngcanaatg	ttctagntat	240
agctggatac	atacngtggg	agttctataa	actcatacct	cagtggggact	naaccaaaaat	300
tgtgttagtc	tcaattccta	ccacactgag	ggagcctccc	aaatcactat	attcttatct	360
gcaggctactc	ctccagaaaa	acngacaggg	caggcttgca	tgaaaaagtn	acatctgcgt	420
tacaaagtct	atcttctctca	nangtctgtn	aaggaacaat	ttaatcttct	agcttt	476

<210> 97

<211> 479

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(479)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 97

actctttcta	atgctgatat	gatcttgagt	ataagaatgc	atatgtcact	agaatggata	60
aaataatgct	gcaaaacttaa	tgttcttatg	caaaatggaa	cgctaataa	acacagctta	120
caatcgcaaa	tcaaaactca	caagtgtctca	tctgtttag	atttagtgta	ataagactta	180
gattgtgctc	cttcggatat	gattgtttct	canatcttgg	gcaatnttcc	ttagtcaa	240
caggctacta	gaattctgtt	attggatatn	tgagagcatg	aaatttttta	naatacactt	300
gtgattatna	aattaatcac	aaatttcact	tatacctgct	atcagcagct	agaaaaacat	360
ntnnttttta	natcaaagta	ttttgtgttt	ggaantgttn	aaatgaaatc	tgaatgtggg	420
ttcnatctta	ttttttcccn	gacnactant	tnctttttta	gggnctattc	tgancatc	479

<210> 98

<211> 461

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 98

agtgaattgt	cctccaacaa	aacccttga	tcaagtttgt	ggcactgaca	atcagaccta	60
tgctagtccc	tgtcatctat	tcgctactaa	atgcagactg	gaggggacca	aaaaggggca	120
tcaactccag	ctggattatt	ttggagcctg	caaatctatt	cctacttgta	cggactttga	180
agtgattcag	tttcctctac	ggatgagaga	ctggctcaag	aatatcctca	tcagacttta	240
tgaagccact	ctgaacacgc	tggttatcta	gatgagaaca	gagaaataaa	gtcagaaaat	300
ttacctggag	aaaagaggct	ttggctgggg	accatcccat	tgaaccttct	cttaaggact	360
ttaagaaaaa	ctaccacatg	ttgtgtatcc	tggtgcccggc	cgtttatgaa	ctgaccaccc	420
tttgaataaa	tcttgacgct	cctgaacttg	ctcctctgcg	a		461

<210> 99

<211> 171

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 99

gtggccgcgc	gcagggtgttt	cctcgtaaccg	cagggccccc	tcccttcccc	aggcgccct	60
cggcgccctct	gcgggcccga	ggaggagcgg	ctggcgggtg	gggggagtg	gaccacccct	120

cggtgagaaa agccttctct agcgatctga gaggcgtgcc ttgggggtac c 171

<210> 100
 <211> 269
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 100
 cgggcgcaag tgcaactcca gctggggccg tgcggacgaa gattctgcca gcagttggtc 60
 cgactgacgac gacggcgccg gcgacagtcg caggtgcagc gcgggcgcct ggggtcttgc 120
 aaggctgagc tgacgccgca gaggtcgtgt cacgtcccac gaccttgacg ccgtcgggga 180
 cagccggaac agagcccggt gaagcgggag gcctcgggga gcccctcggg aagggcggcc 240
 cgagagatac gcaggtgcag gtggccgcc 269

<210> 101
 <211> 405
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 101
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 gctagcaagg taacagggta gggcatggtt acatgttcag gtcaacttcc tttgtcgtgg 120
 ttgattgggt tgtctttatg ggggcggggt ggggtagggg aaacgaagca aataacatgg 180
 agtgggtgca ccctccctgt agaacctggt tacaagctt ggggcagttc acctggtctg 240
 tgaccgtcat tttcttgaca tcaatgttat tagaagtcag gatattcttt agagagtcca 300
 ctgttctgga gggagattag ggtttcttgc caaatccaac aaaatccact gaaaaagttg 360
 gatgatcagt acgaataacc aggcataatc tcatatcggt ggcca 405

<210> 102
 <211> 470
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 102
 tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt 60
 ggcacttaat ccatttttat ttcaaaatgt ctacaaatth aatccatta tacggtattt 120
 tcaaaatcta aattattcaa attagccaaa tccttaccaa ataataccca aaaatcaaaa 180
 atatacttct ttcagcaaac ttgttacata aattaataaaa atatatacgg ctggtgtttt 240
 caaagtacaa ttatcttaac actgcaaaaca ttttaaggaa ctaaaataaa aaaaaact 300
 ccgcaaaagt taaaggggaa aacaaattct tttacaacac cattataaaa atcatatctc 360
 aaatcttagg ggaatatata cttcacacgg gatcttaact tttactcact ttgtttattt 420
 ttttaaacca ttgtttgggc ccaacacaat ggaatcccc ctggactagt 470

<210> 103
 <211> 581
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 103
 tttttttttt ttttttttga cccccctctt ataaaaaaca agttaccatt ttattttact 60
 tacacatatt tattttataa ttggtattag atattcaaaa ggcagctttt aaaatcaaac 120
 taaatggaaa ctgccttaga tacataattc ttaggaatta gcttaaaatc tgcctaaagt 180
 gaaaatcttc tctagctctt ttgactgtaa atttttgact cttgtaaaac atccaaattc 240
 atttttcttg tcttttaaaat tatctaattc ttccattttt tccctattcc aagtcattt 300
 gcttctctag cctcatttcc tagctcttat ctactattag taagtggctt ttttctaaa 360
 agggaaaaca ggaagagaaa tggcacacaa aacaaacatt ttatattcat atttctacct 420
 acgttaataa aatagcattt tgtgaagcca gctcaaaaga aggcttagat ccttttatgt 480
 ccatttttagt cactaaacga tatcaaagtg ccagaatgca aaagggttgt gaacatttat 540

tcaaaagcta atataagata tttcacatac tcatctttct g

581

<210> 104
<211> 578
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 104
 tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttctctt cttttttttt gaaatgagga tcgagttttt 60
 cactctctag atagggcatg aagaaaactc atctttccag ctttaaaata acaatcaaat 120
 ctcttatgct atatcatatt ttaagttaaa ctaatgagtc actggcttat cttctcctga 180
 aggaaatctg ttcattcttc tcattcatat agttatatca agtactacct tgcattattga 240
 gaggtttttc ttctctattt acacatatat ttccatgtga atttgtatca aacctttatt 300
 ttcatgcaaa ctagaaaata atgtttcttt tgcataagag aagagaacaa tatagcatta 360
 caaaactgct caaattgttt gttaagttat ccattataat tagttggcag gagctaatac 420
 aaatcacatt tacgacagca ataataaaac tgaagtacca gttaaatatc caaaataatt 480
 aaaggaacat ttttagcctg ggtataatta gctaattcac tttacaagca tttattagaa 540
 tgaattcaca tgttattatt cctagcccaa cacaatgg 578

<210> 105
<211> 538
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 105
 tttttttttt tttttcagta ataatcagaa caatatttat ttttatattt aaaattcata 60
 gaaaagtgcc ttacatttaa taaaagtttg tttctcaaaag tgatcagagg aattagatat 120
 gtcttgaaca ccaatattaa tttagggaaa atacacccaaa atacattaag taaattattt 180
 aagatcatag agcttgtaag tgaaaagata aaatttgacc tcagaaaactc tgagcattaa 240
 aaatccacta ttagcaata aattactatg gacttcttgc ttttaattttg tgatgaatat 300
 ggggtgtcac tggtaaacca acacattctg aaggatacat tacttagtga tagattctta 360
 tgtactttgc taatacgttg atatgagttg acaagtttct ctttcttcaa tcttttaagg 420
 ggcgagaaat gaggaagaaa agaaaaggat tacgcatact gttctttcta tggaaggatt 480
 agatatgttt cctttgccaa tattaataaaa ataataatgt ttactactag tgaaaccc 538

<210> 106
<211> 473
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 106
 tttttttttt ttttttagtc aagtttctat ttttattata attaaagtct tggtcatttc 60
 atttatttagc tctgcaactt acatatttaa attaaagaaa cgttttagac aactgtacaa 120
 tttataaatg taaggtgcca ttattgagta atatatctct ccaagagtgg atgtgtccct 180
 tctccacca actaatgaac agcaacatta gtttaatttt attagtagat atacactgct 240
 gcaaacgcta attctcttct ccattcccat gtgatattgt gtatatgtgt gagttggtag 300
 aatgcatcac aatctacaat caacagcaag atgaagctag gctgggcttt cggtgaaaat 360
 agactgtgtc tgtctgaatc aaatgatctg acctatctc ggtggcaaga actcttcgaa 420
 ccgcttctct aaaggcgctg ccacatttgt ggctctttgc acttgtttca aaa 473

<210> 107
<211> 1621
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 107
 cgccatggca ctgcagggca tctcgggtcat ggagctgtcc ggctgggcc cgggcccggtt 60
 ctgtgctatg gtcctggctg acttcggggc gcgtgtggta cgcgtggacc ggcccggtc 120

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ccgctacgac gtgagccgct tgggcccggg caagcgctcg ctagtgctgg acctgaagca 180
gccgcgggga gccgccgtgc tgcggcgctct gtgcaagcgg tcggatgtgc tgctggagcc 240
cttccgccgc ggtgtcatgg agaaactcca gctgggcccc gagattctgc agcgggaaaa 300
tccaaggcgtt atttatgcca ggctgagtgg atttggccag tcaggaagct tctgccggtt 360
agctggccac gatatacaact atttggcttt gtcagggtgtt ctctcaaaaa ttggcagaag 420
tggtgagaat ccgtatgccc cgctgaatct cctggctgac tttgctgggtg gtggccttat 480
gtgtgcactg ggcattataa tggctctttt tgaccgcaca cgcactgaca agggtcaggt 540
cattgatgca aatatggtgg aaggaacagc atattttaagt tcttttctgt ggaaaactca 600
gaaatcgagt ctgtgggaag cacctcgagg acagaacatg ttggatgggtg gagcaccttt 660
ctatacgact tacaggacag cagatgggga attcatggct gttggagcaa tagaacccca 720
gttctacgag ctgctgatca aaggacttgg actaaagtct gatgaacttc ccaatcagat 780
gagcatggat gattggccag aaatgaagaa gaagtttgca gatgtatttg caaagaagac 840
gaaggcagag tgggtgtcaaa tctttgacgg cacagatgcc tgtgtgactc cggttctgac 900
ttttgaggag gttgttcatac atgatcacia caaggaacgg ggctcgttta tcaccagtga 960
ggagcaggac gtgagccccc gccctgcacc tctgctgtta aacaccccag ccatcccttc 1020
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cagccgcgaa gagatttatc agcttaactc agataaaatc attgaaagta ataaggtaaa 1140
agctagtctc taacttccag gccacggct caagtgaatt tgaatactgc atttacagt 1200
tagagtaaca cataacattg tatgcatgga aacatggagg aacagtatta cagtgtccta 1260
ccactctaata caagaaaaga attacagact ctgattctac agtgatgatt gaattctaaa 1320
aatggttatc attagggctt ttgatttata aaactttggg tacttatact aaattatggt 1380
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<210> 108

<211> 382

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 108

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Met Ala Leu Gln Gly Ile Ser Val Met Glu Leu Ser Gly Leu Ala Pro
1      5      10      15
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20     25     30
Arg Val Asp Arg Pro Gly Ser Arg Tyr Asp Val Ser Arg Leu Gly Arg
35     40     45
Gly Lys Arg Ser Leu Val Leu Asp Leu Lys Gln Pro Arg Gly Ala Ala
50     55     60
Val Leu Arg Arg Leu Cys Lys Arg Ser Asp Val Leu Leu Glu Pro Phe
65     70     75     80
Arg Arg Gly Val Met Glu Lys Leu Gln Leu Gly Pro Glu Ile Leu Gln
85     90     95
Arg Glu Asn Pro Arg Leu Ile Tyr Ala Arg Leu Ser Gly Phe Gly Gln
100    105    110
Ser Gly Ser Phe Cys Arg Leu Ala Gly His Asp Ile Asn Tyr Leu Ala
115    120    125
Leu Ser Gly Val Leu Ser Lys Ile Gly Arg Ser Gly Glu Asn Pro Tyr
130    135    140
Ala Pro Leu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asp Phe Ala Gly Gly Gly Leu Met Cys
145    150    155    160
Ala Leu Gly Ile Ile Met Ala Leu Phe Asp Arg Thr Arg Thr Asp Lys
165    170    175
Gly Gln Val Ile Asp Ala Asn Met Val Glu Gly Thr Ala Tyr Leu Ser
180    185    190
Ser Phe Leu Trp Lys Thr Gln Lys Ser Ser Leu Trp Glu Ala Pro Arg

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195	200	205
Gly Gln Asn Met Leu Asp	Gly Gly Ala Pro Phe	Tyr Thr Thr Tyr Arg
210	215	220
Thr Ala Asp Gly Glu Phe	Met Ala Val Gly Ala	Ile Glu Pro Gln Phe
225	230	235
Tyr Glu Leu Leu Ile Lys	Gly Leu Gly Leu Lys	Ser Asp Glu Leu Pro
245	250	255
Asn Gln Met Ser Met Asp	Asp Trp Pro Glu Met	Lys Lys Lys Phe Ala
260	265	270
Asp Val Phe Ala Lys Lys	Thr Lys Ala Glu Trp	Cys Gln Ile Phe Asp
275	280	285
Gly Thr Asp Ala Cys Val	Thr Pro Val Leu Thr	Phe Glu Glu Val Val
290	295	300
His His Asp His Asn Lys	Glu Arg Gly Ser Phe	Ile Thr Ser Glu Glu
305	310	315
Gln Asp Val Ser Pro Arg	Pro Ala Pro Leu Leu	Leu Asn Thr Pro Ala
325	330	335
Ile Pro Ser Phe Lys Arg	Asp Pro Phe Ile Gly	Glu His Thr Glu Glu
340	345	350
Ile Leu Glu Glu Phe Gly	Phe Ser Arg Glu Glu	Ile Tyr Gln Leu Asn
355	360	365
Ser Asp Lys Ile Ile Glu	Ser Asn Lys Val Lys	Ala Ser Leu
370	375	380

<210> 109
 <211> 1524
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 109

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<210> 110

<211> 3410
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 110

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aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaataa aaaaaaaaaa 3410

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<210> 111
<211> 1289
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<210> 112
<211> 315
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

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<400> 112
Met Val Phe Thr Val Arg Leu Leu His Ile Phe Thr Val Asn Lys Gln
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Leu Gly Pro Lys Ile Val Ile Val Ser Lys Met Met Lys Asp Val Phe
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Phe Phe Leu Phe Phe Leu Gly Val Trp Leu Val Ala Tyr Gly Val Ala
35 40 45
Thr Glu Gly Leu Leu Arg Pro Arg Asp Ser Asp Phe Pro Ser Ile Leu
50 55 60
Arg Arg Val Phe Tyr Arg Pro Tyr Leu Gln Ile Phe Gly Gln Ile Pro
65 70 75 80
Gln Glu Asp Met Asp Val Ala Leu Met Glu His Ser Asn Cys Ser Ser
85 90 95
Glu Pro Gly Phe Trp Ala His Pro Pro Gly Ala Gln Ala Gly Thr Cys
100 105 110
Val Ser Gln Tyr Ala Asn Trp Leu Val Val Leu Leu Val Ile Phe
115 120 125
Leu Leu Val Ala Asn Ile Leu Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Ile Ala Met Phe
130 135 140

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Ser Tyr Thr Phe Gly Lys Val Gln Gly Asn Ser Asp Leu Tyr Trp Lys
 145 150 155 160
 Ala Gln Arg Tyr Arg Leu Ile Arg Glu Phe His Ser Arg Pro Ala Leu
 165 170 175
 Ala Pro Pro Phe Ile Val Ile Ser His Leu Arg Leu Leu Leu Arg Gln
 180 185 190
 Leu Cys Arg Arg Pro Arg Ser Pro Gln Pro Ser Ser Pro Ala Leu Glu
 195 200 205
 His Phe Arg Val Tyr Leu Ser Lys Glu Ala Glu Arg Lys Leu Leu Thr
 210 215 220
 Trp Glu Ser Val His Lys Glu Asn Phe Leu Leu Ala Arg Ala Arg Asp
 225 230 235 240
 Lys Arg Glu Ser Asp Ser Glu Arg Leu Lys Arg Thr Ser Gln Lys Val
 245 250 255
 Asp Leu Ala Leu Lys Gln Leu Gly His Ile Arg Glu Tyr Glu Gln Arg
 260 265 270
 Leu Lys Val Leu Glu Arg Glu Val Gln Gln Cys Ser Arg Val Leu Gly
 275 280 285
 Trp Val Ala Glu Ala Leu Ser Arg Ser Ala Leu Leu Pro Pro Gly Gly
 290 295 300
 Pro Pro Pro Pro Asp Leu Pro Gly Ser Lys Asp
 305 310 315

<210> 113
 <211> 553
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 113
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 Ala Ala Gly Ile Thr Tyr Val Pro Leu Leu Leu Glu Val Gly Val
 35 40 45
 Glu Glu Lys Phe Met Thr Met Val Leu Gly Ile Gly Pro Val Leu Gly
 50 55 60
 Leu Val Cys Val Pro Leu Leu Gly Ser Ala Ser Asp His Trp Arg Gly
 65 70 75 80
 Arg Tyr Gly Arg Arg Arg Pro Phe Ile Trp Ala Leu Ser Leu Gly Ile
 85 90 95
 Leu Leu Ser Leu Phe Leu Ile Pro Arg Ala Gly Trp Leu Ala Gly Leu
 100 105 110
 Leu Cys Pro Asp Pro Arg Pro Leu Glu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ile Leu Gly
 115 120 125
 Val Gly Leu Leu Asp Phe Cys Gly Gln Val Cys Phe Thr Pro Leu Glu
 130 135 140
 Ala Leu Leu Ser Asp Leu Phe Arg Asp Pro Asp His Cys Arg Gln Ala
 145 150 155 160
 Tyr Ser Val Tyr Ala Phe Met Ile Ser Leu Gly Gly Cys Leu Gly Tyr
 165 170 175
 Leu Leu Pro Ala Ile Asp Trp Asp Thr Ser Ala Leu Ala Pro Tyr Leu
 180 185 190
 Gly Thr Gln Glu Glu Cys Leu Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Leu Ile Phe Leu
 195 200 205
 Thr Cys Val Ala Ala Thr Leu Val Ala Glu Glu Ala Ala Leu Gly
 210 215 220
 Pro Thr Glu Pro Ala Glu Gly Leu Ser Ala Pro Ser Leu Ser Pro His

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<210> 114
<211> 241
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien
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			20					25					30		
Ser	Ile	Asp	Gly	Ala	Ser	Phe	Leu	Lys	Ile	Phe	Gly	Pro	Leu	Ser	Ser
		35				40						45			
Ser	Ala	Met	Gln	Phe	Val	Asn	Val	Gly	Tyr	Phe	Leu	Ile	Ala	Ala	Gly
	50					55					60				
Val	Val	Val	Phe	Ala	Leu	Gly	Phe	Leu	Gly	Cys	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Lys	Thr
65					70					75					80

Glu Ser Lys Cys Ala Leu Val Thr Phe Phe Phe Ile Leu Leu Leu Ile
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 Phe Ile Ala Glu Val Ala Ala Ala Val Val Ala Leu Val Tyr Thr Thr
 100 105 110
 Met Ala Glu His Phe Leu Thr Leu Leu Val Val Pro Ala Ile Lys Lys
 115 120 125
 Asp Tyr Gly Ser Gln Glu Asp Phe Thr Gln Val Trp Asn Thr Thr Met
 130 135 140
 Lys Gly Leu Lys Cys Cys Gly Phe Thr Asn Tyr Thr Asp Phe Glu Asp
 145 150 155 160
 Ser Pro Tyr Phe Lys Glu Asn Ser Ala Phe Pro Pro Phe Cys Cys Asn
 165 170 175
 Asp Asn Val Thr Asn Thr Ala Asn Glu Thr Cys Thr Lys Gln Lys Ala
 180 185 190
 His Asp Gln Lys Val Glu Gly Cys Phe Asn Gln Leu Leu Tyr Asp Ile
 195 200 205
 Arg Thr Asn Ala Val Thr Val Gly Gly Val Ala Ala Gly Ile Gly Gly
 210 215 220
 Leu Glu Leu Ala Ala Met Ile Val Ser Met Tyr Leu Tyr Cys Asn Leu
 225 230 235 240
 Gln

<210> 115
 <211> 366
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 115
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 ttggtttggt aatccatctt gctttttccc cattggaaact agtcattaac ccatctctga 180
 actggtagaa aaacatctga agagctagtc tatcagcatc tgacagggtga attggatggt 240
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<210> 116
 <211> 282
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(282)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 116
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 gagaaatgag atnaaacaca atnttataaa gtctacttag agaagatcaa gtgacctcaa 120
 agactttact attttcatat ttaagacac atgatttatt ctatttttagt aacctgggtc 180
 atacgttaaa caaaggataa tgtgaacagc agagaggatt tgttggcaga aaatctatgt 240
 tcaatctnga actatctana tcacagacat ttctattcct tt 282

<210> 117
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(305)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

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 aataaggcaa aatatatgaa acaacaggtc tcgagatatt ggaaatcagt caatgaagga 180
 tactgatccc tgatcactgt cctaattgcag gatgtgggaa acagatgagg tcacctctgt 240
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 tgggt 305

<210> 118
 <211> 71
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(71)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

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 aantcctggg t 71

<210> 119
 <211> 212
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(212)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 119
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 agtaagctgg cccttctaataaaaagaaaat tgaaagggtt ctcactaanc ggaattaant 180
 aatggantca aganactccc aggcctcagc gt 212

<210> 120
 <211> 90
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(90)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

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 ctccgccggc gcagaacatg ctggggtgggt 90

<210> 121
 <211> 218
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(218)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 121
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 atatncangt aaattangga atgaattcat ggttcttttg ggaattcctt tacgatngcc 180
 agcatanact tcatgtgggg atancageta cccttgta 218

<210> 122
 <211> 171
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 122
 taggggtgta tgcaactgta aggacaaaaa ttgagactca actggcttaa ccaataaagg 60
 catttgtag ctcatggaac aggaagtcgg atgggtgggc atcttcagtg ctgcatgagt 120
 caccaccccg gcggggtcat ctgtgccaca ggtccctgtt gacagtgcgg t 171

<210> 123
 <211> 76
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(76)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 123
 tgtagcgtga agacnacaga atgggtgtgtg ctgtgctatc caggaacaca tttattatca 60
 ttatcaanta ttgtgt 76

<210> 124
 <211> 131
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 124
 acctttcccc aaggccaatg tcctgtgtgc taactggccg gctgcaggac agctgcaatt 60
 caatgtgctg ggtcatatgg aggggaggag actctaaaat agccaatttt atttctcttg 120
 ttaagatttg t 131

<210> 125
 <211> 432
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 125
 actttatcta ctggctatga aatagatggt ggaaaattgc gttaccaact ataccactgg 60
 cttgaaaaag aggtgatage tcttcagagg acttgtgact tttgctcaga tgctgaagaa 120

ctacagtctg catttggcag aaatgaagat gaatttggat taaatgagga tgctgaagat	180
ttgcctcacc aaacaaaagt gaaacaactg agagaaaatt ttcaggaaaa aagacagtgg	240
ctcttgaagt atcagtcact tttgagaatg tttcttagtt actgcatact tcatggatcc	300
catggtgggg gtcttgcacg tgtaagaatg gaattgattt tgcttttgca agaattctcag	360
caggaaacat cagaaccact attttctagc cctctgtcag agcaaacctc agtgcctctc	420
ctctttgctt gt	432

<210> 126
 <211> 112
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 126	
acacaacttg aatagtaaaa tagaaactga gctgaaattt ctaattcact ttctaaccat	60
agtaagaatg atatttcccc ccagggatca ccaaataattt ataaaaattt gt	112

<210> 127
 <211> 54
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 127	
accacgaaac cacaacaag atggaagcat caatccactt gccaaagcaca gcag	54

<210> 128
 <211> 323
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 128	
acctcatttag taattgtttt gttgtttcat ttttttctaa tgtctcccct ctaccagctc	60
acctgagata acagaatgaa aatggaagga cagccagatt tctcctttgc tctctgctca	120
ttctctctga agtctagggt acccattttg gggaccatt ataggcaata aacacagttc	180
ccaaagcatt tggacagttt cttgttgtgt tttagaatgg ttttcctttt tcttagcctt	240
ttcctgcaaa aggctcactc agtcccttgc ttgctcagtg gactgggctc cccaggggcct	300
aggctgcctt cttttccatg tcc	323

<210> 129
 <211> 192
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(192)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 129	
acatacatgt gtgtatatatt ttaaataatca cttttgtatc actctgactt tttagcatatc	60
tgaaaacaca ctaacataat ttntgtgaac catgatcaga tacaacccaa atcattcatc	120
tagcacattc atctgtgata naaagatagg tgagtttcat ttctttcacg ttggccaatg	180
gataaacaaa gt	192

<210> 130
 <211> 362
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(362)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 130
 ccctttttta tggaatgagt agactgtatg tttgaanatt tanccacaac ctcttttgaca 60
 tataatgacg caacaaaaag gtgctgttta gtcctatggg tcagtttatg cccctgacaa 120
 gtttccattg tgttttgccg atcttctggc taatcgtggg atcctccatg ttattagtaa 180
 ttctgtattc cattttgtta acgcctggta gatgtaacct gctangaggc taactttata 240
 cttattttaa agctcttatt ttgtgggcat taaaatggca atttatgtgc agcactttat 300
 tgcagcagga agcacgtgtg ggttgggtgt aaagctcttt gctaattctta aaaagtaatg 360
 gg 362

<210> 131
 <211> 332
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(332)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 131
 ctttttgaaa gatcgtgtcc actcctgtgg acatcttgtt ttaatggagt ttcccatgca 60
 gtangactgg tatggttgca gctgtccaga taaaaacatt tgaagagctc caaaatgaga 120
 gttctcccag gttcgccctg ctgctccaag tctcagcagc agcctctttt aggaggcatc 180
 ttctgaacta gattaaggca gcttgtaaat ctgatgtgat ttggtttatt atccaactaa 240
 cttccatctg ttatcactgg agaaagccca gactcccan gacnggtacg gattgtgggc 300
 atanaaggat tgggtgaagc tggcgttgtg gt 332

<210> 132
 <211> 322
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(322)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 132
 acttttgcca ttttgtatat ataaacaatc ttgggacatt ctctgaaaa ctagggtgtcc 60
 agtggctaag agaactcgat ttcaagcaat tctgaaagga aaaccagcat gacacagaat 120
 ctcaaattcc caaacagggg ctctgtggga aaaatgaggg aggacctttg tatctcgggt 180
 tttagcaagt taaaatgaan atgacaggaa aggcttattt atcaacaaag agaagagttg 240
 ggatgcttct aaaaaaaact ttggtagaga aaataggaat gctnaatcct agggaagcct 300
 gtaacaatct acaattgggc ca 322

<210> 133
 <211> 278
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(278)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 133

acaagccttc acaagtttaa ctaaattggg attaatcttt ctgtanttat ctgcataatt	60
cttggttttc tttccatctg gtcctgggt tgacaatttg tggaacaac tctattgcta	120
ctatttaaaa aaaatcacia atctttccct ttaagctatg ttnaattcaa actattcctg	180
ctattcctgt tttgtcaaag aaattatatt tttcaaaata tgtntatttg tttgatgggt	240
cccacgaac actaataaaa accacagaga ccagcctg	278

<210> 134

<211> 121

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(121)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 134

gtttanaaaa cttgttttagc tccatagagg aaagaatggt aaactttgta ttttaaaaca	60
tgattctctg aggttaaact tggttttcaa atgttatatt tacttgtatt ttgcttttgg	120
t	121

<210> 135

<211> 350

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(350)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 135

acttanaacc atgcctagca catcagaatc cctcaaagaa catcagtata atcctataacc	60
atancaagtg gtgactggtt aagcgtgcga caaaggctcag ctggcacatt acttgtgtgc	120
aaacttgata cttttgttct aagtaggaac tagtatacag tncctaggan tggtagtcca	180
gggtgcccc caactcctgc agccgtcct ctgtgccagn ccctgnaagg aactttcgtc	240
ccacctcaat caagccctgg gccatgctac ctgcaattgg ctgaacaaac gtttgctgag	300
ttccaagga tgcaaagcct ggtgctcaac tcctggggcg tcaactcagt	350

<210> 136

<211> 399

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(399)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 136

tgtaccgtga agacgacaga agttgcatgg cagggacagg gcagggccga ggccagggtt	60
gctgtgattg tatccgaata ntctcgtga gaaaagataa tgagatgacg tgagcagcct	120
gcagacttgt gtctgccttc aanaagccag acaggaaggc cctgcctgcc ttggctctga	180
cctggggggc agccagccag ccacaggtgg gcttcttct tttgttgtga caacnccaag	240
aaaactgcag agggccaggg tcaggtgtna gtgggtangt gaccataaaa caccaggtgc	300

tcccaggaac cggggcaaag gccatcccca cctacagcca gcatgcccac tggcgtgatg 360
 ggtgcagang gatgaagcag ccagntgttc tgctgtggt 399

<210> 137
 <211> 165
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(165)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 137
 actggtgtgg tngggggtga tgctgggtgt anaagttgan gtgacttcan gatggtgtgt 60
 ggaggaagtg tgtgaacgta gggatgtaga ngttttggcc gtgctaaatg agcttcggga 120
 ttggctggtc ccactgggtg tcaactgtcat tgggtggggt cctgt 165

<210> 138
 <211> 338
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(338)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 138
 actcaactgga atgccacatt cacaacagaa tcagaggtct gtgaaaacat taatggctcc 60
 ttaactttctc cagtaagaat cagggacttg aaatggaaac gttaacagcc acatgcccac 120
 tgctgggcag tctcccatgc cttccacagt gaaagggctt gagaaaaatc acatccaatg 180
 tcatgtgttt ccagccacac caaaaggtgc ttgggggtgga gggctggggg catananggt 240
 cangcctcag gaagcctcaa gttccattca gctttgccac tgtacattcc ccatntttaa 300
 aaaaactgat gcotTTTTTT ttttttttg taaaattc 338

<210> 139
 <211> 382
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 139
 gggaatcttg gtttttggca tctggtttgc ctatagccga ggccactttg acagaacaaa 60
 gaaagggact tcgagtaaga aggtgattta cagccagcct agtgcccgaa gtgaaggaga 120
 attcaaacag acctcgatc tctggtgtg agcctggctg gctcaccgcc tatcatctgc 180
 atttgctta ctcaggtgct accgactct ggccctgat gtctgtagtt tcacaggatg 240
 ccttatttgc cttctacacc ccacagggcc cctacttct tcggatgtgt ttttaataat 300
 gtcagctatg tgcccatcc tcttcatgc cctccctccc tttcctacca ctgctgagtg 360
 gcctggaact tgtttaaagt gt 382

<210> 140
 <211> 200
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(200)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 140
 accaaaanctt ctttctgttg tgtnngattt tactataggg gtttngcttn ttctaaanat 60
 acttttcatt taacancttt tgtaagtgt caggctgcac tttgctocat anaattattg 120
 ttttcacatt tcaacttgta tgtgtttgtc tcttanagca ttggtgaaat cacatatattt 180
 atattcagca taaaggagaa 200

<210> 141

<211> 335

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(335)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 141
 actttatttt caaaacactc atatgttgca aaaaacacat agaaaaataa agtttggtgg 60
 ggggtgctgac taaacttcaa gtcacagact tttatgtgac agattggagc aggggttgtt 120
 atgcatgtag agaaccctaaa ctaatttatt aaacaggata gaaacaggct gtctgggtga 180
 aatggttctg agaaccatcc aattcacctg tcagatgctg atanactagc tcttcagatg 240
 tttttctacc agttcagaga tnggttaatg actanttcca atggggaaaa agcaagatgg 300
 attcacaac caagtaattt taaacaaaga cactt 335

<210> 142

<211> 459

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(459)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 142
 accaggttaa tattgccaca tatatccttt ccaattgctg gctaaacaga cgtgtattta 60
 ggggttggtta aagacaaccc agcttaatat caagagaaat tgtgacctt catggagtat 120
 ctgatggaga aaacactgag ttttgacaaa tcttatttta ttcagatagc agtctgatca 180
 cacatggtcc aacaacactc aaataataaa tcaaataatna tcagatgtta aagattggctc 240
 ttcaaacatc atagccaatg atgccccgct tgcctataat ctctccgaca taaaaccaca 300
 tcaacacctc agtggccacc aaaccattca gcacagcttc cttaactgtg agctgtttga 360
 agctaccagt ctgagcacta ttgactatnt ttttcangct ctgaatagct ctagggatct 420
 cagcanggggt gggaggaacc agctcaacct tggcgtant 459

<210> 143

<211> 140

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 143
 acatttcctt ccaccaagtc aggactcctg gcttctgtgg gagttcttat cacctgaggg 60
 aaatccaaac agtctctcct agaaaggaat agtgtcacca accccacca tctccctgag 120
 accatccgac ttccctgtgt 140

<210> 144

<211> 164

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(164)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 144
acttcagtaa caacatacaa taacaacatt aagtgtatat tgccatcttt gtcattttct 60
atctatacca ctctcccttc tgaaaacaan aatcactanc caatcactta tacaaatttg 120
aggcaattaa tccatatttg ttttcaataa ggaaaaaaag atgt 164

<210> 145
<211> 303
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(303)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 145
acgtagacca tccaactttg tatttgtaat ggcaaacatc cagnagcaat tcctaaacaa 60
actggagggt atttataccc aattatccca ttcattaaca tgccctcctc ctcaggctat 120
gcaggacagc tatcataagt cggcccaggc atccagatac taccatttgt ataaacttca 180
gtaggggagt ccatccaagt gacaggtcta atcaaaggag gaaatggaac ataagcccag 240
tagtaaaatn ttgcttagct gaaacagcca caaaagactt accgccgtgg tgattaccat 300
caa 303

<210> 146
<211> 327
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(327)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 146
actgcagctc aattagaagt ggtctctgac tttcatcanc ttctccctgg gtcctatgac 60
actggcctgg agtgactcat tgctctgggt ggttgagaga gtcctttgca caacaggcct 120
ccaagtcagg gctgggattt gtttcctttc cacattctag caacaatatg ctggccactt 180
cctgaacagg gaggggtgga ggagccagca tggaacaagc tgccactttc taaagtagcc 240
agacttgccc ctgggcctgt cacacctact gatgaccttc tgtgcctgca ggatggaatg 300
taggggtgag ctgtgtgact ctatggt 327

<210> 147
<211> 173
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(173)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 147
 acattgtttt tttagataa agcattgana gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg 60
 actggaacac ataccacat ctttgttctg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt 120
 atattcaagc acatatgtta tatattattc agttccatgt ttatagccta gtt 173

<210> 148
 <211> 477
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(477)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 148
 acaaccactt tatctcatcg aattttttaac ccaaactcac tcaactgtgcc tttctatcct 60
 atgggatata ttatttgatg ctccatttca tcacacatat atgaataata cactcatact 120
 gccctactac ctgctgcaat aatcacattc ccttcctgtc ctgacctga agccattggg 180
 gtggctcctag tggccatcag tccangcctg caccttgagc ccttgagetc cattgctcac 240
 nccanccac ctcaccgacc ccctcctctt acacagctac ctccttgctc tctaaccoca 300
 tagattatnt ccaaattcag tcaattaagt tactattaac actctaccg acatgtccag 360
 caccactggt aagccttctc cagccaacac acacacacac acacncacac acacacatat 420
 ccaggcacag gctacctcat cttcacaatc acccctttaa ttaccatgct atggtgg 477

<210> 149
 <211> 207
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 149
 acagttgtat tataatatca agaaataaac ttgcaatgag agcatttaag agggaagaac 60
 taacgtatitt tagagagcca aggaaggttt ctgtggggag tgggatgtaa ggtggggcct 120
 gatgataaat aagagtcagc caggtaagtg ggtggtgtg tatgggcaca gtgaagaaca 180
 tttcaggcag agggaacagc agtgaaa 207

<210> 150
 <211> 111
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(111)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 150
 accttgattt cattgctgct ctgatggaaa cccaactatc taatttagct aaaacatggg 60
 cacttaaattg tggtcagtgt ttggacttgt taactantgg catctttggg t 111

<210> 151
 <211> 196
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 151
 agcgcggcag gtcatttga acattccaga tacctatcat tactcgatgc tgttgataac 60

agcaagatgg ctttgaactc aggggtcacca ccagctattg gacottacta tgaaaaccat	120
ggataccaac cggaaaaccc ctatcccgcg cagcccactg tgggtccccac tgtctacgag	180
gtgcatccgg ctcaagt	196

<210> 152
 <211> 132
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 152	
acagcacttt cacatgtaag aagggagaaa ttccataatg taggagaaag ataacagAAC	60
cttccccttt tcatctagt gtggaaacct gatgctttat gttgacagga atagaaccag	120
gagggagttt gt	132

<210> 153
 <211> 285
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(285)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 153	
acaanaccca nganaggcca ctggccgtgg tgtcatggcc tccaaacatg aaagtgtcag	60
cttctgctct tatgtcctca tctgacaact ctttaccatt tttatcctcg ctcagcagga	120
gcacatcaat aaagtccaaa gtcttggaact tggccttggc ttggaggaag tcatcaacac	180
cctggctagt gaggggtgcgg cgccgctcct ggatgacggc atctgtgaag tctgtcacca	240
gtctgcaggc cctgtggaag cgccgtccac acggagtnag gaatt	285

<210> 154
 <211> 333
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 154	
accacagtcc tgttgggcca gggcttcagt accctttctg tgaaaagcca tattatcacc	60
accccaaatt tttccttaaa tatctttaac tgaaggggtc agcctcttga ctgcaaagac	120
cctaagccgg ttacacagct aactcccact ggcctgatt tgtgaaattg ctgtgcctg	180
attggcacag gagtccaagg tgttcagctc ccctcctccg tggaacgaga ctctgatttg	240
agtttcacaa attctcgggc cacctcgtca ttgtcctct gaaataaaat ccggagaatg	300
gtcaggcctg tctcatccat atggatcttc cgg	333

<210> 155
 <211> 308
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(308)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 155	
actggaaata ataaaaccca catcacagt ttgtgtcaaa gatcatcagg gcatggatgg	60
gaaagtgcct tgggaactgt aaagtgccta acacatgatc gatgattttt gttataatat	120
ttgaatcacg gtgcatacaa actctcctgc ctgctcctcc tgggccccag cccagcccc	180

atcacagctc actgctctgt tcatccaggc ccagcatgta gtggctgatt cttcttggt	240
gcttttagcc tccanaagtt tctctgaagc caaccaaacc tctangtgta aggcatgctg	300
gccctggg	308

<210> 156
 <211> 295
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 156	
accttgctcg gtgcttgga catattagga actcaaaata tgagatgata acagtgccta	60
ttattgatta ctgagagaac tgtagacat ttagttgaag attttctaca caggaaactga	120
gaataggaga ttatgtttgg cctcatatt ctctcctatc ctcttgccct cattctatgt	180
ctaatatatt ctcaatcaaa taaggtttagc ataatcagga aatcgaccaa ataccaatat	240
aaaaccagat gtctatcctt aagattttca aatagaaaac aaattaacag actat	295

<210> 157
 <211> 126
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 157	
acaagtttaa atagtgtgt cactgtgcat gtgctgaaat gtgaaatcca ccacatttct	60
gaagagcaaaa acaaattctg tcatgtaatc tctatcttgg gtctgtgggta tatctgtccc	120
cttagt	126

<210> 158
 <211> 442
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(442)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 158	
accactggg cttggaaaca cccatcctta atacgatgat ttttctgtcg tgtgaaaatg	60
aanccagcag gctgccccta gtcagtcctt ccttcagag aaaaagagat ttgagaaagt	120
gcttgggttaa ttaccatta atttcctccc ccaaactctc tgagtcttcc cttaatat	180
ctgggtggttc tgaccaaagc aggtcatggt ttgttgagca tttgggatcc cagtgaagta	240
natgtttgta gccttgcata cttagccctt cccacgcaca aacggagtgg cagagtgggtg	300
ccaacctgt tttccagtc cacgtagaca gattcacagt gcggaattct ggaagctgga	360
nacagaaggg ctctttgcag agccgggact ctgagangga catgagggcc tctgcctctg	420
tggttcattct ctgatgtcct gt	442

<210> 159
 <211> 498
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(498)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 159	
acttccagggt aacgttggtg tttccgttga gctgaactg atgggtgacg ttgtaggttc	60

tccaacaaga	actgaggttg	cagagcgggt	agggaagagt	gctgttccag	ttgcacctgg	120
gctgctgtgg	actgttggtg	attcctcact	acggcccaag	gttgtggaac	tggcanaaag	180
gtgtgttggt	gganttgagc	tcgggcggct	gtggtaggtt	gtgggctctt	caacaggggc	240
tgctgtggtg	ccgggangtg	aangtggtgt	gtcacttgag	cttggccagc	tctggaaagt	300
antanattct	tcctgaaggc	cagcgcttgt	ggagctggca	ngggtcantg	ttgtgtgtaa	360
cgaaccagtg	ctgctgtggg	tgggtgtana	tcctccacaa	agcctgaagt	tatggtgtcn	420
tcaggtaana	atgtgggttc	agtgtccctg	ggcngctgtg	gaaggttgta	nattgtcacc	480
aagggaataa	gctgtggt					498

<210> 160
 <211> 380
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

 <220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(380)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 160	
acctgcaccc	agcttccctg ccaaactcac aaggagacat caacctctag acagggaaac 60
agcttcagga	tacttccagg agacagagcc accagcagca aaacaaatat tcccatgcct 120
ggagcatggc	atagaggaag ctganaaaatg tggggtctga ggaagccatt tgagtctggc 180
cactagacat	ctcatcagcc acttggtgtga agagatgcc catgacccca gatgcctctc 240
ccacccttac	ctccatctca cacacttgag ctttccactc tgtataattc taacatcctg 300
gagaaaaatg	gcagtttgac cgaacctgtt cacaacggta gaggctgatt tctaacgaaa 360
cttgtagaat	gaagcctgga 380

<210> 161
 <211> 114
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 161	
actccacatc	ccctctgagc aggcggttgt cgttcaaggt gtatttggcc ttgcctgtca 60
cactgtccac	tggcccctta tccacttggt gcttaatccc tcgaaagagc atgt 114

<210> 162
 <211> 177
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 162	
actttctgaa	tcgaatcaaa tgatacttag tgtagtttta atatcctcat atatatcaaa 60
gttttactac	tctgataatt ttgtaaacca ggtaaccaga acatccagtc atacagcttt 120
tggtgatata	taacttggca ataaccagc ctggtgatac ataaaactac tcactgt 177

<210> 163
 <211> 137
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(137)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 163

```

catttataca gacaggcgtg aagacattca cgacaaaaac gcgaaattct atcccgtgac      60
canagaaggc agctacggct actcctacat cctggcgtgg gtggccttcg cctgcacctt      120
catcagcggc atgatgt                                     137

```

```

<210> 164
<211> 469
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(469)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 164
cttatcacaa tgaatgttct cctgggcagc gttgtgatct ttgccacctt cgtgacttta      60
tgcaatgcat catgctatct catacctaata gagggagttc caggagattc aaccaggaaa      120
tgcatggatc tcaaaggaaa caaacaccca ataaactcgg agtggcagac tgacaactgt      180
gagacatgca cttgctacga aacagaaatt tcatgttgca cccttgtttc tacacctgtg      240
ggttatgaca aagacaactg ccaaagaatc ttcaagaagg aggactgcaa gtatatcgtg      300
gtggagaaga aggaccctaa aaagacctgt tctgtcagtg aatggataat ctaatgtgct      360
tctagtaggc acagggtccc caggccaggc ctcattctcc tctggcctct aatagtcaat      420
gattgtgtag ccatgcctat cagtaaaaag atntttgagc aaacacttt                    469

```

```

<210> 165
<211> 195
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(195)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 165
acagtttttt atanatatcg acattgccgg cacttgtgtt cagtttcata aagctgggtg      60
atccgctgtc atccactatt ccttggttag agtaaaaatt attcttatag cccatgtccc      120
tgcaggccgc ccgcccgtag ttctcgttcc agtcgtcttg gcacacaggg tgccaggact      180
tcctctgaga tgagt                                     195

```

```

<210> 166
<211> 383
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(383)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 166
acatcttagt agtgtggcac atcagggggc catcagggtc acagtcactc atagcctcgc      60
cgaggtcgga gtccacacca ccggtgtagg tgtgtcfaat cttgggcttg gcgcccacct      120
ttggagaagg gatatgctgc acacacatgt ccacaaagcc tgtgaactcg ccaaagaatt      180
tttgagacc agcctgagca aggggaggat gttcagcttc agtcctcctc tcgtcagggt      240
gatgccaaac tcgtctangg tccgtgggaa gctggtgtcc acntcaccta caacctgggc      300
gangatctta taaagaggct ccnagataaa ctccacgaaa cttctctggg agctgctagt      360
nggggccttt ttggtgaact ttc                                     383

```


<210> 167
 <211> 247
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(247)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 167
 acagagccag accttggcca taaatgaanc agagattaag actaaacccc aagtcganat 60
 tggagcagaa actggagcaa gaagtgggcc tggggctgaa gtagagacca aggccactgc 120
 tatanccata cacagagcca actctcaggc caaggcnatg gttggggcag anccagagac 180
 tcaatctgan tccaaagtgg tggtctggaac actggtcatg acanaggcag tgactctgac 240
 tgangtc 247

<210> 168
 <211> 273
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(273)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 168
 acttctaagt tttctagaag tggaaggatt gtantcatcc tgaaaatggg tttacttcaa 60
 aatccctcan ccttgttctt cacnactgtc tatactgana gtgtcatgtt tccacaaagg 120
 gctgacacct gagcctgnat tttcactcat ccctgagaag ccctttccag taggggtggc 180
 aattcccaac ttccttgcca caagcttccc aggetttctc cccttgaaaa ctccagcttg 240
 agtcccagat acactcatgg gctgccctgg gca 273

<210> 169
 <211> 431
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(431)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 169
 acagccttgg cttccccaaa ctccacagtc tcagtgcaga aagatcatct tccagcagtc 60
 agctcagacc aggggtcaaag gatgtgacat caacagtttc tgggttcaga acaggttcta 120
 ctactgtcaa atgacccccc atacttcctc aaaggctgtg gtaagttttg cacaggtgag 180
 ggcagcagaa aggggggtant tactgatgga caccatcttc tctgtatact ccacactgac 240
 cttgccatgg gcaaaggccc ctaccacaaa aacaatagga tcaactgctgg gcaccagctc 300
 acgcacatca ctgacaaccg ggatggaaaa agaantgcca actttcatac atccaactgg 360
 aaagtgatct gatactggat tcttaattac cttcaaaaagc ttctgggggc catcagctgc 420
 tcgaacactg a 431

<210> 170
 <211> 266
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(266)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 170

acctgtgggc	tgggctgtta	tgectgtgcc	ggctgctgaa	agggagttca	gagggtggagc	60
tcaaggagct	ctgcaggcat	tttgccaanc	ctctccanag	canagggagc	aacctacact	120
ccccgctaga	aagacaccag	attggagttc	tgggaggggg	agttgggggtg	ggcattttgat	180
gtatacttgt	cacctgaatg	aangagccag	agaggaanga	gacgaanatg	anattggcct	240
tcaaagctag	gggtctggca	ggtgga				266

<210> 171

<211> 1248

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(1248)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 171

ggcagccaaa	tcataaacgg	cgaggactgc	agcccgcact	cgagccctg	gcaggcggca	60
ctgggtcatg	aaaacgaatt	gttctgctcg	ggcgtcctgg	tgcattccga	gtgggtgctg	120
tcagccgcac	actgtttcca	gaagtgaagt	cagagctcct	acaccatcgg	gctgggcctg	180
cacagtcttg	aggccgacca	agagccagg	agccagatgg	tggaggccag	cctctccgta	240
cggcaccag	agtacaacag	acccttgctc	gctaaccgac	tcatgctcat	caagttggac	300
gaatccgtgt	ccgagtctga	caccatccgg	agcatcagca	ttgcttcgca	gtgccctacc	360
gcggggaact	cttgccctcg	ttctggctgg	ggtctgctgg	cgaacggcag	aatgcctacc	420
gtgctgcagt	gcgtgaacgt	gtcggtggtg	tctgaggagg	tctgcagtaa	gctctatgac	480
ccgctgtacc	acccagcat	gttctgcgcc	ggcggagggg	aagaccagaa	ggactcctgc	540
aacggtgact	ctggggggcc	cctgatctgc	aacgggtact	tgcagggcct	tgtgtctttc	600
ggaaaagccc	cgtgtggcca	agttggcgtg	ccagggtgtc	acaccaacct	ctgcaaattc	660
actgagtgg	tagagaaaac	cgtccaggcc	agttaactct	ggggactggg	aacctatgaa	720
attgaccccc	aaatacatcc	tggggaagga	attcaggaat	atctgttccc	agccctcct	780
ccctcaggcc	caggagtcca	ggccccccag	ccctcctccc	tcaaaccaag	ggtacagatc	840
cccagcccct	cctccctcag	acccaggagt	ccagaccccc	cagcccctcc	tccctcagac	900
ccaggagtcc	agccccctcc	ccctcagacc	caggagtcca	gacccccag	cccctcctcc	960
ctcagaccca	ggggtccagg	cccccaaccc	ctcctccctc	agactcagag	gtccaagccc	1020
ccaaccctc	attccccaga	cccagaggtc	cagggtcccag	cccctcntcc	ctcagaccca	1080
gcggtccaat	gccacctaga	ctntccctgt	acacagtgcc	cccttggtgg	acgttgaccc	1140
aaccttacca	gttggttttt	catttttngt	ccctttcccc	tagatccaga	aataaagttt	1200
aagagaagng	caaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaa		1248

<210> 172

<211> 159

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (1)...(159)

<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 172

Met Val Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser
 20 25 30
 Glu Ser Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr
 35 40 45
 Ala Gly Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly
 50 55 60
 Arg Met Pro Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Val Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe
 85 90 95
 Cys Ala Gly Gly Gly Gln Xaa Gln Xaa Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser
 100 105 110
 Gly Gly Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe
 115 120 125
 Gly Lys Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn
 130 135 140
 Leu Cys Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser
 145 150 155

<210> 173

<211> 1265

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(1265)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 173

ggcagccccgc actcgcagcc ctggcaggcg gcaactgggtca tggaaaacga attgtttctgc 60
 tcgggcgctcc tgggtgcatcc gcagtgggtg ctgtcagccg cacactgttt ccagaactcc 120
 tacaccatcg ggctgggctt gcacagtctt gaggccgacc aagagccagg gagccagatg 180
 gtggaggcca gcctctccgt acggcaccca gactacaaca gacccttgct cgctaacgac 240
 ctcatgtctca tcaagttgga cgaatccgtg tccgagtcgt acaccatccg gagcatcagc 300
 attgcttcgc agtgccttac cgcggggaac tcttgccctg tttctggctg ggtctgctg 360
 gcgaacggtg agctcacggg tgtgtgtctg ccctcttcaa ggaggtcctc tgcccagtcg 420
 cgggggctga cccagagctc tgcgtcccag gcagaatgcc taccgtgctg cagtgcgtga 480
 acgtgtcggg ggtgtctgag gaggtctgca gtaagctcta tgaccgcgtg taccaccca 540
 gcatgttctg cgccggcgga gggcaagacc agaaggactc ctgcaacggt gactctgggg 600
 ggccccgat ctgcaacggg tacttgcagg gccttggtg tttcggaaaa gccccgtgtg 660
 gccaaagtgg cgtgccagg gtctacacca acctctgcaa attcactgag tggatagaga 720
 aaaccgtcca ggccagttaa ctctggggac tgggaaccca tgaaattgac ccccaaatac 780
 atcctgcgga aggaattcag gaatatctgt tcccagcccc tctccctca ggcccaggag 840
 tccaggcccc cagccctcc tccctcaaac caagggtaca gatccccagc ccctcctccc 900
 tcagaccag gagtccagac ccccagccc ctctccctc agaccagga gtccagcccc 960
 tctccntca gaccagagag tccagacccc ccagcccctc ctccctcaga cccaggggtt 1020
 gagggcccca accctcctc cttcagagtc agaggccaa gcccacaacc cctcgttccc 1080
 cagaccaga ggttnnaggt ccagcccctc ttcctcaga cccagnngtc caatgccacc 1140
 tagattttcc ctgnacacag tgccccctg tggngangttg acccaacctt accagttggt 1200
 ttttcatttt tngtcccttt ccctagatc cagaaataaa gtttaagaga ngngcaaaaa 1260
 aaaa 1265

<210> 174

<211> 1459

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(1459)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 174

ggtcagccgc	acactgtttc	cagaagtgcg	tgcagagctc	ctacaccatc	gggctgggcc	60
tgcacagtct	tgaggccgac	caagagccag	ggagccagat	ggtaggagcc	agcctctccg	120
tacggcacc	agagtacaac	agacccttgc	tcgctaacga	cctcatgtct	atcaagttgg	180
acgaatccgt	gtccgagtct	gacaccatcc	ggagcatcag	cattgcttcg	cagtgcctta	240
ccgcggggaa	ctcttgccct	gtttctggct	ggggtctgct	ggcgaacggt	gagctcacgg	300
gtgtgtgtct	gccctcttca	aggaggtcct	ctgcccagtc	gcgggggctg	acccagagct	360
ctgcgtccca	ggcagaatgc	ctaccgtgct	gcagtgcgtg	aacgtgtcgg	tggtgtctga	420
ngaggtctgc	antaagctct	atgacccgct	gtaccacccc	ancatgttct	gcgccggcgg	480
agggcaagac	cagaaggact	cctgcaacgt	gagagagggg	aaaggggagg	gcaggcgact	540
cagggaaggg	tggagaaggg	ggagacagag	acacacaggg	ccgcatggcg	agatgcagag	600
atggagagac	acacagggag	acagtgacaa	ctagagagag	aaactgagag	aaacagagaa	660
ataaacacag	gaataaagag	aagcaaagga	agagagaaac	agaaacagac	atggggaggc	720
agaaacacac	acacatagaa	atgcagttga	ccttccaaca	gcatggggcc	tgagggcggt	780
gacctccacc	caatagaaaa	tctctttata	acttttgact	ccccaaaaac	ctgactagaa	840
atagcctact	gttgacgggg	agccttacca	ataacataaa	tagtcgattt	atgcatacgt	900
tttatgcatt	catgatatac	ctttgttgga	attttttgat	atttctaagc	tacacagttc	960
gtctgtgaat	tttttttaaa	tgttgcaact	ctcctaaaat	ttttctgatg	tgtttattga	1020
aaaaatccaa	gtataagtgg	acttgtgcat	tcaaaccagg	gttggtcaag	gggtcaactgt	1080
gtaccagag	ggaaacagtg	acacagattc	atagaggtga	aacacgaaga	gaaacaggaa	1140
aaatcaagac	tctacaaaga	ggctgggcag	ggtaggtcat	gcctgtaatc	ccagcacttt	1200
gggagggcag	gcaggcagat	cacttgaggt	aaggagttca	agaccagcct	ggccaaaatg	1260
gtgaaatcct	gtctgtacta	aaaatacaaa	agttagctgg	atatgggtgg	aggcgccctgt	1320
aatcccagct	acttgggagg	ctgaggcagg	agaattgctt	gaatatggga	ggcagaggtt	1380
gaagtgaagt	gagatcacac	cactatactc	cagctggggc	aacagagtaa	gactctgtct	1440
caaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa					1459

<210> 175

<211> 1167

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(1167)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 175

gcgcagccct	ggcaggcgcc	actgggtcatg	gaaaacgaat	tggtctgctc	gggcgtcctg	60
gtgcatccgc	agtgggtgct	gtcagccgca	cactgtttcc	agaactccta	caccatcggt	120
ctgggcctgc	acagtcttga	ggccgaccaa	gagccaggga	gccagatggt	ggaggccagc	180
ctctccgtac	ggcaccacga	gtacaacaga	ctcttgctcg	ctaaccacct	catgtctcatc	240
aagttggacg	aatccgtgtc	cgagtctgac	accatccgga	gcatacagcat	tgcttcgcag	300
tgccctaccg	cggggaactc	ttgcctcgtn	tctggctggg	gtctgctggc	gaacggcaga	360
atgcctaccg	tgctgcactg	cgtgaacgtg	tcgggtggtg	ctgaggangt	ctgcagtaag	420
ctctatgacc	cgctgtacca	ccccagcatg	ttctgcgccg	gcggagggca	agaccagaag	480
gactcctgca	acgggtgactc	tggggggccc	ctgatctgca	acgggtactt	gcagggcctt	540
gtgtctttcg	gaaaagcccc	gtgtggccaa	cttggcgtgc	caggtgtcta	caccaacctc	600
tgcaaattca	ctgagtggat	agagaaaacc	gtccagncca	gttaactctg	gggactggga	660
acccatgaaa	ttgaccccca	aatacatcct	gcggaangaa	ttcaggaata	tctgttccca	720
gccccctctc	cctcaggccc	aggagtccag	gccccagcc	cctcctccct	caaaccaagg	780

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gtacagatcc ccagcccctc ctccctcaga cccaggagtc cagaccccc agccccctnt      840
ccntcagacc caggagtcca gcccctcctc cntcagacgc aggagtccag accccccagc      900
ccntcntccg tcagaccagc ggggtgcaggc ccccaacccc tcntccntca gagtcagagg      960
tccaagcccc caacccctcg ttccccagac ccagaggtnc aggtcccagc cctcctctcc      1020
tcagaccagc cgggtccaatg ccacctagan tntccctgta cacagtgcgc ccttggtggca      1080
ngttgaccca acctaccag ttgggttttc attttttgtc cctttcccct agatccagaa      1140
ataaagtnta agagaagcgc aaaaaaa                                1167

```

<210> 176
 <211> 205
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> VARIANT
 <222> (1)...(205)
 <223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 176

```

Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp
 1          5          10          15
Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu
          20          25          30
Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val
          35          40          45
Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Leu Leu Leu
          50          55          60
Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser
65          70          75          80
Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly
          85          90          95
Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met
          100          105          110
Pro Thr Val Leu His Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Xaa Val
          115          120          125
Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala
          130          135          140
Gly Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly
145          150          155          160
Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys
          165          170          175
Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Leu Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys
          180          185          190
Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Xaa Ser
          195          200          205

```

<210> 177
 <211> 1119
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 177

```

gcgcactcgc agccctggca ggcggcactg gtcattgaaa acgaattgtt ctgctcgggc      60
gtcctgggtgc atccgcagtg ggtgctgtca gccgcacact gtttcagaa ctcctacacc      120
atcgggctgg ccctgcacag tcttgaggcc gaccaagagc cagggagcca gatggtggag      180
gccagcctct ccgtacggca cccagagtac aacagaccct tgctcgctaa cgacctcatg      240
ctcatcaagt tggacgaatc cgtgtccgag tctgacacca tccggagcat cagcattgct      300
tcgcagtgcc ctaccgcggg gaactcttgc ctcgtttctg gctggggtct gctggcgaac      360

```

```

gatgctgtga ttgccatcca gtcccagact gtgggaggct gggagtgtga gaagctttcc 420
caaccctggc aggggtgttac catttcggca acttccagtg caaggacgtc ctgctgcatc 480
ctcactgggt gctcactact gctcactgca tcacccggaa cactgtgata aactagccag 540
caccatagtt ctccgaagtc agactatcat gattactgtg ttgactgtgc tgtctattgt 600
actaaccatg ccgatgttta ggtgaaatta gcgtcacttg gcctcaacca tcttggtatc 660
cagttatcct cactgaattg agatttcctg cttcagtgtc agccattccc acataatttc 720
tgacctacag aggtgaggga tcatatagct cttcaaggat gctgggtactc ccctcacaaa 780
ttcatttctc ctgttgtagt gaaagggtgcg ccctctggag cctcccaggg tgggtgtgca 840
ggtcacaatg atgaatgtat gatcgtgttc ccattaccca aagcctttaa atccctcatg 900
ctcagtacac cagggcaggt ctagcatttc ttcathtagt gtatgctgtc cattcatgca 960
accacctcag gactcctgga ttctctgcct agttgagctc ctgcatgctg cctccttggg 1020
gaggtgaggg agagggccca tggttcaatg ggatctgtgc agttgtaaca cattaggtgc 1080
ttaataaaca gaagctgtga tgtaaaaaa aaaaaaaaa 1119

```

<210> 178
 <211> 164
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> VARIANT
 <222> (1)...(164)
 <223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 178

Met	Glu	Asn	Glu	Leu	Phe	Cys	Ser	Gly	Val	Leu	Val	His	Pro	Gln	Trp
1				5					10					15	
Val	Leu	Ser	Ala	Ala	His	Cys	Phe	Gln	Asn	Ser	Tyr	Thr	Ile	Gly	Leu
			20					25					30		
Gly	Leu	His	Ser	Leu	Glu	Ala	Asp	Gln	Glu	Pro	Gly	Ser	Gln	Met	Val
		35				40					45				
Glu	Ala	Ser	Leu	Ser	Val	Arg	His	Pro	Glu	Tyr	Asn	Arg	Pro	Leu	Leu
	50				55					60					
Ala	Asn	Asp	Leu	Met	Leu	Ile	Lys	Leu	Asp	Glu	Ser	Val	Ser	Glu	Ser
65				70					75					80	
Asp	Thr	Ile	Arg	Ser	Ile	Ser	Ile	Ala	Ser	Gln	Cys	Pro	Thr	Ala	Gly
			85					90						95	
Asn	Ser	Cys	Leu	Val	Ser	Gly	Trp	Gly	Leu	Leu	Ala	Asn	Asp	Ala	Val
		100				105						110			
Ile	Ala	Ile	Gln	Ser	Xaa	Thr	Val	Gly	Gly	Trp	Glu	Cys	Glu	Lys	Leu
		115				120					125				
Ser	Gln	Pro	Trp	Gln	Gly	Cys	Thr	Ile	Ser	Ala	Thr	Ser	Ser	Ala	Arg
	130				135					140					
Thr	Ser	Cys	Cys	Ile	Leu	Thr	Gly	Cys	Ser	Leu	Leu	Leu	Thr	Ala	Ser
145				150					155					160	
Pro	Gly	Thr	Leu												

<210> 179
 <211> 250
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 179

ctggagtgcc	ttggtgtttc	aagcccctgc	aggaagcaga	atgcaccttc	tgaggcacct	60
ccagctgccc	ccggccgggg	gatgcgagge	toggagcacc	cttgcccggc	tgtgattgct	120
gccaggcact	gttcatctca	gcttttctgt	ccctttgctc	ccggcaagcg	cttctgctga	180
aagttcatat	ctggagcctg	atgtcttaac	gaataaaggt	cccatgctcc	acccgaaaaa	240

aaaaaaaaaa

250

<210> 180
 <211> 202
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 180
 actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggcccaa cacaatggct acctttaaca 60
 tcaccagac cccgcccctg cccgtgcccc acgtgtgtgc taacgacagt atgatgctta 120
 ctctgtact cggaactat ttttatgtaa ttaatgtatg ctttcttggt tataaatgcc 180
 tgatttaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aa 202

<210> 181
 <211> 558
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(558)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 181
 tccytttght naggtttkkg agacamccck agacctwaan ctgtgtcaca gacttcyngg 60
 aatgttttagg cagtgttagt aatttcytcg taatgattct gttattactt tcctnattct 120
 ttattcctct ttcttctgaa gattaatgaa gttgaaaatt gaggtggata aatacaaaaa 180
 ggtagtgtga tagtataagt atctaagtgc agatgaaagt gtgttatata tatccattca 240
 aaattatgca agttagtaat tactcagggg taactaaatt actttaatat gctgttgaac 300
 ctactctggt ccttggctag aaaaaattat aaacaggact ttgttagttt gggaagccaa 360
 attgataata ttctatgttc taaaagttgg gctatacata aattattaag aaatatggaw 420
 ttttattccc aggaatatgg kgttcatttt atgaatatta cscrggatag awgtwtgagt 480
 aaaaycagtt ttggtwaata ygtwaatatg tcmtaataaa acaakgcttt gacttatttc 540
 caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 558

<210> 182
 <211> 479
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(479)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 182
 acagggwttk grggatgcta agsccccrga rwtygtttga tocaaccctg gcttwttttc 60
 agaggggaaa atggggccta gaagttacag mscatytagy tgggtgcgmtg gcacccctgg 120
 cstcacacag astcccgagt agctgggact acaggcacac agtcaactgaa gcaggccctg 180
 ttwgcaattc acgttgccac ctccaactta aacattcttc atatgtgatg tccttagtca 240
 ctaaggttaa actttcccac ccagaaaagg caacttagat aaaatcttag agtactttca 300
 tactmttcta agtcctcttc cagcctcact kkgagtcctm cytggggggt gataggaant 360
 ntctcttggc tttctcaata aartctctat ycatctcatg ttttaatttg tacgcataara 420
 awtgstgara aaattaaaaat gttctggtty macttttaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 479

<210> 183
 <211> 384
 <212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 183

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aggcgggagc agaagctaaa gccaaagccc aagaagagtgc gcagtgccag cactgggtgcc      60
agtaccagta ccaataacag tgccagtgcc agtgccagca ccagtgggtg cttcagtgc      120
ggtgccagcc tgaccgccac tctcacattt gggtctctcg ctggccttgg tggagctggt      180
gccagcacca gtggcagctc tggcgccgtg gggttctcct acaagtgaga ttttagatat      240
tgtaaatcct gccagtcttt ctcttcaagc caggggtgcat cctcagaaac ctactcaaca      300
cagcactcta ggcagccact atcaatcaat tgaagttgac actctgcatt aratctattt      360
gccatttcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaa                                     384

```

<210> 184

<211> 496

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(496)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 184

```

accgaattgg gaccgctggc ttataagcga tcatgttynt ccrgtatkac ctcaacgagc      60
aggagatcgc agtctatacg ctgaagaaat ttgaccgatg gggacaacag acctgctcag      120
cccattcctgc tcgggtctcc ccagatgaca aatactctsg acaccgaatc accatcaaga      180
aacgcttcaa ggtgctcatg acccagcaac cgcgcctgtg cctctgaggg tcccttaaac      240
tgatgtcttt tctgccacct gttaccocct ggagactccg taaccaaact cttcggactg      300
tgagccctga tgcctttttg ccagccatac totttggcat ccagtctctc gtggcgattg      360
attatgcttg tgtgaggcaa tcatggtggc atcaccataa aagggaacac atttgacttt      420
tttttctcat attttaaatt actacmagaw tattwmagaw waaatgawtt gaaaaactst      480
taaaaaaaaa aaaaaa                                     496

```

<210> 185

<211> 384

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 185

```

gctggtagcc tatggcgkkg cccacggagg ggctcctgag gccacggrac agtgacttcc      60
caagtatcyt ggcsgcgtc ttctaccgtc cctacctgca gatcttcggg cagattcccc      120
aggaggacat ggacgtggcc ctcatggagc acagcaactg ytcgtoggag cccggcttct      180
gggcacaccc tcctggggcc caggcgggca cctgcgtctc ccagtatgcc aactggcttg      240
tggtgctgct cctcgtcctc ttctgctcgc tggccaacat cctgctgggt aacttgctca      300
ttgccatggt cagttacaca ttcggaagag tacagggcaa cagcgatctc tactgggaag      360
gcgcagcggt accgcctcat ccgg                                     384

```

<210> 186

<211> 577

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(577)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 186

```

gagttagctc ctccacaacc ttgatgaggt cgtctgcagt ggcctctcgc ttcataccgc      60

```


tnccatcgtc	atactgtagg	tttgccacca	cytcctggca	tcttggggcg	gentaatatt	120
ccaggaaact	ctcaatcaag	tcaccgtcga	tgaaacctgt	gggctgggtc	tgtcttccgc	180
tcgggtgtgaa	aggatctccc	agaaggagtg	ctcgatcttc	cccacacttt	tgatgacttt	240
attgagtcga	ttctgcatgt	ccagcaggag	gttgtaccag	ctctctgaca	gtgaggtcac	300
cagccctatc	atgccgttga	mogtgccgaa	garcaccgag	ccttgtgtgg	gggkkgaagt	360
ctcaccgaga	ttctgcatta	ccagagagcc	gtggcaaaag	acattgacaa	actcgcccag	420
gtggaaaaag	amcamctcct	ggargtgctn	gocgctcttc	gtcmgttggt	ggcagcgctw	480
tccttttgac	acacaaacaa	gttaaaggca	ttttcagccc	ccagaaantt	gtcatcatcc	540
aagatntcgc	acagcactna	tccagttggg	attaaat			577

<210> 187
 <211> 534
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(534)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 187						
aacatcttcc	tgtataatgc	tgtgtaatat	cgatccgatn	ttgtctgstg	agaatycatw	60
actkggaaaa	gmaacattaa	agcctggaca	ctggtattaa	aattcacaat	atgcaacact	120
ttaaacagt	tgtcaatctg	ctcccyynac	tttgtcatca	ccagtctggg	aakaagggta	180
tgccctattc	acacctgtta	aaagggcgct	aagcattttt	gattcaacat	cttttttttt	240
gacacaagtc	cgaaaaaagc	aaaagtaaac	agttatyaat	ttgttagcca	attcactttc	300
ttcatgggac	agagccatyt	gatttaaaaa	gcaaattgca	taatattgag	cttygggagc	360
tgatatttga	gcggaagagt	agcctttcta	cttcaccaga	cacaactccc	tttcatattg	420
ggatgttnac	naaagtwatg	tctctwacag	atgggatgct	tttgtggcaa	ttctgtttctg	480
aggatctccc	agttttattta	ccacttgcac	aagaaggcgt	tttcttcttc	agge	534

<210> 188
 <211> 761
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(761)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 188						
agaaaccagt	atctctnaaa	acaacctctc	ataccttggtg	gacctaat	ttgtgtgcgtg	60
tgtgtgtgcg	cgcataattat	atagacaggc	acatcttttt	tacttttgta	aaagcttatg	120
cctcttttgg	atctatatct	gtgaaagttt	taatgatctg	ccataatgtc	ttggggacct	180
ttgtcttctg	tgtaaatggg	actagagaaa	acacctatnt	tatgagtcaa	tctagttngt	240
tttattcgac	atgaaggaaa	tttccagatn	acaacactna	caaactctcc	ctkgackarg	300
ggggacaaaag	aaaagcaaaa	ctgamcataa	raaacaatwa	cctgggtgaga	arttgcataa	360
acagaaatwr	ggtagtatat	tgaarnacag	catcattaaa	rmgttwtktt	wttctccctt	420
gcaaaaaaca	tgtacngact	tcccgttgag	taatgccaag	ttgttttttt	tatnataaaa	480
cttgcccttc	attacatggt	tnaaagtggg	gtgggtggcc	aaaatattga	aatgatggaa	540
ctgactgata	aagctgtaca	aataagcagt	gtgcctaaca	agcaacacag	taatgttgac	600
atgcttaatt	cacaaatgct	aatttcatta	taaatgtttg	ctaaaataca	ctttgaacta	660
tttttctgtg	ttcccagagc	tgagatntta	gattttatgt	agtatnaagt	gaaaaantac	720
gaaaataata	acattgaaga	aaaananaaa	aaanaaaaaa	a		761

<210> 189
 <211> 482

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(482)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 189
 tttttttttt tttgccgatn ctactatttt attgcaggan gtgggggtgt atgcaccgca 60
 caccggggct atnagaagca agaaggaagg agggagggca cagccccttg ctgagcaaca 120
 aagccgcctg ctgccttctc tgtctgtctc ctgggtgcagg cacatgggga gaccttcccc 180
 aaggcagggg ccaccagtcc aggggtggga atacaggggg tgggangtgt gcataagaag 240
 tgataggcac aggccacccg gtacagaccc ctcggtcctt gacaggtnga tttcgaccag 300
 gtcattgtgc cctgcccagg cacagcgtan atctggaaaa gacagaatgc tttccttttc 360
 aaatttggt ngtcatngaa ngggcanttt tccaanttng gctnggtctt ggtaacnctt 420
 gttcggecca gtcncnctc caaaaantat tcaccnctt ccnaattgt tgcnggnccc 480
 cc 482

<210> 190
<211> 471
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(471)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 190
 tttttttttt ttttaaaaca gtttttcaca acaaaattta ttagaagaat agtggttttg 60
 aaaactctcg catccagtga gaactacat acaccacatt acagctngga atgtntctca 120
 aatgtctggt caaatgatac aatggaacca ttcaatctta cacatgcacg aaagaacaag 180
 cgcttttgac atacaatgca caaaaaaaaa aggggggggg gaccacatgg attaaaattt 240
 taagtactca tcacatacat taagacacag ttctagtcca gtcnaaaatc agaactgcnt 300
 tgaaaaattt catgtatgca atccaaccaa agaacttnat tgggtgatcat gantnctota 360
 ctacatcnac cttgatcatt gccaggaacn aaaagtnaa ancacnctt acaaaaanaa 420
 tctgtaattn anttcaacct ccgtacngaa aaatnttnt tatacactcc c 471

<210> 191
<211> 402
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(402)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 191
 gagggattga aggtctgttc tastgtcggm ctgttcagcc accaactcta acaagttgtc 60
 gtcttccact cactgtctgt aagcttttta acccagacwg tatcttcata aatagaacaa 120
 attcttcacc agtcacatct totaggacct ttttggattc agttagtata agctcttcca 180
 ctctctttgt taagacttca tctggttaaag tcttaagttt tgtagaaagg aattyaattg 240
 ctggttctct aacaatgtcc tctccttgaa gtatttggct gaacaacca cctaaagtcc 300
 ctttgtgcat ccatttttaa tatacttaat agggcattgk tncactaggt taaattctgc 360
 aagagtcac tgtctgcaaa agttgcgtta gtatatctgc ca 402

<210> 192
 <211> 601
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(601)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 192
 gagctcggat ccaataatct ttgtctgagg gcagcacaca tatncagtgc catggnaact 60
 ggtctacccc acatgggagc agcatgccgt agntatataa ggtcattccc tgagtcagac 120
 atgcytyttt gaytaccgtg tgccaagtgc tgggtgattct yaacacacyt ccatcccggt 180
 cttttgtgga aaaactggca cttktctgga actagcarga catcaattac aaattcacc 240
 acgagacact tgaaaggtgt aacaaagcga ytcttgcat gctttttgtc cctccggcac 300
 cagttgtcaa tactaaccgg ctggtttgcc tccatcacat ttgtgatctg tagctctgga 360
 tacatctcct gacagtactg aagaacttct tcttttgttt caaaagcarg tcttggtgcc 420
 tggtggatca gggtcccat tcccagtcyg aatgttcaca tggcatattt wacttccac 480
 aaaacattgc gatttgaggc tcagcaacag caaatcctgt tccggcattg gctgcaagag 540
 cctcgatgta gccggccagc gccaaaggcag gcgcctgtag ccccaccagc agcagaagca 600
 g 601

<210> 193
 <211> 608
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(608)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 193
 atacagccca natcccacca cgaagatgcg cttgttgact gagaacctga tgcggtcact 60
 ggtcccgctg tagccccagc gactctccac ctgctggaag cggttgatgc tgcactcytt 120
 cccaacgcag gcagmagcgg gscgggtcaa tgaactccay tcgtggcttg gggtkgacgg 180
 tkaagtgcag gaagaggctg accacctcgc ggtccaccag gatgcccagc tgtgcgggac 240
 ctgcagcgaa actcctcgat ggtcatgagc gggaagcgaa tgaggcccag ggccttgccc 300
 agaaccttcc gactgttctc tggcgtcacc tgcagctgct gccgctgaca ctccggcctc 360
 gaccagcgga caaacggcrt tgaacagccg cacctcacgg atgcccagtg tgtcgcgctc 420
 caggammgsc accagcgtgt ccaggtcaat gtcggtgaag ccctccgcgg gtrattggcg 480
 ctgcagtgtt tttgtcgatg ttctccaggc acaggctggc cagctgcggt tcatcgaaga 540
 gtcgcgcctg cgtgagcagc atgaaggcgt tgtcggctcg cagttcttct tcaggaactc 600
 cacgcaat 608

<210> 194
 <211> 392
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(392)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 194
 gaacggctgg acctgcctc gcattgtgct tgctggcagg gaataccttg gcaagcagyt 60

ccagtcgag	cagccccaga	ccgctgccgc	ccgaagctaa	gcctgcctct	ggccttcccc	120
tccgcctcaa	tgcagaacca	gtagtgggag	cactgtgttt	agagttaaga	gtgaacactg	180
tttgatttta	cttgggaatt	tcctctgtta	tatagctttt	cccaatgcta	atttccaaac	240
aacaacaaca	aaataacatg	tttgctgtt	aagttgtata	aaagtaggtg	attctgtatt	300
taaagaaaat	attactgtta	catatactgc	ttgcaatttc	tgtatttatt	gktnctstgg	360
aaataaatat	agttattaaa	ggttgtcant	cc			392

<210> 195

<211> 502

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(502)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 195

ccsttkgagg	ggtkagggkyc	cagttyccga	gtggaagaaa	caggccagga	gaagtgcgtg	60
ccgagctgag	gcagatgttc	ccacagtgc	ccccagagcc	stgggstata	gtytctgacc	120
cctcncaagg	aaagaccacs	ttctggggac	atgggctgga	gggcaggacc	tagaggcacc	180
aagggaaggc	cccattccgg	ggstgttccc	cgaggaggaa	gggaaggggc	tctgtgtgcc	240
ccccasgagg	aagaggccct	gagtcctggg	atcagacacc	ccttcacgtg	tatccccaca	300
caaatgcaag	ctcaccaagg	tcccctctca	gtccccttcc	stacaccctg	amcgggccact	360
gscscacacc	cacccagagc	acgccacccg	ccatggggar	tgtgctcaag	gartcgcnng	420
gcarcgtgga	catctngtcc	cagaaggggg	cagaatctcc	aatagangga	ctgarcmstt	480
gctnanaaaa	aaaaanaaaa	aa				502

<210> 196

<211> 665

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(665)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 196

ggttacttgg	tttcattgcc	accacttagt	ggatgtcatt	tagaaccatt	ttgtctgctc	60
cctctggaag	ccttgccgag	agcggacttt	gtaattgttg	gagaataact	gctgaatttt	120
wagctgtttk	gagttgatts	gcaccactgc	accacaact	tcaatatgaa	aacyawttga	180
actwatttat	tatcttgtga	aaagtataac	aatgaaaatt	ttgttcatac	tgtattkatc	240
aagtatgatg	aaaagcaawa	gatatatatt	cttttattat	gttaaattat	gattgccatt	300
attaatcggc	aaaatgtgga	gtgtatgttc	ttttcacagt	aatatatgcc	ttttgtaact	360
tcacttgggt	attttattgt	aaatgartta	caaaattctt	aatttaagar	aatgggtatgt	420
watatttatt	tcattaattt	ctttcctkgt	ttacgtwaat	tttgaaaaga	wtgcatgatt	480
tcttgacaga	aatcgatctt	gatgctgtgg	aagtagtttg	accacatcc	ctatgagttt	540
ttcttagaat	gtataaagg	tgtagcccat	onaacttcaa	agaaaaaat	gaccacatac	600
tttgcaatca	ggctgaaatg	tggcatgctn	ttctaattcc	aactttataa	actagcaaan	660
aagtg						665

<210> 197

<211> 492

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(492)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 197
 tttntttttt ttttttttgc aggaaggatt ccattttattg tggatgcatt ttcacaatat 60
 atgtttattg gagcgatcca ttatcagtga aaagtatcaa gtgtttataa natttttagg 120
 aaggcagatt cacagaacat gctngtcngc ttgcagtttt acctcgtana gatnacagag 180
 aattatagtc naaccagtaa acnaggaatt tacttttcaa aagattaaat ccaaactgaa 240
 caaaattcta ccctgaaact tactccatcc aaatattgga ataanagtca gcagtgtatc 300
 attctcttct gaactttaga ttttctagaa aaatatgtaa tagtgatcag gaagagctct 360
 tgttcaaaag tacaacnaag caatgttccc ttaccatagg ccttaattca aactttgatc 420
 catttcactc ccatcacggg agtcaatgct acctgggaca cttgtatttt gttcatnctg 480
 ancntggctt aa 492

<210> 198
 <211> 478
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(478)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 198
 tttnttttgn atttcantct gtannaanta ttttcattat gtttattana aaaatatnaa 60
 tgtntccacn acaaatcatn ttacntnagt aagaggccan ctacattgta caacatacac 120
 tgagtatatt ttgaaaagga caagttttaa gtanacncat attgccganc atancacatt 180
 tatacatggc ttgattgata tttagcacag canaaactga gtgagttacc agaaanaaat 240
 natatatgtc aatcngattt aagatacaaa acagatccta tggtagatan catcntgtag 300
 gagttgtggc tttatgttta ctgaaagtca atgcagttcc tgtacaaaga gatggccgta 360
 agcattctag tacctctact ccatgggttaa gaatcgtaca cttatgttta catatgtnc 420
 gggtaagaat tgtgttaaagt naanttatgg agaggtccan gagaaaaatt tgatncaa 478

<210> 199
 <211> 482
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(482)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 199
 agtgacttgt cctccaacaa aacccttga tcaagtttgt ggcactgaca atcagacct 60
 tgctagttcc tgtcatctat tgcgtactaa atgcagactg gaggggacca aaaaggggca 120
 tcaactccag ctggattatt ttggagcctg caaatctatt cctacttgta cggactttga 180
 agtgattcag tttcctctac ggatgagaga ctggctcaag aatatcctca tgcagcttta 240
 tgaagccnac tctgaacacg ctggttatct nagatgagaa ncagagaaat aaagtcnaga 300
 aaatttacct ggangaaaag aggccttngg ctggggacca tccattgaa ccttctctta 360
 anggacttta agaanaaact accacatgtn tgngtatcc tgggtgccngg ccgtttantg 420
 aacntngacn ncacccttnt ggaatanant cttgacngcn tctgaactt gctcctctgc 480
 ga 482

<210> 200
 <211> 270

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(583)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 203

tttttttttt	ttttttttga	ccccctctt	ataaaaaaca	agttaccatt	ttattttact	60
tacacatatt	tattttataa	ttggtattag	atattcaaaa	ggcagctttt	aaaatcaaac	120
taaatggaaa	ctgccttaga	tacataattc	ttaggaatta	gcttaaaatc	tgccataaagt	180
gaaaatcttc	tctagctctt	ttgactgtaa	atttttgact	cttgtaaaac	atccaaattc	240
atttttcttg	tctttaaaat	tatctaattc	ttccattttt	tccctattcc	aagtcaattt	300
gcttctctag	cctcatttcc	tagctcttat	ctactattag	taagtggcct	ttttcctaaa	360
agggaaaaaca	ggaagagana	atggcacaca	aaacaaacat	tttatattca	tattttctacc	420
tacgttaata	aaatagcatt	ttgtgaagcc	agctcaaaag	aaggcttaga	tccttttatg	480
tccatttttag	tcactaaacg	atatcnaaag	tgccagaatg	caaaagggtt	gtgaacattt	540
attcaaaagc	taatataaga	tatttcacat	actcatcttt	ctg		583

<210> 204

<211> 589

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(589)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 204

ttttttttnt	tttttttttt	ttttttntct	tttttttttt	ttganaatga	ggatcgagtt	60
tttcaactct	tagatagggc	atgaagaaaa	ctcatctttc	cagctttaaa	ataacaatca	120
aatctottat	gctatatcat	attttaagtt	aaactaatga	gtcactggct	tatctttctc	180
tgaaggaaat	ctgttcattc	ttctcattca	tatagttata	tcaagtacta	ccttgcatat	240
tgagaggttt	ttcttctcta	tttacacata	tatttccatg	tgaatttgta	tcaaaccctt	300
attttcatgc	aaactagaaa	ataatgtntt	cttttgcata	agagaagaga	acaatatnag	360
cattacaaaa	ctgctcaaat	tgtttgttaa	gnttatccat	tataattagt	tnggcaggag	420
ctaatacaaa	tcacattttac	ngacnagcaa	taataaaact	gaagtaccag	ttaaatatcc	480
aaaataatta	aaggaacatt	tttagcctgg	gtataattag	ctaattcact	ttacaagcat	540
ttattnagaa	tgaattcaca	tgttattatt	ccntagccca	acacaatgg		589

<210> 205

<211> 545

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(545)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 205

ttttnttttt	ttttttcagt	aataatcaga	acaatatatta	tttttatatt	taaaattcat	60
agaaaagtgc	cttacattta	ataaaagttt	gtttctcaaa	gtgatcagag	gaattagata	120
tngtcttgaa	accaatattt	aatttgagga	aaatacacca	aaatacatta	agtaaattat	180
ttaagatcat	agagcttgta	agtgaagaga	taaaatttga	cctcagaaac	tctgagcatt	240
aaaaatccac	tattagcaaa	taaattacta	tggacttctt	gctttaattt	tgtgatgaat	300
atgggggtgtc	actggtaaac	caacacattc	tgaaggatac	attacttagt	gatagattct	360

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tatgtactttt gctanatnac gtggatatga gttgacaagt ttctctttct tcaatctttt 420
aaggggcnnga ngaaatgagg aagaaaagaa aaggattacg catactgttc tttctatngg 480
aaggattaga tatgtttcct ttgccaatat taaaaaata ataatgttta ctactagtga 540
aacc 545

```

```

<210> 206
<211> 487
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(487)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 206
tttttttttt ttttttagtc aagtttctna tttttattat aattaaagtc ttggtcattt 60
catttattag ctctgcaact tacatattta aattaaagaa acgttnttag acaactgtna 120
caatttataa atgtaagggt ccattattga gtanatatat tcctccaaga gtggatgtgt 180
cccttctccc accaactaat gaancagcaa cattagtta attttattag tagatnatac 240
actgctgcaa acgctaattc tcttctccat ccccatgtng atattgtgta tatgtgtgag 300
ttggttagaa tgcatacanca atctnacaat caacagcaag atgaagctag gcntgggctt 360
tcggtgaaaa tagactgtgt ctgtctgaat caaatgatct gacctatcct cgggtggcaag 420
aactcttcga accgcttcct caaaggcngc tgccacattt gtggcntctn ttgcacttgt 480
ttcaaaa 487

```

```

<210> 207
<211> 332
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(332)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 207
tgaattggct aaaagactgc atttttanaa ctagcaactc ttatttcttt cctttaaaaa 60
tacatagcat taaatcccaa atcctattta aagacctgac agcttgagaa ggtcactact 120
gcatttatag gaccttctgg tggttctgct gttacntttg aantctgaca atccttgana 180
atctttgcat gcagaggagg taaaagggtat tggattttca cagaggaana acacagcgca 240
gaaatgaagg ggccaggctt actgagcttg tccactggag ggctcatggg tgggacatgg 300
aaaagaaggc agcctaggcc ctggggagcc ca 332

```

```

<210> 208
<211> 524
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(524)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 208
agggcgtggt gcggaggggcg ttactgtttt gtctcagtaa caataaatac aaaaagactg 60
gttgtgttcc ggccccatcc aaccacgaag ttgatttctc ttgtgtgcag agtgactgat 120
tttaaaggac atggagcttg tcacaatgtc acaatgtcac agtgtgaagg gcacactcac 180

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tcccgcgtga	ttcacattta	gcaaccaaca	atagctcatg	agtccatact	tgtaaatact	240
tttggcagaa	tacttnttga	aacttgcaga	tgataactaa	gatccaagat	atttcccaaa	300
gtaaatagaa	gtgggtcata	atattaatta	cctgttcaca	tcagcttcca	tttacaagtc	360
atgagcccag	acactgacat	caaactaagc	ccacttagac	tcctcaccac	cagtctgtcc	420
tgtcatcaga	caggaggctg	tcaccttgac	caaattctca	ccagtcaatc	atctatccaa	480
aaaccattac	ctgatccact	tccggtaatg	caccaccttg	gtga		524

<210> 209
 <211> 159
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 209						
gggtgaggaa	atccagagtt	gcatggaga	aaattccagt	gtcagcattc	ttgctccttg	60
tggccctctc	ctacactctg	gccagagata	ccacagtcaa	acctggagcc	aaaaaggaca	120
caaaggactc	tcgacccaaa	ctgccccaga	ccctctcca			159

<210> 210
 <211> 256
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(256)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 210						
actccctggc	agacaaaggc	agaggagaga	gctctgttag	ttctgtgttg	ttgaactgcc	60
actgaatttc	tttccacttg	gactattaca	tgccanttga	gggactaatg	gaaaaacgta	120
tggggagatt	ttanccaatt	tangtntgta	aatggggaga	ctggggcagg	cgggagagat	180
ttgcaggggtg	naaatgggan	ggctggtttg	ttanatgaac	agggacatag	gaggtaggca	240
ccaggatgct	aatca					256

<210> 211
 <211> 264
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(264)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 211						
acattgtttt	tttgagataa	agcattgaga	gagctctcct	taacgtgaca	caatggaagg	60
actggaacac	ataccacat	ctttgttctg	agggataatt	ttctgataaa	gtcttgctgt	120
atattcaagc	acatatgtta	tatattattc	agttccatgt	ttatagccta	gttaaggaga	180
ggggagatac	attcngaaag	aggactgaaa	gaaatactca	agtnngaaaa	cagaaaaaga	240
aaaaaaggag	caaatgagaa	gcct				264

<210> 212
 <211> 328
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(328)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 212
 acccaaaaat ccaatgctga atatttggct tcattattcc canattcttt gattgtcaaa 60
 ggatttaatg ttgtctcagc ttgggcactt cagttaggac ctaaggatgc cagccggcag 120
 gtttatatat gcagcaacaa tattcaagcg cgacaacagg ttattgaact tgcccggcag 180
 ttnaatttca ttcccattga cttgggatcc ttatcatcag ccagagagat tgaaaattta 240
 cccctacnac tctttactct ctgganaggg ccagtggtgg tagctataag cttggccaca 300
 tttttttttc ctttattcct ttgtcaga 328

<210> 213
 <211> 250
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(250)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 213
 acttatgagc agagcgacat atccnagtgt agactgaata aaactgaatt ctctccagtt 60
 taaagcattg ctcaactgaag ggatagaagt gactgccagg agggaaaagta agccaaggct 120
 cattatgccca aagganatat acattttcaat tctccaaact tcttctcat tccaagagtt 180
 ttcaatattt gcatgaacct gctgataanc catgttaana aacaaatata tctctnacct 240
 tctcatcggt 250

<210> 214
 <211> 444
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(444)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 214
 acccagaatc caatgctgaa tatttggctt cattattccc agattctttg attgtcaaag 60
 gatttaaatg tgtctcagct tgggcacttc agttaggacc taaggatgcc agccggcagg 120
 ttatatatg cagcaacaat attcaagcgc gacaacagggt tattgaactt gcccgccagt 180
 tgaatttcat tcccattgac ttgggatcct tatcatcagc canagagatt gaaaatttac 240
 ccctacgact ctttactctc tggagagggc cagtggtggg agctataagc ttggccacat 300
 ttttttttcc tttattcctt tgtcagagat gcgattcatc catatgctan aaaccaacag 360
 agtgactttt acaaaaattcc tataganatt gtgaataaaa ccttacctat agttgccatt 420
 actttgctct ccctaataata cctc 444

<210> 215
 <211> 366
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(366)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 215
 acttatgagc agagcgacat atccaagtgt anactgaata aaactgaatt ctctccagtt 60
 taaagcattg ctccactgaag ggatagaagt gactgccagg agggaaagta agccaaggct 120
 cattatgcc aagganatat acatttcaat tctccaaact tcttcctcat tccaagagtt 180
 ttcaatatatt gcatgaacct gctgataagc catgttgaga aacaaatata tctctgacct 240
 tctcatcggt aagcagaggc ttaggcaac atggaccata gcgaanaaaa aacttagtaa 300
 tccaagctgt tttctacact gtaaccaggt ttccaaccaa ggtggaaata tctataact 360
 ggtgcc 366

<210> 216
 <211> 260
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(260)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 216
 ctgtataaac agaactccac tgcangaggg agggccgggc caggagaatc tccgcttgct 60
 caagacaggg gcctaaggag ggtctccaca ctgctnntaa gggctnttnc atttttttat 120
 taataaaaag tnnaaaaggc ctcttctcaa cttttttccc ttnggctgga aaatttaaaa 180
 atcaaaaatt tcctnaagtt ntcaagctat catatatact ntatcctgaa aaagcaacat 240
 aattcttctc tccctccttt 260

<210> 217
 <211> 262
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(262)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 217
 acctacgtgg gtaagtttan aaatgttata atttcaggaa naggaacgca tataattgta 60
 tcttgccat aattttctat tttataagg aaatagcaaa ttgggggtgg gggaatgtag 120
 ggcattctac agtttgagca aaatgcaatt aaatgtggaa ggacagcact gaaaaatttt 180
 atgaataatc tgtatgatta tatgtctcta gagtagattt ataattagcc acttacccta 240
 atatccttca tgcttgtaaa gt 262

<210> 218
 <211> 205
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(205)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 218
 accaaggtgg tgcattaccg gaantggatc aangacacca tcgtggccaa cccctgagca 60
 cccctatcaa ctcccttttg tagtaaaact ggaaccttgg aaatgaccag gccaaagactc 120
 aggcctcccc agttctactg acctttgtcc ttangntna ngtccagggt tgctaggaaa 180
 anaaatcagc agacacaggt gtaaa 205

<210> 219
 <211> 114
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 219
 tactgttttg tctcagtaac aataaatata aaaagactgg ttgtgttccg gccccatcca 60
 accacgaagt tgattttctct tgtgtgcaga gtgactgatt ttaaaggaca tgga 114

<210> 220
 <211> 93
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 220
 actagccagc acaaaaggca gggtagcctg aattgctttc tgctctttac atttctttta 60
 aaataagcat ttagtgctca gtccctactg agt 93

<210> 221
 <211> 167
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(167)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 221
 actangtgca ggtgcgacaca aatatttgtc gatattccct tcattcttga ttccatgagg 60
 tcttttgccc agcctgtggc tctactgtag taagtctctg ctgatgagga gccagnatgc 120
 cccccactac cttccctgac gctccccana aatcacccaa cctctgt 167

<210> 222
 <211> 351
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 222
 agggcgtggt gcgaggggcg gtactgacct cattagtagg aggatgcatt ctggcacccc 60
 gttcttcacc tgtcccccaa tccttaaaag gccatactgc ataaagtcaa caacagataa 120
 atgtttgctg aattaaagga tggatgaaaa aaattaataa tgaatttttg cataatccaa 180
 ttttctcttt tatatttcta gaagaagttt ctttgagcct attagatccc gggaatcttt 240
 taggtgagca tgattagaga gcttgtaggt tgcttttaca tatatctggc atatttgagt 300
 ctcgatcaa aacaatagat tggtaaagggt ggtattattg tattgataag t 351

<210> 223
 <211> 383
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(383)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 223

aaaacaaaca	aacaaaaaaa	acaattcttc	attcagaaaa	attatcttag	ggactgatat	60
tggttaattat	ggtcaattta	atwrrtrttkt	ggggcatttc	cttacattgt	cttgacaaga	120
ttaaaaatgtc	tgtgccaaaa	tttgtatatt	tatttggaga	cttcttatca	aaagtaatgc	180
tgccaaagga	agtctaagga	attagtagtg	ttcccmtcac	ttgtttggag	tgtgctattc	240
taaaagattt	tgatttcctg	gaatgacaat	tatattttaa	ctttggtggg	ggaaanagtt	300
ataggaccac	agtcttcact	tctgatactt	gtaaattaat	cttttattgc	acttgttttg	360
accattaagc	tatatgttta	aaa				383

<210> 224

<211> 320

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 224

cccctgaagg	cttcttggtta	gaaaatagta	cagttacaac	caataggaac	aacaaaaaga	60
aaaagtttgt	gacattgtag	tagggagtg	gtaccctta	ctcccatca	aaaaaaaaat	120
ggatacatgg	ttaaaggata	raagggaat	attttatcat	atgttctaaa	agagaaggaa	180
gagaaaatac	tactttctcr	aatggaagc	ccttaaaggt	gctttgatac	tgaaggacac	240
aatgtggcc	gtccatcctc	ctttaragtt	gcattgactt	gacacggtta	ctgttgagc	300
tttaractcm	gcattgtgac					320

<210> 225

<211> 1214

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 225

gaggactgca	gcccgcactc	gcagccctgg	caggcgccac	tggtcatgga	aaacgaattg	60
ttctgctcgg	gcgtcctgg	gcacccgcag	tggtgctgt	cagccgcaca	ctgtttccag	120
aactcctaca	ccatcgggct	gggcctgcac	agtcttgagg	ccgaccaaga	gccagggagc	180
cagatggtgg	aggccagcct	ctccgtacgg	caccagaggt	acaacagacc	ctgctcgct	240
aacgacctca	tgctcatcaa	gttgagcga	tccgtgtccg	agtctgacac	catccggagc	300
atcagcattg	cttcgcagtg	ccctaccgcg	gggaactctt	gcctcgtttc	tggctggggg	360
ctgctggcga	acggcagaat	gcctaccgtg	ctgcagtgcg	tgaacgtgtc	ggtgggtgtc	420
gaggaggtct	gcagtaagct	ctatgaccgg	ctgtaccacc	ccagcatgtt	ctgcgccggc	480
ggaggggcaag	accagaagga	ctcctgcaac	ggtgactctg	gggggcccct	gatctgcaac	540
gggtacttgc	agggccttgt	gtctttcgga	aaagccccgt	gtggccaagt	tggcgtgcca	600
ggtgtctaca	ccaacctctg	caaattcact	gagtggatag	agaaaaccgt	ccaggccagt	660
taactctggg	gactgggaac	ccatgaaatt	gacccccaaa	tacatcctgc	ggaagggaatt	720
caggaatatc	tgttcccagc	ccctcctccc	tcaggcccag	gagtcaggcc	cccagcccc	780
tcctccctca	aaccaagggt	acagatcccc	agccccctct	ccctcagacc	caggagtcca	840
gacccccag	cccctcctcc	ctcagaccga	ggagtccagc	ccctcctccc	tcagaccag	900
gagtcagac	ccccagcccc	ctcctccctc	agaccagggg	gtccaggccc	ccaacccctc	960
ctccctcaga	ctcagaggtc	caagccccca	acccctcctt	ccccagacc	agaggtccag	1020
gtcccagccc	ctcctccctc	agaccagcgg	gtccaatgcc	acctagactc	tccctgtaca	1080
cagtgcctcc	ttgtggcacg	ttgacccaac	cttaccagtt	ggtttttcat	tttttgtccc	1140
tttcccttag	atccagaaat	aaagtctaag	agaagcgcaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	1200
aaaaaaaaaa	aaaa					1214

<210> 226

<211> 119

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 226

accagtatg	tgcagggaga	cggaacccca	tgtgacagcc	cactccacca	gggttcccaa	60
agaacctggc	ccagtcataa	tcattcatcc	tgacagtggc	aataatcacg	ataaccagt	119

<210> 227
 <211> 818
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 227
 acaattcata gggacgacca atgaggacag ggaatgaacc cggctctccc ccagccctga 60
 tttttgctac atatgggggtc ccttttcatt ctttgcaaaa acactgggtt ttctgagaac 120
 acggacgggtt cttagcaciaa tttgtgaaat ctgtgtaraa ccgggctttg caggggagat 180
 aattttcctc ctctggagga aaggtggtga ttgacaggca gggagacagt gacaaggcta 240
 gagaaagcca cgctcggcct tctctgaapc aggatggaac ggcagacccc tgaaaacgaa 300
 gcttgtcccc ttccaatcag ccacttctga gaacccccat ctaacttcct actggaaaag 360
 agggcctcct caggagcagt ccaagagttt tcaaagataa cgtgacaact accatctaga 420
 ggaaaggggtg caccctcagc agagaagccg agagcttaac tctggctggt tccagagaca 480
 acctgctggc tgtcttggga tgcgcccagc ctttgagagg ccactacccc atgaacttct 540
 gccatccact ggacatgaag ctgaggacac tgggcttcaa cactgagttg tcatgagagg 600
 gacaggctct gccctcaagc cggtgaggg cagcaaccac tctcctcccc tttctcacgc 660
 aaagccattc ccacaaatcc agaccatacc atgaagcaac gagacccaaa cagtttggct 720
 caagaggata tgaggactgt ctgagcctgg ctttgggctg acaccatgca cacacacaag 780
 gtccacttct aggttttcag cctagatggg agtcgtgt 818

<210> 228
 <211> 744
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 228
 actggagaca ctgttgaact tgatcaagac ccagaccacc ccaggtctcc ttcgtgggat 60
 gtcattgacgt ttgacatacc tttggaacga gcctcctcct tggaagatgg aagaccgtgt 120
 tcgtggccga cctggcctct cctggcctgt ttcttaagat gcggagtcac atttcaatgg 180
 taggaaaagt ggcttcgtaa aatagaagag cagtcactgt ggaactacca aatggcgaga 240
 tgctcgggtgc acattgggggt gctttgggat aaaagattta tgagccaact attctctggc 300
 accagattct aggccagttt gttccactga agcttttccc acagcagtcc acctctgcag 360
 gctggcagct gaattggctt cgggtggctc tgtggcaaga tcacactgag atcgatgggt 420
 gagaaggcta ggatgcttgt ctagtgttct tagctgtcac gttggctcct tccaggttgg 480
 ccagacgggtg ttggccactc ccttctaaaa cacaggcgcc ctccctggtga cagtgacccg 540
 ccgtgggtatg ccttggccca ttccagcagt cccagttatg catttcaagt ttggggtttg 600
 ttcttttctgt taatgttctt ctgtgttgtc agctgtcttc atttcctggg ctaagcagca 660
 ttgggagatg tggaccagag atccactcct taagaaccag tggcgaaaga cactttcttt 720
 cttcactctg aagtagctgg tgggt 744

<210> 229
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 229
 cgagtctggg ttttgtctat aaagtttgat ccctcctttt ctcatccaaa tcatgtgaac 60
 cattacacat cgaaataaaa gaaaggtggc agacttgccc aacgccaggc tgacatgtgc 120
 tgcagggttg ttgtttttta attattattg ttagaaacgt caccacagc ccctgttaat 180
 ttgtatgtga cagccaactc tgagaaggct ctatttttcc acctgcagag gatccagtct 240
 cactaggctc ctcttgccc tcacactgga gtctccgcca gtgtgggtgc ccactgacat 300

<210> 230
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 230
 cagcagaaca aatacaaata tgaagagtgc aaagatctca taaaatctat gctgaggaat 60
 gagcgacagt tcaaggagga gaagcttgca gagcagctca agcaagctga ggagctcagg 120
 caatataaag tcttggttca cactcaggaa cgagagctga cccagttaag ggagaagttg 180
 cgggaaggga gagatgcctc cctctcattg aatgagcatc tccagggcct cctcactccg 240
 gatgaaccgg acaagtccca ggggcaggac ctccaagaaa cagacctcgg ccgcgaccac 300
 g 301

<210> 231
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 231
 gcaagcacgc tggcaaatct ctgtcaggtc agctccagag aagccattag tcatttttagc 60
 caggaactcc aagtccacat ccttggaac tggggacttg cgcaggttag ccttgaggat 120
 ggcaacacgg gacttctcat caggaagtgg gatgtagatg agctgatcaa gacggccagg 180
 tctgaggatg gcaggatcaa tgatgtcagg ccggttggtta ccgccaatga tgaacacatt 240
 tttttttgtg gacatgccat ccatttctgt caggatctgg ttgatgactc ggtcagcagc 300
 c 301

<210> 232
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 232
 agtaggtatt tctgtagaag ttcaacacca aaactggaac atagttctcc ttcaagtgtt 60
 ggcgacagcg gggcttcctg attctggaat ataactttgt gtaaattaac agccacctat 120
 agaagagtcc atctgctgtg aaggagagac agagaactct gggttccgtc gtcctgtcca 180
 cgtgctgtac caagtgtgtg tgccagcctg ttacctgttc tactgaaaa tctggctaata 240
 gctcttgtgt atcacttctg attctgacaa tcaatcaatc aatggcctag agcactgact 300
 g 301

<210> 233
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 233
 atgactgact tcccagtaag gctctctaag gggtaagtag gaggatccac aggatttgag 60
 atgctaaggc cccagagatc gtttgatcca accctcttat ttccagaggg gaaaatgggg 120
 cctagaagtt acagagcatc tagctggtgc gctggcacc cttggcctcac acagactccc 180
 gagtagctgg gactacaggc acacagtcac tgaagcaggc cctgttagca attctatgcg 240
 tacaaattaa catgagatga gtagagactt tattgagaaa gcaagagaaa atcctatcaa 300
 c 301

<210> 234
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 234
 aggtcctaca catcgagact catccatgat tgatatgaat ttaaaaatta caagcaaaga 60
 cattttattc atcatgatgc tttcttttgc ttcttctttt cgttttcttc tttttctttt 120
 tcaatttcag caacatactt ctcaatttct tcaggattta aaatcttgag ggattgatct 180
 cgctcatga cagcaagttc aatgtttttg ccacctgact gaaccacttc caggagtgcc 240
 ttgatcacca gcttaatggt cagatcatct gcttcaatgg cttcgtcagt atagttcttc 300

t

301

<210> 235
 <211> 283
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 235

tggggctgtg catcaggcgg gtttgagaaa tattcaattc tcagcagaag ccagaatttg	60
aattccctca tcttttaggg aatcatttac caggtttgga gaggattcag acagctcagg	120
tgctttcact aatgtctctg aacttctgtc cctctttgtt catggatagt ccaataaata	180
atgttatctt tgaactgatg ctcataggag agaataaag aactctgagt gatatacaaca	240
ttagggattc aaagaaatat tagatttaag ctcacactgg tca	283

<210> 236
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 236

aggctctcca ccaactgcct gaagcacggg taaaattggg aagaagtata gtgcagcata	60
aatactttta aatcgatcag atttccctaa cccacatgca atcttcttca ccagaagagg	120
tcggagcagc atcattaata ccaagcagaa tgcgtaatag ataaatacaa tggatatatag	180
tgggtagacg gcttcatgag tacagtgtac tgtgggtatcg taatctggac ttgggttgta	240
aagcatcgtg taccagtcag aaagcatcaa tactcgacat gaacgaatat aaagaacacc	300
a	301

<210> 237
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 237

cagtggtagt ggtggtggac gtggcggttg tcgtggtgcc ttttttggtg cccgtcacaa	60
actcaatttt tggtcgctcc ttttggcct tttccaattt gtccatctca attttctggg	120
ccttggtctaa tgcctcatag taggagtcct cagaccagcc atggggatca aacatatcct	180
ttgggtagtt ggtgccaagc tcgtcaatgg cacagaatgg atcagcttct cgtaaatacta	240
gggtccgaa attctttctt cctttggata atgtagtcca tatccattcc ctccctttatc	300
t	301

<210> 238
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 238

gggcagggttt tttttttttt ttttttgatg gtgcagaccc ttgctttatt tgtctgactt	60
gttcacagtt cagccccctg ctcaaaaaac caacgggcca gctaaggaga ggaggaggca	120
ccttgagact tccggagtcg aggcctctcca gggttcccca gcccatcaat cattttctgc	180
acccccctgcc tgggaagcag ctccctgggg ggtgggaatg ggtgactaga agggatttca	240
gtgtgggacc cagggtctgt tcttcacagt aggaggtgga agggatgact aatttcttta	300
t	301

<210> 239
 <211> 239
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 239
 ataagcagct aggggaattct ttatttagta atgtcctaac ataaaaagttc acataactgc 60
 ttctgtcaaa ccatgatact gagctttgtg acaaccaga aataactaag agaaggcaaa 120
 cataatacct tagagatcaa gaaacattta cacagttcaa ctgtttaaaa atagctcaac 180
 attcagccag tgagtagagt gtgaatgccg gcatacacag tatacaggtc cttcagggg 239

<210> 240
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 240
 gggtcctaagt aagcagcagc ttccacattt taacgcaggt ttacgggtgat actgtccttt 60
 gggatctgcc ctccagtggg accttttaag gaagaagtgg gcccaagcta agttccacat 120
 gctgggtgag ccagatgact tctgttccct gggtcactttc ttcaatgggg cgaatggggg 180
 ctgccaggtt tttaaaatca tgcttcatct tgaagcacac gggtcacttca cctcctcac 240
 gctgtgggtg tactttgatg aaaataccca ctttgttggc ctttctgaag ctataatgtc 300

<210> 241
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 241
 gaggtctggt gctgaggtct ctgggctagg aagaggaggt ctgtggagct ggaagccaga 60
 cctctttgga ggaaactcca gcagctatgt tgggtgtctct gagggaatgc aacaaggctg 120
 ctctccatg tattggaaaa ctgcaaaactg gactcaactg gaaggaagtg ctgctgccag 180
 tgtgaagaac cagcctgagg tgacagaaac ggaagcaaac aggaacagcc agtcttttct 240
 tctctctct gtcatacggg ctctctcaag catcctttgt tgtcaggggc ctaaaaggga 300
 g 301

<210> 242
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 242
 ccgaggtcct gggatgcaac caatcactct gtttcacgtg acttttatca ccatacaatt 60
 tgtggcattt cctcattttc tacattgtag aatcaagagt gtaaataaat gtatatcgat 120
 gtcttcaaga atatatcatt cctttttcac tagaaccat tcaaaatata agtcaagaat 180
 cttaatatca acaaatatat caagcaaact ggaaggcaga ataactacca taatttagta 240
 taagtaccca aagttttata aatcaaaagc cctaagtata accattttta gaattcaatc 300
 a 301

<210> 243
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 243
 aggtaagtcc cagtttgaag ctcaaaagat ctggtatgag catagggtca tcgacgacat 60
 ggtggcccaa gctatgaaat cagagggagg cttcatctgg gcctgtaaaa actatgatgg 120
 tgacgtgcag tcggactctg tggcccaagg gtatggctct ctcggcattga tgaccagcgt 180
 gctggtttgt ccagatggca agacagtaga agcagagggt gccacgggga ctgtaacccg 240
 tcaactaccg atgttcaga aaggacagga gacgtccacc aatccattg cttccatttt 300
 t 301

<210> 244

<211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 244
 gctggtttgc aagaatgaaa tgaatgattc tacagctagg acttaacctt gaaatggaaa 60
 gtcattgcaat cccatttgca ggatctgtct gtgcacatgc ctctgtagag agcagcattc 120
 ccagggacct tggaaacagt tgacactgta aggtgcttgc tcccccaagac acatcctaaa 180
 aggtgttgta atgggtgaaaa cgtcttcctt ctttattgcc ctttcttatt tatgtgaaca 240
 actgtttgtc ttttgtgtat cttttttaaa ctgtaaagtt caattgtgaa aatgaatatc 300

<210> 245
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 245
 gtctgagtat ttaaaatggt attgaaatta tccccaacca atggttagaaa agaaagaggt 60
 tatatactta gataaaaaat gaggtgaatt actatccatt gaaatcatgc tcttagaatt 120
 aaggccagga gatattgtca ttaatgtara cttcaggaca cttagagtata gcagccctat 180
 gttttcaaag agcagagatg caattaaata ttgttttagca tcaaaaaggc cactcaatac 240
 agctaataaa atgaaagacc taatttctaa agcaattctt tataattttac aaagttttaa 300
 g 301

<210> 246
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 246
 ggtctgtcct acaatgcctg cttcttgaaa gaagtcggca ctttctagaa tagctaaata 60
 acctgggctt attttaaga actatttgta gctcagattg gttttcctat ggctaaaata 120
 agtgcttctt gtgaaaatta aataaaacag ttaattcaaa gccttgatat atgttaccac 180
 taacaatcat actaaatata ttttgaagta caaagtttga catgctctaa agtgacaacc 240
 caaatgtgtc ttacaaaaca cgttcctaac aaggatatgct ttacactacc aatgcagaaa 300
 c 301

<210> 247
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 247
 aggtcctttg gcagggtca tggatcagag ctcaaactgg agggaaaggc atttcgggta 60
 gcctaagagg ggcactggcg gcagcacaac caaggaaggc aaggttgttt cccccacgct 120
 gtgtcctgtg ttcagggtgcg acacacaatc ctcatgggaa caggatcacc catgcgctgc 180
 ccttgatgat caaggttggg gcttaagtgg attaagggag gcaagttctg ggttccttgc 240
 cttttcaaac catgaagtca ggctctgtat ccttcctttt cctaactgat attctaacta 300
 a 301

<210> 248
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 248
 aggtccttgg agatgccatt tcagccgaag gactcttctw ttcggaagta caccctcact 60
 attaggaaga ttcttagggg taatttttct gaggaaggag aactagccaa cttaagaatt 120

acaggaagaa agtgggtttgg aagacagcca aagaaataaa agcagattaa attgtatcag 180
 gtacattcca gcctgtttggc aactccataa aaacatttca gattttaatc ccgaatttag 240
 ctaatgagac tggatTTTTTg ttttttatgt tgtgtgtcgc agagctaaaa actcagttcc 300
 c 301

<210> 249
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 249
 gtccagagga agcacctggt gctgaactag gcttgccctg ctgtgaactt gcacttggag 60
 ccctgacgct gctgttctcc ccgaaaaacc cgaccgacct ccgcatctc cgtcccggcc 120
 ccagggagac acagcagtga ctcagagctg gtcgcacact gtgcctccct cctcaccgcc 180
 catcgtaatg aattattttg aaaattaatt ccaecatcct ttcagattct ggatggaaag 240
 actgaatcct tgactcagaa ttgtttgctg aaaagaatga tgtgactttc ttagtcattt 300
 a 301

<210> 250
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 250
 ggtctgtgac aaggacttgc aggtctgtggg aggcaagtga cccttaacac tacacttctc 60
 cttatcttta ttggcttgat aaacataatt atttctaaca ctagcttatt tccagttgcc 120
 cataagcaca tcagtacttt tctctggctg gaatagtaaa ctaaagtatg gtacatctac 180
 ctaaaagact actatgtgga ataatacata ctaatgaagt attacatgat ttaaagacta 240
 caataaaacc aaacatgctt ataacattaa gaaaaacaat aaagatacat gattgaaacc 300
 a 301

<210> 251
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 251
 gccgaggtcc tacatttggc ccagtttccc cctgcctcct ctccagggcc cctgcctcat 60
 agacaacctc atagagcata ggagaactgg ttgccctggg ggcaggggga ctgtctggat 120
 ggcaggggtc ctcaaaaatg ccactgtcac tgccaggaaa tgcttctgag cagtacacct 180
 cattgggatc aatgaaaagc ttcaagaaat cttcaggctc actctcttga aggcccggaa 240
 cctctggagg ggggcagtggt aatcccagct ccaggacgga tcctgtcgaa aagatatcct 300
 c 301

<210> 252
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 252
 gcaaccaatc actctgtttc acgtgacttt tatcaccata caatttgtgg catttccctca 60
 ttttctacat tgtagaatca agagtgtaaa taaatgtata tcgatgtctt caagaatata 120
 tcatttcttt ttactagga acccattcaa aatataagtc aagaatctta atatcaacaa 180
 atatatcaag caaactggaa ggcagaataa ctaccataat ttagtataag taccctaaagt 240
 tttataaatc aaaagcccta atgataacca tttttagaat tcaatcatca ctgtagaatc 300
 a 301

<210> 253

<211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 253
 ttccctaaga agatgttatt ttgttgggtt ttgttccccc tccatctcga ttctcgtacc 60
 caactaaaaa aaaaaaataa agaaaaaatg tgctgcgttc tgaaaaataa ctcccttagct 120
 tgggtctgatt gttttcagac cttaaaaatat aaacttgttt cacaagcttt aatccatgtg 180
 gatttttttt cttagagaac cacaaaacat aaaaggagca agtcggactg aatacctgtt 240
 tccatagtgc ccacagggtta ttcttcacat tttctccata ggaaaatgct ttttcccaag 300
 g 301

<210> 254
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 254
 cgctgcgcct ttcccttggg ggaggggcaa ggccagaggg ggtccaagtg cagcacgagg 60
 aacttgacca attcccttga agcgggtggg ttaaaccctg taaatgggaa caaaatcccc 120
 ccaaattctct tcatcttacc ctggtggact cctgactgta gaattttttg gttgaaacaa 180
 gaaaaaaata agcctttgga cttttcaagg ttgcttaaca ggtactgaaa gactggcctc 240
 acttaaaactg agccaggaaa agctgcagat ttattaatgg gtgtgttagt gtgcagtgcc 300
 t 301

<210> 255
 <211> 302
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 255
 agcttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt ttcattaaaa aatagtgtct tttattataa 60
 attactgaaa tgtttctttt ctgaatataa atataaatat gtgcaaagtt tgacttgat 120
 tgggattttt ttgagttctt caagcatctc ctaataccct caagggcctg agtagggggg 180
 aggaaaaagg actggagggt gaatctttat aaaaaacaag agtgattgag gcagattgta 240
 aacattatta aaaaacaaga aacaaacaaa aaaatagaga aaaaaaccac cccaacacac 300
 aa 302

<210> 256
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 256
 gttccagaaa acattgaagg tggcttccca aagtctaact agggataccc cctctagcct 60
 aggacctcc tccccacacc tcaatccacc aaaccatcca taatgcaccc agataggccc 120
 acccccaaaa gcctggacac cttgagcaca cagttatgac caggacagac tcatctctat 180
 aggcaaatag ctgctggcaa actggcatta cctggtttgt ggggatgggg gggcaagtgt 240
 gtggcctctc ggcctgggta gcaagaacat tcagggtagg cctaagttan tcgtgttagt 300
 t 301

<210> 257
 <211> 301

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 257
gttggtggagg aactctggct tgctcattaa gtcctactga ttttcactat cccctgaatt 60
tccccactta tttttgtctt tcactatcgc aggccttaga agaggtctac ctgcctccag 120
tcttacctag tccagtctac cccctggagt tagaatggcc atcctgaagt gaaaagtaat 180
gtcacattac tcccttcagt gatttcttgt agaagtgcc atccctgaat gccaccaaga 240
tcttaatctt cacatcttta atcttatctc tttgactcct ctttacaccg gagaaggctc 300
c 301

<210> 258
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 258
cagcagtagt agatgccgta tgccagcacg cccagcactc ccaggatcag caccagcacc 60
agggggccag ccaccaggcg cagaagcaag ataaacagta ggctcaagac cagagccacc 120
cccagggcaa caagaatcca ataccaggac tgggcaaaat cttcaaagat cttaacactg 180
atgtctcggg cattgaggct gtcaataana cgctgatccc ctgctgtatg gtgggtgcat 240
tggtgatccc tgggagcgcc ggtggagtaa cgttgggtcca tggaaagcag cgcccacaac 300
t 301

<210> 259
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 259
tcatatatgc aaacaaatgc agactangcc tcaggcagag actaaaggac atctcttggg 60
gtgtcctgaa gtgatttggg cccctgaggg cagacaccta agtaggaatc ccagtgggaa 120
gcaaagccat aaggaagccc aggattcctt gtgatcagga agtggggccag gaaggtctgt 180
tccagctcac atctcatctg catgcagcac ggaccggatg cgccactgg gtcttggctt 240
ccctcccatc ttctcaagca gtgtccttgt tgagccattt gcatccttgg ctccagggtg 300
c 301

<210> 260
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 260
tttttttttct ccctaaggaa aaagaaggaa caagtctcat aaaaccaaatt aagcaatggt 60
aagggtgtctt aacttgaaaa agattaggag tcactggttt acaagttata attgaatgaa 120
agaactgtaa cagccacagt tggccatttc atgccaatgg cagcaaaca caggattaac 180
tagggcaaaa taaataagtg tgtggaagcc ctgataagtg cttaataaac agactgattc 240
actgagacat cagtacctgc ccgggcggcc gctcgagccg aattctgcag atatccatca 300

c

301

<210> 261
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 261
 aaatattcga gcaaattcctg taactaatgt gtctccataa aaggctttga actcagtga 60
 tctgcttcca tccacgattc tagcaatgac ctctcggaca tcaaagctcc tottaagggtt 120
 agcaccaact attccataca attcatcagc aggaaataaa ggctcttcag aagggttcaat 180
 ggtgacatcc aattttcttct gataatttag attcctcaca accttcctag ttaagtgaag 240
 ggcatgatga tcatccaaag cccagtggtc acttactcca gactttctgc aatgaagatc 300
 a 301

<210> 262
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 262
 gaggagagcc tgttacagca tttgtaagca cagaatactc caggagtatt tgtaattgtc 60
 tgtgagcttc ttgccgcaag tctctcagaa atttaaaaag atgcaaatcc ctgagtcacc 120
 cctagacttc ctaaaccaga tcctctgggg ctggaacctg gcactctgca tttgtaatga 180
 gggctttctg gtgcacacct aattttgtgc atctttgccc taaatcctgg attagtgcc 240
 catcattacc cccacattat aatgggatag attcagagca gatactctcc agcaaagaat 300
 c 301

<210> 263
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 263
 tttagcttgt ggtaaatgac tcacaaaact gattttaaaa tcaagttaat gtgaattttg 60
 aaaattacta cttaatccta attcacaata acaatggcat taaggtttga cttgagttgg 120
 ttcttagtat tattttatggt aaataggctc ttaccacttg caaataactg gccacatcat 180
 taatgactga cttcccagta aggtctctta aggggtaagt angaggatcc acaggatttg 240
 agatgctaag gccccagaga tcgtttgatc caaccctctt attttcagag gggaaaatgg 300
 g 301

<210> 264
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 264
 aaagacgtta aaccactcta ctaccacttg tggaactctc aaagggtaaa tgacaaascc 60
 aatgaatgac tctaaaaaca atattttatc ttaatggttt gtagacaata aaaaaacaag 120
 gtggatagat ctagaattgt aacattttta gaaaaccata scatttgaca gatgagaaag 180
 ctcaattata gatgcaaagt tataactaaa ctactatagt agtaaagaaa tacatttcac 240
 acccttcata taaattcact atcttggctt gaggcactcc ataaaatgta tcacgtgcac 300
 a 301

<210> 265
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 265
 tgcccaagtt atgtgtaagt gtatccgcac ccagaggtaa aactacactg tcatctttgt 60
 cttcttgtga cgcagtattt cttctctggg gagaagccgg gaagtcttct cctggctota 120
 catattcttg gaagtctcta atcaactttt gttccatttg tttcatttct tcaggaggga 180
 ttttcagttt gtcaacatgt tctctaacia cacttgcca tttctgtaa gaatccaaag 240
 cagtccaagg ctttgacatg tcaacaacca gcataactag agtatccttc agagatacgg 300
 c 301

<210> 266
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 266
 taccgtctgc ccttctccc atccaggcca tctgcgaatc tacatgggtc ctctattctg 60
 acaccagatc actctttcct ctaccacacg gcttgctatg agcaagagac acaacctcct 120
 ctcttctgtg ttccagcttc ttttctgtt cttcccaccc cttaagttct attcctgggg 180
 atagagacac caatacccat aacctctctc ctaagcctcc ttataaccca ggggtgcacag 240
 cacagactcc tgacaactgg taaggccaat gaactgggag ctcacagctg gctgtgcctg 300
 a 301

<210> 267
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 267
 aaagagcaca ggccagctca gctgcccctg gccatctaga ctacgcctgg ctccatgggg 60
 gttctcagtg ctgagtcctat ccaggaaaag ctacacctaga ctttctgagg ctgaatcttc 120
 atcctcacag gcagcttctg agagcctgat attcctagcc ttgatgggtct ggagtaaagc 180
 ctcatctga ttctctctct tcttttcttt caagttggct ttctcacat cctctgttc 240
 aattcgcttc agcttgtctg ctttagccct catttcacga agcttcttct ctttggcatc 300
 t 301

<210> 268
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 268
 aatgtctcac tcaactactt ccagcctac cgtggcctaa ttctgggagt tttcttctta 60
 gatcttggga gagctgggtc ttctaaggag aaggaggaag gacagatgta actttggatc 120
 tcgaagagga agtctaattg aagtaattag tcaacgggtcc ttgttttagac tcttggaaata 180
 tgctgggtgg ctacgtgagc ctttttggag aaagcaagta ttattcttaa ggagtaacca 240
 cttcccatg ttctactttc taccatcctc aattgtatat tatgtattct ttggagaact 300
 a 301

<210> 269
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 269
 taacaatata cactagctat ctttttaact gtccatcatt agcaccaatg aagattcaat 60
 aaaattacct ttattcacac atctcaaaac aattctgcaa attcttagtg aagtttaact 120
 atagtcacag accttaaata ttcacattgt tttctatgtc tactgaaaat aagttcacta 180
 cttttctgga tattctttac aaaatcttat taaaattcct ggtattatca cccccaatta 240
 tacagtagca caaccacctt atgtagtttt tacatgatag ctctgtagaa gtttcacatc 300
 t 301

<210> 270
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 270
 cattgaagag cttttgcgaa acatcagaac acaagtgcctt ataaaattaa ttaagcctta 60
 cacaagaata catattcctt ttatttctaa ggagttaaac atagatgtag ctgatgtgga 120
 gagcttgctg gtgcagtgca tattggataa cactattcat ggccgaattg atcaagtcaa 180
 ccaactcctt gaactggatc atcagaagaa ggtggtgca cgatatactg cactagataa 240
 tggaccaacc aactaaattc tctcaccagg ctgtatcagt aaactggctt aacagaaaac 300
 a 301

<210> 271
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 271
 aaaaggttct cataagatta acaattttaa taaatatttg atagaacatt ctttttcatt 60
 tttatagctc atcttttagg ttgatattca gttcatgcct cccttgctgt tcttgatcca 120
 gaattgcaat cacttcatca gcctgtattc gctccaattc tctataaagt gggccaagg 180
 tgaaccacag agccacagca cacctcttcc ccttggtgac tgcccttcacc ccatganggt 240
 tctctcctcc agatganaac tgatcatgcg cccacatttt gggttttata gaagcagtca 300
 c 301

<210> 272
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 272
 taaattgcta agccacagat aacaccaatc aaatggaaca aatcactgtc ttcaaagtgc 60
 ttatcagaaa accaaatgag cctggaatct tcataatacc taaacatgcc gtatttagga 120
 tccaataatt ccctcatgat gagcaagaaa aattctttgc gcacccctcc tgcattccaca 180
 gcatcttctc caacaaatat aaccttgagt ggcttcttgt aatctatgtt ctttgttttc 240
 ctaaggactt ccattgcac tctacaata ttttctctac gcaccactag aattaagcag 300
 g 301

<210> 273
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 273
 acatgtgtgt atgtgtatct ttgggaaaaa aanaagacat cttgtttayt atttttttgg 60
 agagangctg ggacatggat aatcacwtaa ttgtctayta tyactttaat ctgactygaa 120
 gaaccgtcta aaaataaaat ttaccatgtc dtatatccct tatagtatgc ttatttcacc 180
 ttytttctgt ccagagagag tatcagtgac ananatttma ggggtgaamac atgmattggt 240
 gggacttnty tttacngagm accctgcccg sgcgccctcg makcngantt ccgcsananc 300
 t 301

<210> 274
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 274
 cttatatact ctttctcaga ggcaaaagag gagatgggta atgtagacaa ttctttgagg 60
 aacagtaaat gattattaga gagaangaat ggaccaagga gacagaaatt aacttgtaaa 120
 tgattctctt tggaatctga atgagatcaa gaggccagct ttagcttggt gaaaagtcca 180
 tctaggtatg gttgcattct cgtcttcttt tctgcagtag ataatgaggt aaccgaaggc 240
 aattgtgctt cttttgataa gaagctttct tggatcatatc aggaaattcc aganaaagtc 300
 c 301

<210> 275
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 275
 tcggtgtcag cagcacgtgg cattgaacat tgcaatgtgg agcccaaacc acagaaaatg 60
 gggtgaaatt ggccaacttt ctattaactt atgttggcaa ttttgccacc aacagtaagc 120
 tggcccttct aataaaagaa aattgaaagg tttctcacta aacggaatta agtagtggag 180
 tcaagagact ccagggctc agcgtacctg cccgggcggc cgctcgaagc cgaattctgc 240
 agatatccat cacactggcg gncgctcgan catgcatcta gaaggnccaa ttcgcacctat 300
 a 301

<210> 276
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 276
 tgtacacata ctcaataaat aaatgactgc attgtggtat tattactata ctgattatat 60
 ttatcatgtg acttctaatt agaaaatgta tccaaaagca aaacagcaga tatacaaaat 120
 taaagagaca gaagatagac attaacagat aaggcaactt atacattgag aatccaaatc 180
 caatacattt aaacatttgg gaaatgaggg ggacaaatgg aagccagatc aaatttgtgt 240

aaaactattc agtatgtttc ccttgcttca tgtctgagaa ggctctcctt caatggggat 300
g 301

<210> 277
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 277
tttgttgatg tcagtattttt attacttgcg ttatgagtgc tcacctggga aattctaaag 60
atacagagga cttggaggaa gcagagcaac tgaatttaat ttaaaagaag gaaaacattg 120
gaatcatggc actcctgata ctttcccaaa tcaacactct caatgccccca ccctcgtcct 180
caccatagtg gggagactaa agtggccacg gatttgccctt anggtgtcag tgcgttctga 240
gttcnctgtc gattacatct gaccagtctc ctttttccga agtcnctccg ttcaatcttg 300
c 301

<210> 278
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 278
taccactaca ctccagcctg ggcaacagag caagacctgt ctcaaagcat aaaatggaat 60
aacatatcaa atgaaacagg gaaaatgaag ctgacaattt atggaagcca gggcttgtca 120
cagtctctac tgttattatg cattacctgg gaatttatat aagcccttaa taataatgcc 180
aatgaacatc tcatgtgtgc tcacaatgtt ctggcactat tataagtgtc tcacagggtt 240
tatgtgttct tcgtaacttt atggantagg tactcggccg cgaacacgct aagccgaatt 300
c 301

<210> 279
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1) ... (301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 279
aaagcaggaa tgacaaagct tgctttttctg gtatgttcta ggtgtattgt gacttttact 60
gttatattaa ttgccaatat aagtaaatat agattatata tgtatagtgt ttcacaaagc 120
ttagaccttt accttcacgc caccacacag tgcttgatat ttcagagtca gtcattgggt 180
atacatgtgt agttccaaag cacataagct agaanaanaa atatttctag ggagcactac 240
catctgtttt cacatgaaat gccacacaca tagaactcca acatcaattt cattgcacag 300
a 301

<210> 280

<211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 280
 ggtactggag ttttcctccc ctgtgaaaac gtaactactg ttgggagtga attgaggatg 60
 tagaaagggtg gtggaaccaa attgtggtca atggaaatag gagaatatgg ttctcactct 120
 tgagaaaaaa acctaagatt agcccaggta gttgcctgta acttcagttt ttctgcctgg 180
 gtttgatata gtttaggggtt ggggttagat taagatctaa attacatcag gacaaagaga 240
 cagactatta actccacagt taattaagga ggtatgttcc atgtttattt gttaaagcag 300
 t 301

<210> 281
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 281
 aggtacaaga aggggaatgg gaaagagctg ctgctgtggc attgttcaac ttggatattc 60
 gccgagcaat ccaaactcctg aatgaagggg catcttctga aaaaggagat ctgaatctca 120
 atgtggtagc aatggcttta tcgggttata cggatgagaa gaactccctt tggagagaaa 180
 tgtgtagcac actgcgatta cagctaaata acccgatttt gtgtgtcatg tttgcatttc 240
 tgacaagtga aacaggatct tacgatggag ttttgtatga aaacaaagtt gcagtacctc 300
 g 301

<210> 282
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 282
 cagggtactac agaattaaaa tactgacaag caagtagttt cttggcgtgc acgaattgca 60
 tccagaaccc aaaaattaag aaattcaaaa agacattttg tgggcacctg ctacacaga 120
 agcgcagaag caaagcccag gcagaacctat gctaacctta cagctcagcc tgcacagaag 180
 cgcagaagca aagcccaggc agaacctatg taaccttaca gctcagcctg cacagaagcg 240
 cagaagcaaa gcccaggcag aacatgctaa ccttacagct cagcctgcac agaagcacag 300
 a 301

<210> 283
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 283
 atctgtatac ggcagacaaa ctttatarag tgtagagagg tgagcgaaag gatgcaaaag 60
 cactttgagg gctttataat aatatgctgc ttgaaaaaaa aaatgtgtag ttgataactca 120
 gtgcatctcc agacatagta aggggttgct ctgaccaatc aggtgatcat tttttctatc 180
 acttcccagg ttttatgcaa aaattttgtt aaattctata atggatgatg gcattcttta 240
 ggaaacatat acatttttaa aaatctattt tatgtaagaa ctgacagacg aatttgcttt 300
 g 301

<210> 284
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 284
 caggtaaaa acgctattaa gtggcttaga atttgaacat ttgtgggtctt tatttacttt 60

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gcttcgtgtg tgggcaaagc aacatcttcc ctaaatatat attaccaaga aaagcaagaa 120
gcagattagg tttttgacaa aacaaacagg ccaaaagggg gctgacctgg agcagagcat 180
ggtgagaggg aaggcatgag agggcaagtt tgttggtggac agatctgtgc ctactttatt 240
actggagtaa aagaaaacaa agttcattga tgtcgaagga tatatacagt gttagaaatt 300
a 301

```

```

<210> 285
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 285
acatcaccat gatcggatcc cccacccatt atacgttgta tgtttacata aatactcttc 60
aatgatcatt agtgttttaa aaaaaatact gaaaactcct tctgcatccc aatctcctaac 120
caggaaagca aatgctattt acagacctgc aagccctccc tcaaacnaaa ctatttctgg 180
attaaatatg tctgacttct tttgaggtca cagcactagg caaatgctat ttacgatctg 240
caaaagctgt ttgaagagtc aaagccccc a tgtgaacacg atttctggac cctgtaacag 300
t 301

```

```

<210> 286
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 286
taccactgca ttccagcctg ggtgacagag tgagactccg tctccaaaaa aaactttgct 60
tgtatattat ttttgccctta cagtggatca ttctagtagg aaaggacagt aagatttttt 120
atcaaaatgt gtcattgccag taagagatgt tatattcttt tctcatttct tccccaccca 180
aaaataagct accatatagc ttataagtct caaatttttg ccttttacta aaatgtgatt 240
gtttctgttc attgtgtatg cttcatcacc tatatttagg aaattccatt ttttccttg 300
t 301

```

```

<210> 287
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 287
tacagatctg ggaactaaat attaaaaatg agtgtggctg gatatatgga gaatgttggg 60
cccagaagga acgtagagat cagatattac aacagctttg ttttgagggg tagaaatatg 120
aaatgatttg gttatgaacg cacagtttag gcagcagggc cagaatcctg accctctgcc 180
ccgtgggtat ctctcccca gcttggtgc ctcatgttat cacagtattc cattttgttt 240
gttgcattgc ttgtgaagcc atcaagattt tctcgtctgt tttcctctca ttggaatgc 300
t 301

```

```

<210> 288
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 288
gtacacctaa ctgcaaggac agctgaggaa tgtaatgggc agccgctttt aaagaagtag 60
agtcaatagg aagacaaatt ccagttccag ctcagtctgg gtatctgcaa agctgcaaaa 120

```

```

gatcttttaa gacaatttca agagaatatt tccttaaagt tggcaatttg gagatcatat 180
aaaagcatct gcttttgtga ttttaatttag ctcatctggc cactggaaga atccaaacag 240
tctgccttaa ttttggatga atgcatgatg gaaattcaat aatttagaaa gttaaaaaaa 300
a 301

```

```

<210> 289
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 289
ggtacactgt ttccatgtta tgtttctaca cattgctacc tcagtgtctc tggaaactta 60
gcttttcatg tctccaagta gtccaccttc atttaactct ttgaaactgt atcatctttg 120
ccaagtaaga gtggtggcct atttcagctg ctttgacaaa atgactggct cctgacttaa 180
cgttctataa atgaatgtgc tgaagcaaag tgcccatggg ggcggcgaan aagagaaaaga 240
tgtgttttgt tttggactct ctgtggtccc ttccaatgct gtgggtttcc aaccagnnga 300
a 301

```

```

<210> 290
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 290
acactgagct ctctcttgata aatatacaga atgcttggca tatacaagat tctatactac 60
tgactgatct gttcatttct ctcacagctc ttaccccca aagcttttcc accctaagtg 120
ttctgacctc cttttctaat cacagtaggg atagaggcag anccacctac aatgaacatg 180
gagttctatc aagaggcaga aacagcacag aatcccagtt ttaccattcg ctagcagtgc 240
tgccttgaac aaaaacattt ctccatgtct cattttcttc atgcctcaag taacagtgcg 300
a 301

```

```

<210> 291
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 291
caggtaccaa tttcttctat cctagaaaca tttcatttta tgttggtgaa acataacaac 60
tatatcagct agattttttt tctatgcttt acctgctatg gaaaatttga cacattctgc 120
tttactcttt tgtttatagg tgaatcacia aatgtatttt tatgtattct gtagttcaat 180
agccatggct gtttacttca ttttaatttat ttagcataaa gacattatga aaaggcctaa 240
acatgagctt cacttcccca ctaactaatt agcatctgtt atttcttaac cgtaatgcct 300
a 301

```

```

<210> 292
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 292
 accttttagt agtaatgtct aataataaat aagaaatcaa ttttataagg tccatatagc 60
 tgtattaaat aatttttaag tttaaaagat aaaataccat catttttaaat gttggtattc 120
 aaaaccaaag natataaccg aaaggaaaaa cagatgagac ataaaatgat ttgcnagatg 180
 ggaaatatag tasttyatga atgttnatta aattccagtt ataatagtgg ctacacactc 240
 tcactacaca cacagacccc acagtccctat atgccacaaa cacatttcca taacttgaaa 300
 a 301

<210> 293
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 293
 ggtaccaagt gctgggtgcc gctgtttacc tgtttctcact gaaaagtctg gctaattgctc 60
 ttgtgtagtc acttctgatt ctgacaatca atcaatcaat ggccatagagc actgactgtt 120
 aacacaaaacg tcactagcaa agtagcaaca gctttaagtc taaatacaaaa gctgtttctgt 180
 gtgagaattt tttaaaaggc tactttgtata ataacccttg tcattttttaa tgtacctcgg 240
 ccgcgaccac gctaagccga attctgcaga tatccatcac actggcgggcc gctcgagcat 300
 g 301

<210> 294
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 294
 tgaccataa caatatacac tagctatctt tttaaactgtc catcattagc accaatgaag 60
 attcaataaa attaccttta ttcacacatc tcaaaaacaat tctgcaaatt cttagtgaag 120
 tttaaactata gtcacaganc ttaaattatc acattgtttt ctatgtctac tgaaaataag 180
 ttcactactt ttctgggata ttctttacaa aatcttatta aaattcctgg tattatcacc 240
 cccaattata cagtagcaca accaccttat gtagttttta catgatagct ctgtagaggt 300
 t 301

<210> 295
 <211> 305
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 295
 gtactctttc tctcccctcc tctgaattta attctttcaa cttgcaattt gcaaggatta 60
 cacatttcac tgtgatgtat attgtgttgc aaaaaaaaaa gtgtctttgt ttaaaattac 120
 ttggtttgtg aatccatctt gctttttccc cattggaact agtcattaac ccatctctga 180
 actggtagaa aaacrtctga agagctagtc tatcagcatc tgacagggtga attggatgg 240
 tctcagaacc atttcaccca gacagcctgt ttctatcctg ttttaataaat tagtttgggt 300
 tctct 305

<210> 296
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 296
 aggtactatg ggaagctgct aaaataatat ttgatagtaa aagtatgtaa tgtgctatct 60
 cacctagtag taaactaaaa ataaactgaa actttatgga atctgaagtt attttccttg 120
 attaaataga attaataaac caatatgagg aaacatgaaa ccatgcaatc tactatcaac 180
 tttgaaaaag tgattgaacg aaccacttag ctttcagatg atgaacactg ataagtcatt 240
 tgtcattact ataaatttta aaatctgtta ataagatggc ctatagggag gaaaaagggg 300
 c 301

<210> 297
 <211> 300
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(300)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 297
 actgagtttt aactggacgc caagcaggca aggctggaag gttttgctct ctttgtgcta 60
 aaggttttga aaaccttgaa ggagaatcat tttgacaaga agtacttaag agtctagaga 120
 acaaagangt gaaccagctg aaagctctcg ggggaanott acatgtgttg ttaggcctgt 180
 tccatcattg ggagtgcact ggccatccct caaaatttgt ctgggctggc ctgagtggtc 240
 accgcacctc ggccgcgacc acgctaagcc gaattctgca gatatccatc acactggcgg 300

<210> 298
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(301)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 298
 tatggggttt gtcacccaaa agctgatgct gagaaaggcc tccctggggc ccctcccgcg 60
 ggcattctgag agacctgggtg ttccagtgtt tctggaaatg ggtcccagtg ccgcccggctg 120
 tgaagctctc agatcaatca cggaaggcgt ctggcgggtg tgccacactg gaaccaccct 180
 gtccctgtctg ttacatttc actaycagg tttctctggg cattacnatt tgttccccta 240
 caacagtgac ctgtgcattc tgctgtggcc tgctgtgtct gcaggtggct ctcagcgagg 300
 t 301

<210> 299
 <211> 301
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 299
 gttttgagac ggagttttcac tcttgttgcc cagactggac tgcaatggca gggctctctgc 60
 tcaactgcacc ctctgcctcc caggttcgag caattctcct gcctcagcct ccaggttagc 120
 tgggattgca ggctcacgcc accataccca gctaattttt ttgtattttt agtagagacg 180
 gagtttcgcc atgttggcc aactcctgac ctcaagcgac ctgcctgcct 240

cggcctccca aagtgctgga attataggca tgagtcaaca cgcccagcct aaagatatatt 300
t 301

<210> 300
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 300
attcagtttt atttgctgcc ccagtatctg taaccaggag tgccacaaaa tcttgccaga 60
tatgtccac acccactggg aaaggctccc acctggctac ttcctctatc agctgggtca 120
getgcattcc acaaggttct cagcctaatt agtttcaacta cctgccagtc tcaaaactta 180
gtaaagcaag accatgacat tccccacgg aaatcagagt ttgccccacc gtcttggtac 240
tataaagcct gcctctaaca gtccttgctt cttcacacca atcccgagcg catcccccat 300
g 301

<210> 301
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 301
ttaaattttt gagaggataa aaaggacaaa taatctagaa atgtgtcttc ttcagtctgc 60
agaggacccc aggtctccaa gcaaccacat ggtcaagggc atgaataatt aaaagttggt 120
gggaactcac aaagaccctc agagctgaga caccacacaac agtgggagct cacaagacc 180
ctcagagctg agacaccac aacagtggga gtcacaaaag accctcagag ctgagacacc 240
cacaacagca cctcgttcag ctgccacatg tgtgaataag gatgcaatgt ccagaagtgt 300
t 301

<210> 302
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 302
aggtacacat ttagcttgtg gtaaatgact cacaaaaactg attttaaaat caagttaatg 60
tgaattttga aaattactac ttaatcctaa ttcacaataa caatggcatt aaggtttgac 120
ttgagttggt tcttagtatt atttatggta aataggctct taccacttgc aaataactgg 180
ccacatcatt aatgactgac ttcccagtaa ggctctctaa ggggtaagta ggaggatcca 240
caggatttga gatgctaagg cccagagat cgtttgatcc aaccctctta ttttcagagg 300
g 301

<210> 303
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 303
aggtaccaac tgtggaaata ggtagaggat cattttttct ttccatatca actaagttgt 60
atattgtttt ttgacagttt aacacatctt cttctgtcag agattctttc acaatagcac 120
tggctaattg aactaccgct tgcatgttaa aaatgggtgt ttgtgaaatg atcataggcc 180
agtaacgggt atgtttttct aactgatctt ttgctcgttc caaagggacc tcaagacttc 240
catcgatttt atatctgggg tctagaaaag gagttaatct gttttccctc ataaattcac 300
c 301

<210> 304
<211> 301
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 304

acatggatgt	tattttgcag	actgtcaacc	tgaatttgta	tttgcttgac	attgcctaata	60
tattagtttc	agtttcagct	taccactttt	ttgtctgcaa	catgcaraas	agacagtgcc	120
cttttttagtg	tatcatatca	ggaatcatct	cacattgggt	tgtgccatta	ctgggtgcagt	180
gactttcagc	cacttgggta	aggtggagtt	ggccatatgt	ctccactgca	aaattactga	240
ttttcctttt	gtaattaata	agtgtgtgtg	tgaagattct	ttgagatgag	gtatataatct	300
c						301

<210> 305

<211> 301

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(301)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 305

gangtacagc	gtggtcaagg	taacaagaag	aaaaaaatgt	gagtggcatc	ctgggatgag	60
caggggggaca	gacctggaca	gacacgttgt	catttgctgc	tgtgggtagg	aaaatgggag	120
taaaggagga	gaaacagata	caaaatctcc	aactcagat	taaggatttc	tcatgcctag	180
aattattgga	gaaacaagaa	tacattcata	tggcaaataa	ctaaccatgg	tggaaacaaa	240
ttctgggatt	taagttggat	accaangaaa	ttgtattaaa	agagctgttc	atggaataag	300
a						301

<210> 306

<211> 8

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 306

Val Leu Gly Trp Val Ala Glu Leu

1

5

<210> 307

<211> 637

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 307

acagggratg	aagggaagg	gagaggatga	ggaagcccc	ctggggattt	ggtttggtcc	60
ttgtgatcag	gtggtctatg	gggttatcc	ctacaaagaa	gaatccagaa	ataggggcac	120
attgaggaat	gatacttgag	cccaaagagc	attcaatcat	tgttttattt	gccttmtttt	180
cacaccattg	gtgagggagg	gattaccacc	ctgggggttat	gaagatgggt	gaacacccca	240
cacatagcac	cggagatatg	agatcaacag	tttcttagcc	atagagattc	acagcccaga	300
gcaggaggac	gcttgacac	catgcaggat	gacatggggg	atgcgctcgg	gattgggtgtg	360
aagaagcaag	gactgttaga	ggcaggcttt	atagtaacaa	gacggtgggg	caaactctga	420
tttccgtggg	ggaatgtcat	ggtcttgctt	tactaagttt	tgagactggc	aggtagtgaa	480
actcattagg	ctgagaacct	tgtggaatgc	acttgaccca	setgatagag	gaagtagcca	540
ggtgggagcc	tttcccagtg	ggtgtgggac	atatctggca	agattttgtg	gcactcctgg	600
ttacagatac	tggggcagca	aataaaaactg	aatcttg			637

<210> 308

<211> 647

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(647)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 308

acgattttca	ttatcatgta	aatcgggtca	ctcaaggggc	caaccacagc	tgggagccac	60
tgctcagggg	aaggttcata	tgggactttc	tactgcccac	ggttctatac	aggatataaa	120
ggngcctcac	agtatagatc	tggtagcaaa	gaagaagaaa	caaacactga	tctctttctg	180
ccacccctct	gacccttttg	aactcctctg	accctttaga	acaagcctac	ctaatatctg	240
ctagagaaaa	gaccaacaac	ggcctcaaag	gatctcttac	catgaaggtc	tcagctaatt	300
cttggtctaag	atgtgggttc	cacattaggt	tctgaatatg	gggggaaggg	tcaatttgct	360
catttttgtgt	gtggataaag	tcaggatgcc	cagggggccag	agcagggggc	tgcttgcttt	420
gggaacaatg	gctgagcata	taaccatagg	ttatggggaa	caaaacaaca	tcaaagtcac	480
tgtatcaatt	gccatgaaga	cttgagggac	ctgaatctac	cgattcatct	taaggcagca	540
ggaccagttt	gagtggcaac	aatgcagcag	cagaatcaat	ggaaacaaca	gaatgattgc	600
aatgtccttt	ttttctcct	gcttctgact	tgataaaagg	ggaccgt		647

<210> 309

<211> 460

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 309

actttatagt	ttaggctgga	cattggaaaa	aaaaaaaaagc	cagaacaaca	tgtgatagat	60
aatatgattg	gctgcacact	tccagactga	tgaatgatga	acgtgatgga	ctattgtatg	120
gagcacatct	tcagcaagag	ggggaaatac	tcattcatttt	tggccagcag	ttgtttgatc	180
accaaaccatc	atgccagaat	actcagcaaa	ccttcttagc	tcttgagaag	tcaaagtccg	240
ggggaattta	ttcctggcaa	ttttaattgg	actccttatg	tgagagcagc	ggctaccag	300
ctggggtggt	ggagcgaacc	cgtcactagt	ggacatgcag	tggcagagct	cctggttaacc	360
acctagagga	atacacaggc	acatgtgtga	tgccaagcgt	gacacctgta	gcactcaaat	420
ttgtcttggt	tttgtctttc	ggtgtgtaag	attcttaagt			460

<210> 310

<211> 539

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 310

acgggactta	tcaaataaag	ataggaaaag	aagaaaactc	aaatattata	ggcagaaatg	60
ctaaagggtt	taaaatatgt	caggattgga	agaaggcatg	gataaagaac	aaagtccagt	120
taggaaagag	aaacacagaa	ggaagagaca	caataaaagt	cattatgtat	tctgtgagaa	180
gtcagacagt	aagattttgt	ggaaatgggt	tggtttggtg	tatggtatgt	attttagcaa	240
taatctttat	ggcagagaaa	gctaaaatcc	tttagcttgc	gtgaatgatc	acttgctgaa	300
ttcctcaagg	taggcatgat	gaaggagggt	ttagaggaga	cacagacaca	atgaactgac	360
ctagatagaa	agccttagta	tactcagcta	ggaatagtga	ttctgagggc	acactgtgac	420
atgattatgt	cattacatgt	atggtagtga	tggggatgat	aggaaggaag	aacttatggc	480
atattttcac	ccccacaaaa	gtcagttaaa	tattgggaca	ctaaccatcc	aggtcaaga	539

<210> 311

<211> 526

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(526)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 311

caaatttgag	ccaatgacat	agaattttac	aatcaagaa	gcttattctg	gggccatttc	60
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catttacagc	atttaaaatg	tggtcagcat	gaaatattag	ctacagggga	agctaaataa	180
attaacatg	gaataaagat	ttgtccttaa	atataatcta	caagaagact	ttgatatttg	240
tttttcacaa	gtgaagcatt	cttataaagt	gtcataacct	ttttggggaa	actatgggaa	300
aaaatgggga	aactctgaag	ggttttaagt	atcttacctg	aagctacaga	ctccataacc	360
tctctttaca	gggagctcct	gcagccccta	cagaaatgag	tggtgagat	tcttgattgc	420
acagcaagag	cttctcatct	aaaccctttc	cctttttagt	atctgtgtat	caagtataaa	480
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<210> 312

<211> 500

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(500)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 312

cctctctctc	cccaccccct	gactctagag	aactgggttt	tctccagta	ctccagcaat	60
tcattttctga	aagcagttga	gccactttat	tccaaagtac	actgcagatg	ttcaaactct	120
ccattttctct	ttcccttcca	cctgccagtt	ttgctgactc	tcaacttgct	atgagtgtaa	180
gcattaagga	cattatgctt	cttcgattct	gaagacaggc	cctgctcatg	gatgactctg	240
gcttcttagg	aaaatatattt	tcttccaaaa	tcagtaggaa	atctaaactt	atcccctctt	300
tgcagatgtc	tagcagcttc	agacatttgg	ttaagaacct	atgggaaaaa	aaaaaatcct	360
tgctaagtgt	gtttcctttg	taaaccanga	ttcttatttg	nctggtagat	aatatcagct	420
ctgaacgtgt	ggtaaagatt	tttggtttg	aatataggag	aatcagttt	gctgaaaagt	480
tagtcttaat	tatctattgg					500

<210> 313

<211> 718

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(718)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 313

ggagatttgt	gtgggttgca	gccgagggag	accaggaaga	totgcatggt	gggaaggacc	60
tgatgataca	gaggtgagaa	ataagaaagg	ctgctgactt	taccatctga	ggccacacat	120
ctgctgaaat	ggagataaatt	aacatcacta	gaaacagcaa	gatgacaata	taatgtctaa	180
gtagtacat	gtttttgcac	atttccagcc	cttttaata	tccacacaca	caggaagcac	240
aaaaggaagc	acagagatcc	ctgggagaaa	tgcccgccg	ccatcttggg	tcatcgatga	300
gcctcgccct	gtgcctgntc	ccgcttggtga	gggaaggaca	ttagaaaatg	aattgatgtg	360
ttccttaaag	gatggcagga	aaacagatcc	tggtgtggat	atttatttga	acgggattac	420
agatttgaaa	tgaagtcaca	aagtgagcat	taccaatgag	aggaaaacag	acgagaaaat	480
cttgatgggt	cacaagacat	gcaacaaaca	aatggaata	ctgtgatgac	acgagcagcc	540
aactggggag	gagataccac	ggggcagagg	tcaggattct	ggccctgctg	cctaactgtg	600
cgttatacca	atcattttcta	tttctaccct	caaacaagct	gtngaataac	tgacttacgg	660
ttcttntggc	ccacattttc	atnatccacc	ccntentttt	aannttantc	caaantgt	718

<210> 314
 <211> 358
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 314
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 caacatgtgt agatctcttg tcttattctt ttgtctataa tactgtattg tgtagtccaa 180
 gctctcggtg gtccagccac tgtgaaacat gctcccttta gattaacctc gtggacgctc 240
 ttgttgattt gctgaactgt agtgccctgt attttgcttc tgtctgtgaa ttctgttgct 300
 tctggggcat ttccttggtg tgcagaggac caccacacag atgacagcaa tctgaatt 358

<210> 315
 <211> 341
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 315
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 gacccccatt ctgaagatgt ctggaacctc taccagcagg atgatgatag cccaatgac 180
 agtcaccagc tccccgacca gccggatatc gtccttaggg gtcattgtagg ctctctgaag 240
 tagcttctgc tgtaagaggg tgttggtccc ggggctcgtg cggttattgg tctggggctt 300
 gagggggcgg tagatgcagc acatggtgaa gcagatgatg t 341

<210> 316
 <211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 316
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 tgtgggcctt tctcgagttt ctgattataa acaccactgg agcgatgtgt tgactggact 120
 cattcagga gctctggttg caatattagt t 151

<210> 317
 <211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 317
 agaactagtg gatacctaag aaatacctga aacatatatt ggcatttatc aatggctcaa 60
 atcttcattt atctctggcc ttaacctgg ctctgaggc tgccggccagc agatcccagg 120
 ccagggtctt gttcttgcca cacctgcttg a 151

<210> 318
 <211> 151
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 318
 actggtggga ggcgctgttt agttggctgt ttccagaggg gtcttttcgga gggacctcct 60
 gctgcaggct ggagtgtctt tattcctggc gggagaccgc acattccact gctgaggctg 120
 tgggggacgt ttatcaggca gtgataaaca t 151

<210> 319

<211> 151
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 319
aactagtgga tccagagcta taggtacagt gtgatctcag ctttgcaaac acattttcta 60
catagatagt actaggtatt aatagatatg taaagaaaga aatcacacca ttaataatgg 120
taagattggg tttatgtgat tttagtgggt a 151

<210> 320
<211> 150
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 320
aactagtgga tccactagtc cagtgtgggt gaattccatt gtgttgggggt tctagatcgc 60
gagcggtgc cctttttttt tttttttttg ggggggaatt tttttttttt aatagttatt 120
gagtgttcta cagcttacag taaataccat 150

<210> 321
<211> 151
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 321
agcaactttg tttttcatcc aggttatattt aggttagga tttcctctca cactgcagtt 60
tagggtggca ttgtaaccag ctatggcata ggtgttaacc aaaggctgag taaacatggg 120
tgctctgag aaatcaaagt cttcatacac t 151

<210> 322
<211> 151
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(151)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 322
atccagcadc ttctcctggt tcttgccctc ctttttcttc ttcttasatt ctgcttgagg 60
tttgggcttg gtcagtttgc cacagggtt ggagatggtg acagtcttct ggcattcggc 120
attgtgcagg gctcgcttca nacttccagt t 151

<210> 323
<211> 151
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(151)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 323
tgaggacttg tktttctttt ctttatattt aatcctctta ctttgtaa atattgccta 60
nagactcant tactaccag tttgtggtt twtgggagaa atgtaactgg acagttagct 120
gttcaatyaa aaagacactt ancccatgtg g 151

<210> 324
 <211> 461
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(461)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 324
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 agaagtgggc agctaaagga atccagggtt ttgggtggac tgtaataacc tttgatgaaa 120
 agagttacta cgaatcccat cttgggtcca gctatatcac tgacagcatg gtagaagact 180
 gcgaacctca cttctagact ttcacgggtg gacgaaacgg gttcagaaac tgccaggggc 240
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 cacacaaatg caatagttgg tcaactgcatt tttacctgaa ccaaagctaa acccgggtgtt 360
 gccaccatgc accatggcat gccagagttc aacactgttg ctcttgaaaa ttgggtctga 420
 aaaaacgcac aagagccctt gccctgccct agctgangca c 461

<210> 325
 <211> 400
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 325
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 agtaagagtg gtggcctatt tcagctgctt tgacaaaatg actggctcct gacttaacgt 180
 tctataaatg aatgtgctga agcaaagtgc ccatggtggc ggcaagaag agaaagatgt 240
 gttttgtttt ggactctctg tggctccctc caatgctgtg ggtttccaac caggggaagg 300
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 ctggccaagc aggtctggtt gcaagaatga aatgaatgat 400

<210> 326
 <211> 1215
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 326
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gggtcccagcc cctcctccct cagaccacgc ggtccaatgc cacctagact ctccctgtac 1080
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aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 1215

```

<210> 327
 <211> 220
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 327

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Glu Asp Cys Ser Pro His Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu Val Met
1      5      10      15
Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val
20     25     30
Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly
35     40     45
Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu
50     55     60
Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu Ala
65     70     75     80
Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser Asp
85     90     95
Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly Asn
100    105    110
Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met Pro
115    120    125
Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Glu Val Cys
130    135    140
Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala Gly
145    150    155    160
Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly Pro
165    170    175
Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys Ala
180    185    190
Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys Lys
195    200    205
Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser
210    215    220

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<210> 328
 <211> 234
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 328

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cgctcgtctc tggtagctgc agccaaatca taaacggcga ggactgcagc ccgcactcgc 60
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atccgcagtg ggtgctgtca gccacacact gtttccagaa ctctacacc atcgggctgg 180
gcctgcacag tcttgaggcc gaccaagagc caggagacca gatggtggag gcca 234

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<210> 329
 <211> 77
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 329

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Leu Val Ser Gly Ser Cys Ser Gln Ile Ile Asn Gly Glu Asp Cys Ser

```

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Pro His Ser Gln	Pro Trp Gln Ala	Ala Leu Val Met Glu Asn	Glu Leu
20	25	30	
Phe Cys Ser Gly	Val Leu Val His	Pro Gln Trp Val	Leu Ser Ala Thr
35	40	45	
His Cys Phe Gln	Asn Ser Tyr Thr	Ile Gly Leu Gly	Leu His Ser Leu
50	55	60	
Glu Ala Asp Gln	Glu Pro Gly Ser	Gln Met Val	Glu Ala
65	70	75	

<210> 330
 <211> 70
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 330
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 gctgcagcca 70

<210> 331
 <211> 22
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

1	5	10	15
Gln His Asn Gly	Pro Ile Pro Ser	Leu Thr Pro Pro	Ser Gly Ser Leu
20			
Val Ser Gly Ser	Cys Ser		

<210> 332
 <211> 2507
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 332

tggtgcoget	gcagccggca	gagatggttg	agctcatgtt	cccgtgttg	ctcctccttc	60
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gtacatcaac	tggttcagctt	cctgggaaag	tagttgtggt	cacaggagct	aatacaggta	180
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<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 333

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<211> 2417

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 334

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<210> 336
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 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 336

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Pro Glu Arg Ala His Leu Ala Lys Asn Leu Lys Leu Thr Glu Thr Gln
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85          90          95
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<210> 337
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<400> 337

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<210> 339
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<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

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Cys Thr Ser Thr Val Gln Leu Pro Gly Lys Val Val Val Val Thr Gly
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Ser Leu Ala His His Leu Gly Arg Ile His Phe His Asn Leu Gln Gly
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Glu Lys Phe Tyr Asn Ala Gly Leu Ala Tyr Cys His Ser Lys Leu Ala
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Asn Ile Leu Phe Thr Gln Glu Leu Ala Arg Arg Leu Lys Gly Ser Gly
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Ile Lys Thr Pro Gln Gln Gly Ala Gln Thr Ser Leu His Cys Ala Leu
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Thr Glu Gly Leu Glu Ile Leu Ser Gly Asn His Phe Ser Asp Cys His
          275         280         285
Val Ala Trp Val Ser Ala Gln Ala Arg Asn Glu Thr Ile Ala Arg Arg
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agttcttctt ggtttgtgat gtcttttctg ctttccatta attctataaa atagtatggc 540
ttcagccacc cactcttcgc cttagcttga ccgtgagtct cggctgccgc tg 592

<210> 343
<211> 382
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 343
ttcttgacct cctcctcctt caagctcaaa caccacctcc cttattcagg accggcactt 60
cttaatgttt gtgcttttct ctccagcctc tcttaggagg ggtaatggtg gagttggcat 120
cttgtaactc tccttttctcc tttcttcccc tttctctgcc cgcttttccc atcctgctgt 180
agacttcttg attgtcagtc tgtgtcacat ccagtgattg ttttggtttc tgttcccttt 240
ctgactgccc aaggggctca gaaccccagc aatcccttcc tttcactacc ttcttttttg 300
ggggtagttg gaaggggactg aaattgtggg gggaaggtag gaggcacatc aataaagagg 360
aaaccaccaa gctgaaaaaa aa 382

<210> 344
<211> 536
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 344
ctgggcctga agctgtaggg taaatcagag gcaggcttct gagtgatgag agtcctgaga 60
caataggcca cataaacttg gctggatgga acctcacaat aagggtggtc cctcttgttt 120
gtttaggggg atgccaagga taaggccagc tcagttatat gaagagaagc agaacaaaca 180
agtctttcag agaaaatgat gcaatcagag tgggatcccg gtcacatcaa ggtcacactc 240
caccttcatg tgcctgaatg gttgccaggt cagaaaaatc cacccttac gagtgcggct 300

```

tcgaccctat atcccccgcc cgcgtccctt tctccataaa attcttctta gtagctatta 360
ccttcttatt atttgatcta gaaattgccc tccttttacc cctaccatga gccctacaaa 420
caactaacct gccactaata gttatgtcat ccctcttatt aatcatcatc ctagccctaa 480
gtctggccta tgagtgacta caaaaaggat tagactgagc cgaataacaa aaaaaa 536

```

```

<210> 345
<211> 251
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<400> 345
accttttgag gtctctctca ccacctccac agccaccgtc accgtgggat gtgctggatg 60
tgaatgaagc ccccatcttt gtgcctcctg aaaagagagt ggaagtgtcc gaggactttg 120
gcgtgggcca ggaaatcaca tcctacactg ccaggagcc agacacattt atggaacaga 180
aaataacata tcggatttgg agagacactg ccaactggct ggagattaat ccggacactg 240
gtgccatttc c 251

```

```

<210> 346
<211> 282
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(282)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

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<400> 346
cgcgtctctg acactgtgat catgacaggg gttcaaacag aaagtgcctg ggccctcctt 60
ctaagtcttg ttaccaaaaa aaggaaaaag aaaagatctt ctcaattaca aattctggga 120
agggagacta tacctggctc ttgccctaag tgagaggtct tccctccgc accaaaaaat 180
agaaaggctt tctatttcac tggcccagggt agggggaagg agagtaactt tgagtctgtg 240
ggtctcattt cccaagggtg cttcaatgct catnaaaacc aa 282

```

```

<210> 347
<211> 201
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(201)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 347
acacacataa tattataaaa tgccatctaa ttggaaggag ctttctatca ttgcaagtca 60
taaataaac ttttaaaana ntactancag cttttaccta ngctcctaaa tgcttgtaaa 120
tctgagactg actggacca cccagacca gggcaaagat acatgttacc atatcatctt 180
tataaagaat tttttttgt c 201

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```

<210> 348
<211> 251
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

```

```

<400> 348
ctgttaatca caacatttgt gcatacttg tgccaagtga gaaaatgttc taaaatcaca 60
agagagaaca gtgccagaat gaaactgacc ctaagtccca ggtgccctg ggcaggcaga 120

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aggagacact	cccagcatgg	aggaggggtt	atcttttcat	cctaggtcag	gtctacaatg	180
ggggaaggtt	ttattataga	actccaaca	gccacctca	ctcctgccac	ccacccgatg	240
gccctgctc	c					251

<210> 349
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 349						
taaaaatcaa	gccattta	tgtatctttg	aaggtaaaca	atatatggga	gctggatcac	60
aaccctgag	gatgccagag	ctatgggtcc	agaacatggt	gtggtattat	caacagagtt	120
cagaagggtc	tgaactctac	gtgttaccag	agaacataat	gcaattcatg	cattccactt	180
agcaattttg	taaaatacca	gaaacagacc	ccaagagtct	ttcaagatga	ggaaaattca	240
actcctggtt	t					251

<210> 350
 <211> 908
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 350						
ctggacactt	tgcgagggtc	tttgcctggc	gctgctgctg	cccgatcatg	tactcatcgt	60
agcccgcccg	gtgaagctcg	ctgctttccc	tacctcctta	agtgactgcc	aaacgccac	120
cggttggaat	tgctctggtt	atgatgacag	agaaaatgat	ctcttcctct	gtgacaccaa	180
cacctgtaaa	tttgatggg	aatgtttaag	aattggagac	actgtgactt	gcgtctgtca	240
gttcaagtgc	aacaatgact	atgtgcctgt	gtgtggctcc	aatggggaga	gctaccagaa	300
tgagtgttac	ctgcgacagg	ctgcatgcaa	acagcagagt	gagatacttg	tggtgtcaga	360
aggatcatgt	gccacagtcc	atgaaggctc	tggagaaact	agtcaaaagg	agacatccac	420
ctgtgatatt	tgccagtttg	gtgcagaatg	tgacgaagat	gccgaggatg	tctggtgtgt	480
gtgtaataat	gactgttctc	aaaccaactt	caatccccct	tgcgttctg	atgggaaatc	540
ttatgataat	gcatgccaaa	tcaaagaagc	atcgtgtcag	aaacaggaga	aaattgaagt	600
catgtctttg	ggtcgatgtc	aagataaac	aactacaact	actaagtctg	aagatgggca	660
ttatgcaaga	acagattatg	cagagaatgc	taacaaatta	gaagaaagtg	ccagagaaca	720
ccacatacct	tgtccggaac	attacaatgg	cttctgcatg	catgggaagt	gtgagcattc	780
tatcaatatg	caggagccat	cttgacaggtg	tgatgctggt	tatactggac	aacactgtga	840
aaaaaaggac	tacagtgttc	tatacgttgt	tcccggctcc	gtacgatttc	agtatgtctt	900
aatcgacg						908

<210> 351
 <211> 472
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 351						
ccagttat	ttt gcaagtggta	agagcctatt	taccataaat	aataactaaga	accaactcaa	60
gtcaaacctt	aatgccattg	ttattgtgaa	ttaggattaa	gtagtaattt	tcaaaattca	120
cattaacttg	attttaaaat	cagwtttgyg	agtcatttac	cacaagctaa	atgtgtacac	180
tatgataaaa	acaaccattg	tattcctgtt	tttctaaaca	gtcctaattt	ctaactgt	240
atatatcctt	cgacatcaat	gaactttgtt	ttcttttact	ccagtaataa	agtaggcaca	300
gatctgtcca	caacaaactt	gccctctcat	gccttgctc	tcacatget	ctgctccagg	360
tcagccccct	tttggcctgt	ttgttttgtc	aaaaacctaa	tctgettctt	gcttttcttg	420
gtaatatata	tttagggaag	atgttgcttt	gccacacac	gaagcaaagt	aa	472

<210> 352
 <211> 251
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 352

ctcaaagcta	atctctcggg	aatcaaacca	gaaaagggca	aggatccttag	gcatgggtgga	60
tgtggataag	gccagggtcaa	tggctgcaag	catgcagaga	aagagggtaca	tcggagcgtg	120
caggctgcgt	tccgtcctta	cgatgaagac	cacgatgcag	tttccaaaca	ttgccactac	180
atacatggaa	aggaggggga	agccaacca	gaaatgggct	ttctctaatac	ctgggataacc	240
aataagcaca	a					251

<210> 353

<211> 436

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 353

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttaca	caatgcagtc	atatttttat	tgagtatgtg	60
cacattatgg	tattattact	atactgatta	tatttatcat	gtgacttcta	attaraaaat	120
gtatccaaaa	gcaaaacagc	agatatata	aattaaagag	acagaagata	gacattaaca	180
gataaggcaa	cttatacatt	gacaatccaa	atccaatata	tttaaacatt	tgggaaatga	240
gggggacaaa	tggaagccar	atcaaatttg	tgtaaaacta	ttcagtatgt	ttcccttgct	300
tcatgtctga	raaggctctc	ccttcaatgg	ggatgacaaa	ctccaaatgc	cacacaaatg	360
ttaacagaat	actagattca	cactggaacg	ggggtaaaga	agaaattatt	ttctataaaa	420
gggctcctaa	tgtagt					436

<210> 354

<211> 854

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 354

ccttttctag	ttcaccagtt	ttctgcaagg	atgctgggta	gggagtgtct	gcaggaggag	60
caagtctgaa	accaaatacta	ggaaacatag	gaaacgagcc	aggcacaggg	ctgggtgggcc	120
atcaggggacc	accctttggg	ttgatatttt	gcttaatctg	catcttttga	gtaagatcat	180
ctggcagtag	aagctgttct	ccagggtacat	ttctctagct	catgtacaaa	aacatcctga	240
aggactttgt	cagggtgcctt	gctaaaagcc	agatgcgttc	ggcacttcct	tgggtctgagg	300
ttaattgcac	acctacaggc	actgggctca	tgctttcaag	tattttgtcc	tcacttttagg	360
gtgagtgaaa	gatccccatt	ataggagcac	ttgggagaga	tcatataaaa	gctgactctt	420
gagtacatgc	agtaatgggg	tagatgtgtg	tgggtgtgtct	tcattcctgc	aaggggtgctt	480
gttagggagt	gtttccagga	ggaacaagtc	tgaaccaat	catgaaataa	atggtaggtg	540
tgaactggaa	aactaattca	aaagagagat	cgtgatata	gtgtgggtga	tacaccttgg	600
caatatggaa	ggctctaatt	tgcccatatt	tgaataata	attcagcttt	ttgtaataca	660
aaataacaaa	ggattgagaa	tcattggtgtc	taattgtata	aagaccagag	aaacataaat	720
atatcaactg	cataaatgta	aaatgcatgt	gacccaagaa	ggccccaag	tggcagacaa	780
cattgtaccc	attttccctt	ccaaaatgtg	agcggcgggc	ctgctgcttt	caaggctgtc	840
acacgggatg	tcag					854

<210> 355

<211> 676

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 355

gaaattaagt	atgagctaaa	ttccctgtta	aaacctctag	gggtgacaga	tctcttcaac	60
cagggtcaaa	ctgatctttc	tggaaatgtca	ccaaccaagg	gcctatatatt	atcaaaagcc	120
atccacaagt	catacctgga	tgtcagcgaa	gagggcacgg	aggcagcagc	agccactggg	180
gacagcatcg	ctgtaaaaag	cctaccaatg	agagctcagt	tcaaggcgaa	ccacccttcc	240
ctgttcttta	taaggcacac	tcataccaac	acgatcctat	tctgtggcaa	gcttgccctc	300
ccctaatacag	atgggggttg	gtaaggctca	gagttgcaga	tgagggtgcag	agacaatcct	360
gtgactttcc	cacggccaaa	aagctgttca	cacctcacgc	acctctgtgc	ctcagtttgc	420

tcattctgcaa	aataggtcta	ggattttcttc	caaccatttc	atgagttgtg	aagctaaggc	480
tttggttaatc	atggaaaaag	gtagacttat	gcagaaagcc	tttctggctt	tcttatctgt	540
ggtgtctcat	ttgagtgtctg	tccagtgcac	tgatcaagtc	aatgagtaaa	attttaaggg	600
attagattttt	cttgacttgt	atgtatctgt	gagatcttga	ataagtgacc	tgacatctct	660
gcttaaagaa	aaccag					676

<210> 356

<211> 574

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 356

tttttttttt	tttttcagga	aaacattctc	ttactttatt	tgcattctcag	caaagggtct	60
catgtggcac	ctgactggca	tcaaaccaaa	gttcgtaggc	caacaaagat	gggccactca	120
caagcttccc	attttagat	ctcagtgcc	atgagtatct	gacacctgtt	cctctcttca	180
gtctcttagg	gaggcttaaa	tctgtctcag	gtgtgctaag	agtgccagcc	caaggkgtc	240
aaaagtccac	aaaactgcag	tctttgctgg	gatagtaagc	caagcagtc	ctggacagca	300
gagttctttt	cttgggcaac	agataaccag	acaggactct	aatcgtgctc	ttattcaaca	360
ttcttctgtc	tctgcctaga	ctggaataaa	aagccaatct	ctctcgtggc	acaggggaagg	420
agatacaagc	tcgtttacat	gtgatagatc	taacaaaggc	atctaccgaa	gtctgggtctg	480
gatagacggc	acagggagct	cttaggtcag	cgctgctgg	tggaggacat	tcctgagtcc	540
agctttgcag	cctttgtgca	acagtacttt	ccca			574

<210> 357

<211> 393

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 357

tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tttttttttt	tacagaatat	aratgcttta	tactgkact	60
taatatggkg	kcttggtcac	tatacttaaa	aatgcaccac	tcataaatat	ttaattcagc	120
aagccacaac	caaracttga	ttttatcaac	aaaaaccct	aaatataaac	ggsaaaaaag	180
atagatataa	ttattccagt	ttttttaaaa	cttaaaarat	attccattgc	cgaattaara	240
araarataag	tggttatatg	aaagaagggc	attcaagcac	actaaaaraa	cctgaggkaa	300
gcataatctg	tacaaaatta	aactgtcctt	tttggcattt	taacaaattt	gcaacgktct	360
tttttttctt	tttctgtttt	tttttttttt	tac			393

<210> 358

<211> 630

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 358

acagggtaaa	caggaggatc	cttgctctca	cggagcttac	attctagcag	gaggacaata	60
ttaatgttta	taggaaaatg	atgagtttat	gacaaaggaa	gtagatagt	ttttacaaga	120
gcatagagta	gggaagctaa	tccagcacag	ggaggtcaca	gagacatccc	taagggaagt	180
gagtttaaac	tgagagaagc	aagtgcctaa	actgaaggat	gtgttgaa	agaaggga	240
gtagaacaat	ttgggcagag	ggaaccttat	agaccctaag	gtgggaaggt	tcaaagaact	300
gaaagagagc	tagaacagct	ggagccgttc	tccggtgtaa	agaggagtca	aagagataag	360
attaaagatg	tgaagattaa	gatcttggtg	gcattcagg	attggcactt	ctacaagaaa	420
tactgaagg	gagtaatgtg	acattacttt	tacttcagg	atggccattc	taactccagg	480
gggtagactg	gactaggtaa	gactggaggc	aggtagacct	cttctaaggc	ctgcgatagt	540
gaaagacaaa	aataagtggg	gaaattcagg	ggatagttaa	aatcagtagg	acttaatgag	600
caagccagag	gttcctccac	aacaaccagt				630

<210> 359

<211> 620

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 359

acagcattcc	aaaatatata	tctagagact	aarrgtaaat	gctctatagt	gaagaagtaa	60
taattaaaaa	atgctactaa	tatagaaaat	ttataatcag	aaaaataaat	attcagggag	120
ctcaccagaa	gaataaagtg	ctctgccagt	tattaaagga	ttactgctgg	tgaattaaat	180
atggcattcc	ccaagggaaa	tagagagatt	cttctggatt	atgttcaata	tttatttcac	240
aggattaact	gttttaggaa	cagatataaa	gcttgcgcac	ggaagagatg	gacaaagcac	300
aaagacaaca	tgatacctta	ggaagcaaca	ctaccctttc	aggcataaaa	tttgagagaa	360
tgcaacatta	tgcttcatga	ataatatgta	gaaagaaggt	ctgatgaaaa	tgacatcctt	420
aatgtaagat	aactttataa	gaattctggg	tcaaataaaa	ttctttgaag	aaaacatcca	480
aatgtcattg	acttatcaaa	tactatcttg	gcataatacc	tatgaaggca	aaactaaaca	540
aacaaaaagc	tcacacccaa	caaaaccatc	aacttatttt	gtattctata	acatacgaga	600
ctgtaaagat	gtgacagtgt					620

<210> 360

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 360

aaaaaaaaaa	agccagaaca	acatgtgata	gataaatatga	ttggctgcac	acttccagac	60
tgatgaatga	tgaacgtgat	ggactattgt	atggagcaca	tcttcagcaa	gagggggaaa	120
tactcatcat	ttttggccag	cagttgtttg	atcaccaaac	atcatgccag	aatactcagc	180
aaaccttctt	agctcttgag	aagtcaaaag	ccgggggaat	ttattcctgg	caattttaat	240
tggtactcctt	atgtgagagc	agcggctacc	cagctggggg	ggtggagcga	acccgtcact	300
agtggacatg	cagtggcaga	gctcctggta	accacctaga	ggaatacaca	ggcacatgtg	360
tgatgccaa	cgtagacacct	gtagcactca	aatttgtctt	gtttttgtct	ttcggtgtgt	420
agattcttag	t					431

<210> 361

<211> 351

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 361

acactgattt	ccgatcaaaa	gaatcatcat	ctttaccttg	acttttcagg	gaattactga	60
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ttgggtcctc	tggtctcttg	ccaagtttcc	cagccactcg	agggagaaat	atcgggaggt	180
ttgacttcct	ccggggcttt	cccaggggct	tcaccgtgag	ccctgcggcc	ctcagggctg	240
caatcctgga	ttcaatgtct	gaaacctcgc	tctctgcctg	ctggacttct	gaggccgtca	300
ctgccactct	gtcctccagc	tctgacagct	cctcatctgt	ggtcctgttg	t	351

<210> 362

<211> 463

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 362

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tgtagatgag	ccggctgaag	atcttgcgca	tgcgcggtt	cagggcggaag	ttcttgggcg	120
ccccggtcac	agaaatgacc	aggttgggtg	ttttcagggt	ccagtgcctg	gtcagcagct	180
cgtaaaggat	ttccgcgtcc	gtgtcgcagg	acagacgtat	atacttccct	ttcttcccca	240
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agttccattt	ctcacttttg	ttgatctggg	tgcttcccat	gtgctggctc	tgggcatagc	360
cacacttgca	cacattctcc	ctgataagca	cgatgggtgtg	gacaggaagg	aaggatttca	420
ttgagcctgc	ttatggaaac	tggtattgtt	agcttaaata	gac		463

<210> 363
 <211> 653
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(653)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 363
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 ctcttgngga ttctgggtga catcttcacg aatggcaacc gtgccagwga ggctgtcctc 120
 tgggagggcac tacgcaagat gggactgcgt cctgggggtga gacatcctct ccttgagat 180
 ctaacgaaac ttctcaccta tgagttgtaa agcagaaata cctgnactac agacgagtgc 240
 ccaacagcaa cccccggaa gtatgagttc ctctrgggcc tccgttccta ccatgagasc 300
 tagcaagatg naagtgttga gantcattgc agaggttcag aaaagagacc cntcgtgact 360
 ggtctgcaca gttcatggag gctgcagatg aggccttga tgctctggat gctgctgcag 420
 ctgagggcga agcccgggt gaagcaagaa cccgcatggg aattggagat gaggctgtgt 480
 ntgggccctg gagctgggat gacattgagt ttgagctgct gacctgggat gaggaaggag 540
 attttggaga tcentgggtcc agaattccat ttacctctg ggccagatac caccagaatg 600
 cccgctccag attccctcag acctttgccg gtcccattat tggctcstggt ggt 653

<210> 364
 <211> 401
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 364
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 acaaagccaa tgaatgactc taaaaacaat atttacattt aatggtttgt agacaataaa 120
 aaaacaaggt ggatagatct agaattgtaa cattttaaga aaaccatagc atttgacaga 180
 tgagaaagct caattataga tgcaaagtta taactaaact actatagtag taaagaaata 240
 catttcacac cttcatata aattcactat cttggcttga ggactccat aaaatgtatc 300
 acgtgcatag taaatcttta tatttgctat ggcgttgac tagaggactt ggactgcaac 360
 aagtggatgc gcggaaaatg aaatcttctt caatagccca g 401

<210> 365
 <211> 356
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 365
 ccagtgtcat atttgggctt aaaatttcaa gaagggcact tcaaatggct ttgcatttgc 60
 atgtttcagt gctagagcgt aggaatagac cctggcgctc actgtgagat gttcttcagc 120
 taccagagca tcaagtctct gcagcaggtc attcttgggt aaagaaatga cttccacaaa 180
 ctctccatcc cctggctttg gcttcggcct tgcgttttcg gcacatctc cgtaaatggt 240
 gactgtcacg atgtgtatag tacagtttga caagcctggg tccatacaga ccgctggaga 300
 acattcggca atgtccctt ttagccagt ttcttcttcg agtcccga gagcag 356

<210> 366
 <211> 1851
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 366
 tcataccat tgccagcagc ggcaccgtta gtcaggtttt ctgggaatcc cacatgagta 60
 cttccgtgtt cttcattctt cttcaatagc cataaatctt ctagctctgg ctggctgttt 120

tcacttcctt	taagcctttg	tgactcttcc	tctgatgtca	gctttaagtc	ttgttctgga	180
ttgctgtttt	cagaagagat	ttttaacatc	tggttttctt	tgtagtcaga	aagtaactgg	240
caaattacat	gatgatgact	agaaacagca	tactctctgg	ccgtctttcc	agatcttgag	300
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cttttcccca	tttagtatta	tggtggctgt	gggcttgtca	taggtgggtt	ttattacttt	1800
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<210> 367

<211> 668

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 367

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accrtataag	agcagtgc	tggccattaa	tttatcttcc	atrrtagaca	gcrtagtgga	180
gagtgggtatt	tccatactca	tctggaatat	ttggatcagt	gccatgttcc	agcaacatta	240
acgcacattc	atcttctctg	cattgtacgg	cctgtcagta	ttagacccaa	aaacaaatta	300
catatcttag	gaattcaaaa	taacattcca	cagctttcac	caactagtta	tatttaaagg	360
agaaaactca	tttttatgcc	atgtattgaa	atcaaaacca	cctcatgctg	atatagttgg	420
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cgtctgtcca	gcaggagttt	tactacttct	gaattcccat	tggcagaggc	cagatgtaga	540
gcagtcctat	gagagtgaga	agacttttta	ggaaattgta	gtgcactagc	tacagccata	600
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aaaaaaa						668

<210> 368

<211> 1512

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 368

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ttcaaacaga	ttggaaccc	ggagttacct	gctagttggt	gaaactgggt	ggtagacgcg	180

atctgttggc	tactactggc	ttctcctggc	tgttaaaagc	agatgggtgg	tgaggttgat	240
tccatgccgg	ctgcttcttc	tgtgaagaag	ccatttggtc	tcaggagcaa	gatgggcaag	300
tggtgctgcc	gttgcttccc	ctgctgcagg	gagagcggca	agagcaacgt	gggcacttct	360
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taaaaaacag	taatatagatac	gagggtgatgc	gcctgtcagt	ggcaaggttt	aagatatttc	1500
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<210> 369

<211> 1853

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 369

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ttcaaacaga	ttggaaaccc	ggagttacct	gctagtgggt	gaaactgggt	ggtagacgcg	180
atctgttggc	tactactggc	ttctcctggc	tgttaaaagc	agatgggtgg	tgaggttgat	240
tccatgccgg	ctgcttcttc	tgtgaagaag	ccatttggtc	tcaggagcaa	gatgggcaag	300
tggtgctgcc	gttgcttccc	ctgctgcagg	gagagcggca	agagcaacgt	gggcacttct	360
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aaacttagct ggggtgtggtg gcggtgtgcct gtagtcccag ctactcagga rgctgaggca 1740
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<210> 370
<211> 2184
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<400> 370
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ctcaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 2184

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<210> 371
<211> 1855
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(1855)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

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<400> 371

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acatgtttca	gtgaatagag	atcctgctcc	tttggaagt	tcctaaaaaa	cagtaataga	1800
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<210> 372

<211> 1059

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 372

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gcgcttgrgg	agactmcgat	gacagygcct	tcatggagcc	cagggtaccac	gtccgtggag	180
aagatctgga	caagctccac	agagctgccc	tggtggggta	aagtccccag	aaaggatctc	240
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gaagatgaat	gtgcgttaat	gttgctggaa	catggcactg	atccaaatat	tccagatgag	480
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<210> 373
 <211> 1155
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 373
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 agcaacgtgg gcacttctgg agaccacgac gactctgcta tgaagacact caggagcaag 180
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<210> 374
 <211> 2000
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 374
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 tgggtgctgcc actgcttccc ctgctgcagg gggagcggca agagcaagggt gggcgcttgg 360
 ggagactacg atgacagtgc cttcatggag cccagggtacc acgtccgtgg agaagatctg 420
 gacaagctcc acagagctgc ctgggtgggt aaagtcccca gaaaggatct catcgtcatg 480
 ctgagggaca ctgacgtgaa caagaaggac aagcaaaaga ggactgctct acatctggcc 540
 tctgccaatg ggaattcaga agtagtaaaa ctctgctgg acagacgatg tcaacttaat 600
 gtccttgaca acaaaaagag gacagctctg ataaaggccg tacaatgcca ggaagatgaa 660
 tgtgcgttaa tgttgctgga acatggcact gatccaaata ttccagatga gtatggaaat 720
 accactctgc actacgctat ctataatgaa gataaattaa tggccaaagc actgctctta 780
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 ctggatagat atggaaggac tgctctcata cttgctgtat gttgtggatc agcaagtata 960
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 cctgacaacg aaagtgaaga gtatcacaga atttgcgaat tagtttctga ctacaaagaa 1440
 aaacagatgc caaaatactc ttctgaaaac agcaaccag aacaagactt aaagctgaca 1500

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agaacacctg	aaagccagca	atttcctgac	actgagaatg	aagagtatca	cagtgcagaa	1740
caaaatgata	ctcagaagca	attttgtgaa	gaacagaaca	ctggaatatt	acacgatgag	1800
attctgattc	atgaagaaaa	gcagatagaa	gtgggtgaaa	aaatgaattc	tgagctttct	1860
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aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa					2000

<210> 375
 <211> 2040
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 375						
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atgggcaagt	ggtgccgcca	ctgcttcccc	tgctgcaggg	ggagtggcaa	gagcaacgtg	240
ggcgcttctg	gagaccacga	cgactctgct	atgaagacac	tcaggaacaa	gatgggcaag	300
tggtgctgcc	atgcttcccc	ctgctgcagg	gggagcggca	agagcaaggt	gggcgcttgg	360
ggagactacg	atgacagtgc	cttcatggag	cccaggtagc	acgtccgtgg	agaagatctg	420
gacaagctcc	acagagctgc	ctggtggggg	aaagtcccca	gaaaggatct	catcgtcatg	480
ctcagggaca	ctgacgtgaa	caagaaggac	aagcaaaaaga	ggactgctct	acatctggcc	540
tctgccaatg	ggaattcaga	agtagtaaaa	ctcctgctgg	acagacgatg	tcaacttaat	600
gtccttgaca	acaaaaagag	gacagctctg	ataaaggccg	tacaatgcca	ggaagatgaa	660
tgtgcgttaa	tggtgctgga	acatggcact	gatccaaata	ttccagatga	gtatggaaat	720
accactctgc	actacgctat	ctataatgaa	gataaattaa	tggccaaaagc	actgctctta	780
tatggtgctg	atatcgaatc	aaaaaacaag	catggcctca	caccactggt	acttgggtgta	840
catgagcaaa	aacagcaagt	cgtgaaattt	ttaatcaaga	aaaaagcgaa	tttaaattgca	900
ctggatagat	atggaaggac	tgctctcata	cttgcgtgat	gttgtggatc	agcaagtata	960
gtcagccttc	tacttgagca	aaatattgat	gtatcttctc	aagatctatc	tggacagacg	1020
gccagagagt	atgctgtttc	tagtcatcat	catgtaattt	gccagttact	ttctgactac	1080
aaagaaaaac	agatgctaaa	aatctcttct	gaaaacagca	atccagaaca	agacttaaaag	1140
ctgacatcag	aggaagagtc	acaaagggtc	aaaggcagtg	aaaatagcca	gccagagaaa	1200
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aatggtgata	atggattaat	tcctcaaagg	aagagcagaa	cacctgaaaa	tcagcaattt	1380
cctgacaacg	aaagtgaaga	gtatcacaga	atttgogaat	tagtttctga	ctacaaagaa	1440
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caagaaccag	aaataaataa	ggatggtgat	agagagctag	aaaattttat	ggctatcgaa	1620
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actgctggca	atggtgatga	tggattaatt	cctccaagga	agagcagaac	acctgaaagc	1740
cagcaatttc	ctgacactga	gaatgaagag	tatcacagtg	acgaacaaaa	tgatactcag	1800
aagcaatttt	gtgaagaaca	gaacactgga	atattacacg	atgagattct	gattcatgaa	1860
gaaaagcaga	tagaagtggg	tgaaaaaatg	aattctgagc	tttctcttag	ttgtaagaaa	1920
gaaaagacga	tcttgcatga	aaatagtacg	ttgcgggaag	aaattgccat	gctaagactg	1980
gagctagaca	caatgaaaca	tcagagccag	ctaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	aaaaaaaaaa	2040

<210> 376
 <211> 329
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 376
 Met Asp Ile Val Val Ser Gly Ser His Pro Leu Trp Val Asp Ser Phe

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20	25	30	
Glu Tyr Thr Ile Val His Ala Ser Phe Ile Ser Cys Ile Ser Ser Ser			
35	40	45	
Leu Asp Gly Gln Gly Glu Arg Gln Glu Gln Arg Gly His Phe Trp Arg			
50	55	60	
Pro Gln Arg Leu Leu Cys Glu Asp Ala Trp Glu Gln Glu Val Gln Val			
65	70	75	80
Val Leu Pro Leu Leu Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val			
85	90	95	
Val Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Asp Pro Arg Tyr			
100	105	110	
His Val His Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp			
115	120	125	
Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp			
130	135	140	
Val Asn Lys Arg Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser			
145	150	155	160
Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Val Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys			
165	170	175	
Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Thr Lys Ala			
180	185	190	
Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly			
195	200	205	
Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr			
210	215	220	
Ala Val Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr			
225	230	235	240
Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu			
245	250	255	
Leu Gly Ile His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys			
260	265	270	
Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu			
275	280	285	
Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Pro Leu Leu			
290	295	300	
Glu Gln Asn Val Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu Glu Arg Arg Pro Glu			
305	310	315	320
Ser Met Leu Phe Leu Val Ile Ile Met			
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<210> 377
 <211> 148
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<220>
 <221> VARIANT
 <222> (1)...(148)
 <223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 377
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Trp Thr Ser Ser Thr Glu Leu Pro Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys
20 25 30
Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Xaa Asp Lys

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<210> 378
<211> 1719
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien
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	<400> 378															
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Pro	Cys	Cys 35	Arg	Glu	Ser	Gly 40	Lys	Ser	Asn	Val	Gly	Thr 45	Ser	Gly	Asp	
His 50	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Met 55	Lys	Thr	Leu	Arg	Ser	Lys 60	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp	
Cys 65	Arg	His	Cys	Phe 70	Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Gly	Ser 75	Gly	Lys	Ser	Asn	Val 80	
Gly	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asp 85	His	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala 90	Met	Lys	Thr	Leu 95	Arg	Asn	
Lys	Met	Gly 100	Lys	Trp	Cys	Cys	His 105	Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg 110	Gly	Ser	
Gly	Lys	Ser 115	Lys	Val	Gly	Ala	Trp 120	Gly	Asp	Tyr	Asp	Asp 125	Ser	Ala	Phe	
Met 130	Glu	Pro	Arg	Tyr	His 135	Val	Arg	Gly	Glu	Asp	Leu 140	Asp	Lys	Leu	His	
Arg 145	Ala	Ala	Trp	Trp	Gly 150	Lys	Val	Pro	Arg	Lys 155	Asp	Leu	Ile	Val	Met 160	
Leu	Arg	Asp	Thr	Asp 165	Val	Asn	Lys	Lys	Asp 170	Lys	Gln	Lys	Arg	Thr 175	Ala	
Leu	His	Leu 180	Ala	Ser	Ala	Asn	Gly 185	Asn	Ser	Glu	Val	Val	Lys 190	Leu	Leu	
Leu	Asp	Arg 195	Arg	Cys	Gln	Leu	Asn 200	Val	Leu	Asp	Asn	Lys 205	Lys	Arg	Thr	
Ala 210	Leu	Ile	Lys	Ala	Val	Gln 215	Cys	Gln	Glu	Asp	Glu 220	Cys	Ala	Leu	Met	
Leu 225	Leu	Glu	His	Gly 230	Thr	Asp	Pro	Asn	Ile	Pro 235	Asp	Glu	Tyr	Gly	Asn 240	
Thr	Thr	Leu	His 245	Tyr	Ala	Ile	Tyr	Asn 250	Glu	Asp	Lys	Leu	Met	Ala 255	Lys	
Ala	Leu	Leu 260	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Asp 265	Ile	Glu	Ser	Lys	Asn	Lys 270	His	Gly	
Leu	Thr	Pro 275	Leu	Leu	Leu	Gly 280	Val	His	Glu	Gln	Lys	Gln 285	Gln	Val	Val	

Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr
 290 295 300
 Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile
 305 310 315 320
 Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu
 325 330 335
 Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val
 340 345 350
 Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile
 355 360 365
 Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Asn Val Ser Arg Thr Arg Asn Lys
 370 375 380
 Pro Arg Thr His Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser
 385 390 395 400
 Ser Val Lys Lys Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys
 405 410 415
 Cys Arg Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly
 420 425 430
 Thr Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys
 435 440 445
 Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly
 450 455 460
 Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys
 465 470 475 480
 Thr Leu Arg Asn Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys
 485 490 495
 Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp
 500 505 510
 Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu
 515 520 525
 Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp
 530 535 540
 Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln
 545 550 555 560
 Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val
 565 570 575
 Val Lys Leu Leu Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn
 580 585 590
 Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu
 595 600 605
 Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp
 610 615 620
 Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys
 625 630 635 640
 Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys
 645 650 655
 Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys
 660 665 670
 Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala
 675 680 685
 Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly
 690 695 700
 Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser
 705 710 715 720
 Ser Gln Asp Leu Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser
 725 730 735
 His His His Val Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln
 740 745 750

Met Leu Lys Ile Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys
 755 760 765
 Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser
 770 775 780
 Gln Pro Glu Lys Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp
 785 790 795 800
 Arg Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly
 805 810 815
 Leu Leu Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn
 820 825 830
 Gly Leu Ile Pro Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe
 835 840 845
 Pro Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser
 850 855 860
 Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn
 865 870 875 880
 Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu
 885 890 895
 Glu Gly Ser Glu Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile
 900 905 910
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn
 915 920 925
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro
 930 935 940
 Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu
 945 950 955 960
 Asn Glu Glu Tyr His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe
 965 970 975
 Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His
 980 985 990
 Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser
 995 1000 1005
 Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu
 1010 1015 1020
 Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His
 1025 1030 1035 1040
 Gln Ser Gln Leu Pro Arg Thr His Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met
 1045 1050 1055
 Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met
 1060 1065 1070
 Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys
 1075 1080 1085
 Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr
 1090 1095 1100
 Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys
 1105 1110 1115 1120
 Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp
 1125 1130 1135
 Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His
 1140 1145 1150
 Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp
 1155 1160 1165
 Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg
 1170 1175 1180
 Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val
 1185 1190 1195 1200
 Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys
 1205 1210 1215

Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly
 1220 1225 1230
 Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn
 1235 1240 1245
 Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys
 1250 1255 1260
 Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro
 1265 1270 1275 1280
 Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr
 1285 1290 1295
 Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp
 1300 1305 1310
 Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val
 1315 1320 1325
 His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala
 1330 1335 1340
 Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala
 1345 1350 1355 1360
 Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn
 1365 1370 1375
 Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr
 1380 1385 1390
 Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr
 1395 1400 1405
 Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu
 1410 1415 1420
 Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly
 1425 1430 1435 1440
 Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn
 1445 1450 1455
 Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser
 1460 1465 1470
 Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly
 1475 1480 1485
 Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu
 1490 1495 1500
 Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys
 1505 1510 1515 1520
 Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser
 1525 1530 1535
 Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu
 1540 1545 1550
 Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Lys Arg Ser
 1555 1560 1565
 Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe
 1570 1575 1580
 Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe
 1585 1590 1595 1600
 Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly
 1605 1610 1615
 Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro
 1620 1625 1630
 Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln
 1635 1640 1645
 Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile
 1650 1655 1660
 Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser
 1665 1670 1675 1680

Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn
 1685 1690 1695
 Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr
 1700 1705 1710
 Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu
 1715

<210> 379
 <211> 656
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapien

<400> 379
 Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys
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 Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe
 20 25 30
 Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
 35 40 45
 His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
 50 55 60
 Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn
 85 90 95
 Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
 100 105 110
 Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
 115 120 125
 Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
 130 135 140
 Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
 145 150 155 160
 Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
 165 170 175
 Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
 180 185 190
 Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
 195 200 205
 Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
 210 215 220
 Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys
 245 250 255
 Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly
 260 265 270
 Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val
 275 280 285
 Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr
 290 295 300
 Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile
 305 310 315 320
 Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu
 325 330 335
 Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val
 340 345 350
 Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile


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<210> 380
<211> 671
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien
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<400> 380															
Met	Val	Val	Glu	Val	Asp	Ser	Met	Pro	Ala	Ala	Ser	Ser	Val	Lys	Lys
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Pro	Phe	Gly	Leu	Arg	Ser	Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Cys	Arg	Cys	Phe
			20					25					30		
Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Glu	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Asn	Val	Gly	Thr	Ser	Gly	Asp
		35				40						45			
His	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Met	Lys	Thr	Leu	Arg	Ser	Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp
	50					55					60				
Cys	Arg	His	Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Gly	Ser	Gly	Lys	Ser	Asn	Val
65					70					75					80
Gly	Ala	Ser	Gly	Asp	His	Asp	Asp	Ser	Ala	Met	Lys	Thr	Leu	Arg	Asn
				85					90					95	
Lys	Met	Gly	Lys	Trp	Cys	Cys	His	Cys	Phe	Pro	Cys	Cys	Arg	Gly	Ser
			100					105					110		

Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
 115 120 125
 Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
 130 135 140
 Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
 145 150 155 160
 Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
 165 170 175
 Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
 180 185 190
 Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
 195 200 205
 Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
 210 215 220
 Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys
 245 250 255
 Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly
 260 265 270
 Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val
 275 280 285
 Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr
 290 295 300
 Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile
 305 310 315 320
 Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu
 325 330 335
 Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His Val
 340 345 350
 Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile
 355 360 365
 Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu
 370 375 380
 Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys
 385 390 395 400
 Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu
 405 410 415
 Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn
 420 425 430
 Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro
 435 440 445
 Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu
 450 455 460
 Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu
 465 470 475 480
 Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp
 485 490 495
 Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu
 500 505 510
 Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Lys Arg Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp
 515 520 525
 Gly Asp Arg Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys Lys
 530 535 540
 His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala
 545 550 555 560
 Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg
 565 570 575

Thr	Pro	Glu	Ser	Gln	Gln	Phe	Pro	Asp	Thr	Glu	Asn	Glu	Glu	Tyr	His
			580					585						590	
Ser	Asp	Glu	Gln	Asn	Asp	Thr	Gln	Lys	Gln	Phe	Cys	Glu	Glu	Gln	Asn
		595					600					605			
Thr	Gly	Ile	Leu	His	Asp	Glu	Ile	Leu	Ile	His	Glu	Glu	Lys	Gln	Ile
	610					615					620				
Glu	Val	Val	Glu	Lys	Met	Asn	Ser	Glu	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser	Cys	Lys	Lys
625					630					635					640
Glu	Lys	Asp	Ile	Leu	His	Glu	Asn	Ser	Thr	Leu	Arg	Glu	Glu	Ile	Ala
			645						650					655	
Met	Leu	Arg	Leu	Glu	Leu	Asp	Thr	Met	Lys	His	Gln	Ser	Gln	Leu	
			660					665					670		

<210> 381

<211> 251

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 381

ggagaagcgt	ctgctggggc	aggaaggggt	ttccctgccc	tctcacctgt	ccctcaccaa	60
ggtaacatgc	ttcccctaag	ggtatcccaa	cccaggggcc	tcacatgac	ctctgagggg	120
ccaatatccc	aggagaagca	ttggggagtt	gggggcaggt	gaaggaccca	ggactcacac	180
atcctggggc	tccaaggcag	aggagagggt	cctcaagaag	gtcaggagga	aaatccgtaa	240
caagcagtca	g					251

<210> 382

<211> 3279

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 382

cttctctgcag	cccccatgct	ggtgaggggc	acgggcagga	acagtggacc	caacatggaa	60
atgctggagg	gtgtcaggaa	gtgatcgggc	tctggggcag	ggaggagggg	tggggagtg	120
cactgggagg	ggacatcctg	cagaaggtag	gagtgagcaa	acacccgctg	caggggaggg	180
gagagccctg	cggcacctgg	gggagcagag	ggagcagcac	ctgcccaggc	ctgggaggag	240
gggcctggag	ggcgtgagga	ggagcgaggg	ggctgcatgg	ctggagttag	ggatcagggg	300
cagggcgcga	gatggcctca	cacagggaag	agagggcccc	tcctgcaggg	cctcacctgg	360
gccacaggag	gacactgctt	ttcctctgag	gagtcaggag	ctgtggatgg	tgctggacag	420
aagaaggaca	gggcctggct	caggtgtcca	gaggctgtcg	ctggcttccc	tttgggatca	480
gactgcaggg	agggagggcg	gcagggttgt	ggggggagtg	acgatgagga	tgacctgggg	540
gtggctccag	gccttgcccc	tgctggggcc	ctcaccagc	ctccctcaca	gtctcctggc	600
cctcagtcct	tccctccac	tccatcctcc	atctggcctc	agtgggtcat	tctgatcact	660
gaactgacca	taccagccc	tgcccacggc	cctccatggc	tccccaatgc	cctggagagg	720
ggacatctag	tcagagagta	gtcctgaaga	ggtggcctct	gcgatgtgcc	tgtgggggca	780
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cattttctgtc	tgttcctgag	agctgggaat	tgctctcagt	catctgcctg	cgcggttctg	1020
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gcattaccgg	aagtggatca	aggacacat	cgcagccaac	ccctgagtgc	ccctgtccca	1260
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tgtatgccaa	tgtttctgaa	atgggtataa	tttcgtcctc	tccttcggaa	cactggctgt	1500
ctctgaagac	ttctcgctca	gtttcagtga	ggacacacac	aaagacgtgg	gtgacctagt	1560
tgtttctggg	gtgcagagat	gggaggggtg	gggcccaccc	tggaagagt	gacagtgaca	1620

```

caaggtggac actctctaca gatcactgag gataagctgg agccacaatg catgaggcac 1680
acacacagca aggttgacgc tgtaaacata gcccacgctg tcctgggggc actgggaagc 1740
ctagataagg cagttagcag aaagaagggg aggatcctcc tatgttggtg aaggagggac 1800
tagggggaga aactgaaagc tgattaatta caggaggttt gttcaggtcc cccaaaccac 1860
cgtcagattt gatgatttcc tagcaggact tacagaaata aagagctatc atgctgtggt 1920
ttattatggt ttgttacatt gataggatac atactgaaat cagcaaacaa aacagatgta 1980
tagattagag tgtggagaaa acagaggaaa acttgcagtt acgaagactg gcaacttggc 2040
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gcatatccga cagttattct ctccaagtgg agacttacgg acagcatata attctccctg 2220
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gtgtccaggg tttttactgg ggggtctgtg gacgagtatg gactacttga ataattgacc 2340
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cagatgtaca aaaacagggg ttcatcacia atcccattct tagcatgaag ggtctggcat 2460
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atcattgttt tatttgccct cttttcacac cattggtgag ggagggatta ccacctggg 2820
gttatgaaga tggttgaaca cccacacat agcaccggag atatgagatc aacagtttct 2880
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cccagctgat agaggaagta gccaggtggg agcctttccc agtgggtgtg ggacatatct 3180
ggcaagattt tgtggcactc ctggttacag atactggggc agcaaataaa actgaatctt 3240
gttttcagac cttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaagtttt 3279

```

<210> 383

<211> 154

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 383

```

Met Ala Gly Val Arg Asp Gln Gly Gln Gly Ala Arg Trp Pro His Thr
          5                      10                      15

```

```

Gly Lys Arg Gly Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Leu Thr Trp Ala Thr Gly Gly
          20                      25                      30

```

```

His Cys Phe Ser Ser Glu Glu Ser Gly Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Gly Gln
          35                      40                      45

```

```

Lys Lys Asp Arg Ala Trp Leu Arg Cys Pro Glu Ala Val Ala Gly Phe
          50                      55                      60

```

```

Pro Leu Gly Ser Asp Cys Arg Glu Gly Gly Arg Gln Gly Cys Gly Gly
          65                      70                      75                      80

```

```

Ser Asp Asp Glu Asp Asp Leu Gly Val Ala Pro Gly Leu Ala Pro Ala
          85                      90                      95

```

```

Trp Ala Leu Thr Gln Pro Pro Ser Gln Ser Pro Gly Pro Gln Ser Leu
          100                     105                     110

```

```

Pro Ser Thr Pro Ser Ser Ile Trp Pro Gln Trp Val Ile Leu Ile Thr
          115                     120                     125

```

Glu Leu Thr Ile Pro Ser Pro Ala His Gly Pro Pro Trp Leu Pro Asn
 130 135 140

Ala Leu Glu Arg Gly His Leu Val Arg Glu
 145 150

<210> 384

<211> 557

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 384

```

ggatcctcta gagcgccgc ctactactac taaattcgcg gccgcgtcga cgaagaagag 60
aaagatgtgt tttgttttgg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgtggg tttccaacca 120
ggggaagggt cctttttgca ttgccaagt ccataaccat gagcactact ctaccatggt 180
tctgcctcct ggccaagcag gctggtttgc aagaatgaaa tgaatgattc tacagctagg 240
acttaacctt gaagtggaaa gtcttgcaat cccatttgca ggatccgtct gtgcacatgc 300
ctctgtagag agcagcattc ccagggacct tggaaacagt tggcactgta aggtgcttgc 360
tccccaagac acatcctaaa aggtgttgta atgggtgaaaa cgtcttcctt ctttattgcc 420
ccttcttatt tatgtgaaca actgtttgtc tttttttgta tcttttttaa actgtaaaag 480
tcaattgtga aaatgaatat catgcaaata aattatgcga tttttttttc aaagtaaaaa 540
aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 557

```

<210> 385

<211> 337

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 385

```

ttcccagggt atgtgcgagg gaagacacat ttactatcct tgatggggct gattccttta 60
gtttctctag cagcagatgg gttaggagga agtgacccaa gtggttgact cctatgtgca 120
tctcaaagcc atctgctgtc ttcgagtacg gacacatcat cactcctgca ttgttgatca 180
aaacgtggag gtgcttttcc tcagctaaga agcccttagc aaaagctcga atagacttag 240
tatcagacag gtccagtttc cgcaccaaca cctgctgggt cctgtcgtg gtctggatct 300
ctttggccac caattcccc ttttccacat cccggca 337

```

<210> 386

<211> 300

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 386

```

gggcccgtca ccggcccagg cccgcctcg cgagtctcc tccccgggtg cctgcccga 60
gcccgtcgg cccagagggg gggcgcggg ctgcctctac cggtggcggt ctgtaactca 120
gcgaccttgg ccgaaggct ctagcaagga ccacccgacc ccagccgagg cggcgggcgc 180
gggactttg cccggtgtgt ggggaggagc ggactgctg tccgaggacg ggcagcgaag 240
atgttagcct tcgctgccag gaccgtggac cgatcccagg gctgtggtgt aacctcagcc 300

```

<210> 387

<211> 537

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 387

```

gggcccagtc gggcaccaag ggactctttg caggcttct tctcggatc atcaaggctg 60
ccccctctg tgccatcatg atcagcacct atgagttcgg caaaagcttc ttccagaggc 120

```

```

tgaaccagga ccggttcttg ggcggctgaa aggggcaagg aggcaaggac cccgtctctc 180
ccacggatgg ggagagggca ggaggagacc cagccaagtg ccttttcctc agcactgagg 240
gagggggctt gtttcccttc cctcccgcg acaagctcca gggcagggct gtccctctgg 300
gcggcccagc acttctcag acacaacttc ttctgtctgc tccagtcgtg gggatcatca 360
cttaccacc cccaagtgc aagaccaa atctccagctg ccccttctgt gtttccctgt 420
gtttgtgta gctgggcatg tctccaggaa ccaagaagcc ctcagcctgg tgtagtctcc 480
ctgacccttg ttaattcctt aagtctaaag atgatgaact tcaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 537

```

<210> 388

<211> 520

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 388

```

aggataattt ttaaaccaat caaatgaaaa aaacaaacaa acaaaaaagg aaatgtcatg 60
tgaggttaaa ccagtttgca ttccccta atgtggaaaa taagaggact actcagcact 120
gtttgaagat tgctcttct acagcttctg agaatttgtt tatttcaact gccaaagtga 180
ggacccctc cccaacatgc ccagcccac ccctaagcat ggtcccttgt caccaggcaa 240
ccaggaaact gctacttgt gacctacca gagaccagga gggtttggtt agctcacagg 300
acttcccca cccagaaga ttagcatccc ataactagact catactcaac tcaactaggc 360
tcatactcaa ttgatggta ttagacaatt ccatttcttt ctggttatta taaacagaaa 420
atcttctctc ttctcattac cagtaaaggc tcttggtatc tttctgttgg aatgatttct 480
atgaacttgt cttattttaa tgggtgggtt ttttctggt 520

```

<210> 389

<211> 365

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 389

```

cgttgcccc gtttgacaga aggaaaggcg gagcttattc aaagtctaga gggagtggag 60
gagttaaggc tggatttcag atctgcctgg ttccagccgc agtgtgccct ctgctcccc 120
aacgactttc caaataatct caccagcgcc ttccagctca ggcgtcctag aagcgtcttg 180
aagcctatgg ccagctgtct ttgtgttccc tctcaccgc ctgtcctcac agctgagact 240
cccaggaaac cttcagacta ccttctctg ccttcagcaa ggggcgttgc ccacattctc 300
tgagggtcag tggaagaacc tagactccca ttgctagagg tagaaagggg aagggtgctg 360
gggag 365

```

<210> 390

<211> 221

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(221)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 390

```

tgctctcca tcttgcccc gacttctctg tcaggaaagt ggggatggac cccatctgca 60
tacacgntt ctcatgggtg tggaacatct ctgcttgcgg tttcagggaag gcctctggct 120
gctctangag tctganonga ntcgttgccc cantntgaca naaggaaagg cggagcttat 180
tcaaagtcta gagggagtgg aggagttaag gctggatttc a 221

```

<210> 391

<211> 325

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(325)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 391

```

tggagcaggt cccgaggcct ccctagagcc tggggccgac tctgtgncga tgcangcttt 60
ctctcgcgcc cagcctggag ctgctcctgg catctaccaa caatcagncg aggcgagcag 120
tagccagggc actgctgcc aacagccagtc cnnataccat catgtnaccc ggtgngctct 180
naanttingat ntccanagcc ctaccccatcn tagttctgct ctcccaccgg ntaccagccc 240
cactgcccag gaatcctaca gccagtaccc tgtcccgcag tctctaccta ccagtacgat 300
gagacctccg gctactacta tgacc                                     325

```

<210> 392

<211> 277

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(277)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 392

```

atattgttta actccttcct ttatatcttt taacattttc atggngaaaag gttcacatct 60
agtctcactt ngcnagngn ctccacttg agtctcttcc ccggcctggn ccagtnagnaa 120
antaccanga accgncatgn cttanaaacn ncctgggttn tgggttnntc aatgactgca 180
tgcagtgcac caccctgtcc actacgtgat gctgtaggat taaagtctca cagtgggagg 240
ctgaggatac agcgccgcgt cctgtgttgc tgggggaa                                     277

```

<210> 393

<211> 566

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 393

```

actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttgcgggccc cgtcgacgga caggtcagct gtctggctca 60
gtgatctaca ttctgaagtt gtctgaaaat gtcttcatga ttaaattcag cctaaacggt 120
ttgccgggaa cactgcagag acaatgctgt gagtttccaa ccttagccca tctgcgggca 180
gagaaggctc agtttgtcca tcagcattat catgatatca ggactgggta cttggttaag 240
gaggggtcta ggagatctgt cccttttaga gacaccttac ttataatgaa gtatttgga 300
gggtggtttt caaaagtaga aatgtcctgt attccgatga tcatcctgta aacattttat 360
catttattaa tcatccctgc ctgtgtctat tattatattc atatctctac gctggaaact 420
ttctgcctca atgtttactg tgcctttgtt tttgctagtt tgtgttggtg aaaaaaaaaa 480
cattctctgc ctgagtttta atttttgtcc aaagttattt taatctatac aattaaaagc 540
ttttgcctat caaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa                                     566

```

<210> 394

<211> 384

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(384)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 394

```

gaacatacat gtcccggcac ctgagctgca gtctgacatc atcgccatca cgggcctcgc 60
tgcaaattng gaccgggcca aggctggact gctggagcgt gtgaaggagc tacaggccna 120
gcaggaggac cgggctttta ggagttttta gctgagtgtc actgtagacc ccaaatacca 180
tccaagatt atcgggagaa agggggcagt aattacccaa atccggttgg agcatgacgt 240
gaacatccag tttoctgata aggaogatgg gaaccagccc caggaccaa ttaccatcac 300
agggtacgaa aagaacacag aagctgccag ggatgctata ctgagaattg tgggtgaact 360
tgagcagatg gtttctgagg acgt 384

```

<210> 395

<211> 399

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 395

```

ggcaaaactg tgtgacctca ataagacctc gcagatccaa ggtcaagtat cagaagtgc 60
tctgaccttg gactccaaga cctacatcaa cagcctggct atattagatg atgagccagt 120
tatcagaggt ttcattcattg cggaaattgt ggagtctaag gaaatcatgg cctctgaagt 180
attcacgtct ttccagtacc ctgagttctc tatagagttg cctaacacag gcagaattgg 240
ccagctactt gtctgcaatt gtatcttcaa gaataccctg gccatccctt tgactgacgt 300
caagttctct ttggaaagcc tgggcattct ctoactacag acctctgacc atgggacggt 360
gcagcctggt gagaccatcc aatcccaaat aaaatgcac 399

```

<210> 396

<211> 403

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(403)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 396

```

tggagttntc agtgcaaaca agccataaag cttcagtagc aaattactgt ctcacagaaa 60
gacattttca acttctgctc cagctgctga taaaacaaat catgtgttta gcttgactcc 120
agacaaggac aacctgttcc ttcataactc tctagagaaa aaaaggagtt gttagtagat 180
actaaaaaaaa gtggatgaat aatctggata tttttcctaa aaagattcct tgaaacacat 240
taggaaaatg gagggcctta tgatcagaat gctagaatta gtccattgtg ctgaagcagg 300
gtttagggga gggagtggag gataaaagaa ggaaaaaag aagagtgaga aaacctattt 360
atcaaagcag gtgctatcac tcaatgttag gccctgctct ttt 403

```

<210> 397

<211> 100

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(100)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 397

```

actagtnacg tgtgggtggaa ttcgcggccg cgtcgacctc naanccatct ctatagcaaa 60
tccatccccg ctctggttg gtnacagaat gactgacaaa 100

```

<210> 398

<211> 278

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(278)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 398
gcggccgcgt cgacagcagt tccgccagcg ctcgcccctg ggtggggatg tgctgcacgc 60
ccacctggac atctggaagt cagcggcctg gatgaaagag cggacttcac ctggggcgat 120
tcaactactgt gcctcgacca gtgaggagag ctggaccgac agcgaggtag actcatcatg 180
ctccggggcag cccatccacc tgtggcagtt cctcaaggag ttgctactca agccccacag 240
ctatggccgc ttcattangt ggctcaacaa ggagaagg 278

<210> 399
<211> 298
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(298)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 399
acggaggtag aggaagcgnc cctgggatcg anaggatggg tcctgncatt gaccncctcn 60
ggggtgccng catggagcgc atgggcgcgg gcctgggcca cggcatgat cgcgtaggct 120
ccgagatcga gcgcatgggc ctggtcatgg accgcatggg ctccgtggag cgcattggct 180
ccggcattga gcgcatgggc ccgctgggccc tcgaccacat ggccctccanc attganccga 240
tgggccagac catggagcgc attggctctg gcgtggagcn catgggtgcc ggcattggg 298

<210> 400
<211> 548
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 400
acatcaacta ctctctcatt ttaaggtatg gcagttccct tcatcccttt ttctgcctt 60
gtacatgtac atgtatgaaa tttccttctc ttaccgaact ctctccacac atcacaagg 120
caaagaacca cagccttaga agggtaagag ggcaccctat gaaatgaaat ggtgatttct 180
tgagtctctt ttttccacgt ttaaggggccc atggcaggac ttagagttgc gagttaagac 240
tgcagagggc tagagaatta tttcatacag gctttgaggc caccatgtc acttatccc 300
tataccctct caccatcccc ttgtctactc tgatgcccc aagatgcaac tgggcagcta 360
gttggcccca taattctggg cctttgttgt ttgttttaac tacttgggca tcccaggaag 420
ctttccagt atctcctacc atgggcccc ctctgggat caagccctc ccaggccctg 480
tccccagccc ctctgcccc agcccacccg cttgccttgg tgctcagccc tccattggg 540
agcaggtt 548

<210> 401
<211> 355
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(355)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 401
actgtttcca tgttatgttt ctacacattg ctacctcagt gtccttgaa acttagcttt 60
tgatgtctcc aagtagtcca ctttcattta actctttgaa actgtatcat ctttgccaag 120
taagagtggg ggcctatttc agctgctttg acaaaatgac tggctcctga cttaacgttc 180
tataaatgaa tgtgctgaag caaagtgcc atggtggcgg cgaagaagan aaagatgtgt 240
tttgttttgg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgnngg tttccaacca ggggaagggt 300
cccttttgca ttgccaagtg ccataaccat gagcactact ctaccatggn tctgc 355

<210> 402

<211> 407

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(407)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 402
atggggcaag ctggataaag aaccaagacc cactggagta tgctgtcttc aagaaaccca 60
tctcacatgc ggtggcatac ataggctcaa aataaaggaa tggagaaaaa ttttcaagc 120
aaatggaaaa cagaaaaaag cagggtgttc actcctactt tctgacaaaa cagactatgc 180
gaataaagat aaaaaagaga aggacattac aaaggtggtc ctgacctttg ataaatctca 240
ttgcttgata ccaacctggg ctgttttaat tgcccaaacc aaaaggataa tttgctgagg 300
ttgtggagct tctccctgc agagagtccc tgatctccca aaatttggtt gagatgtaag 360
gntgattttg ctgacaactc cttttctgaa gttttactca tttccaa 407

<210> 403

<211> 303

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(303)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 403
cagtatttat agccnaactg aaaagctagt agcaggcaag tctcaaattcc aggcacccaa 60
tcctaagcaa gagccatggc atggtgaaaa tgcaaaagga gagtctggcc aatctacaaa 120
tagagaacaa gacctactca gtcataaaca aaaaggcaga caccaacatg gatctcatgg 180
gggattggat attgtaatta tagagcagga agatgacagt gatcgctcatt tggcacaaca 240
tcttaacaac gaccgaaacc cattattttac ataaacctcc attcggtaac catgttgaaa 300
gga 303

<210> 404

<211> 225

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 404

aagtgttaact tttaaaaatt tagtggattt tgaaaattct tagaggaaag taaaggaaaa 60
attgttaatg cactcattta cctttacatg gtgaaagttc tctcttgatc ctacaaacag 120
acattttcca ctctgtgttc catagtgtt aagtgtatca gatgtgttgg gcatgtgaat 180
ctccaagtgc ctgtgtaata aataaagtat ctttatttca ttcatt 225

<210> 405

<211> 334
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(334)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 405
gagctgttat actgtgagtt ctactaggaa atcatcaa atctgaggggttg tctggaggac 60
ttcaatacac ctccccccat agtgaatcag cttccagggg gtccagtccc tctccttact 120
tcatccccat cccatgccaa aggaagaccc tccctccttg gctcacagcc ttctctaggc 180
tcccagtgct ctccaggaca gagtgggtta tgttttcagc tccatccttg ctgtgagtgt 240
ctggtgcggt tgtgcctcca gcttctgctc agtgcttcat ggacagtgtc cagcccatgt 300
cactctccac tctctcanng tggatccac ccct 334

<210> 406
<211> 216
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(216)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 406
tttcatacct aatgagggag ttganatnac atnnaaccag gaaatgcatg gatctcaang 60
gaaacaaaca cccaataaac tcggagtggc agactgacaa ctgtgagaca tgcacttgct 120
acnaaacaca aatttnatgt tgcacccttg tttctacacc tgtgggttat gacaaagaca 180
actgcctaaag aatnttcaag aaggaggact gccant 216

<210> 407
<211> 413
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 407
gctgacttgc tagtatcatc tgcattcatt gaagcacaag aacttcatgc cttgactcat 60
gtaaatgcaa taggattaaa aaataaattt gatatcacat ggaaacagac aaaaaatatt 120
gtacaacatt gcacccagtgc tcagattcta cacctggcca ctcaggaagc aagagttaat 180
cccagaggtc tatgtcctaa tgtgttatgg caaatggatg tcatgcacgt accttcattt 240
ggaaaattgt catttgtcca tgtgacagtt gatacttatt cacatttcat atgggcaacc 300
tgccagacag gagaaagtct tcccatgtta aaagacattt attatcttgt tttcctgtca 360
tgggagttcc agaaaaagtt aaaacagaca atgggccagg ttctgtagta aag 413

<210> 408
<211> 183
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(183)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 408

```

ggagctngcc ctcaattcct ccatntctat gttancatat ttaatgtcct ttgnnattaa 60
tnccttaacta gttaatcctt aaagggctan ntaatcctta actagtccct ccattgtgag 120
cattatcctt ccagtattcn ccttctnttt tatttactcc ttcttggtta cccatgtact 180
ntt 183

```

```

<210> 409
<211> 250
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(250)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 409
cccacgcatg ataagctctt tatttctgta agtcctgcta ggaaatcatc aaatctgacg 60
gtgggttggg ggacctgaac aaacctcctg taattaatca gctttcagtt tctcccccta 120
gtccctcctt caacaacata ggaggatcct ccccttcttt ctgctcacgg ccttatctag 180
gcttcccagt gccccagga cagcgtgggc tatgtttaca gcgcntcctt gctggggggg 240
ggccttatgc 250

```

```

<210> 410
<211> 306
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(306)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 410
ggctgggttg caagaatgaa atgaatgatt ctacagctag gacttaacct tgaaatggaa 60
agtcttgcaa tccatttgc aggatccgtc tgtgcacatg cctctgtaga gagcagcatt 120
cccagggacc ttggaaacag ttggcaactgt aagggtgcttg ctccccaaga cacatcctaa 180
aagggtgttg aatgggtgaaa accgcttccct tctttattgc cccttcttat ttatgtgaac 240
nactgggttg ctttttttgn atctttttta aactggaaag ttcaattgng aaaatgaata 300
tcntgc 306

```

```

<210> 411
<211> 261
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(261)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

```

```

<400> 411
agagatattn cttaggtnaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60
ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120
tttaaagtgc tgaaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180
aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttaccat cagttccagc 240
cttctctcaa ggngaggcaa a 261

```

```

<210> 412

```

<211> 241
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(241)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 412
gttcaatggt acctgacatt tctacaacac cccactcacc gatgtattcg ttgccagtg 60
ggaacatacc agcctgaatt tggaaaaaat aattgtgttt cttgccagagg aaatactacg 120
actgactttg atggctccac aaacataacc cagtgtaaaa acagaagatg tggaggggag 180
ctgggagatt tcaactggga cattgaattc ccaaactacc cangcaatta cccagccaac 240
a 241

<210> 413
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(231)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 413
aactcttaca atccaagtga ctcatctgtg tgcttgaatc ctttccactg tctcatctcc 60
ctcatccaag tttctagtac cttctctttg ttgtgaagga taatcaaact gaacaacaaa 120
aagttttactc tctcatttg gaacctaaaa actctcttct tcttgggtct gaggggtcca 180
agaatccttg aatcanttct cagatcattg gggacaccan atcaggaacc t 231

<210> 414
<211> 234
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 414
actgtccatg aagcactgag cagaagctgg aggcacaacg caccagacac tcacagcaag 60
gatggagctg aaaacataac ccactctgtc ctggaggcac tgggaagcct agagaaggct 120
gtgagccaag gagggagggg cttccttttg catgggatgg ggatgaagta aggagagggg 180
ctggaccccc tggaaagctga ttcactatgg ggggaggtgt attgaagtcc tcca 234

<210> 415
<211> 217
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(217)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 415
gcataggatt aagactgagt atcttttcta cattctttta acttttctaag gggcacttct 60
caaaacacag accaggtagc aaatctccac tgctctaagg ntctcaccac cactttctca 120
cacctagcaa tagtagaatt cagtctact totgaggcca gaagaatggt tcagaaaaat 180
antggattat aaaaaataac aattaagaaa aataatc 217

<210> 416
<211> 213
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(213)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 416
atgcataatnt aaagganact gcctcgcttt tagaagacat ctggngctgct ctctgcatga 60
ggcacagcag taaagctctt tgattcccag aatcaagaac tctcccttc agactattac 120
cgaatgcaag gtgggtaatt gaaggccact aattgatgct caaatagaag gatattgact 180
atattggaac agatggagtc tctactacaa aag 213

<210> 417
<211> 303
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(303)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 417
nagtcttcag gcccatcagg gaagttcaca ctggagagaa gtcatacata tgtactgtat 60
gtgggaaagg ctttactctg agttcaaatc ttcaagccca tcagagagtc cacactggag 120
agaagccata caaatgcaat gagtgtggga agagcttcag gagggattcc cattatcaag 180
ttcatctagt ggtccacaca ggagagaaac cctataaatg tgagatatgt gggaagggct 240
tcantcaaag ttcgtatctt caaatccatc ngaaggncca cagtatanan aaacctttta 300
agt 303

<210> 418
<211> 328
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(328)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 418
tttttgccgg tgggtggggca gggacgggac angagtctca ctctgttgcc caggctggag 60
tgcacaggca tgatctcggc tcactacaac ccctgcctcc catgtccaag cgattcttgt 120
gcctcagcct tccctgtagc tagaattaca ggcacatgcc accacaccca gctagttttt 180
gtatttttag tagagacagg gtttcacat gttggccagg ctggtctcaa actcctnacc 240
tcagnggtca ggctgggtct aaactcctga cctcaagtga tctgccacc tcagcctccc 300
aaagtgctan gattacaggc cgtgagcc 328

<210> 419
<211> 389
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(389)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 419

```

cctcctcaag acggcctgtg gtcgcctcc cggcaaccaa gaagcctgca gtgccatatg 60
acccctgagc catggactgg agcctgaaag gcagcgtaca ccctgctcct gatcttgctg 120
cttgtttctt ctctgtggct ccattcatag cacagttgtt gcaactgaggc ttgtgcaggc 180
cgagcaaggc caagctggct caaagagcaa ccagtcaact ctgccacggg gtgccaggca 240
ccggttctcc agccaccaac ctcaactcgt cccgcaaatg gcacatcagt tcttctaccc 300
taaaggtagg accaaagggc atctgctttt ctgaagtctt ctgctctatc agccatcacg 360
tggcagccac tcnggctgtg tcgacgcgg 389

```

<210> 420

<211> 408

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 420

```

gttcctccta actcctgcc aaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggct tcttgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgactttggg gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtccattga cactttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtcctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg aagtgcctatg acaaacctgg caagcccg 408

```

<210> 421

<211> 352

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(352)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 421

```

gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atnngcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt acggaggcca 60
gaggagaatg aggcctggcc tgggagccct gtgcctacta naagcacatt agattatcca 120
ttcactgaca gaacaggctt tttttgggtc cttcttctcc accacnata acttgacgtc 180
ctccttcttg aagattcttt ggcagttgtc tttgtcataa cccacagggt tagaaacaag 240
ggtgcaacat gaaatttctg tttcgtagca agtgcattgc tcacaagttg gcangtctgc 300
cactccgagt ttattgggtg tttgtttcct ttgagatcca tgcatttctt gg 352

```

<210> 422

<211> 337

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 422

```

atgccaccat gctggcaatg cagcggggcg tcgaaggcct gcatatccag cccaagctgg 60
cgatgatcga cggcaaccgt tgcccgaagt tgccgatgcc agccgaagcg gtggtcaagg 120
gcatagcaa ggtgccggcg atcgcgcgcg cgtcaatcct ggccaaggct agccgtgatc 180
gtgaaatggc agctgtcgaa ttgatctacc cgggttatgg catcggcggg cataagggct 240
atccgacacc ggtgcacctg gaagccttgc agcggctggg gccgacgccg attcaccgac 300
gcttcttccg ccggtacggc tggcctatga aaattat 337

```

<210> 423
 <211> 310
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(310)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 423
 gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atatggcatg gctacacaat cattgactat tagaggccag 60
 aggagaatga ggcctggcct gggagccctg tgcctactan aagcncatta gattatccat 120
 tcaactgacag aacagggtctt ttttgggtcc ttcttctcca ccacgatata cttgcagtc 180
 tccttcttga agattctttg gcagttgtct ttgtcataac ccacaggtgt anaaacaagg 240
 gtgcaacatg aaatttctgt ttcgtagcaa gtgcatgtct cacagttgtc aagtctgccc 300
 tccgagttaa 310

<210> 424
 <211> 370
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(370)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 424
 gctcaaaaat ctttttactg ataggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt agaggccaga 60
 ggagaatgag gcctggcctg ggagccctgt gcctactaga agcacattag attatccatt 120
 cactgacaga acagggtctt tttgggtcct ttttctccac cacgatatac ttgcagtcct 180
 ccttcttgaa gattcttttg cagttgtctt tgtcataacc cacaggtgta gaaacatcct 240
 gggtgaatct cctggaactc cctcattagg tatgaaatag catgatgcat tgcataaagt 300
 cacgaagggtg gcaaagatca caacgctgcc cagganaaca ttcattgtga taagcaggac 360
 tccgtcgacg 370

<210> 425
 <211> 216
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(216)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 425
 aattgctatn ntttattttg ccaactcaaaa taattaccaa aaaaaaaaaa tnttaaata 60
 taacaacnca acatcaaggc aaananaaca ggaatggntg actntgcata aatnggccga 120
 anattatcca ttatnttaag ggttgacttc aggntacagc acacagacaa acatgcccag 180
 gaggnntntca ggaccgctcg atgtntntg agggag 216

<210> 426
 <211> 596
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 426

```

cttccagtga ggataaccct gttgccccgg gccgagggttc tccattaggc tctgattgat 60
tggcagtcag tgatggaagg gtgttctgat cattccgact gccccagggtc tcgctggcca 120
gctctctgtt ttgctgagtt ggcagtagga cctaatttgt taattaagag tagatgggtga 180
gctgtccttg tattttgatt aacctaatgg ccttcccagc acgactcgga ttcagctgga 240
gacatcacgg caacttttaa tgaaatgatt tgaagggcca ttaagaggca cttcccgtta 300
ttaggcagtt catctgcaact gataacttct tggcagctga gctggtcgga gctgtggccc 360
aaacgcacac ttggcttttg gttttgagat acaactctta atcttttagt catgcttgag 420
ggtggatggc cttttcagct ttaacccaat ttgcaactgcc ttggaagtgt agccaggaga 480
atacactcat atactcgtgg gcttagaggc cacagcagat gtcattggtc tactgcctga 540
gtcccgcgtg tcccatccca ggaccttcca tcggcgagta cctgggagcc cgtgct 596

```

<210> 427

<211> 107

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(107)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 427

```

gaagaattca agttagggtt attcaaaggc cttacngaga atcctanacc caggncccag 60
cccgggagca gccttanaga gctcctgtt gactgcccgg ctcagng 107

```

<210> 428

<211> 38

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(38)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 428

```

gaacttcna anaangactt tattcactat ttacatt 38

```

<210> 429

<211> 544

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 429

```

ctttgctgga cggaataaaa gtggacgcaa gcatgacctc ctgatgaggg cgctgcattt 60
attgaagagc ggctgcagcc ctgcggttca gattaaaatc cgagaattgt atagacgccg 120
atatccacga actcttgaag gactttctga ttatccaca atcaaatcat cggttttcag 180
tttggtatgg ggctcatcac ctgtagaacc tgacttggcc gtggctggaa tccactcgtt 240
gccttcactc tcagttacac ctcaactcacc atcctctcct gttggttctg tgcgtctca 300
agatactaag cccacatttg agatgcagca gccatctccc ccaattcctc ctgtccatcc 360
tgatgtgcag ttaaaaaatc tgccctttta tgatgtcctt gatgttctca tcaagcccac 420
gagtttagtt caaagcagta ttcagcgatt tcaagagaag ttttttattt ttgctttgac 480
acctcaacaa gttagagaga tatgcatatc cagggatttt ttgccagggtg gtaggagaga 540
ttat 544

```

<210> 430

<211> 507
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(507)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 430
cttatcncaa tggggctccc aaacttggt gtgcagtgga aactccgggg gaattttgaa 60
gaacactgac acccatcttc caccocgaca ctctgattta attgggctgc agtgagaaca 120
gagcatcaat ttaaaaagct gcccagaatg ttntcctggg cagcgttggt atctttgcn 180
ccttcgtgac tttatgcaat gcatcatgct atttcatacc taatgaggga gttccaggag 240
attcaaccag gatgtttcta cncctgtggg ttatgacaaa gacaactgcc aaagaatntt 300
caagaaggag gactgcaagt atatcgtggt ggagaagaag gacccaaaaa agacctgttc 360
tgtcagtgaa tggataatct aatgtgcttc tagtaggcac agggctccca ggccaggcct 420
cattctcctc tggcctctaa tagtcaatga ttgtgtagcc atgcctatca gtaaaaagat 480
ttttgagcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 507

<210> 431
<211> 392
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(392)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 431
gaaaattcag aatggataaa aacaaatgaa gtacaaaata tttcagattt acatagcgat 60
aaacaagaaa gcacttatca ggaggactta caaatggaag tacactctan aaccatcatc 120
tatcatggct aaatgtgaga ttagcacagc tgtattattt gtacattgca aacacctaga 180
aagagatggg aaacaaaatc ccaggagttt tgtgtgtgga gtcctgggtt ttccaacaga 240
catcattcca gcattctgag attagggnga ttggggatca ttctggagtt ggaatgttca 300
acaaaagtga tgttgtagg taaaatgtac aacttctgga tctatgcaga cattgaaggt 360
gcaatgagtc tggcttttac tctgctgttt ct 392

<210> 432
<211> 387
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(387)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 432
ggtatcanta cataatcaaa tatagctgta gtacatgttt tcattggngt agattaccac 60
aaatgcaagg caacatgtgt agatctcttg tottattctt ttgtctataa tactgtattg 120
ngtagtccaa gctctcgga gtccagccac tngaaacat gctcccttta gattaacctc 180
gtggacnctn ttgttgnatt gtctgaactg tagngccctg tattttgctt ctgtctgnga 240
attctgttgc ttctggggca ttctcttng atgcagagga ccaccacaca gatgacagca 300
atctgaattg ntccaatcac agctgcgatt aagacatact gaaatcgtac aggaccggga 360
acaacgtata gaacactgga gtccttt 387

<210> 433
 <211> 281
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(281)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 433
 ttcaactagc anagaanact gcttcagggg gtgtaaaatg aaaggcttcc acgcagttat 60
 ctgattaaag aacactaaga gagggacaag gctagaagcc gcaggatgtc tacactatag 120
 caggcnctat ttgggttggc tggaggagct gtggaaaaca tggagagatt ggcgctggag 180
 atcgccgtgg ctattcctcn ttgntattac accagngagg ntctctgtnt gccacttggt 240
 tnnaaaaccg ntatacaata atgatagaat aggacacaca t 281

<210> 434
 <211> 484
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 434
 ttttaaaata agcatttagt gctcagtcct tactgagtag tctttctctc cctcctctctg 60
 aatttaattc tttcaacttg caatttgcaa ggattacaca tttcactgtg atgtatattg 120
 tgttgcaaaa aaaaaaaagt gtctttgttt aaaattactt ggtttgtgaa tccatcttgc 180
 tttttcccca ttggaactag tcattaaccc atctctgaac tggtagaaaa acatctgaag 240
 agctagtcta tcagcatctg acaggtgaat tggatggttc tcagaaccat ttcaccaga 300
 cagcctgttt ctatcctgtt taataaatta gtttggttgc tctacatgca taacaaaccc 360
 tgctccaatc tgtcacataa aagtctgtga cttgaagttt agtcagcacc ccacacaaac 420
 tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaataaag taccatgtc 480
 tttta 484

<210> 435
 <211> 424
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 435
 ggcgcgctca gagcaggtca ctttctgcct tccacgtcct ccttcaagga agccccatgt 60
 gggtagcttt caatatcgca ggttcttact cctctgcctc tataagctca aaccaccaa 120
 cgatcgggca agtaaaccct ctccctcgcc gacttcggaa ctggcgagag ttcagcgcag 180
 atgggcctgt ggggaggggg caagatagat gagggggagc ggcattggtgc ggggtgaccc 240
 cttggagaga ggaaaaaggc cacaagaggg gctgccaccg ccactaacgg agatggccct 300
 ggtagagacc tttgggggtc tggaacctct ggactcccca tgctctaact ccacactct 360
 gctatcagaa acttaaactt gaggattttc tctgtttttc actcgcaata aattcagagc 420
 aaac 424

<210> 436
 <211> 667
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(667)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 436

```
accttgggaa nactctcaca atataaaggg tcgtagactt tactccaaat tccaaaaagg 60
tcctggccat gtaatcctga aagttttccc aaggtagcta taaaatcctt ataagggtgc 120
agcctcttct ggaattcctc tgatttcaaa gtctcactct caagttcttg aaaacgaggg 180
cagttcctga aaggcaggta tagcaactga tcttcagaaa gaggaactgt gtgcaccggg 240
atgggctgcc agagtaggat aggattccag atgctgacac cttctggggg aaacagggct 300
gccaggtttg tcatagcact catcaaagtc cgtcaacgt ctgtgcttog aatataaacc 360
tgttcatgtt tataggactc attcaagaat tttctatatc tctttcttat atactctcca 420
agttcataat gctgctccat gccagctgg gtgagttggc caaatccttg tggccatgag 480
gattccttta tggggtcagt gggaaagggt tcaatgggac ttcggtctcc atgccgaaac 540
accaaagtca caaacttcaa ctcttggct agtacacttc ggtctagcca gaaaaaagc 600
agaaacaaga agccaaggct aaggcttgct gccctgccag gaggaggggt gcagctctca 660
tgttgag 667
```

<210> 437

<211> 693

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 437

```
ctacgtctca accctcattt ttaggtaagg aatcttaagt ccaaagatat taagtgactc 60
acacagccag gtaaggaaag ctggattggc aactaggac tctaccatac cgggttttgt 120
taaagctcag gttaggaggc tgataagctt ggaaggaact tcagacagct ttttcagatc 180
ataaaagata attcttagcc catgttcttc tccagagcag acctgaaatg acagcacagc 240
aggtactcct ctattttcac ccctcttgct tctactctct ggcagtcaga cctgtgggag 300
gccatgggag aaagcagctc tctggatgtt tgtacagatc atggactatt ctctgtggac 360
catttctcca ggttacccta ggtgtcacta ttggggggac agccagcatc tttagctttc 420
atttgagttt ctgtctgtct tcagtagagg aaacttttgc tcttcacact tcacatctga 480
acacctaact gctgttgctc ctgaggtggt gaaagacaga tatagagctt acagtattta 540
tcctatttct aggcactgag ggctgtgggg taccttgtgg tgccaaaaca gatcctgttt 600
taaggacatg ttgcttcaga gatgtctgta actatctggg ggctctgttg gctctttacc 660
ctgcatcatg tgctctcttg gctgaaaatg acc 693
```

<210> 438

<211> 360

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 438

```
ctgcttatca caatgaatgt tctcctgggc agcgttgtga tctttgccac cttcgtgact 60
ttatgcaatg catcatgcta tttcatacct aatgagggag ttccaggaga ttcaaccagg 120
atgtttctac acctgtgggt tatgacaaag acaactgcc aagaatcttc aagaaggagg 180
actgcaagta tatctggttg agaagaagga cccaaaaaag acctgttctg tcagtgaatg 240
gataatctaa tgtgcttcta gtaggcacag ggctcccagg ccaggcctca ttctcctctg 300
gcctctaata gtcaataatt gtgtagccat gcctatcagt aaaaagattt ttgagcaaac 360
```

<210> 439

<211> 431

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(431)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 439

```
gttcctnnta actcctgcc gaaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
```

```

tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggct tcttgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgacttttgg gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtccctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgtcga cgcggccgcg 420
aatttagtag t                                     431

```

<210> 440

<211> 523

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 440

```

agagataaag cttaggtoaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60
ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120
tttaaattgc tgaattggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180
aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttacccat cagttccagc 240
cttctctcaa ggagaggcaa agaaaggaga tacagtggag acatctggaa agttttctcc 300
actggaaaac tgctactatc tgtttttata tttctgttaa aatatatgag gctacagaac 360
taaaaaattaa aacctctttg tgtcccttgg tccctggaaca tttatgttcc ttttaaagaa 420
acaaaaatca aactttacag aaagatttga tgtatgtaac acatatagca gctcttgaag 480
tatatatatc atagcaaata agtcatctga tgagaacaag cta                                     523

```

<210> 441

<211> 430

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 441

```

gttcctccta actcctgcc aaaaacagctc tcttcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggct tcttgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgacttttgg gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtccctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgtcga cgcggccgcg 420
aatttagtag                                     430

```

<210> 442

<211> 362

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 442

```

ctaaggaatt agtagtggtc ccatcacttg tttggagtg gctattctaa aagattttga 60
tttctgggaa tgacaattat attttaactt tgggtgggga aagagttata ggaccacagt 120
cttcacttct gatacttgta aattaatctt ttattgcact tgttttgacc attaagctat 180
atgtttagaa atggtcattt tacggaaaaa ttagaaaaat tctgataata gtgcagaata 240
aatgaattaa tgttttactt aatttatatt gaactgtcaa tgacaaataa aaattctttt 300
tgattatttt ttgttttcat ttaccagaat aaaaactaag aattaaaagt ttgattacag 360
tc                                     362

```

<210> 443

<211> 624

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(624)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 443

```
ttttttttttt gcaacacaaat atacatcaca gtgaaatgtg taatccttgc aaattgcaag 60
ttgaaagaat taaattcaga ggaggggaga gaaagagtac tcagtaggga ctgagcacta 120
aatgcttatt ttaaaagaaa tgtaaagagc agaaagcaat tcaggctacc ctgccttttg 180
tgctggctag tactccggtc ggtgtcagca gcacgtggca ttgaacattg caatgtggag 240
cccaaaccac agaaaatggg gtgaaattgg ccaactttct attaacttgg cttcctggtt 300
tataaaatat tgtgaataat atcacctact tcaaagggca gttatgaggc ttaaataaac 360
taacgcctac aaaacactta aacatagata acataggtgc aagtactatg tatctgggtac 420
atggtaaaca tccttattat taaagtcaac gctaaaaatga atgtgtgtgc atatgctaata 480
agtacagaga gagggcactt aaaccaacta agggcctgga gggaagggtt cctggaaaga 540
ngatgcttgt gctgggtcca aatcttggtc tactatgacc ttggccaaat tatttaaact 600
ttgtccctat ctgctaaaca gatc 624
```

<210> 444

<211> 425

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(425)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 444

```
gcacatcatt nntcttgcatt tctttgagaa taagaagatc agtaaatagt tcagaagtgg 60
gaagctttgt ccaggcctgt gtgtgaaccc aatgttttgc ttagaaatag aacaagtaag 120
ttcattgcta tagcataaca caaaatttgc ataagtgttg gtcagcaaata ccttgaatgc 180
tgcttaatgt gagaggttgg taaaatcctt tgtgcaacac tctaactccc tgaatgtttt 240
gctgtgctgg gacctgtgca tgccagacaa ggccaagctg gctgaaagag caaccagcca 300
cctctgcaat ctgccacctc ctgctggcag gatttgtttt tgcacctctg gaagagccaa 360
ggaggcacca gggcataagt gagtagactt atggctcgacg cggccgcgaa tttagtagta 420
gtaga 425
```

<210> 445

<211> 414

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(414)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 445

```
catgtttatg nttttggatt actttgggca cctagtgttt ctaaatacgtc tatcattctt 60
ttctgttttt caaaagcaga gatggccaga gtctcaacaa actgtatctt caagtctttg 120
tgaaattctt tgcattgtggc agattattgg atgtagtttc ctttaactag catataaatc 180
tggtgtgttt cagataaatg aacagcaaaa tgtggtggaa ttaccatttg gaacattgtg 240
aatgaaaaat tgtgtctcta gattatgtaa caaataacta tttcctaacc attgatcttt 300
ggatttttat aatcctactc acaaatagact aggtcttctc tcttgtattt tgaagcagtg 360
tggtgtgctg attgataaaa aaaaaaaaaa tgcacgcggc cgcaattta gtag 414
```

<210> 446

<211> 631
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(631)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 446
acaaattaga anaaagtgcc agagaacacc acataccttg tccggaacat tacaatggct 60
tctgcatgca tgggaagtgt gagcattcta tcaatatgca ggagccatct tgcagggtgtg 120
atgctgggta tactggacaa cactgtgaaa aaaaggacta cagtgttcta tacgttggtc 180
ccggtcctgt acgatttcag tatgtcttaa tcgcagctgt gattggaaca attcagattg 240
ctgtcatctg tgtgggtggc ctctgcatca caagggccaa actttaggta atagcattgg 300
actgagattt gtaaaacttc caaccttcca ggaaatgccc cagaagcaac agaattcaca 360
gacagaagca aaatacaggg cactacagtt cagacaatac aacaagagcg tccacgaggt 420
taatctaaag ggagcatggt tcacagtggc tggactaccg agagcttgga ctacacaata 480
cagtattata gacaaaagaa taagacaaga gatctacaca tggtgccttg catttggtgtg 540
aatctacacc aatgaaaaca tgtactacag ctatatttga ttatgtatgg atatatttga 600
aatagtatac attgtcttga tgttttttct g 631

<210> 447
<211> 585
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(585)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 447
ccttgaggaaa antntcacia tataaagggt cgtagacttt actccaaatt ccaaaaagggt 60
cctggccatg taatcctgaa agttttccca aggtagctat aaaatcctta taagggtgca 120
gcctcttctg gaattcctct gatttcaaag tctcactctc aagttcttga aaacgagggc 180
agttcctgaa aggcaggtat agcaactgat cttcagaaag aggaactgtg tgcaccggga 240
tgggctgcca gagtaggata ggattccaga tgctgacacc ttctggggga aacaggggctg 300
ccagggttgt catagcactc atcaaagtcc ggtcaacgtc tgtgcttcga atataaacct 360
gttcatgttt ataggactca ttcaagaatt ttctatatct ctttcttata tactctccaa 420
gttcataatg ctgctccatg cccagctggg tgagttggcc aaatccttgt ggccatgagg 480
attcctttat ggggtcagtg ggaaagggtg caatgggact tcggtctcca tgccgaaaca 540
ccaaagtcac aaacttcaac tccttggtga gtacacttcg gtcta 585

<210> 448
<211> 93
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(93)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 448
tgctcgtggg tcattctgan ncccgaactg acctgcccag ccctgcccgan gggccnccat 60
ggctccctag tgccctggag agganggggc tag 93

<210> 449
 <211> 706
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(706)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 449
 ccaagttcat gctntgtgct ggacgctgga cagggggcaa aagcnnttgc tcgtgggtca 60
 ttctganeac cgaactgacc atgccagccc tgccgatggg cctccatggc tccctagtc 120
 cctggagagg aggtgtctag tcagagagta gtccctggaag gtggcctctg ngaggagcca 180
 cggggacagc atcctgcaga tggtcgggag cgctccattc gccattcagg ctgcgcaact 240
 gttgggaagg gcgatcggtg cgggcctctt cgctattacg ccagctggcg aaagggggat 300
 gtgctgcaag gcgattaagt tgggtaacgc cagggttttc ccagtcncca cgttgtaaaa 360
 cgacggccag tgaattgaat ttaggtgaac ctatagaaga gctatgacgt cgcatgcacg 420
 cgtacgtaag cttggatcct ctagagcggc cgccactac tactaaattc gcggccgcgt 480
 cgacgtggga tccnactga gagagtggag agtgacatgt gctggacnct gtccatgaag 540
 cactgagcag aagctggagg cacaacgcnc cagacactca cagctactca ggaggctgag 600
 aacaggttga acctgggagg tggagggttg aatgagctga gatcaggccn ctgcncccca 660
 gcatggatga cagagtgaac ctccatctta aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 706

<210> 450
 <211> 493
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 450
 gagacggagt gtcactctgt tgcccaggct ggagtgcagc aagacactgt ctaagaaaaa 60
 acagttttta aaggtaaaaa aacataaaaa gaaatatcct atagtggaaa taagagagtc 120
 aaatgaggct gagaacttta caaaggagtc ttacagacat gtgcgcaata tcaactgcatg 180
 agcctaagta taagaacaac ctttggggag aaaccatcat ttgacagtga ggtacaattc 240
 caagtcagggt agtgaaatgg gtggaattaa actcaaatta atcctgccag ctgaaacgca 300
 agagacactg tcagagagtt aaaaagttag ttctatccat gaggtgattc cacagtcttc 360
 tcaagtcaac acatctgtga actcacagac caagttctta aaccactgtt caaactctgc 420
 tacacatcag aatcacctgg agagctttac aaactcccat tgccgagggt cgacgcggcc 480
 gcgaatttag tag 493

<210> 451
 <211> 501
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(501)
 <223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 451
 gggcgcgctc cattcgccat tcaggctgag caactgttgg gaagggcgat cgggtcgggc 60
 ctcttcgcta ttacgccagc tggcgaaagg gggatgtgct gcaaggcgat taagttgggt 120
 aacgccaggg ttttccagc cncgacgttg taaaacgacg gccagtgaat tgaatttagg 180
 tgacnctata gaagagctat gacgtcgcat gcacgcgtac gtaagcttgg atcctctaga 240
 gcggccgcct actactacta aattcgcggc cgcgtcgacg tgggatccnc actgagagag 300
 tggagagtga catgtgctgg acnctgtcca tgaagcactg agcagaagct ggaggcacia 360
 cgcncagac actcacagct actcaggagg ctgagaacag gttgaacctg ggaggtggag 420

gttgcaatga gctgagatca ggccnctgcn ccccgatg gatgacagag tgaaactcca 480
tcttaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a 501

<210> 452
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(51)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 452
agaagggttc accntttacaa cnccttttag gatgggnntt ggggagcaag c 51

<210> 453
<211> 317
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(317)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 453
tacatcttgc tttttcccca ttggaactag tcattaaccc atctctgaac tggtagaaaa 60
acatctgaag agctagtcta tcagcatctg gcaagtgaat tggatgggtc tcagaacccat 120
ttcacccana cagcctgttt ctatcctgtt taataaatta gtttgggttc tctacatgca 180
taacaaaccc tgctccaatc tgtcacataa aagtctgtga cttgaagttt antcagcacc 240
cccaccaaac tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaataagg 300
taccatgtc tttatta 317

<210> 454
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 454
ttcgaggtag aatcaactct cagagtgtag tttccttcta tagatgagtc agcattaata 60
taagccacgc cacgctcttg aaggagtctt gaattctcct ctgctcactc agtagaacca 120
agaagaccaa attcttctgc atcccagctt gcaaacaaaa ttgttcttct aggtctccac 180
ccttcctttt tcagtgttcc aaagctcctc acaatttcat gaacaacagc t 231

<210> 455
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 455
taccaaagag ggcataataa tcagtctcac agtaggggtc accatcctcc aagtgaaaaa 60
cattgttccg aatgggcttt ccacaggcta cacacacaaa acaggaaaca tgccaagttt 120
gtttcaacgc attgatgact tctccaagga tcttcctttg gcatcgacca cattcagggg 180
caaagaattt ctcatagcac agctcacaat acagggtctc tttctcctct a 231

<210> 456
<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 456

```
ttggcaggta cccttacaaa gaagacacca taccttatgc gttattaggt ggaataatca 60
ttccattcag tattatcggt attattcttg gagaaaccct gtctgtttac tgtaaccctt 120
tgcaactcaa ttccctttatc aggaataact acatagccac tatttacaaa gccattggaa 180
cctttttatt tgggtgcagct gctagtcagt ccctgactga cattgccaag t 231
```

<210> 457

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(231)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 457

```
cgaggtagccc aggggtctga aaatctctnn tttantagtc gatagcaaaa ttgttcatca 60
gcattcctta atatgatctt gctataatta gatttttctc cattagagtt catacagttt 120
tatttgattt tattagcaat ctctttcaga agacccttga gatcattaag ctttgtatcc 180
agttgtctaa atcgatgcct catttcctct gaggtgtcgc tggcttttgt g 231
```

<210> 458

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 458

```
aggtcttggtt cccccactt ccactcccct ctactctctc taggactggg ctggggccaag 60
agaagagggg tggtaggga agccgttgag acctgaagcc ccaccctcta ccttccttca 120
acaccctaac cttgggtaac agcatttgga attatcattt gggatgagta gaatttccaa 180
ggtcctgggt taggcatttt gggggggccag accccaggag aagaagattc t 231
```

<210> 459

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 459

```
ggtaccgagg ctcgctgaca cagagaaacc ccaacgcgag gaaaggaatg gccagccaca 60
ccttcgcgaa acctgtggtg gccaccagt cctaacggga caggacagag agacagagca 120
gccctgcact gttttccctc caccacagcc atcctgtccc tcattggctc tgtgctttcc 180
actatacaca gtcaccgtcc caatgagaaa caagaaggag caccctccac a 231
```

<210> 460

<211> 231

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 460

```
gcagggtataa catgctgcaa caacagatgt gactaggaac ggccggtgac atgggggaggg 60
cctatcacc ctttcttggg ggctgcttct tcacagtgat catgaagcct agcagcaaat 120
cccacctccc cacacgcaca cgccagcct ggagcccaca gaagggtcct cctgcagcca 180
gtggagcttg gtccagcctc cagtccaccc ctaccaggct taaggataga a 231
```

<210> 461
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 461
cgaggtttga gaagctctaa tgtgcagggg agccgagaag caggcggcct agggagggtc 60
gcgtgtgctc cagaagagtg tgtgcatgcc agaggggaaa caggcgcctg tgtgtcctgg 120
gtggggttca gtgaggagtg ggaaattggt tcagcagaac caagccgttg ggtgaataag 180
agggggattc catggcactg atagagccct atagtttcag agctgggaat t 231

<210> 462
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 462
aggtaccctc attgtagcca tgggaaaatt gatgttcagt ggggatcagt gaattaaatg 60
gggtcatgca agtataaaaa ttaaaaaaaaa aagacttcat gcccaatctc atatgatgtg 120
gaagaactgt tagagagacc aacagggttag tggggttagag atttccagag tcttacattt 180
tctagaggag gtatttaatt tcttctcact catccagtgt tgtatttagg a 231

<210> 463
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 463
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catttgacag gtgtcttttc ctctggacct cggtgtcccc atctgagtga gaaaaggcag 180
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<210> 464
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<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 464
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cctgcttcag tgactgtgtg cctgtagtcc cagctactcg ggagtctgtg tgaggccagg 180
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<210> 465
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

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aggatggcac aatttttgct tgtgttcata atatactcag attagtctag ctccatcaga 180
taaactggag acatgcagga cattagggta gtgtttagc tctggtaatg a 231

<210> 466
<211> 231
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 466

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cctgtgcaat caaatattgt ggagaattcc ctagctggag aagtcacaaa gactataggc 180
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<210> 467

<211> 311

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 467

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<210> 468

<211> 3112

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

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<210> 469

<211> 2229

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 469

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2229

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<210> 470

<211> 2426

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 470

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<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

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<210> 472
<211> 515
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

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<211> 5829
<212> DNA
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<210> 474

<211> 1594

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 474

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<210> 475

<211> 2414

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

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<222> (33)

<223> n=A,T,C or G

<400> 475

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<210> 476
 <211> 3434
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 476

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<210> 477

<211> 140

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 477

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```

```

His Tyr His Arg Asp Thr Asp Thr Arg Arg His His His Met Asp Thr
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```

```

Leu Ser His Tyr His Arg Asp Thr Arg His His Thr Val Thr Trp Thr
                    35                      40                      45

```

```

His His His Thr His Glu His Thr Asp Thr Leu Pro Tyr Gly His Trp
                    50                      55                      60

```

```

His Thr His Cys His Thr Val Thr Trp Thr His Leu His Thr Ile Thr
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```

```

Pro Pro His Thr Leu Pro Val Asp Thr Arg Thr His Arg His Cys His
                    85                      90                      95

```

```

Thr Asp Thr Gln Asn Thr Val Thr Arg Arg His His His Ala Asp Thr
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```

```

Pro Pro Leu Trp Cys Arg Leu Asn Tyr Pro Ala Gly Gly Thr Ala Val
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Ala Tyr Ser Cys Leu Ser Asp Trp Leu Ser Pro Gln
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<210> 478

<211> 143

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 478

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Met Tyr Arg His Thr Glu Thr Leu Pro His Gly Asp Thr Val Thr Gln
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```

```

Ser His Gly His Thr Gly Ile Val Thr Trp Thr Asp Thr Gln Thr Tyr
                    20                      25                      30

```

```

Gly Glu Ile Thr Trp Thr His His His Thr Ile Thr Gly Thr Gln Thr
                    35                      40                      45

```

```

His Gly Asp Ile Thr Thr Trp Thr His Cys His Thr Thr Thr Gly Thr

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 Arg Asp Ile Thr Leu Ser His Gly His Thr Ile Thr His Met Asn Thr
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 Pro Thr His Cys His Met Asp Thr Gly Thr His Thr Ala Thr Leu Ser
 85 90 95
 His Gly His Thr Ser Thr Pro Ser His His His Thr His Cys Leu Trp
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 His Gly Asp Ile Thr Met Gln Ile His His His Ser Gly Ala Val
 130 135 140

 <210> 479
 <211> 222
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

 <400> 479
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 Ser His Glu His Thr Gly Ile Val Thr Trp Thr Asp Thr Gln Thr Tyr
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 Gly Glu Ile Thr Leu Thr His His His Thr Ile Thr Gly Thr Gln Thr
 35 40 45
 His Gly Asp Ile Thr Thr Trp Thr His Cys His Thr Thr Thr Gly Thr
 50 55 60
 Arg Asp Ile Thr Leu Ser His Gly His Thr Ile Thr His Met Asn Thr
 65 70 75 80
 Pro Thr His Cys His Met Asp Thr Ala Thr His Thr Ala Thr Leu Ser
 85 90 95
 His Gly His Thr Ser Ile Pro Ser His His His Thr His Cys His Val
 100 105 110
 Asp Thr Arg Thr His Arg His Cys His Thr Asp Thr Gln Asn Thr Val
 115 120 125
 Thr Arg Arg His His His Ala Asp Thr Pro Pro His Gly His Ser Thr
 130 135 140
 Arg His Ser Ala Thr Gln Ile His His His Thr Glu Met Arg Thr His
 145 150 155 160
 Cys His Thr Asp Thr Thr Thr Ser Leu Pro His Phe His Val Ser Ala
 165 170 175
 Gly Gly Val Gly Pro Thr Thr Leu Gly Ser Asn Arg Glu Ile Thr Trp

Ala Leu Ala Ala Thr Ser Ala Gly Val Arg Leu Glu Gly Val Asp Arg
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<400> 482
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Arg Ala Ser Trp Leu Pro Gly Gly Gly Pro Gln Ala Ile Leu Gly Arg
      35                      40                      45

Thr Leu Cys Ser Ser Ala Glu Ser Ser Gln Asp Cys His Pro Gly Gly
      50                      55                      60

Pro Ser Ile Ala Leu Ala Lys Pro Cys Arg Gly Val Trp Leu Leu Phe
      65                      70                      75                      80

Glu Pro Ala Trp Pro Pro Trp His Ala Arg Ala Pro Gly Ala Gly Thr
      85                      90                      95

Leu Leu Arg Val Cys Leu Ser Cys Leu Gly Cys His Leu Cys Gly Gly
      100                      105                      110

Ala Ser Gly Gly Gly Gly Pro Ala Thr Asn Leu Thr Gln Ser Arg Lys
      115                      120                      125

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169

Trp Met Ala Met Phe Pro Gln Pro Glu Trp Leu Pro Pro Asp Gly
 130 135 140

<210> 483

<211> 143

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 483

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Cys Cys Leu Trp Gly Ser Ser Pro Cys Leu Gly Ser Tyr Gly Thr Ala
 20 25 30

Gly Phe Leu Val Ala Lys Arg Arg Thr Thr Gly Leu Leu Glu Glu Asp
 35 40 45

Phe Thr Phe Lys Cys Arg Lys Gln Pro Lys Leu Pro Ser Met Arg Leu
 50 55 60

Ser Leu Leu Trp Pro Trp Arg Asp Leu Lys Phe Val Pro Arg Gln Asp
 65 70 75 80

Lys Leu Thr Arg Ser Ser Val Ser Val Ala Gly Ala Tyr Ala Cys Arg
 85 90 95

Ala Gly Pro Gly Trp Leu Lys Glu Gln Pro Ala Thr Ser Ala Arg Val
 100 105 110

Arg Leu Val Gln Ala Glu His Pro Pro Pro His Pro Leu Glu Glu Val
 115 120 125

Gly Met Ala Arg Phe Pro Gln Pro Glu Cys Leu Pro Pro Tyr Cys
 130 135 140

<210> 484

<211> 30

<212> PRT

<213> Homo Sapien

<400> 484

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 20 25 30

<210> 485

<211> 31

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Made in a lab

<400> 485

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<210> 486
<211> 27
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Made in a lab

<400> 486
gcgaattctc acgctgagta tttggcc

27

<210> 487
<211> 36
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Made in a lab

<400> 487
cccgattct tagctgcca tccgaacgcc ttcac

36

<210> 488
<211> 33
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Made in a lab

<400> 488
gggaagcttc ttccccggct gcaccagctg tgc

33

<210> 489
<211> 19
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Made in a lab

<400> 489
Met Asp Arg Leu Val Gln Arg Phe Gly Thr Arg Ala Val Tyr Leu Ala
1 5 10 15
Ser Val Ala

<210> 490
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Made in a lab

<400> 490
Tyr Leu Ala Ser Val Ala Ala Phe Pro Val Ala Ala Gly Ala Thr Cys

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1          5          10          15
Leu Ser His Ser
20

<210> 491
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Made in a lab

<400> 491
Thr Cys Leu Ser His Ser Val Ala Val Val Thr Ala Ser Ala Ala Leu
1          5          10          15
Thr Gly Phe Thr
20

<210> 492
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Made in a lab

<400> 492
Ala Leu Thr Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ala Leu Gln Ile Leu Pro Tyr Thr
1          5          10          15
Leu Ala Ser Leu
20

<210> 493
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Made in a lab

<400> 493
Tyr Thr Leu Ala Ser Leu Tyr His Arg Glu Lys Gln Val Phe Leu Pro
1          5          10          15
Lys Tyr Arg Gly
20

<210> 494
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Made in a lab

<400> 494
Leu Pro Lys Tyr Arg Gly Asp Thr Gly Gly Ala Ser Ser Glu Asp Ser
1          5          10          15
Leu Met Ile Ser

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<220>
<223> Made in a lab

<220>
<223> Made in a lab

<220>
<223> Made in a lab

<220>
<223> Made in a lab

<400> 498
 Asp Val Ser Val Arg Val Val Val Gly Glu Pro Thr Glu Ala Arg Val
 1 5 10 15
 Val Pro Gly Arg
 20

```

<210> 499
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Made in a lab

<400> 499
Arg Val Val Pro Gly Arg Gly Ile Cys Leu Asp Leu Ala Ile Leu Asp
1          5          10          15
Ser Ala Phe Leu
20

<210> 500
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Made in a lab

<400> 500
Leu Asp Ser Ala Phe Leu Leu Ser Gln Val Ala Pro Ser Leu Phe Met
1          5          10          15
Gly Ser Ile Val
20

<210> 501
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Made in a lab

<400> 501
Phe Met Gly Ser Ile Val Gln Leu Ser Gln Ser Val Thr Ala Tyr Met
1          5          10          15
Val Ser Ala Ala
20

<210> 502
<211> 414
<212> DNA
<213> Homo Sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(414)
<223> n=A,T,C or G

<400> 502
caccatggag acaggcctgc gctggctttt cctggctcgt gtgctcaaag gtgtccaatg      60
tcagtcggtg gaggagtccg ggggtcgcct ggtcacgcct gggacacctt tgacantcac      120
ctgtagagtt tttggaatng acctcagtag caatgcaatg agctgggtcc gccaggctcc      180
agggaagggg ctggaatgga tcggagccat tgataattgt ccacantacg cgacctgggc      240

```

```

gaaaggccga ttnatnattt ccaaaacctn gaccacgggtg gatttgaaaa tgaccagtcc 300
gacaaccgag gacacggcca cctatttttg tggcagaatg aatactggta atagtgggtg 360
gaagaatatt tggggcccag gcaccctggt caccgtntcc tcagggcaac ctaa 414

```

```

<210> 503
<211> 379
<212> DNA
<213> Homo Sapien

```

```

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(379)
<223> n=A,T,C or G

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<400> 503
atnccgatggt gcttgggtcaa aggtgtccag tgtcagtcgg tggaggagtc cgggggtcgc 60
ctgggtcacgc ctgggacacc cctgacactc acctgcaccg tntctggatt ngacatcagt 120
agctatggag tgagctgggt ccgccaggct ccagggaagg ggctgggnata catcggatca 180
ttagtagtag tggtagattt tacgcgagct gggcgaaagg ccgattcacc atttccaaaa 240
cctngaccac ggtggatttg aaaatcacca gtttgacaac cgaggacacg gccacctatt 300
tntgtgccag agggggggtt aattataaag acatttgggg cccaggcacc ctggtcaccg 360
tntccttagg gcaacctaa 379

```

```

<210> 504
<211> 19
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

```

```

<220>
<223> Made in a lab

```

```

<400> 504
Gly Phe Thr Asn Tyr Thr Asp Phe Glu Asp Ser Pro Tyr Phe Lys Glu
 1           5           10           15
Asn Ser Ala

```

```

<210> 505
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

```

```

<220>
<223> Made in a lab

```

```

<400> 505
Lys Glu Asn Ser Ala Phe Pro Pro Phe Cys Cys Asn Asp Asn Val Thr
 1           5           10           15
Asn Thr Ala Asn
 20

```

```

<210> 506
<211> 407
<212> DNA
<213> Homo Sapien

```

```

<400> 506

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atggagacag	gcctgcgctg	gcttctcctg	gtcgctgcgc	tcaaaggtgt	ccagtgtcag	60
tcgctggagg	agtccggggg	tcgcctggtc	acgcctggga	cacccctgac	actcacctgc	120
accgtctctg	gattctccct	cagtagcaat	gcaatgatct	gggtccgcca	ggctccaggg	180
aaggggctgg	aatacatcgg	atacattagt	tatggtggta	gcgcatacta	cgcgagctgg	240
gtgaaaggcc	gattcaccat	ctccaaaacc	tcgaccacgg	tggatctgag	aatgaccagt	300
ctgacaaccg	aggacacggc	cacctatttc	tgtgccagaa	atagtgattt	tagtggtatg	360
ttgtggggcc	caggcaccct	ggtcaccgtc	tcctcagggc	aacctaa		407

<210> 507
 <211> 422
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo Sapien

<400> 507						
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tcggtggagg	agtccggggg	tcgcctggtc	acgcctggga	cacccctgac	actcacctgt	120
acagtctctg	gattctccct	cagcaactac	gacctgaact	gggtccgcca	ggctccaggg	180
aaggggctgg	aatggatcgg	gatcattaat	tatgttggta	ggacggacta	cgcgaactgg	240
gcaaaaggcc	ggttcaccat	ctccaaaacc	tcgaccaccg	tggatctcaa	gatcgccagt	300
ccgacaaccg	aggacacggc	cacctatttc	tgtgccagag	ggtggaagtg	cgatgagctc	360
ggtccgtgct	tgcgcattctg	gggccagggc	accctggtca	ccgtctcctt	agggcaacct	420
aa						422

<210> 508
 <211> 411
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo Sapien

<220>
 <221> misc_feature
 <222> (1)...(411)
 <223> n=A,T,C or G

<400> 508						
atggagacag	gcctgcgctg	cttctcctgg	tcgctgtgct	caaaggtgtc	cagtgtcagt	60
cggtggagga	gtccgggggt	cgcttggtca	cgcctgggac	acccctgaca	ctcacctgca	120
cagtctcttg	aatgcacctc	agtagctact	gcatgagctg	ggtcggccag	gctccagggg	180
aggggctgga	atggatcgga	atcattggta	ctcctgggtg	cacatactac	gcgaggtggg	240
cgaaaggccg	attcaccatc	tcacaaaacc	cgaccacggg	gcatntgaaa	atcnccagtc	300
cgacaaccga	ggacacggcc	acctattttc	gtgccagaga	tcttcgggat	ggtagtagta	360
ctggttatta	taaaatcttg	ggcccaggca	ccctggtcac	cgtctccttg	g	411

<210> 509
 <211> 15
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> Made in a lab

<400> 509	
Leu Cys Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser	
1	5 10 15

<210> 510
 <211> 15
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Made in a lab

<400> 510

Pro	Glu	Tyr	Asn	Arg	Pro	Leu	Leu	Ala	Asn	Asp	Leu	Met	Leu	Ile
1				5					10					15

<210> 511

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Made in a lab

<400> 511

Tyr	His	Pro	Ser	Met	Phe	Cys	Ala	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gln	Asp	Gln	Lys
1				5					10					15

<210> 512

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Made in a lab

<400> 512

Asp	Ser	Gly	Gly	Pro	Leu	Ile	Cys	Asn	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Gln	Gly	Leu
1				5					10					15

<210> 513

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Made in a lab

<400> 513

Ala	Pro	Cys	Gly	Gln	Val	Gly	Val	Pro	Asx	Val	Tyr	Thr	Asn	Leu
1				5					10					15

<210> 514

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Made in a lab

<400> 514

Leu	Cys	Lys	Phe	Thr	Glu	Trp	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr	Val	Gln	Ala	Ser
1				5					10					15

<210> 515

<211> 15
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> Made in a lab

<400> 515
 Met Val Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg
 1 5 10 15

<210> 516
 <211> 15
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> Made in a lab

<400> 516
 Val Ser Glu Ser Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln
 1 5 10 15

<210> 517
 <211> 15
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> Made in a lab

<400> 517
 Glu Val Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met
 1 5 10 15

<210> 518
 <211> 15
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> Made in a lab

<400> 518
 Arg Ala Glu Pro Gly Thr Glu Ala Arg Arg His Tyr Asp Glu Gly
 1 5 10 15

<210> 519
 <211> 17
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> Made in a lab

<400> 519
 Arg Ala Glu Pro Gly Thr Glu Ala Arg Arg Asn Tyr Asp Glu Gly Cys
 1 5 10 15

Gly

<210> 520
 <211> 25
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> Made in a lab

<400> 520
 Val Gly Glu Gly Leu Tyr Gln Gly Val Pro Arg Ala Glu Pro Gly Thr
 1 5 10 15
 Glu Ala Arg Arg His Tyr Asp Glu Gly
 20 25

<210> 521
 <211> 21
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> Made in a lab

<400> 521
 Ala Pro Phe Pro Asn Gly His Val Gly Ala Gly Gly Ser Gly Leu Leu
 1 5 10 15
 Pro Pro Pro Pro Ala
 20

<210> 522
 <211> 20
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> Made in a lab

<400> 522
 Leu Leu Val Val Pro Ala Ile Lys Lys Asp Tyr Gly Ser Gln Glu Asp
 1 5 10 15
 Phe Thr Gln Val
 20

<210> 523
 <211> 254
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> Made in a lab

<220>
 <221> VARIANT
 <222> (1)...(254)
 <223> Xaa = any amino acid

<400> 523

Met	Ala	Thr	Ala	Gly	Asn	Pro	Trp	Gly	Trp	Phe	Leu	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Ile
1				5				10					15		
Leu	Gly	Val	Ala	Gly	Ser	Leu	Val	Ser	Gly	Ser	Cys	Ser	Gln	Ile	Ile
			20					25					30		
Asn	Gly	Glu	Asp	Cys	Ser	Pro	His	Ser	Gln	Pro	Trp	Gln	Ala	Ala	Leu
		35					40					45			
Val	Met	Glu	Asn	Glu	Leu	Phe	Cys	Ser	Gly	Val	Leu	Val	His	Pro	Gln
	50					55					60				
Trp	Val	Leu	Ser	Ala	Thr	His	Cys	Phe	Gln	Asn	Ser	Tyr	Thr	Ile	Gly
65					70				75					80	
Leu	Gly	Leu	His	Ser	Leu	Glu	Ala	Asp	Gln	Glu	Pro	Gly	Ser	Gln	Met
				85					90					95	
Val	Glu	Ala	Ser	Leu	Ser	Val	Arg	His	Pro	Glu	Tyr	Asn	Arg	Pro	Leu
			100					105					110		
Leu	Ala	Asn	Asp	Leu	Met	Leu	Ile	Lys	Leu	Asp	Glu	Ser	Val	Ser	Glu
		115					120					125			
Ser	Asp	Thr	Ile	Arg	Ser	Ile	Ser	Ile	Ala	Ser	Gln	Cys	Pro	Thr	Ala
	130					135					140				
Gly	Asn	Ser	Cys	Leu	Val	Ser	Gly	Trp	Gly	Leu	Leu	Ala	Asn	Gly	Arg
145				150						155				160	
Met	Pro	Thr	Val	Leu	Gln	Cys	Val	Asn	Val	Ser	Val	Val	Ser	Glu	Glu
				165					170					175	
Val	Cys	Ser	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Asp	Pro	Leu	Tyr	His	Pro	Ser	Met	Phe	Cys
			180					185					190		
Ala	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gln	Xaa	Gln	Xaa	Asp	Ser	Cys	Asn	Gly	Asp	Ser	Gly
			195				200					205			
Gly	Pro	Leu	Ile	Cys	Asn	Gly	Tyr	Leu	Gln	Gly	Leu	Val	Ser	Phe	Gly
	210					215					220				
Lys	Ala	Pro	Cys	Gly	Gln	Val	Gly	Val	Pro	Gly	Val	Tyr	Thr	Asn	Leu
225					230					235				240	
Cys	Lys	Phe	Thr	Glu	Trp	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr	Val	Gln	Ala	Ser		
				245					250						

<210> 524

<211> 765

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 524

atggccacag	caggaaatcc	ctggggctgg	ttcctgggggt	acctcatcct	tggtgtcgca	60
ggatcgctcg	tctctggtag	ctgcagccaa	atcataaacg	gcgaggactg	cagcccgcac	120
tcgcagccct	ggcaggcggc	actggtcatg	gaaaacgaat	tggtctgctc	gggcgtcctg	180
gtgcatccgc	agtgggtgct	gtcagccgca	cactgtttcc	agaactccta	caccatcggg	240
ctgggcctgc	acagtcttga	ggccgaccaa	gagccaggga	gccagatggt	ggaggccagc	300
ctctccgtac	ggcaccacga	gtacaacaga	cccttgctcg	ctaacgacct	catgctcatc	360
aagttggacg	aatccgtgtc	cgagtctgac	accatccgga	gcatcagcat	tgcttcgcag	420
tgccctaccg	cggggaactc	ttgcctcgtt	tctggctggg	gtctgctggc	gaacggcaga	480
atgcctaccg	tgctgcagtg	cgtgaacgtg	tcgggtggtg	ctgaggaggt	ctgcagtaag	540
ctctatgacc	cgtgttacca	ccccagcatg	ttctgcgcgc	gcggagggca	agaccagaag	600
gactcctgca	acggtgactc	tggggggccc	ctgatctgca	acgggtactt	gcagggcctt	660
gtgtctttcg	gaaaagcccc	gtgtggccaa	gttggcgtgc	caggtgtcta	caccaacctc	720
tgcaaattca	ctgagtggat	agagaaaacc	gtccaggcca	gttaa		765

<210> 525

<211> 254

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

180

<400> 525

Met Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Pro Trp Gly Trp Phe Leu Gly Tyr Leu Ile
 1 5 10 15
 Leu Gly Val Ala Gly Ser Leu Val Ser Gly Ser Cys Ser Gln Ile Ile
 20 25 30
 Asn Gly Glu Asp Cys Ser Pro His Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu
 35 40 45
 Val Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln
 50 55 60
 Trp Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly
 65 70 75 80
 Leu Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met
 85 90 95
 Val Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu
 100 105 110
 Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu
 115 120 125
 Ser Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala
 130 135 140
 Gly Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg
 145 150 155 160
 Met Pro Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Glu
 165 170 175
 Val Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys
 180 185 190
 Ala Gly Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly
 195 200 205
 Gly Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly
 210 215 220
 Lys Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu
 225 230 235 240
 Cys Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser
 245 250

<210> 526

<211> 963

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 526

atgagttcct gcaacttcac acatgccacc tttgtgctta ttggtatccc aggattagag 60
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 aactgcatcg tggctttcat cgtaaggacg gaacgcagcc tgcacgctcc gatgtacctc 180
 tttctctgca tgccttgacg cattgacctg gccttatcca catccaccat gcctaagatc 240
 cttgcccttt tctgggttga ttcccgagag attagctttg aggctgtct taccagatg 300
 ttctttattc atgccctctc agccattgaa tccaccatcc tgctggccat ggcctttgac 360
 cgttatgtgg ccatctgcca cccactgcgc catgctgcag tgcctcaaca tacagtaaca 420
 gccagattg gcatcggtggc tgtggtccgc ggatccctct tttttttccc actgcctctg 480
 ctgatcaagc ggetggcctt ctgccactcc aatgtcctct cgcactccta ttgtgtccac 540
 caggatgtaa tgaagttggc ctatgcagac actttgccca atgtggtata tggctcttact 600
 gccattctgc tggatcatggc cgtggacgta atgttcatct ccttgtccta ttttctgata 660
 atacgaacgg ttctgcaact gccttccaag tcagagcggg ccaaggcctt tggaaacctgt 720
 gtgtcacaca ttggtgtggc actcgccttc tatgtgccac ttattggcct ctcaattgta 780
 caccgctttg gaaacagcct tcatcccatt gtgcgtgttg tcatgggtga catctacctg 840
 ctgctgcctc ctgtcatcaa tcccatcatc tatggtgcca aaaccaaaca gatcagaaca 900
 cgggtgctgg ctatgttcaa gatcagctgt gacaaggact tgcaggctgt gggaggcaag 960
 tga

<210> 527

<211> 320

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 527

Met Ser Ser Cys Asn Phe Thr His Ala Thr Phe Val Leu Ile Gly Ile
 5 10 15

Pro Gly Leu Glu Lys Ala His Phe Trp Val Gly Phe Pro Leu Leu Ser
 20 25 30

Met Tyr Val Val Ala Met Phe Gly Asn Cys Ile Val Val Phe Ile Val
 35 40 45

Arg Thr Glu Arg Ser Leu His Ala Pro Met Tyr Leu Phe Leu Cys Met
 50 55 60

Leu Ala Ala Ile Asp Leu Ala Leu Ser Thr Ser Thr Met Pro Lys Ile
 65 70 75 80

Leu Ala Leu Phe Trp Phe Asp Ser Arg Glu Ile Ser Phe Glu Ala Cys
 85 90 95

Leu Thr Gln Met Phe Phe Ile His Ala Leu Ser Ala Ile Glu Ser Thr
 100 105 110

Ile Leu Leu Ala Met Ala Phe Asp Arg Tyr Val Ala Ile Cys His Pro
 115 120 125

Leu Arg His Ala Ala Val Leu Asn Asn Thr Val Thr Ala Gln Ile Gly
 130 135 140

Ile Val Ala Val Val Arg Gly Ser Leu Phe Phe Phe Pro Leu Pro Leu
 145 150 155 160

Leu Ile Lys Arg Leu Ala Phe Cys His Ser Asn Val Leu Ser His Ser
 165 170 175

Tyr Cys Val His Gln Asp Val Met Lys Leu Ala Tyr Ala Asp Thr Leu
 180 185 190

Pro Asn Val Val Tyr Gly Leu Thr Ala Ile Leu Leu Val Met Gly Val
 195 200 205

Asp Val Met Phe Ile Ser Leu Ser Tyr Phe Leu Ile Ile Arg Thr Val
 210 215 220

Leu Gln Leu Pro Ser Lys Ser Glu Arg Ala Lys Ala Phe Gly Thr Cys
 225 230 235 240

Val Ser His Ile Gly Val Val Leu Ala Phe Tyr Val Pro Leu Ile Gly
 245 250 255

Leu Ser Val Val His Arg Phe Gly Asn Ser Leu His Pro Ile Val Arg
 260 265 270

Val Val Met Gly Asp Ile Tyr Leu Leu Leu Pro Pro Val Ile Asn Pro
 275 280 285

Ile Ile Tyr Gly Ala Lys Thr Lys Gln Ile Arg Thr Arg Val Leu Ala
 290 295 300

Met Phe Lys Ile Ser Cys Asp Lys Asp Leu Gln Ala Val Gly Gly Lys
 305 310 315 320

<210> 528
 <211> 20
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo Sapien

<400> 528
 actatgggtcc agaggctgtg 20

<210> 529
 <211> 20
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo Sapien

<400> 529
 atcacctatg tgccgcctct 20

<210> 530
 <211> 1852
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 530
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 aaaaccacct atgacaagcc cacagccaac ataatactaa atggggaaaa gttagaagca 120
 tttcctctga gaactgcaac aataaataca aggatgctgg attttgtcaa atgccttttc 180
 tgtgtctgtt gagatgctta tgtgactttg cttttaattc tgtttatgtg attatcacat 240
 ttattgactt gcctgtgtta gaccggaaga gctgggggtg ttctcaggag ccaccgtgtg 300
 ctgcggcagc ttccgggataa cttgaggctg catcactggg gaagaaacac aytccctgtcc 360
 gtggcgctga tggctgagga cagagcttca gtgtggcttc tctgcgactg gcttcttcgg 420
 ggagttcttc cttcatagtt catccatatg gctccagagg aaaattatat tattttgtta 480
 tggatgaaga gtattacgtt gtgcagatat actgcagtg cttcatctct tgatgtgtga 540
 ttgggtaggt tccaccatgt tgccgcagat gacatgattt cagtacctgt gtctggctga 600
 aaagtgtttg tttgtgaatg gatattgtgg tttctggatc tcacctctct tgggtggaca 660
 gctttctcca ccttgctgga agtgacctgc tgtccagaag tttgatggct gaggagtata 720
 ccacgtgca tgcatctttc atttctgca tttcttctc cctggatgga cagggggagc 780
 ggcaagagca acgtgggcac ttctggagac cacaacgact cctctgtgaa gacgcttggg 840
 agcaagaggt gcaagtgggt ctgccactgc ttccctgct gcagggggag cggcaagagc 900
 aacgtggctg cttggggaga ctacgatgac agcgccctca tggatcccag gtaccacgtc 960
 catggagaag atctggacaa gctccacaga gctgcctggt ggggtaaagt cccagaaag 1020
 gatctcatcg tcatgctcag ggacacggat gtgaacaaga gggacaagca aaagaggact 1080
 gctctacatc tggcctctgc caatgggaat tcagaagtag taaaactcgt gctggacaga 1140
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Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Val Ala Trp Gly Asp
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Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Asp Pro Arg Tyr His Val His Gly Glu
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Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg
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Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Arg Asp
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<400> 534

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<211> 6082

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

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 65 70 75 80
 Thr Arg Ala Ile Ile Lys Cys Tyr Trp Lys Ser Tyr Leu Val Leu Gly
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 Ile Phe Thr Leu Ile Glu Glu Ser Ala Lys Val Ile Gln Pro Ile Phe
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 Thr Leu Ile Leu Ala Ile Leu His His Leu Tyr Phe Tyr His Val Gln
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 Cys Ala Gly Met Arg Leu Arg Val Ala Met Cys His Met Ile Tyr Arg
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 Lys Ala Leu Arg Leu Ser Asn Met Ala Met Gly Lys Thr Thr Thr Gly
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 Thr Val Phe Leu His Phe Leu Trp Ala Gly Pro Leu Gln Ala Ile Ala
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 Lys Glu Ile Ser Lys Ile Leu Arg Ser Ser Cys Leu Arg Gly Met Asn
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 Thr Thr Tyr Val Leu Leu Gly Ser Val Ile Thr Ala Ser Arg Val Phe

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Phe Thr Val Arg Pro Gly Glu Leu Leu Ala Val Val Gly Pro Val Gly		
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Ser His Gly Leu Val Ser Val His Gly Arg Ile Ala Tyr Val Ser Gln		
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Leu Ala Arg Ala Val Tyr Gln Asp Ala Asp Ile Tyr Leu Leu Asp Asp		
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Cys Ile Cys Gln Ile Leu His Glu Lys Ile Thr Ile Leu Val Thr His		
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Gly Lys Met Val Gln Lys Gly Thr Tyr Thr Glu Phe Leu Lys Ser Gly		
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<210> 553

<211> 58

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 553

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Ser Ile Cys Asn Met Thr Cys Ala Ser Val Phe Phe Cys Asp Gln Lys
          5                      10                      15

```

```

Phe Leu Thr Phe Ser Phe Leu Ser Met Val Glu Pro Pro Arg Ala Gly
          20                      25                      30

```

```

Val Leu Asn Ser Gln Ala Thr Asp Ser Tyr Gln Ser Thr Asp Tyr Tyr
          35                      40                      45

```

```

Glu Pro His His Thr Gly Gly Gly Glu His
          50                      55

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<210> 554

<211> 59

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 554

Leu Gln Lys Asn Lys Leu Arg Ala Ser Thr Asp Ser Thr Leu Trp Ile
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Cys Ala Ala Glu Ala Ser Thr Lys Pro Tyr Phe Tyr Thr Cys Leu Val
 20 25 30

Met Leu His Gly Gln Gly Leu Ala Leu Leu Ser Pro Thr Asn Leu Pro
 35 40 45

Glu Ile Leu Arg Phe Leu Phe Asn Gly Phe Leu
 50 55

<210> 555

<211> 71

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 555

Leu Gly Arg Phe Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys Ser Gly His Ser Arg Gly Gln
 5 10 15

Pro Gln Leu Gly Ala Thr Ala Gln Gly Lys Val His Met Gly Leu Ser
 20 25 30

Thr Ala Gln Gly Ser Ile Gln Asp Ile Lys Val Pro His Ser Ile Asp
 35 40 45

Leu Val Ala Lys Lys Lys Lys Gln Thr Leu Ile Ser Phe Cys His Pro
 50 55 60

Ser Asp Pro Leu Glu Leu Leu
 65 70

<210> 556

<211> 81

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 556

Asn His Pro Glu Gln Gly Ser Ser Thr Pro Arg Pro Gln Thr His Thr
 5 10 15

Ser Pro Arg Thr Ile Met Asn His Thr Thr Gln Glu Glu Val Ser Thr
 20 25 30

Arg Gln Ala Lys Glu Ala Ser Pro Val Leu Thr Ala Thr Arg His Gly
 35 40 45

Ser Tyr Tyr Ser Leu Asn Ser Ala Ser Thr Gln Ile Ser Asp Asn Ile

[illegible]

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<210> 557
<211> 54
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
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<400> 557
Ser Leu Ser Ala Thr Pro Leu Thr Leu Trp Asn Ser Ser Asp Pro Leu
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Glu Gln Ala Tyr Leu Ile Ser Ala Arg Glu Lys Thr Asn Asn Gly Leu
      20                      25                      30

Lys Gly Ser Leu Thr Met Lys Val Ser Ala Asn Ser Trp Leu Arg Cys
      35                      40                      45

Gly Phe His Ile Arg Phe
      50
```

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<210> 558
<211> 77
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
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<220>  
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<222> (1)...(77)  
<223> Xaa = Any amino acid
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<400> 558
Asn Asp Arg Asp Arg Asn Ser Asn Lys Val Ile Xaa Lys Ala Asn Leu
      5                               10                      15
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      20                               25                      30
Phe Thr Cys Thr Lys Arg His Lys His Leu Gln Cys Ser Ser Val His
      35                               40                      45
Leu Cys Lys Ile Pro Pro Arg Leu Lys Gly Arg Asp Lys Lys Lys Lys
      50                               55                      60
Pro Ser Tyr Leu Ser Gly Val Leu His Ser Arg Ser Tyr
      65                               70                      75

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```
<210> 559
<211> 50
<212> PRT
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<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 559

Thr Leu Pro Pro Leu Arg Ser Val Ile Thr Leu Glu Thr His Trp Ser
5 10 15

Thr Asn Pro Val Val Asn Cys Leu Ser Glu Gly Ser Arg Leu Cys Ala
20 25 30

Ser Tyr Glu Asn Leu Met Pro Asp Asp Leu Ser Leu Ser His Phe Ala
35 40 45

Pro Arg
50

<210> 560

<211> 56

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 560

Ile Gly Ser Leu Lys Gly Pro Thr Thr Ala Gly Ser His Cys Ser Gly
5 10 15

Glu Gly Ser Tyr Gly Thr Phe Tyr Cys Pro Arg Phe Tyr Thr Gly Tyr
20 25 30

Lys Gly Ala Ser Gln Tyr Arg Ser Gly Ser Lys Glu Glu Glu Thr Asn
35 40 45

Thr Asp Leu Phe Leu Pro Pro Leu
50 55

<210> 561

<211> 57

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (1)...(57)

<223> Xaa = Any amino acid

<400> 561

Val Leu His Leu Asp Gln Met Asn Asn Val Gly Ile Xaa Met Asp Lys
5 10 15

Gly Leu Lys Ser Pro Glu Ile Lys Asn Pro Ala Pro Thr Gly Thr Ser
20 25 30

Asn Leu Ser Cys Phe Leu Ser Xaa Phe Trp Leu Met Gln Gly Thr Asn
35 40 45

Ser Leu Pro Arg Glu Asn Tyr Leu Asn
50 55

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<210> 562
<211> 59
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
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<220>  
<221> VARIANT  
<222> (1)...(59)  
<223> Xaa = Any amino acid
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<400> 562
Asp Leu Tyr Pro Xaa Arg Ser Gln His Cys Ser Phe Asp Pro Ser Val
          5                      10                      15
Ala Pro Met His Gly Ile Lys Asn Ser Ile Thr Ser Leu Ile Phe Leu
          20                      25                      30
Ile Ser Tyr Leu Xaa Leu Glu Met Ser Ser Leu Ser Glu Ser Leu Val
          35                      40                      45
Leu Ser Ser Gly Asp Tyr Val Leu Asp Thr Pro
          50                      55

```

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<210> 563
<211> 79
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
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<400> 563
Cys Phe Leu Phe Pro Tyr Leu Trp Leu Tyr Ala Gln Pro Leu Phe Pro
      5              10              15
Lys Gln Gln Pro Pro Ala Leu Ala Pro Gly His Pro Asp Phe Ile His
      20              25              30
Thr Gln Asn Glu Gln Ile Asp Pro Ser Pro His Ile Gln Asn Leu Met
      35              40              45
Trp Asn Pro His Leu Ser Gln Glu Leu Ala Glu Thr Phe Met Val Arg
      50              55              60
Asp Pro Leu Arg Pro Leu Leu Val Phe Ser Leu Ala Asp Ile Arg
      65              70              75

```

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<210> 564
<211> 64
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
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<400> 564
Ala Cys Ser Lys Gly Ser Glu Glu Phe Gln Arg Val Arg Gly Val Ala
5 10 15
Glu Arg Asp Gln Cys Leu Phe Leu Leu Leu Cys Tyr Gln Ile Tyr Thr
20 25 30

Val Arg His Leu Tyr Ile Leu Tyr Arg Thr Leu Gly Ser Arg Lys Ser
 35 40 45

His Met Asn Leu Pro Leu Ser Ser Gly Ser Gln Leu Trp Leu Ala Pro
 50 55 60

<210> 565

<211> 57

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (1)...(57)

<223> Xaa = Any amino acid

<400> 565

Leu Tyr Tyr Cys Ser Tyr Leu Cys His Phe Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu
 5 10 15

Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln
 20 25 30

Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu
 35 40 45

Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser Xaa His Asn Val
 50 55

<210> 566

<211> 55

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 566

Ile Leu Leu Glu Phe Phe Arg Asn Gln Arg Gly Ser Leu Asn Pro Arg
 5 10 15

Lys Thr Val Pro Phe Ile Lys Ser Glu Gly Gly Glu Lys Lys Gly His
 20 25 30

Cys Asn His Ser Val Val Ser Ile Asp Ser Ala Ala Ala Leu Leu Pro
 35 40 45

Leu Lys Leu Val Leu Leu Pro
 50 55

<210> 567

<211> 51

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 567

Tyr Ser Asp Phe Asp Val Phe Cys Ser His Thr Tyr Gly Tyr Met Leu

5 10 15
 Ser His Cys Ser Gln Ser Ser Ser Pro Leu Leu Trp Pro Leu Gly Ile
 20 25 30
 Leu Thr Leu Ser Thr His Lys Met Ser Lys Leu Thr Leu Pro Pro Ile
 35 40 45
 Phe Arg Thr
 50

<210> 568
 <211> 75
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 568
 Lys Val Gly Glu Tyr Ile Leu Gln Ser Leu Leu Arg Ile Arg Lys Ile
 5 10 15
 Tyr Val Ala Phe Asn Ser Val Pro Ser Thr Cys Leu Leu Ala Ser Leu
 20 25 30
 Thr Glu Thr Pro Val Thr Thr Ile Leu Thr Ile Ile Ile Asn Leu Thr
 35 40 45
 Cys Phe Gln His Ala Glu Ser Ser Tyr Leu Phe Tyr Pro Leu Ala Asp
 50 55 60
 Phe Leu Leu Gln His Ile Ser Leu Gly Lys Leu
 65 70 75

<210> 569
 <211> 4809
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

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<210> 570

<211> 951

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 570

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<210> 571

<211> 819

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 571

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<210> 572

<211> 203

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 572

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210

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<210> 573

<211> 132

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 573

Met Val Glu Gly Glu Gly Glu Ala Arg His Val Leu His Gly Gly Arg
 5 10 15

Arg Glu Arg Val Arg Gly Glu Thr Ala Thr Asn Phe Phe Phe Leu Arg
 20 25 30

Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Val Ala Gln Ala Gly Val Gln Trp His Asp Leu
 35 40 45

Ser Ser Leu Gln Pro Leu Pro His Arg Phe Lys Gln Phe Ser Cys Leu
 50 55 60

Ser Leu Pro His Ser Trp Asp His Arg Tyr Ala Pro Pro His Leu Ala
 65 70 75 80

Asn Phe Cys Ser Phe Ser Arg Asp Gly Val Ser Leu Cys Cys Ser Gly
 85 90 95

Trp Ser Lys Thr Pro Gly Leu Gln Gln Ser Ala Cys Leu Gly Leu Pro
 100 105 110

Lys Cys Trp Gly Tyr Arg His Lys Pro Pro His Pro Ala Cys His Ile
 115 120 125

Leu Leu Asn Tyr
 130

<210> 574

<211> 62

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 574

Met Thr His Ser Ser Ala Trp Leu Glu Arg Pro Gln Glu Thr Tyr Asn
 5 10 15

His Gly Gly Arg Arg Arg Gly Ser Lys Ala Arg Leu Thr Trp Trp Gln
 20 25 30

Glu Arg Thr Ser Glu Gly Gly Asp Cys His Lys Leu Phe Phe Phe Glu
 35 40 45

Thr Arg Val Trp Pro Cys Cys Pro Gly Trp Ser Ala Val Ala
 50 55 60

<210> 575

<211> 76
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 575
 Met Val Lys Ser Arg Phe Thr Lys Asn Thr Lys Ile Thr Gln Ala Trp
 5 10 15
 Trp Arg Ala Pro Val Ile Pro Gly Thr Arg Glu Ala Glu Gly Gly Glu
 20 25 30
 Ser Leu Glu Pro Gly Arg Leu Arg Glu Glu Asn Arg Leu Asn Pro Gly
 35 40 45
 Gly Arg Gly Cys Ser Glu Pro Arg Ser Cys Cys Cys Thr Pro Ala Trp
 50 55 60
 Ser Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Ala Ser Lys Thr Asn Lys
 65 70 75

<210> 576
 <211> 68
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> VARIANT
 <222> (1)...(68)
 <223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 576
 Met Leu Gly Lys Ser Arg Ala Val Cys Leu Pro Ser Thr Thr Val Thr
 5 10 15
 Thr Val Cys Tyr Leu Ala Ser Ser Ser Ala Ser Arg Glu Thr Ala Thr
 20 25 30
 Arg Gln Ala Pro Gly Asn Trp Lys Met Xaa Ser Lys Cys His Ala Gln
 35 40 45
 Leu Leu Phe Thr Phe Tyr Leu Asn His Phe Tyr Gln Ile Arg Leu Asn
 50 55 60
 Pro Gly Tyr Ser
 65

<210> 577
 <211> 57
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 577
 Met Tyr Leu Glu Asn Ser Phe Tyr Cys Gln Met Ile Leu Leu Lys Arg
 5 10 15
 Cys Arg Leu Ser Lys Ile Ser Thr Gln Arg Val Val Pro Asp Gly Pro

20	25	30
Pro Ala Pro Val Pro Gly Ser Phe Pro Met Phe Pro Arg Phe Gly Phe		
35	40	45

Arg Leu Ala Pro Pro Ala Asp Thr Pro
50 55

<210> 578
 <211> 51
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 578
Met Gln Leu Ile Tyr Leu Cys Phe Leu Gly Leu Leu Tyr Ile Arg His
5 10 15

His Asp Ser Gln Ser Phe Val Ile Leu Tyr Tyr Lys Lys Leu Asn Tyr
20 25 30

Tyr Phe Lys Tyr Gly Gln Ile Arg Ala Phe His Ile Ala Lys Val Tyr
35 40 45

Gln Pro His
50

<210> 579
 <211> 56
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 579
Met His Phe Thr Phe Met Gln Leu Ile Tyr Leu Cys Phe Leu Gly Leu
5 10 15

Leu Tyr Ile Arg His His Asp Ser Gln Ser Phe Val Ile Leu Tyr Tyr
20 25 30

Lys Lys Leu Asn Tyr Tyr Phe Lys Tyr Gly Gln Ile Arg Ala Phe His
35 40 45

Ile Ala Lys Val Tyr Gln Pro His
50 55

<210> 580
 <211> 67
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 580
Met Glu Leu Arg Thr Lys Ala Leu Arg Thr Ala Gln Gln Leu Thr Ser
5 10 15

Cys Val Thr Ala Leu Lys Ala Ala Gly Pro Pro Leu Thr Phe Trp Lys
20 25 30

Gly Lys Trp Val Gln Cys Cys Leu Pro Leu Trp Gly Leu Leu Gly Ser
 35 40 45

His Ala Phe Tyr Ile Tyr Ala Val Asp Ile Phe Met Phe Pro Gly Ser
 50 55 60

Phe Ile His
 65

<210> 581

<211> 77

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 581

Met Leu Glu Val Lys Phe Glu Val Ser Leu Arg Pro Thr Gly Asn Glu
 5 10 15

Thr Ala Gly Gln Thr His Gly Thr Gln Asp Lys Gly Ser Lys Asp Ser
 20 25 30

Thr Ala Ala Asp Ile Leu Cys Asp Ser Leu Glu Ser Ser Arg Pro Ala
 35 40 45

Ala His Ile Leu Glu Gly Lys Met Gly Thr Met Leu Ser Ala Thr Leu
 50 55 60

Gly Pro Ser Trp Val Thr Cys Ile Leu His Leu Cys Ser
 65 70 75

<210> 582

<211> 51

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 582

Met Leu Phe Leu Gln Thr Ile Asp Thr Lys Cys Thr Gly Ile Glu Ile
 5 10 15

Asn Arg Asn Trp Ser Lys Val Trp His Thr His Ser His Val Asp Val
 20 25 30

Lys Leu Cys Leu Glu Phe Leu Cys Gly Val Trp Phe Gly Leu Gly Phe
 35 40 45

Leu Gly Val
 50

<210> 583

<211> 60

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 583

214

Met Ser Thr Ser Asp Gly Phe Ala Pro Pro Pro Gln Leu Gly Ser Arg
 5 10 15

Cys Ser His Ile Arg Gly Pro Ile Lys Ile Ala Arg Asn Lys Phe Pro
 20 25 30

Arg Thr Leu Thr Ser Gln Glu Leu Arg Arg Phe Ala Glu Tyr Ser Gly
 35 40 45

Met Met Phe Gly Asp Gln Thr Thr Ala Gly Gln Lys
 50 55 60

<210> 584
 <211> 76
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 584
 Met Cys Leu Cys Ile Pro Leu Gly Gly Tyr Gln Glu Leu Cys His Cys
 5 10 15

Met Ser Thr Ser Asp Gly Phe Ala Pro Pro Pro Gln Leu Gly Ser Arg
 20 25 30

Cys Ser His Ile Arg Gly Pro Ile Lys Ile Ala Arg Asn Lys Phe Pro
 35 40 45

Arg Thr Leu Thr Ser Gln Glu Leu Arg Arg Phe Ala Glu Tyr Ser Gly
 50 55 60

Met Met Phe Gly Asp Gln Thr Thr Ala Gly Gln Lys
 65 70 75

<210> 585
 <211> 50
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 585
 Met Val Tyr Arg Phe Gly Gln Met Ser Asp Asn Pro Phe Tyr Ile Leu
 5 10 15

Ala Ser Leu Gly Ser Ser Ser Cys Arg Asn Gly Leu Ala Ser Lys Trp
 20 25 30

Arg Gln Ala Asp Pro Ser Asp Gly Tyr Met Glu Pro Cys Phe Gln Leu
 35 40 45

Leu Phe
 50

<210> 586
 <211> 60
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

215

<400> 586

Met Leu Val His Ile Tyr Ser Cys Cys Gly Met Val Tyr Arg Phe Gly
 5 10 15

Gln Met Ser Asp Asn Pro Phe Tyr Ile Leu Ala Ser Leu Gly Ser Ser
 20 25 30

Ser Cys Arg Asn Gly Leu Ala Ser Lys Trp Arg Gln Ala Asp Pro Ser
 35 40 45

Asp Gly Tyr Met Glu Pro Cys Phe Gln Leu Leu Phe
 50 55 60

<210> 587

<211> 1408

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 587

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cacctgtaaa tttgatgggg aatgtttaag aattggagac actgtgactt gcgtctgtca 240
gttcaagtgc aacaatgact atgtgcctgt gtgtggctcc aatggggaga gctaccagaa 300
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aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa rwnagacc 1408

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<210> 588

<211> 81

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 588

Met Pro Gln Lys Gln Gln Asn Ser Gln Thr Glu Ala Lys Tyr Arg Ala
 5 10 15

Leu Gln Phe Arg Gln Tyr Asn Lys Ser Val His Glu Val Asn Leu Lys
 20 25 30

Gly Ala Cys Phe Thr Val Ala Gly Leu Pro Arg Ala Trp Thr Thr Gln
 35 40 45
 Tyr Ser Ile Ile Asp Lys Arg Ile Arg Gln Glu Ile Tyr Thr Cys Cys
 50 55 60
 Leu Ala Phe Val Val Ile Tyr Thr Asn Glu Asn Met Tyr Tyr Ser Tyr
 65 70 75 80
 Ile

<210> 589
 <211> 157
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 589
 Met Thr Met Cys Leu Cys Val Ala Pro Met Gly Arg Ala Thr Arg Met
 5 10 15
 Ser Val Thr Cys Asp Arg Leu His Ala Asn Ser Arg Val Arg Tyr Leu
 20 25 30
 Trp Cys Gln Lys Asp His Val Pro Gln Met Gln Asp Gln Asp Leu Glu
 35 40 45
 Met Glu Ser Met Lys Ala Leu Glu Lys Leu Val Lys Arg Arg His Pro
 50 55 60
 Pro Val Ile Phe Ala Ser Leu Val Gln Asn Val Thr Lys Met Pro Arg
 65 70 75 80
 Met Ser Gly Val Cys Val Ile Leu Thr Val Leu Lys Pro Thr Ser Ile
 85 90 95
 Pro Ser Ala Leu Leu Met Gly Asn Leu Met Ile Met His Ala Lys Ser
 100 105 110
 Lys Lys His Arg Val Arg Asn Arg Arg Lys Leu Lys Ser Cys Leu Trp
 115 120 125
 Val Asp Val Lys Ile Thr Gln Leu Gln Leu Leu Ser Leu Lys Met Gly
 130 135 140
 Ile Met Gln Glu Gln Ile Met Gln Arg Met Leu Thr Asn
 145 150 155

<210> 590
 <211> 347
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 590
 Met Leu Leu Ile Val Ala Arg Pro Val Lys Leu Ala Ala Phe Pro Thr
 5 10 15

Ser Leu Ser Asp Cys Gln Thr Pro Thr Gly Trp Asn Cys Ser Gly Tyr
 20 25 30
 Asp Asp Arg Glu Asn Asp Leu Phe Leu Cys Asp Thr Asn Thr Cys Lys
 35 40 45
 Phe Asp Gly Glu Cys Leu Arg Ile Gly Asp Thr Val Thr Cys Val Cys
 50 55 60
 Gln Phe Lys Cys Asn Asn Asp Tyr Val Pro Val Cys Gly Ser Asn Gly
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Ser Tyr Gln Asn Glu Cys Tyr Leu Arg Gln Ala Ala Cys Lys Gln
 85 90 95
 Gln Ser Glu Ile Leu Val Val Ser Glu Gly Ser Cys Ala Thr Asp Ala
 100 105 110
 Gly Ser Gly Ser Gly Asp Gly Val His Glu Gly Ser Gly Glu Thr Ser
 115 120 125
 Gln Lys Glu Thr Ser Thr Cys Asp Ile Cys Gln Phe Gly Ala Glu Cys
 130 135 140
 Asp Glu Asp Ala Glu Asp Val Trp Cys Val Cys Asn Ile Asp Cys Ser
 145 150 155 160
 Gln Thr Asn Phe Asn Pro Leu Cys Ala Ser Asp Gly Lys Ser Tyr Asp
 165 170 175
 Asn Ala Cys Gln Ile Lys Glu Ala Ser Cys Gln Lys Gln Glu Lys Ile
 180 185 190
 Glu Val Met Ser Leu Gly Arg Cys Gln Asp Asn Thr Thr Thr Thr Thr
 195 200 205
 Lys Ser Glu Asp Gly His Tyr Ala Arg Thr Asp Tyr Ala Glu Asn Ala
 210 215 220
 Asn Lys Leu Glu Glu Ser Ala Arg Glu His His Ile Pro Cys Pro Glu
 225 230 235 240
 His Tyr Asn Gly Phe Cys Met His Gly Lys Cys Glu His Ser Ile Asn
 245 250 255
 Met Gln Glu Pro Ser Cys Arg Cys Asp Ala Gly Tyr Thr Gly Gln His
 260 265 270
 Cys Glu Lys Lys Asp Tyr Ser Val Leu Tyr Val Val Pro Gly Pro Val
 275 280 285
 Arg Phe Gln Tyr Val Leu Ile Ala Ala Val Ile Gly Thr Ile Gln Ile
 290 295 300
 Ala Val Ile Cys Val Val Val Leu Cys Ile Thr Arg Lys Cys Pro Arg
 305 310 315 320

Ser Asn Arg Ile His Arg Gln Lys Gln Asn Thr Gly His Tyr Ser Ser
 325 330 335

Asp Asn Thr Thr Arg Ala Ser Thr Arg Leu Ile
 340 345

<210> 591

<211> 565

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 591

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aaacagacaa	aaaatattgt	acaacattgc	acccagtgtc	agattctaca	cctggccact	180
caggaagcaa	gagttaatcc	cagaggtcta	tgctctaata	tgttatggca	aatggatgtc	240
atgcacgtac	cttcatttgg	aaaattgtca	tttgtccatg	tgacagttga	tacttattca	300
catttcataat	gggcaacctg	ccagacagga	gaaagtactt	cccatgttaa	aagacattta	360
ttatcttgtt	ttcctgtcat	gggagttcca	gaaaaagtta	aaacagacaa	tgggcccagg	420
tactgtagta	aagcatttca	aaaattctta	aatcagtggg	aaattacaca	tacaatagga	480
attctctata	attcccaagg	acaggccata	attgaaggaa	ctaatagaac	actcaaagct	540
caattgggta	aacaaaaaaa	aaaaaa				565

<210> 592

<211> 188

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 592

Thr	Lys	Ala	Asn	Glu	Gln	Ala	Asp	Leu	Leu	Val	Ser	Ser	Ala	Phe	Ile
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Glu	Ala	Gln	Glu	Leu	His	Ala	Leu	Thr	His	Val	Asn	Ala	Ile	Gly	Leu
		20						25					30		
Lys	Asn	Lys	Phe	Asp	Ile	Thr	Trp	Lys	Gln	Thr	Lys	Asn	Ile	Val	Gln
	35						40					45			
His	Cys	Thr	Gln	Cys	Gln	Ile	Leu	His	Leu	Ala	Thr	Gln	Glu	Ala	Arg
	50				55						60				
Val	Asn	Pro	Arg	Gly	Leu	Cys	Pro	Asn	Val	Leu	Trp	Gln	Met	Asp	Val
65				70					75					80	
Met	His	Val	Pro	Ser	Phe	Gly	Lys	Leu	Ser	Phe	Val	His	Val	Thr	Val
		85						90					95		
Asp	Thr	Tyr	Ser	His	Phe	Ile	Trp	Ala	Thr	Cys	Gln	Thr	Gly	Glu	Ser
		100					105					110			
Thr	Ser	His	Val	Lys	Arg	His	Leu	Leu	Ser	Cys	Phe	Pro	Val	Met	Gly
	115					120						125			
Val	Pro	Glu	Lys	Val	Lys	Thr	Asp	Asn	Gly	Pro	Gly	Tyr	Cys	Ser	Lys
	130				135					140					
Ala	Phe	Gln	Lys	Phe	Leu	Asn	Gln	Trp	Lys	Ile	Thr	His	Thr	Ile	Gly
145				150					155					160	
Ile	Leu	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Gln	Gly	Gln	Ala	Ile	Ile	Glu	Gly	Thr	Asn	Arg
		165					170						175		
Thr	Leu	Lys	Ala	Gln	Leu	Val	Lys	Gln	Lys	Lys	Lys				
	180						185								

<210> 593

<211> 271

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(271)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 593
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gtccctagct ggggtctata catgncnggg naagggcngc tgagtnccat nagcaaagga 180
nctagnatnt gcgggggtgc ggcctgggcc taccctttna agcatccntn gatccactcc 240
angaancng gggtagncag gtttnccaac a 271

<210> 594
<211> 376
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(376)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 594
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gcgccctcnn gggccaacaa agttatcgtn nttgaagaga anattttttt ggnttngncc 120
cgattaagcg ncaaatgtgt agcaaaangc cgtgccactt gtggcgtagc tncgtcgggt 180
cgattcgacg acaaggcgtn gcgcgntanc gttagtctcn aatngaccn gtggcatgag 240
cccacgangg nttcgtgtcg tcacatggnc tctagacata acgcncnccn ttttttncag 300
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ccattgaaga aaaggn 376

<210> 595
<211> 242
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(242)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 595
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atgccangag cangtgcacc agtcccaact angagnccn ggcatgntac atcttcttcc 180
accctnaaa ntttnggcta caangnccat ttttcttttt ctottaaggg ncnctggct 240
tc 242

<210> 596
<211> 535
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature

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tcgacaangt	tgctgnancn	gagaagtgat	gatctcagtt	gaaaggggtca	tgtgaataca	180
cnttacactt	gaaaaagaag	cacattggga	atatcacgaa	acgnccacca	acatcctg	238

<210> 600

<211> 232

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(232)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 600

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cagaaagctg	ca	atttcagg	tt	tttcaacct	aa	taggtgat	att	taanaaa	aa	aaaaaagc	180
aatcgcaaat	ag	ccccactg	ct	ttttacaaa	tc	attttttc	cc	caacacaa	tg		232

<210> 601

<211> 547

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(547)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 601

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gcggaagaca	aa	ctaacatt	tt	taagcgc	tc	tcatttag	ct	ctgatgag	ta	ctacaccc	180
ctnatattct	tc	tgatacta	aa	ataatttt	cc	tagtgtag	tc	taaaacttt	tt	taaaaaga	240
catgtaatcc	gc	ggagttag	ta	actcaaaa	cg	agtgcata	tn	ggaagtat	cg	cagccgtt	300
nctggatnaa	at	cccagct	tg	ctngcttg	ct	nagccggg	gg	gcggtnaa	aa	aaacatct	360
gcagcccngg	gg	naaaaacc	tt	cgattgt	tc	ttacgtgt	tt	acgttatt	tt	atttccct	420
nnagcaaggc	ng	gganttgg	gg	actcgaaa	tg	gtacagtt	gg	gctgggga	tc	gcccttgt	480
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tgccatt											547

<210> 602

<211> 826

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(826)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 602

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gaacaatg	gc	aaagcgttt	ct	ccctagg	ct	gcagattg	tc	ttcttcac	cg	ccccctgct	180
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ctcgttttga	gttacaaact	ccgcggatta	catgtctttt	taaaaaagtt	tagactacac	300
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atgagagcgc	tttaaaaatg	ttagtttgtc	ttccgccatt	tctacagaaa	gctgcaattt	420
caggttttca	ncctaatagg	tgatatntaa	gaaaaaaaaa	acaatcgcan	atagcccact	480
gctttttacaa	atcatttttc	tcttctaggt	atagcctgtc	aggtggccta	atgtattttt	540
gacatctcta	ggaattttta	tagaccagaa	atgggtgcca	gagatatgcc	tgactaatc	600
ttaagtgggg	atztatgtat	ttctcaanca	agtgattaaa	gcaaaactag	gcacgaatga	660
aatcaagatc	tttaggccag	aaatcatgaa	nanttttana	attattttan	gaatctgtgg	720
cttctcttct	taaaatngaa	aaaaaaattg	tttaaaccce	naaggtctga	ataccaagc	780
nccctgaacn	anagaacaan	gccggagcac	cccctcccaa	atcccc		826

<210> 603

<211> 817

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(817)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 603

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tcgtgcctag	ttttgcttta	atcacttgct	tgagaaatac	ataaatcccc	acttaagatt	180
agtgcaggca	tatctctggc	acccatttct	ggttctatta	aaattcctag	agatgtcaaa	240
aattacatta	ggccacctga	caggctatac	ctagaagaga	aaaaatgatt	tgtaaaagca	300
gtggggctat	ttgcgattgc	tttttttttt	tcttaaatat	cacctattag	gttgaaaacc	360
tgaaattgca	gctttctgta	gaaatggcgg	aagacaaact	aacattttta	aagcgctctc	420
atttagctct	gatgagtact	acacccctga	tattcttctg	atactaaaat	aattttccta	480
gtgtagtcta	aactttttta	aaaagacatg	taatccgcgg	agtttgtaac	tcaaaacgag	540
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<210> 604

<211> 694

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(694)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 604

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<222> (1)...(263)
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22

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<220>

<223> Primer

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22

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<211> 1350

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

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<400> 617

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Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu
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Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val
          65          70          75          80
Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu
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Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile
          100          105          110
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Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala Gly Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln
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Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly
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Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Val
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His Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Val Leu Val Ala Ser Arg Gly Arg Ala Val
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Cys Gly Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val Leu Thr Ala Ala His
          260          265          270
Cys Ile Arg Asn Lys Ser Val Ile Leu Leu Gly Arg His Ser Leu Phe
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His Pro Glu Asp Thr Gly Gln Val Phe Gln Val Ser His Ser Phe Pro
          290          295          300
His Pro Leu Tyr Asp Met Ser Leu Leu Lys Asn Arg Phe Leu Arg Pro
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Gly Asp Asp Ser Ser His Asp Leu Met Leu Leu Arg Leu Ser Glu Pro
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Ala Glu Leu Thr Asp Ala Val Lys Val Met Asp Leu Pro Thr Gln Glu
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Pro Ala Leu Gly Thr Thr Cys Tyr Ala Ser Gly Trp Gly Ser Ile Glu
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Pro Glu Glu Phe Leu Thr Pro Lys Lys Leu Gln Cys Val Asp Leu His
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Val Ile Ser Asn Asp Val Cys Ala Gln Val His Pro Gln Lys Val Thr
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Lys Phe Met Leu Cys Ala Gly Arg Trp Thr Gly Gly Lys Ser Trp Gly
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420 425 430
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<210> 618
 <211> 3923
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapien

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<212> DNA

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<210> 620

<211> 2051

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(2051)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 620

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<210> 621

<211> 2841

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(2841)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 621

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<211> 3228

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(3228)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

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<211> 4894

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 623

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<213> Homo sapiens

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<212> DNA

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<210> 627

<211> 123

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 627

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35 40 45

Leu Ser His Ser Val Ala Val Val Thr Ala Ser Ala Ala Leu Thr Gly
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Phe Thr Phe Ser Ala Leu Gln Ile Leu Pro Tyr Thr Leu Ala Ser Leu
65 70 75 80

Tyr His Arg Glu Lys Gln Val Leu Ile Gly Gln Trp Val Glu Ser Gly
85 90 95

Trp Glu Gly Trp Ser Gly Phe Leu Gly Gly Gln Leu Ala Gln Asn Leu
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Val Ser Gly Lys Gln Leu Trp Arg Met Leu Leu
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<210> 628

<211> 150

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 628

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Ala Ala Gly Ile Thr Tyr Val Pro Pro Leu Leu Leu Glu Val Gly Val
 35 40 45

Glu Glu Lys Phe Met Thr Met Val Leu Gly Glu Ser Leu His Pro Pro
 50 55 60

Ser Phe Leu Phe Gln Ile His Ala Thr Trp His Val Gly Gln Glu Tyr
 65 70 75 80

Leu Cys Pro Gly Ser Cys Leu Glu Gly Glu Val Val Cys Trp Glu Gly
 85 90 95

Ile Ala Gly Gln Glu Gly Asp Pro Gly Leu Arg Gly His Thr Lys Arg
 100 105 110

Lys Lys Arg Ile Pro Arg Thr Tyr Pro Ser His Leu Trp Ile Pro Gly
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Pro Ala Gln Ser Leu Ala His Arg Arg His Trp Arg Asn Ala Pro Asn
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Leu Trp Leu Ala Leu Leu
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<210> 629

<211> 371

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 629

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Leu Tyr Leu Ser Gln Pro Leu Thr His Thr Thr Ser Leu Leu Ala Gly
 20 25 30

Ile Gly Pro Val Leu Gly Leu Val Cys Val Pro Leu Leu Gly Ser Ala
 35 40 45

Ser Asp His Trp Arg Gly Arg Tyr Gly Arg Arg Arg Pro Phe Ile Trp
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 Ala Leu Ser Leu Gly Ile Leu Leu Ser Leu Phe Leu Ile Pro Arg Ala
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 Gly Trp Leu Ala Gly Leu Leu Cys Pro Asp Pro Arg Pro Leu Glu Leu
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 Ala Leu Leu Ile Leu Gly Val Gly Leu Leu Asp Phe Cys Gly Gln Val
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 Cys Phe Thr Pro Leu Glu Ala Leu Leu Ser Asp Leu Phe Arg Asp Pro
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 Asp His Cys Arg Gln Ala Tyr Ser Val Tyr Ala Phe Met Ile Ser Leu
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 Ala Leu Ala Pro Tyr Leu Gly Thr Gln Glu Glu Cys Leu Phe Gly Leu
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 Leu Thr Leu Ile Phe Leu Thr Cys Val Ala Ala Thr Leu Leu Val Ala
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 Glu Glu Ala Ala Leu Gly Pro Thr Glu Pro Ala Glu Gly Leu Ser Ala
 195 200 205
 Pro Ser Leu Ser Pro His Cys Cys Pro Cys Arg Ala Arg Leu Ala Phe
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 Arg Asn Leu Gly Ala Leu Leu Pro Arg Leu His Gln Leu Cys Cys Arg
 225 230 235 240
 Met Pro Arg Thr Leu Arg Arg Leu Phe Val Ala Glu Leu Cys Ser Trp
 245 250 255
 Met Ala Leu Met Thr Phe Thr Leu Phe Tyr Thr Asp Phe Val Gly Glu
 260 265 270
 Gly Leu Tyr Gln Gly Val Pro Arg Ala Glu Pro Gly Thr Glu Ala Arg
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 Arg His Tyr Asp Glu Gly Lys Ala Leu Ala Ala Ser Arg Gly Trp Cys
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 Gly Ser Arg Pro Pro Glu Thr Thr Leu Gly Ala Val Ser Gly Leu Val
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 Pro Leu His Pro Gly Pro Asp Phe Ser Val Arg Lys Val Gly Met Asp
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Gly Phe Arg Lys Ala Ser Gly Cys Ser Arg Ser Leu Ile Arg Val Val
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Ala Pro Val
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<210> 630
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 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

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<210> 631

<211> 3064

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 631

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<210> 632

<211> 684

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 632

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Ser Pro Val Phe Arg Arg Gly Gln Val Phe His Leu Arg Leu Val Leu
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Asn Gln Pro Leu Gln Ser Tyr His Gln Leu Lys Leu Glu Phe Ser Thr
      50                                55                    60

Gly Pro Asn Pro Ser Ile Ala Lys His Thr Leu Val Val Leu Asp Pro
      65                                70                    75                    80

Arg Thr Pro Ser Asp His Tyr Asn Trp Gln Ala Thr Leu Gln Asn Glu
      85                                90                    95

Ser Gly Lys Glu Val Thr Val Ala Val Thr Ser Ser Pro Asn Ala Ile
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Leu Gly Lys Tyr Gln Leu Asn Val Lys Thr Gly Asn His Ile Leu Lys
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Ser Glu Glu Asn Ile Leu Tyr Leu Leu Phe Asn Pro Trp Cys Lys Glu
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Asp Met Val Phe Met Pro Asp Glu Asp Glu Arg Lys Glu Tyr Ile Leu
      145                               150                   155                   160

Asn Asp Thr Gly Cys His Tyr Val Gly Ala Ala Arg Ser Ile Lys Cys
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Lys Pro Trp Asn Phe Gly Gln Phe Glu Lys Asn Val Leu Asp Cys Cys
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Ile Ser Leu Leu Thr Glu Ser Ser Leu Lys Pro Thr Asp Arg Arg Asp
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Pro Val Leu Val Cys Arg Ala Met Cys Ala Met Met Ser Phe Glu Lys
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Gly Gln Gly Val Leu Ile Gly Asn Trp Thr Gly Asp Tyr Glu Gly Gly

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Ala Ser Glu Val Phe Thr Ser Phe Gln Tyr Pro Glu Phe Ser Ile Glu
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Phe Lys Asn Thr Leu Ala Ile Pro Leu Thr Asp Val Lys Phe Ser Leu
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Glu Ser Leu Gly Ile Ser Ser Leu Gln Thr Ser Asp His Gly Thr Val
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Asn Gln Pro Leu Gln Ser Tyr His Gln Leu Lys Leu Glu Phe Ser Thr
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Arg Thr Pro Ser Asp His Tyr Asn Trp Gln Ala Thr Leu Gln Asn Glu
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Ser Gly Lys Glu Val Thr Val Ala Val Thr Ser Ser Pro Asn Ala Ile
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Leu Gly Lys Tyr Gln Leu Asn Val Lys Thr Gly Asn His Ile Leu Lys
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<213> Homo sapiens

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gaagcttggg gtggaagcaa ctgtctggag ctggcggtgg aggccacaga ccagcatttc 2100
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<210> 637

<211> 1095

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> VARIANT

<222> (1)...(1095)

<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 637

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Met Arg Asn Arg Arg Asn Asp Thr Leu Asp Ser Thr Arg Thr Leu Tyr
          5                      10                      15

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Ser Ser Ala Ser Arg Ser Thr Asp Leu Ser Tyr Ser Glu Ser Asp Leu
          20                      25                      30

```

```

Val Asn Phe Ile Gln Ala Asn Phe Lys Lys Arg Glu Cys Val Phe Phe
          35                      40                      45

```

```

Thr Lys Asp Ser Lys Ala Thr Glu Asn Val Cys Lys Cys Gly Tyr Ala
          50                      55                      60

```

```

Gln Ser Gln His Met Glu Gly Thr Gln Ile Asn Gln Ser Glu Lys Trp
          65                      70                      75                      80

```

```

Asn Tyr Lys Lys His Thr Lys Glu Phe Pro Thr Asp Ala Phe Gly Asp
          85                      90                      95

```

```

Ile Gln Phe Glu Thr Leu Gly Lys Lys Gly Lys Tyr Ile Arg Leu Ser

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255

100	105	110
Cys Asp Thr Asp Ala Glu Ile Leu Tyr Glu Leu Leu Thr Gln His Trp		
115	120	125
His Leu Lys Thr Pro Asn Leu Val Ile Ser Val Thr Gly Gly Ala Lys		
130	135	140
Asn Phe Ala Leu Lys Pro Arg Met Arg Lys Ile Phe Ser Arg Leu Ile		
145	150	155
Tyr Ile Ala Gln Ser Lys Gly Ala Trp Ile Leu Thr Gly Gly Thr His		
165	170	175
Tyr Gly Leu Met Lys Tyr Ile Gly Glu Val Val Arg Asp Asn Thr Ile		
180	185	190
Ser Arg Ser Ser Glu Glu Asn Ile Val Ala Ile Gly Ile Ala Ala Trp		
195	200	205
Gly Met Val Ser Asn Arg Asp Thr Leu Ile Arg Asn Cys Asp Ala Glu		
210	215	220
Gly Tyr Phe Leu Ala Gln Tyr Leu Met Asp Asp Phe Thr Arg Asp Pro		
225	230	235
Leu Tyr Ile Leu Asp Asn Asn His Thr His Leu Leu Leu Val Asp Asn		
245	250	255
Gly Cys His Gly His Pro Thr Val Glu Ala Lys Leu Arg Asn Gln Leu		
260	265	270
Glu Lys Tyr Ile Ser Glu Arg Thr Ile Gln Asp Ser Asn Tyr Gly Gly		
275	280	285
Lys Ile Pro Ile Val Cys Phe Ala Gln Gly Gly Gly Lys Glu Thr Leu		
290	295	300
Lys Ala Ile Asn Thr Ser Ile Lys Asn Lys Ile Pro Cys Val Val Val		
305	310	315
Glu Gly Ser Gly Gln Ile Ala Asp Val Ile Ala Ser Leu Val Glu Val		
325	330	335
Glu Asp Ala Leu Thr Ser Ser Ala Val Lys Glu Lys Leu Val Arg Phe		
340	345	350
Leu Pro Arg Thr Val Ser Arg Leu Pro Glu Glu Glu Thr Glu Ser Trp		
355	360	365
Ile Lys Trp Leu Lys Glu Ile Leu Glu Cys Ser His Leu Leu Thr Val		
370	375	380
Ile Lys Met Glu Glu Ala Gly Asp Glu Ile Val Ser Asn Ala Ile Ser		
385	390	395
Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Lys Ala Phe Ser Thr Ser Glu Gln Asp Lys Asp Asn		
405	410	415

Trp Asn Gly Gln Leu Lys Leu Leu Leu Glu Trp Asn Gln Leu Asp Leu
 420 425 430
 Ala Asn Asp Glu Ile Phe Thr Asn Asp Arg Arg Trp Glu Ser Ala Asp
 435 440 445
 Leu Gln Glu Val Met Phe Thr Ala Leu Ile Lys Asp Arg Pro Lys Phe
 450 455 460
 Val Arg Leu Phe Leu Glu Asn Gly Leu Asn Leu Arg Lys Phe Leu Thr
 465 470 475 480
 His Asp Val Leu Thr Glu Leu Phe Ser Asn His Phe Ser Thr Leu Val
 485 490 495
 Tyr Arg Asn Leu Gln Ile Ala Lys Asn Ser Tyr Asn Asp Ala Leu Leu
 500 505 510
 Thr Phe Val Trp Lys Leu Val Ala Asn Phe Arg Arg Gly Phe Arg Lys
 515 520 525
 Glu Asp Arg Asn Gly Arg Asp Glu Met Asp Ile Glu Leu His Asp Val
 530 535 540
 Ser Pro Ile Thr Arg His Pro Leu Gln Ala Leu Phe Ile Trp Ala Ile
 545 550 555 560
 Leu Gln Asn Lys Lys Glu Leu Ser Lys Val Ile Trp Glu Gln Thr Arg
 565 570 575
 Gly Cys Thr Leu Ala Ala Leu Gly Ala Ser Lys Leu Leu Lys Thr Leu
 580 585 590
 Ala Lys Val Lys Asn Asp Ile Asn Ala Ala Gly Glu Ser Glu Glu Leu
 595 600 605
 Ala Asn Glu Tyr Glu Thr Arg Ala Val Glu Leu Phe Thr Glu Cys Tyr
 610 615 620
 Ser Ser Asp Glu Asp Leu Ala Glu Gln Leu Leu Val Tyr Ser Cys Glu
 625 630 635 640
 Ala Trp Gly Gly Ser Asn Cys Leu Glu Leu Ala Val Glu Ala Thr Asp
 645 650 655
 Gln His Phe Ile Ala Gln Pro Gly Val Gln Asn Phe Leu Ser Lys Gln
 660 665 670
 Trp Tyr Gly Glu Ile Ser Arg Asp Thr Lys Asn Trp Lys Ile Ile Leu
 675 680 685
 Cys Leu Phe Ile Ile Pro Leu Val Gly Cys Gly Phe Val Ser Phe Arg
 690 695 700
 Lys Lys Pro Val Asp Lys His Lys Lys Leu Leu Trp Tyr Tyr Val Ala
 705 710 715 720

Phe Phe Thr Ser Pro Phe Val Val Phe Ser Trp Asn Val Val Phe Tyr
 725 730 735
 Ile Ala Phe Leu Leu Leu Phe Ala Tyr Val Leu Leu Met Asp Phe His
 740 745 750
 Ser Val Pro His Pro Pro Glu Leu Val Leu Tyr Ser Leu Val Phe Val
 755 760 765
 Leu Phe Cys Asp Glu Val Arg Gln Trp Tyr Val Asn Gly Val Asn Tyr
 770 775 780
 Phe Thr Asp Leu Trp Asn Val Met Asp Thr Leu Gly Leu Phe Tyr Phe
 785 790 795 800
 Ile Ala Gly Ile Val Phe Arg Leu His Ser Ser Asn Lys Ser Ser Leu
 805 810 815
 Tyr Ser Gly Arg Val Ile Phe Cys Leu Asp Tyr Ile Ile Phe Thr Leu
 820 825 830
 Arg Leu Ile His Ile Phe Thr Val Ser Arg Asn Leu Gly Pro Lys Ile
 835 840 845
 Ile Met Leu Gln Arg Met Leu Ile Asp Val Phe Phe Phe Leu Phe Leu
 850 855 860
 Phe Ala Xaa Trp Met Val Ala Phe Gly Val Ala Arg Gln Gly Ile Leu
 865 870 875 880
 Arg Gln Asn Glu Gln Arg Trp Arg Trp Ile Phe Arg Ser Val Ile Tyr
 885 890 895
 Glu Pro Tyr Leu Ala Met Phe Gly Gln Val Pro Ser Asp Val Asp Gly
 900 905 910
 Thr Thr Tyr Asp Phe Ala His Cys Thr Phe Thr Gly Asn Glu Ser Lys
 915 920 925
 Pro Leu Cys Val Glu Leu Asp Glu His Asn Leu Pro Arg Phe Pro Glu
 930 935 940
 Trp Ile Thr Ile Pro Leu Val Cys Ile Tyr Met Leu Ser Thr Asn Ile
 945 950 955 960
 Leu Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Val Ala Met Phe Gly Tyr Thr Val Gly Thr
 965 970 975
 Val Gln Glu Asn Asn Asp Gln Val Trp Lys Phe Gln Arg Tyr Phe Leu
 980 985 990
 Val Gln Glu Tyr Cys Ser Arg Leu Asn Ile Pro Phe Pro Phe Ile Val
 995 1000 1005
 Phe Ala Tyr Phe Tyr Met Val Val Lys Lys Cys Phe Lys Cys Cys Cys
 1010 1015 1020
 Lys Glu Lys Asn Met Glu Ser Ser Val Cys Cys Phe Lys Asn Glu Asp

1025	1030	1035	1040
Asn Glu Thr Leu Ala Trp Glu Gly Val Met Lys Glu Asn Tyr Leu Val			
	1045	1050	1055
Lys Ile Asn Thr Lys Ala Asn Asp Thr Ser Glu Glu Met Arg His Arg			
	1060	1065	1070
Phe Arg Gln Leu Asp Thr Lys Leu Asn Asp Leu Lys Gly Leu Leu Lys			
	1075	1080	1085
Glu Ile Ala Asn Lys Ile Lys			
	1090	1095	

<210> 638
 <211> 15
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 638
 Arg Met Pro Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser
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<210> 639
 <211> 45
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 639
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<210> 640
 <211> 45
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 640
 gagccagggga gccagatggt ggaggccagc ctctccgtac ggcac 45

<210> 641
 <211> 45
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 641
 gaggccgacc aagagccagg gagccagatg gtggaggcca gcctc 45

<210> 642
 <211> 45
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 642
 ggctgcaca gtcttgaggc cgaccaagag ccagggagcc agatg 45

<210> 643

<211> 45

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 643

tacaccatcg ggctgggcct gcacagtctt gaggccgacc aagag

45

<210> 644

<211> 42

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 644

ttccagaact cctacaccat cgggctgggc ctgcacagtc tt

42

<210> 645

<211> 45

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 645

ctgtcagccg cacactgttt ccagaactcc tacaccatcg ggctg

45

<210> 646

<211> 45

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 646

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45

<210> 647

<211> 45

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 647

tcgggcgtcc tgggtgcatcc gcagtgggtg ctgtcagccg cacac

45

<210> 648

<211> 45

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 648

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45

<210> 649

<211> 45

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 649

gcactggtca tggaaaacga attgttctgc tcgggcgtcc tgggtg

45

<210> 650

<211> 51

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 650

tcgcagccct ggcaggcggc actggtcatg gaaaacgaat tgttctgctc g 51

<210> 651

<211> 45

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 651

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<211> 45

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

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<211> 45

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

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<210> 654

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<400> 654

aacgacctca tgctcatcaa gttggacgaa tccgtgtccg agtct 45

<210> 655

<211> 45

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 655

agacccttgc tcgctaacga cctcatgctc atcaagttgg acgaa 45

<210> 656

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 656

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10

15

<210> 657

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 657

Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu Ala Ser Leu
5 10 15

<210> 658

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 658

Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met
5 10 15

<210> 659

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 659

Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu
5 10 15

<210> 660

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 660

Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly Leu His Ser Leu
5 10

<210> 661

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 661

Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu
5 10 15

<210> 662

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 662

His Pro Gln Trp Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser
5 10 15

<210> 663
<211> 15
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 663
Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His
5 10 15

<210> 664
<211> 15
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 664
Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val
5 10 15

<210> 665
<211> 15
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 665
Ala Leu Val Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val
5 10 15

<210> 666
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 666
Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu Val Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys
5 10 15

Ser

<210> 667
<211> 15
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 667
Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly Asn Ser Cys Leu
5 10 15

<210> 668
<211> 15
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

263

<400> 668

Ser Val Ser Glu Ser Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser
 5 10 15

<210> 669

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 669

Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser
 5 10 15

<210> 670

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 670

Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser
 5 10 15

<210> 671

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 671

Arg Pro Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu
 5 10 15

<210> 672

<211> 35

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> PCR primer

<400> 672

ggaccagcat atgaggaaca gaaggaatga cactc

35

<210> 673

<211> 29

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> PCR primer

<400> 673

ccgctcgagt ccacccaag cttcacagg

29

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<210> 675
<211> 652
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
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<400> 675
Met Arg Asn Arg Arg Asn Asp Thr Leu Asp Ser Thr Arg Thr Leu Tyr
          5          10          15

Ser Ser Ala Ser Arg Ser Thr Asp Leu Ser Tyr Ser Glu Ser Asp Leu
          20          25          30

Val Asn Phe Ile Gln Ala Asn Phe Lys Lys Arg Glu Cys Val Phe Phe
      35          40          45

Thr Lys Asp Ser Lys Ala Thr Glu Asn Val Cys Lys Cys Gly Tyr Ala
      50          55          60

```

Gln	Ser	Gln	His	Met	Glu	Gly	Thr	Gln	Ile	Asn	Gln	Ser	Glu	Lys	Trp	65	70	75	80
Asn	Tyr	Lys	Lys	His	Thr	Lys	Glu	Phe	Pro	Thr	Asp	Ala	Phe	Gly	Asp	85	90	95	
Ile	Gln	Phe	Glu	Thr	Leu	Gly	Lys	Lys	Gly	Lys	Tyr	Ile	Arg	Leu	Ser	100	105	110	
Cys	Asp	Thr	Asp	Ala	Glu	Ile	Leu	Tyr	Glu	Leu	Leu	Thr	Gln	His	Trp	115	120	125	
His	Leu	Lys	Thr	Pro	Asn	Leu	Val	Ile	Ser	Val	Thr	Gly	Gly	Ala	Lys	130	135	140	
Asn	Phe	Ala	Leu	Lys	Pro	Arg	Met	Arg	Lys	Ile	Phe	Ser	Arg	Leu	Ile	145	150	155	160
Tyr	Ile	Ala	Gln	Ser	Lys	Gly	Ala	Trp	Ile	Leu	Thr	Gly	Gly	Thr	His	165	170	175	
Tyr	Gly	Leu	Met	Lys	Tyr	Ile	Gly	Glu	Val	Val	Arg	Asp	Asn	Thr	Ile	180	185	190	
Ser	Arg	Ser	Ser	Glu	Glu	Asn	Ile	Val	Ala	Ile	Gly	Ile	Ala	Ala	Trp	195	200	205	
Gly	Met	Val	Ser	Asn	Arg	Asp	Thr	Leu	Ile	Arg	Asn	Cys	Asp	Ala	Glu	210	215	220	
Gly	Tyr	Phe	Leu	Ala	Gln	Tyr	Leu	Met	Asp	Asp	Phe	Thr	Arg	Asp	Pro	225	230	235	240
Leu	Tyr	Ile	Leu	Asp	Asn	Asn	His	Thr	His	Leu	Leu	Leu	Val	Asp	Asn	245	250	255	
Gly	Cys	His	Gly	His	Pro	Thr	Val	Glu	Ala	Lys	Leu	Arg	Asn	Gln	Leu	260	265	270	
Glu	Lys	Tyr	Ile	Ser	Glu	Arg	Thr	Ile	Gln	Asp	Ser	Asn	Tyr	Gly	Gly	275	280	285	
Lys	Ile	Pro	Ile	Val	Cys	Phe	Ala	Gln	Gly	Gly	Gly	Lys	Glu	Thr	Leu	290	295	300	
Lys	Ala	Ile	Asn	Thr	Ser	Ile	Lys	Asn	Lys	Ile	Pro	Cys	Val	Val	Val	305	310	315	320
Glu	Gly	Ser	Gly	Gln	Ile	Ala	Asp	Val	Ile	Ala	Ser	Leu	Val	Glu	Val	325	330	335	
Glu	Asp	Ala	Leu	Thr	Ser	Ser	Ala	Val	Lys	Glu	Lys	Leu	Val	Arg	Phe	340	345	350	
Leu	Pro	Arg	Thr	Val	Ser	Arg	Leu	Pro	Glu	Glu	Glu	Thr	Glu	Ser	Trp	355	360	365	
Ile	Lys	Trp	Leu	Lys	Glu	Ile	Leu	Glu	Cys	Ser	His	Leu	Leu	Thr	Val				

370	375	380
Ile Lys Met Glu Glu Ala Gly Asp Glu Ile Val Ser Asn Ala Ile Ser 385 390 395 400		
Tyr Ala Leu Tyr Lys Ala Phe Ser Thr Ser Glu Gln Asp Lys Asp Asn 405 410 415		
Trp Asn Gly Gln Leu Lys Leu Leu Leu Glu Trp Asn Gln Leu Asp Leu 420 425 430		
Ala Asn Asp Glu Ile Phe Thr Asn Asp Arg Arg Trp Glu Ser Ala Asp 435 440 445		
Leu Gln Glu Val Met Phe Thr Ala Leu Ile Lys Asp Arg Pro Lys Phe 450 455 460		
Val Arg Leu Phe Leu Glu Asn Gly Leu Asn Leu Arg Lys Phe Leu Thr 465 470 475 480		
His Asp Val Leu Thr Glu Leu Phe Ser Asn His Phe Ser Thr Leu Val 485 490 495		
Tyr Arg Asn Leu Gln Ile Ala Lys Asn Ser Tyr Asn Asp Ala Leu Leu 500 505 510		
Thr Phe Val Trp Lys Leu Val Ala Asn Phe Arg Arg Gly Phe Arg Lys 515 520 525		
Glu Asp Arg Asn Gly Arg Asp Glu Met Asp Ile Glu Leu His Asp Val 530 535 540		
Ser Pro Ile Thr Arg His Pro Leu Gln Ala Leu Phe Ile Trp Ala Ile 545 550 555 560		
Leu Gln Asn Lys Lys Glu Leu Ser Lys Val Ile Trp Glu Gln Thr Arg 565 570 575		
Gly Cys Thr Leu Ala Ala Leu Gly Ala Ser Lys Leu Leu Lys Thr Leu 580 585 590		
Ala Lys Val Lys Asn Asp Ile Asn Ala Ala Gly Glu Ser Glu Glu Leu 595 600 605		
Ala Asn Glu Tyr Glu Thr Arg Ala Val Glu Leu Phe Thr Glu Cys Tyr 610 615 620		
Ser Ser Asp Glu Asp Leu Ala Glu Gln Leu Leu Val Tyr Ser Cys Glu 625 630 635 640		
Ala Trp Gly Gly Leu Glu His His His His His His 645 650		

<210> 676

<211> 132

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 676

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Thr Ala Ala Ser Asp Asn Phe Gln Leu Ser Gln Gly Gly Gln Gly Phe
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Ala Ile Pro Ile Gly Gln Ala Met Ala Ile Ala Gly Gln Ile Arg Ser
20          25          30
Gly Gly Gly Ser Pro Thr Val His Ile Gly Pro Thr Ala Phe Leu Gly
35          40          45
Leu Gly Val Val Asp Asn Asn Gly Asn Gly Ala Arg Val Gln Arg Val
50          55          60
Val Gly Ser Ala Pro Ala Ala Ser Leu Gly Ile Ser Thr Gly Asp Val
65          70          75          80
Ile Thr Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Pro Ile Asn Ser Ala Thr Ala Met Ala
85          90          95
Asp Ala Leu Asn Gly His His Pro Gly Asp Val Ile Ser Val Asn Trp
100         105         110
Gln Thr Lys Ser Gly Gly Thr Arg Thr Gly Asn Val Thr Leu Ala Glu
115         120         125
Gly Pro Pro Ala
130

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<210> 677

<211> 36

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> PCR primer

<400> 677

ggggaattca tgatccggga gaaatttgcc cactgc

36

<210> 678

<211> 33

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> PCR primer

<400> 678

gggctcgagt caggagtttg agaccagcct ggc

33

<210> 679

<211> 675

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 679

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atgcatacc atcaccatca cagggcgcgcg tccgataact tccagctgtc ccagggtggg 60
cagggatctg ccattccgat cgggcaggcg atggcgatcg cgggccagat caagcttccc 120

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accgttcata tggggcctac cgccttcctc ggcttgggtg ttgtcgacaa caacggcaac 180
ggcgacagag tocaacgcgt ggtcgggagc gctccggcgg caagtctcgg catctccacc 240
ggcgacgtga tcaccgcggt cgaaggcgct ccgatcaact cggccaccgc gatggcggac 300
gcgcttaacg ggcacatcc cgggtgacgtc atctcgggtga cctggcaaac caagtcgggc 360
ggcacgcgta cagggaacgt gacattggcc gagggacccc cggccgaatt catgatccgg 420
gagaaatttg cccactgcac cgtgctaacc attgcacaca gattgaacac cattattgac 480
agcgacaaga taatggtttt agattcagga agactgaaag aatatgatga gccgtatggt 540
ttgctgcaaa ataaagagag cctatttttac aagatggtgc aacaactggg caaggcagaa 600
gccgctgccc tcaactgaaac agcaaaacag agatgggggtt tcaccatggt ggccaggctg 660
gtctcaaaact cctga 675

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<210> 680

<211> 291

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 680

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atggggatcc gggagaaatt tgcccactgc accgtgctaa ccattgcaca cagattgaac 60
accattattg acagcgacaa gataatgggt ttagattcag gaagactgaa agaatatgat 120
gagccgtatg ttttgctgca aaataaagag agcctatttt acaagatggt gcaacaactg 180
ggcaaggcag aagccgctgc cctcactgaa acagcaaaac agagatgggg ttccaccatg 240
ttggccaggc tgggtcctaaa ctccctcgag caccaccacc accaccactg a 291

```

<210> 681

<211> 1074

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 681

```

atgtcagcca ttgagagggt gtcagaggca atcgtcagca tccgaagaat ccagaccttt 60
ttgctacttg atgagataatc acagcgcaac cgtcagctgc cgtcagatgg taaaaagatg 120
gtgcatgtgc aggatttttac tgcttttttg gataaggcat cagagacccc aactctacaa 180
ggcctttcct ttactgtcag acctggcgaa ttgttagctg tggtcggccc cgtggggagca 240
gggaagtcac cactgttaag tgccgtgtc ggggaattgg cccaagtca cgggctgggtc 300
agcgtgcatg gaagaattgc ctatgtgtct cagcagccct ggggtgttctc gggaactctg 360
aggagtaata ttttatttgg gaagaaatac gaaaaggaaac gatatgaaaa agtcataaag 420
gcttgtgtctc tgaaaaaagga tttacagctg ttggaggatg gtgatctgac tgtgatagga 480
gatcggggaa ccacgctgag tggagggcag aaagcacggg taaaccttgc aagagcagtg 540
tatcaagatg ctgacatcta tctcctggac gatcctctca gtgcagtaga tgcggaagtt 600
agcagacact tgttcgaact gtgtatttgc caatttttgc atgagaagat cacaatttta 660
gtgactcatc agttgcagta cctcaaagct gcaagtcaga ttctgatatt gaaagatggt 720
aaaatggtgc agaaggggac ttacactgag ttcctaaaat ctggtataga ttttggctcc 780
cttttaaaaga aggataatga ggaaagtga caacctccag ttccaggaaac tcccacacta 840
aggaatcgta ctttctcaga gtcttcggtt tgggtctcaac aatcttctag accctccttg 900
aaagatggtg ctctggagag ccaagataca gagaatgtcc cagttacact atcagaggag 960
aaccgttctg aaggaaaagt tggttttcag gcctataaga attacttcag agctggtgct 1020
cactggattg tcttcatttt ctttatttctc gagcaccacc accaccacca ctga 1074

```

<210> 682

<211> 224

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 682

```

Met His His His His His Thr Ala Ala Ser Asp Asn Phe Gln Leu
      5                                10                        15

```

```

Ser Gln Gly Gly Gln Gly Phe Ala Ile Pro Ile Gly Gln Ala Met Ala

```

20	25	30
Ile Ala Gly Gln Ile Lys Leu Pro Thr Val His Ile Gly Pro Thr Ala		
35	40	45
Phe Leu Gly Leu Gly Val Val Asp Asn Asn Gly Asn Gly Ala Arg Val		
50	55	60
Gln Arg Val Val Gly Ser Ala Pro Ala Ala Ser Leu Gly Ile Ser Thr		
65	70	75
Gly Asp Val Ile Thr Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Pro Ile Asn Ser Ala Thr		
85	90	95
Ala Met Ala Asp Ala Leu Asn Gly His His Pro Gly Asp Val Ile Ser		
100	105	110
Val Thr Trp Gln Thr Lys Ser Gly Gly Thr Arg Thr Gly Asn Val Thr		
115	120	125
Leu Ala Glu Gly Pro Pro Ala Glu Phe Met Ile Arg Glu Lys Phe Ala		
130	135	140
His Cys Thr Val Leu Thr Ile Ala His Arg Leu Asn Thr Ile Ile Asp		
145	150	155
Ser Asp Lys Ile Met Val Leu Asp Ser Gly Arg Leu Lys Glu Tyr Asp		
165	170	175
Glu Pro Tyr Val Leu Leu Gln Asn Lys Glu Ser Leu Phe Tyr Lys Met		
180	185	190
Val Gln Gln Leu Gly Lys Ala Glu Ala Ala Ala Leu Thr Glu Thr Ala		
195	200	205
Lys Gln Arg Trp Gly Phe Thr Met Leu Ala Arg Leu Val Ser Asn Ser		
210	215	220

<210> 683

<211> 357

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 683

Met Ser Ala Ile Glu Arg Val Ser Glu Ala Ile Val Ser Ile Arg Arg
5 10 15

Ile Gln Thr Phe Leu Leu Leu Asp Glu Ile Ser Gln Arg Asn Arg Gln
20 25 30

Leu Pro Ser Asp Gly Lys Lys Met Val His Val Gln Asp Phe Thr Ala
35 40 45

Phe Trp Asp Lys Ala Ser Glu Thr Pro Thr Leu Gln Gly Leu Ser Phe

270

50	55	60
Thr Val Arg Pro Gly Glu Leu Leu Ala Val Val Gly Pro Val Gly Ala 65 70 75 80		
Gly Lys Ser Ser Leu Leu Ser Ala Val Leu Gly Glu Leu Ala Pro Ser 85 90 95		
His Gly Leu Val Ser Val His Gly Arg Ile Ala Tyr Val Ser Gln Gln 100 105 110		
Pro Trp Val Phe Ser Gly Thr Leu Arg Ser Asn Ile Leu Phe Gly Lys 115 120 125		
Lys Tyr Glu Lys Glu Arg Tyr Glu Lys Val Ile Lys Ala Cys Ala Leu 130 135 140		
Lys Lys Asp Leu Gln Leu Leu Glu Asp Gly Asp Leu Thr Val Ile Gly 145 150 155 160		
Asp Arg Gly Thr Thr Leu Ser Gly Gly Gln Lys Ala Arg Val Asn Leu 165 170 175		
Ala Arg Ala Val Tyr Gln Asp Ala Asp Ile Tyr Leu Leu Asp Asp Pro 180 185 190		
Leu Ser Ala Val Asp Ala Glu Val Ser Arg His Leu Phe Glu Leu Cys 195 200 205		
Ile Cys Gln Ile Leu His Glu Lys Ile Thr Ile Leu Val Thr His Gln 210 215 220		
Leu Gln Tyr Leu Lys Ala Ala Ser Gln Ile Leu Ile Leu Lys Asp Gly 225 230 235 240		
Lys Met Val Gln Lys Gly Thr Tyr Thr Glu Phe Leu Lys Ser Gly Ile 245 250 255		
Asp Phe Gly Ser Leu Leu Lys Lys Asp Asn Glu Glu Ser Glu Gln Pro 260 265 270		
Pro Val Pro Gly Thr Pro Thr Leu Arg Asn Arg Thr Phe Ser Glu Ser 275 280 285		
Ser Val Trp Ser Gln Gln Ser Ser Arg Pro Ser Leu Lys Asp Gly Ala 290 295 300		
Leu Glu Ser Gln Asp Thr Glu Asn Val Pro Val Thr Leu Ser Glu Glu 305 310 315 320		
Asn Arg Ser Glu Gly Lys Val Gly Phe Gln Ala Tyr Lys Asn Tyr Phe 325 330 335		
Arg Ala Gly Ala His Trp Ile Val Phe Ile Phe Leu Ile Leu Glu His 340 345 350		
His His His His His 355		

<210> 684
 <211> 96
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 684
 Met Gly Ile Arg Glu Lys Phe Ala His Cys Thr Val Leu Thr Ile Ala
 5 10 15
 His Arg Leu Asn Thr Ile Ile Asp Ser Asp Lys Ile Met Val Leu Asp
 20 25 30
 Ser Gly Arg Leu Lys Glu Tyr Asp Glu Pro Tyr Val Leu Leu Gln Asn
 35 40 45
 Lys Glu Ser Leu Phe Tyr Lys Met Val Gln Gln Leu Gly Lys Ala Glu
 50 55 60
 Ala Ala Ala Leu Thr Glu Thr Ala Lys Gln Arg Trp Gly Phe Thr Met
 65 70 75 80
 Leu Ala Arg Leu Val Ser Asn Ser Leu Glu His His His His His His
 85 90 95

<210> 685
 <211> 35
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> PCR primer

<400> 685
 cgcccatggg gatccgggag aaatttgccc actgc 35

<210> 686
 <211> 35
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> PCR primer

<400> 686
 cgcctcgagg gagtttgaga ccagcctggc caaca 35

<210> 687
 <211> 38
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> PCR primer

<400> 687
gcatggacca tatgtcagcc attgagaggg tgtcagag

38

<210> 688
<211> 34
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> PCR primer

<400> 688
ccgctcgaga ataaggaaaa tgaagacaat ccag

34

<210> 689
<211> 27
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> PCR primer

<400> 689
gttgaattca tgcacggggcc ccaggtg

27

<210> 690
<211> 30
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> PCR primer

<400> 690
cccctcgagt cactatgggtc tgcctcttga

30

<210> 691
<211> 915
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 691
atgcatcacc atcaccatca cacggccgcy tccgataact tccagctgtc ccagggtggg 60
cagggattcg ccattccgat cgggcaggcy atggcgatcg cgggccagat caagcttccc 120
accgttcata tcggggcctac cgccttcctc ggcttggttg ttgtcgacaa caacggcaac 180
ggcgcacgag tccaacgcgt ggtcgggagc gctccggcgg caagtctcgg catctccacc 240
ggcgacgtga tcaccgcgtg cgacggcgct ccgatcaact cggccaccgc gatggcggac 300
gcgcttaacg ggcacatccc cggtgacgtc atctcgggtga cctggcaaac caagtcgggc 360
ggcacgcgta cagggaacgt gacattggcc gagggacccc cggccgaatt catgcaoggg 420
cccaggtgc tggcacgctg ctccgagtg gcttgctctg ccttggctgc cacctctgcg 480
ggggtgcgtc tggagggggt ggaccggcca ccaaccttac ccagtcaagg aagtggatgg 540
ccatgttccc acagcctgag tggctgccac ctgatggctg atggagcaaa ggccttagga 600
aaagcagatg gcccttggcc ctacctttt gttagaagaa ctgatgttcc atgtcctgca 660
gcgagtgagg ttggtggctg tgccccagc tcctggcgcg ccctcgaga ggtgactggt 720

<213> Homo sapiens

Met His His His His His Thr Ala Ala Ser Asp Asn Phe Gln Leu
5 10 15

Ser Gln Gly Gly Gln Gly Phe Ala Ile Pro Ile Gly Gln Ala Met Ala
20 25 30

Ile Ala Gly Gln Ile Lys Leu Pro Thr Val His Ile Gly Pro Thr Ala
35 40 45

Phe Leu Gly Leu Gly Val Val Asp Asn Asn Gly Asn Gly Ala Arg Val
50 55 60

Gln Arg Val Val Gly Ser Ala Pro Ala Ala Ser Leu Gly Ile Ser Thr
65 70 75 80

Gly Asp Val Ile Thr Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Pro Ile Asn Ser Ala Thr
85 90 95

Ala Met Ala Asp Ala Leu Asn Gly His His Pro Gly Asp Val Ile Ser
100 105 110

Val	Thr	Trp	Gln	Thr	Lys	Ser	Gly	Gly	Thr	Arg	Thr	Gly	Asn	Val	Thr
		115					120					125			

Leu Ala Glu Gly Pro Pro Ala Glu Phe Met His Gly Pro Gln Val Leu
130 135 140

Ala Arg Cys Ser Glu Cys Ala Cys Pro Ala Leu Ala Ala Thr Ser Ala
145 150 155 160

Gly Val Arg Leu Glu Gly Val Asp Arg Pro Pro Thr Leu Pro Ser Gln
165 170 175

Gly Ser Gly Trp Pro Cys Ser His Ser Leu Ser Gly Cys His Leu Met
180 185 190

Ala Asp Gly Ala Lys Ala Leu Gly Lys Ala Asp Gly Pro Trp Pro Tyr
195 200 205

Leu Phe Val Arg Arg Thr Asp Val Pro Cys Pro Ala Ala Ser Glu Val
210 215 220

Gly Gly Cys Ala Pro Ser Ser Trp Arg Ala Leu Ala Glu Val Thr Gly
225 230 235 240

Cys Ser Leu Gly Pro Leu Gly Leu Ala Gln His Ala Gln Ala Ser Val
245 250 255

Leu Leu Leu Cys Tyr Lys Trp Ser His Ile Gly Glu Thr Ser Ser His
260 265 270

Leu Arg Ser Lys Val Tyr Ala Ala Phe Gly Gly Ser Ser Pro Cys Leu
275 280 285

Lys Gly Leu Met Ser Leu Trp Ala Ser Trp Leu Ser Arg Gly Arg Pro
290 295 300

```
<210> 693
<211> 24
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
```

<220>
<223> PCR primer

<400> 693
cgaagtcacg tggaggccag cctc

```
<210> 694
<211> 29
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
```

<220>
<223> PCR primer

```
<400> 694
cctgaccgaa ttcattaact ggcctggac
```

```
<210> 695
<211> 166
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
```

```
<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (1)...(166)
<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid
```

<400> 695																
Met	Gly	His	His	His	His	His	His	Val	Glu	Ala	Ser	Leu	Ser	Val	Arg	
1				5					10					15		
His	Pro	Glu	Tyr	Asn	Arg	Pro	Leu	Leu	Ala	Asn	Asp	Leu	Met	Leu	Ile	
			20					25					30			
Lys	Leu	Asp	Glu	Ser	Val	Ser	Glu	Ser	Asp	Thr	Ile	Arg	Ser	Ile	Ser	
		35					40					45				
Ile	Ala	Ser	Gln	Cys	Pro	Thr	Ala	Gly	Asn	Ser	Cys	Leu	Val	Ser	Gly	
	50					55					60					
Trp	Gly	Leu	Leu	Ala	Asn	Gly	Arg	Met	Pro	Thr	Val	Leu	Gln	Cys	Val	
65					70					75					80	
Asn	Val	Ser	Val	Val	Ser	Glu	Glu	Val	Cys	Ser	Lys	Leu	Tyr	Asp	Pro	

275

	85		90		95
Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala Gly Gly Gln Xaa Gln Xaa					
	100		105		110
Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr					
	115		120		125
Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly					
	130		135		140
Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu					
	145		150		155
Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser					160
	165				

<210> 696

<211> 504

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(504)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 696

atgggccaac	atcatcatca	tcacgtggag	gccagcctct	ccgtacggca	cccagagtac	60
aacagaccct	tgctcgctaa	cgacctcatg	ctcatcaagt	tggtacgaatc	cggtgtccgag	120
tctgacacca	tccggagcat	cagcattgct	tcgcagtgcc	ctaccgcggg	gaaactcttg	180
ctcgtttctg	gctgggggtct	gctggcgaac	ggcagaatgc	ctaccgtgct	gcagtgcgtg	240
aacgtgtcgg	tggtgtctga	ggaggtctgc	agtaagctct	atgaccgcgt	gtaccacccc	300
agcatgttct	gcgccggcgg	agggcaanac	cagaangact	cctgcaacgg	tgactctggg	360
gggcccctga	tctgcaacgg	gtacttgacg	ggccttggtg	ctttcggaaa	agccccgtgt	420
ggccaagttg	gcgtgccagg	tgtctacacc	aacctctgca	aattcactga	gtggatagag	480
aaaaccgtcc	aggccagtta	atga				504

<210> 697

<211> 21

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> PCR primer

<400> 697

ctcagggttc cggagccgcg g 21

<210> 698

<211> 35

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> PCR primer

<400> 698

ctatagaatt cattaccaa aagctgggct ccagc 35

<210> 699

<211> 241
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 699

Met	Gln	His	His	His	His	His	His	Leu	Arg	Val	Pro	Glu	Pro	Arg	Pro
1				5					10					15	
Gly	Glu	Ala	Lys	Ala	Glu	Gly	Ala	Ala	Pro	Pro	Thr	Pro	Ser	Lys	Pro
			20					25					30		
Leu	Thr	Ser	Phe	Leu	Ile	Gln	Asp	Ile	Leu	Arg	Asp	Gly	Ala	Gln	Arg
		35					40					45			
Gln	Gly	Gly	Arg	Thr	Ser	Ser	Gln	Arg	Gln	Arg	Asp	Pro	Glu	Pro	Glu
	50					55					60				
Pro	Glu	Pro	Glu	Pro	Glu	Gly	Gly	Arg	Ser	Arg	Ala	Gly	Ala	Gln	Asn
65					70					75					80
Asp	Gln	Leu	Ser	Thr	Gly	Pro	Arg	Ala	Ala	Pro	Glu	Glu	Ala	Glu	Thr
			85						90					95	
Leu	Ala	Glu	Thr	Glu	Pro	Glu	Arg	His	Leu	Gly	Ser	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Asp
			100					105					110		
Ser	Glu	Asn	Thr	Ser	Gly	Ala	Leu	Pro	Arg	Leu	Pro	Gln	Thr	Pro	Lys
		115					120					125			
Gln	Pro	Gln	Lys	Arg	Ser	Arg	Ala	Ala	Phe	Ser	His	Thr	Gln	Val	Ile
	130					135					140				
Glu	Leu	Glu	Arg	Lys	Phe	Ser	His	Gln	Lys	Tyr	Leu	Ser	Ala	Pro	Glu
145					150					155					160
Arg	Ala	His	Leu	Ala	Lys	Asn	Leu	Lys	Leu	Thr	Glu	Thr	Gln	Val	Lys
			165						170					175	
Ile	Trp	Phe	Gln	Asn	Arg	Arg	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Lys	Arg	Lys	Gln	Leu	Ser
		180					185						190		
Ser	Glu	Leu	Gly	Asp	Leu	Glu	Lys	His	Ser	Ser	Leu	Pro	Ala	Leu	Lys
	195						200					205			
Glu	Glu	Ala	Phe	Ser	Arg	Ala	Ser	Leu	Val	Ser	Val	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Tyr
	210					215					220				
Pro	Tyr	Tyr	Pro	Tyr	Leu	Tyr	Cys	Val	Gly	Ser	Trp	Ser	Pro	Ala	Phe
225					230					235					240
Trp															

<210> 700
 <211> 729
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 700

atgcagcatc	accaccatca	ccacctcagg	gttccggagc	cgcggcccg	ggaggcgaaa	60
gcgaggggg	ccgcgcgcgc	gaccccgctc	aagccgctca	cgctcttct	catccaggac	120
atcctgcggg	acggcgcgca	gcggaaggc	ggccgcacga	gcagccagag	acagcgcgac	180
ccggagccgg	agccagagcc	agagccagag	ggaggacgca	gccgcgccg	ggcgcagaac	240
gaccagctga	gcaccgggccc	ccgcgcgcgc	ccggatgagg	ccgagacgct	ggcagagacc	300
gagccagaaa	ggcacttggg	gtcttatctg	ttggactctg	aaaacacttc	agcgccctt	360
ccaaggcttc	cccaaacc	taagcagccg	cagaagcgct	cccagctgc	cttctccac	420
actcaggtga	tcgagttgga	gaggaagttc	agccatcaga	agtacgtgc	ggcccctgaa	480
cgggcccacc	tgccaagaa	cctcaagctc	acggagaccc	aagtgaagat	atggttcag	540
aacagacgct	ataagactaa	gcgaaagcag	ctctcctcgg	agctgggaga	cttgaggaa	600
cactcctttt	tgccggccct	gaaagaggag	gccttctccc	gggcctccct	ggtctccgtg	660
tataacagct	atccttacta	cccatacctg	cactgcgtgg	gcagctggag	cccagctttt	720
tggtaatga						729

<210> 701
 <211> 27
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> PCR primer

<400> 701
 ctactaagcg ctggagtggag ggatcag

27

<210> 702
 <211> 33
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> PCR primer

<400> 702
 catcgagaat tcactactct ctgactagat gtc

33

<210> 703
 <211> 161
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 703
 Met Gln His His His His His Ala Gly Val Arg Asp Gln Gly Gln
 1 5 10 15
 Gly Ala Arg Trp Pro His Thr Gly Lys Arg Gly Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly
 20 25 30
 Leu Thr Trp Ala Thr Gly Gly His Cys Phe Ser Ser Glu Glu Ser Gly
 35 40 45
 Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Gly Gln Lys Lys Asp Arg Ala Trp Leu Arg Cys
 50 55 60
 Pro Glu Ala Val Ala Gly Phe Pro Leu Gly Ser Asp Cys Arg Glu Gly
 65 70 75 80
 Gly Arg Gln Gly Cys Gly Gly Ser Asp Asp Glu Asp Asp Leu Gly Val
 85 90 95
 Ala Pro Gly Leu Ala Pro Ala Trp Ala Leu Thr Gln Pro Pro Ser Gln
 100 105 110
 Ser Pro Gly Pro Gln Ser Leu Pro Ser Thr Pro Ser Ser Ile Trp Pro
 115 120 125
 Gln Trp Val Ile Leu Ile Thr Glu Leu Thr Ile Pro Ser Pro Ala His
 130 135 140
 Gly Pro Pro Trp Leu Pro Asn Ala Leu Glu Arg Gly His Leu Val Arg
 145 150 155 160
 Glu

<210> 704
 <211> 489
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

278

```

<400> 704
atgcagcatc accaccatca ccacgctgga gtgagggatc aggggagagg cgcgagatgg      60
cctcacacag ggaagagagg gccctcctg cagggcctca cctgggccac aggaggacac      120
tgcttttccct ctgaggagtc aggagctgtg gatgggtctg gacagaagaa ggacagggcc      180
tggtcaggt gtccagaggc tgtcgctggc ttccctttgg gatcagactg caggagaggga      240
ggcgggcagg gttgtggggg gaggtagcat gaggatgacc tgggggtggc tccaggcctt      300
gccctgcct gggccctcac ccagcctccc tcacagtctc ctggccctca gtctctcccc      360
tccactccat cctccatctg gctcagtggt gtcattctga tcaactgaact gaccataccc      420
agccctgccc acggccctcc atggctcccc aatgccctgg agaggggaca tctagtcaga      480
gagtagtga                                         489

```

```

<210> 705
<211> 132
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

```

```

<400> 705
Thr Ala Ala Ser Asp Asn Phe Gln Leu Ser Gln Gly Gly Gln Gly Phe
 1             5             10             15
Ala Ile Pro Ile Gly Gln Ala Met Ala Ile Ala Gly Gln Ile Arg Ser
 20             25             30
Gly Gly Gly Ser Pro Thr Val His Ile Gly Pro Thr Ala Phe Leu Gly
 35             40             45
Leu Gly Val Val Asp Asn Asn Gly Asn Gly Ala Arg Val Gln Arg Val
 50             55             60
Val Gly Ser Ala Pro Ala Ala Ser Leu Gly Ile Ser Thr Gly Asp Val
 65             70             75             80
Ile Thr Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Pro Ile Asn Ser Ala Thr Ala Met Ala
 85             90             95
Asp Ala Leu Asn Gly His His Pro Gly Asp Val Ile Ser Val Asn Trp
100            105            110
Gln Thr Lys Ser Gly Gly Thr Arg Thr Gly Asn Val Thr Leu Ala Glu
115            120            125
Gly Pro Pro Ala
130

```

```

<210> 706
<211> 31
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

```

```

<220>
<223> PCR primer

```

```

<400> 706
ggggaattca tcacctatgt gccgcctctg c

```

31

```

<210> 707
<211> 40
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

```

```

<220>
<223> PCR primer

```

```
<400> 707
gggctcgagt cactcgccca cgaaatccgt gtaaaacagc
```

40

```
<210> 708
<211> 1203
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens
```

<400>	708						
atgcatcacc	atcaccatca	cacggccgcg	tccgataact	tccagctgtc	ccaggggtgg	60	
cagggattcg	ccattccgat	cgggcaggcg	atggcgatcg	cgggccagat	caagcttccc	120	
accgttcata	tggggcctac	cgccttcttc	ggcttgggtg	ttgtcgacaa	caacggcaac	180	
ggcgcacgag	tccaacgcgt	ggtcgggagc	gctccggcgg	caagtctcgg	catctccacc	240	
ggcgacgtga	tcaccgcggt	cgacggcgct	ccgatcaact	cggccaccgc	gatggcggac	300	
gcgcttaacg	ggcatcatcc	cggtgacgtc	atctcggtga	cctggcaaac	caagtcgggc	360	
ggcacgcgta	cagggaaacgt	gacattggcc	gagggaaccc	cggccgaatt	catcacctat	420	
gtgccgcctc	tgtctgtgga	agtgggggta	gaggagaagt	tcatgaccat	ggtgctgggc	480	
attggtccag	tgtctgggct	ggtctgtgtc	ccgtctctag	gctcagccag	tgaccactgg	540	
cgtggacgct	atggccgcgc	ccggcccttc	atctgggcac	tgtccttggg	catcctgctg	600	
agcctctttc	tcatcccacg	ggccgcgctg	ctagcagggc	tgtctgtgcc	ggatcccagg	660	
ccccctggagc	tggcaactgt	catcctgggc	gtggggctgc	tggactctctg	tggccagggt	720	
tgtttcactc	caactggaggc	cctgctctct	gacctcttc	gggacccgga	ccactgtcgc	780	
caggcctaact	ctgtctatgc	cttcatgatc	agtccttggg	gctgcctggg	ctacctctctg	840	
cctgccattg	actgggacac	cagtgccctg	gccccctacc	tgggcaacca	ggaggagtgc	900	
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Ile Ala Gly Gln Ile Lys Leu Pro Thr Val His Ile Gly Pro Thr Ala
      35                                40                                45

Phe Leu Gly Leu Gly Val Val Asp Asn Asn Gly Asn Gly Ala Arg Val
      50                                55                                60

Gln Arg Val Val Gly Ser Ala Pro Ala Ala Ser Leu Gly Ile Ser Thr
      65                                70                                75                                80

Gly Asp Val Ile Thr Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Pro Ile Asn Ser Ala Thr
      85                                90                                95

Ala Met Ala Asp Ala Leu Asn Gly His His Pro Gly Asp Val Ile Ser

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115						120					125			
Leu Ala Glu Gly Pro Pro Ala Glu Phe Ile Thr Tyr Val Pro Pro Leu														
130						135					140			
Leu Leu Glu Val Gly Val Glu Glu Lys Phe Met Thr Met Val Leu Gly														
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Ile Gly Pro Val Leu Gly Leu Val Cys Val Pro Leu Leu Gly Ser Ala														
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Ser Asp His Trp Arg Gly Arg Tyr Gly Arg Arg Arg Pro Phe Ile Trp														
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Ala Leu Ser Leu Gly Ile Leu Leu Ser Leu Phe Leu Ile Pro Arg Ala														
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Gly Trp Leu Ala Gly Leu Leu Cys Pro Asp Pro Arg Pro Leu Glu Leu														
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Ala Leu Leu Ile Leu Gly Val Gly Leu Leu Asp Phe Cys Gly Gln Val														
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Asp His Cys Arg Gln Ala Tyr Ser Val Tyr Ala Phe Met Ile Ser Leu														
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Pro Ser Leu Ser Pro His Cys Cys Pro Cys Arg Ala Arg Leu Ala Phe														
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Arg Asn Leu Gly Ala Leu Leu Pro Arg Leu His Gln Leu Cys Cys Arg														
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Met Pro Arg Thr Leu Arg Arg Leu Phe Val Ala Glu Leu Cys Ser Trp														
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Ala Ser Asp

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<213> Homo sapiens

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<212> PRT

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1

5

10

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10

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<400> 732

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<400> 733
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<210> 734
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<400> 734
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 35 40 45
 Thr Ala His Ala Asp Glu Phe Asp Cys Pro Ser Glu Leu Gln His Thr
 50 55 60
 Gln Glu Leu Phe Pro Gln Trp His Leu Pro Ile Lys Ile Ala Ala Ile
 65 70 75 80
 Ile Ala Ser Leu Thr Phe Leu Tyr Thr Leu Leu Arg Glu Val Ile His
 85 90 95
 Pro Leu Ala Thr Ser His Gln Gln Tyr Phe Tyr Lys Ile Pro Ile Leu
 100 105 110
 Val Ile Asn Lys Val Leu Pro Met Val Ser Ile Thr Leu Leu Ala Leu
 115 120 125
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 130 135 140
 Thr Lys Tyr Lys Lys Phe Pro His Trp Leu Asp Lys Trp Met Leu Thr
 145 150 155 160
 Arg Lys Gln Phe Gly Leu Leu Ser Phe Phe Phe Ala Val Leu His Ala
 165 170 175
 Ile Tyr Ser Leu Ser Tyr Pro Met Arg Arg Ser Tyr Arg Tyr Lys Leu
 180 185 190
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 195 200 205
 Ile Glu His Asp Val Trp Arg Met Glu Ile Tyr Val Ser Leu Gly Ile
 210 215 220
 Val Gly Leu Ala Ile Leu Ala Leu Leu Ala Val Thr Ser Ile Pro Ser
 225 230 235 240
 Val Ser Asp Ser Leu Thr Trp Arg Glu Phe His Tyr Ile Gln Ser Lys
 245 250 255
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 260 265 270
 Ala Trp Asn Lys Trp Ile Asp Ile Lys Gln Phe Val Trp Tyr Thr Pro
 275 280 285
 Pro Thr Phe Met Ile Ala Val Phe Leu Pro Ile Val Val Leu Ile Phe
 290 295 300
 Lys Ser Ile Leu Phe Leu Pro Cys Leu Arg Lys Lys Ile Leu Lys Ile
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325

330

335

Ser Gln Leu

<210> 737

<211> 2172

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 737

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<210> 738

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<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 738

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<211> 2455

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 739

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aatacacact gtactaagaa tctacacacc gaaagacaaa aacaagacaa atttgagtgc 2160
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```

<210> 740

<211> 62

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 740

```

Met Thr His Ser Ser Ala Trp Leu Glu Arg Pro Gln Glu Thr Tyr Asn
          5                      10                      15

```

```

His Gly Gly Arg Arg Arg Gly Ser Lys Ala Arg Leu Thr Trp Trp Gln
          20                      25                      30

```

```

Glu Arg Thr Ser Glu Gly Gly Asp Cys His Lys Leu Phe Phe Phe Glu
          35                      40                      45

```

```

Thr Arg Val Trp Pro Cys Cys Pro Gly Trp Ser Ala Val Ala
          50                      55                      60

```

<210> 741

<211> 135

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 741

```

Met Val Glu Gly Glu Gly Glu Ala Arg His Val Leu His Gly Gly Arg
          5                      10                      15

```

Arg Glu Arg Val Arg Gly Glu Thr Ala Thr Asn Phe Phe Phe Leu Arg
 20 25 30
 Gln Glu Ser Gly Pro Val Ala Gln Ala Gly Val Gln Trp His Asp Leu
 35 40 45
 Ser Ser Leu Gln Pro Leu Pro His Arg Phe Lys Gln Phe Ser Cys Leu
 50 55 60
 Ser Leu Pro His Ser Trp Asp His Arg Tyr Ala Pro Pro His Leu Ala
 65 70 75 80
 Asn Phe Cys Ser Phe Ser Arg Asp Gly Val Ser Leu Cys Cys Ser Gly
 85 90 95
 Trp Ser Lys Thr Pro Gly Leu Gln Gln Ser Ala Cys Leu Gly Leu Pro
 100 105 110
 Lys Cys Trp Gly Tyr Arg His Lys Pro Pro His Pro Ala Cys His Ile
 115 120 125
 Leu Leu Asn Tyr Gln Val Ser
 130 135

<210> 742

<211> 77

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 742

Met His Tyr His Lys Asn Ser Met Gly Lys Ile Pro Pro Ile Ile Gln
 5 10 15
 Ser Pro Pro Thr Arg Ser Pro Pro Thr Arg Gly Ile Gly Trp Gly His
 20 25 30
 Arg Ala Lys Pro Tyr Gln Met Leu Gln Gly Leu Gly Thr Leu Arg Pro
 35 40 45
 Leu Arg Pro Gly Val Ser Val Thr Leu Leu Gly Ser Val Cys Leu Gln
 50 55 60
 Asp Leu Pro Pro Leu Pro Trp Tyr Arg Arg Lys Val Leu
 65 70 75

<210> 743

<211> 60

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 743

Met Leu Val His Ile Tyr Ser Cys Cys Gly Met Val Tyr Arg Phe Gly
 5 10 15
 Gln Met Ser Asp Asn Pro Phe Tyr Ile Leu Ala Ser Leu Gly Ser Ser
 20 25 30

Ser Cys Arg Asn Gly Leu Ala Ser Lys Trp Arg Gln Ala Asp Pro Ser
 35 40 45

Asp Gly Tyr Met Glu Pro Cys Phe Gln Leu Leu Phe
 50 55 60

<210> 744

<211> 76

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 744

Met Cys Leu Cys Ile Pro Leu Gly Gly Tyr Gln Glu Leu Cys His Cys
 5 10 15

Met Ser Thr Ser Asp Gly Phe Ala Pro Pro Pro Gln Leu Gly Ser Arg
 20 25 30

Cys Ser His Ile Arg Gly Pro Ile Lys Ile Ala Arg Asn Lys Phe Pro
 35 40 45
 Arg Thr Leu Thr Ser Gln Glu Leu Arg Arg Phe Ala Glu Tyr Ser Gly
 50 55 60

Met Met Phe Gly Asp Gln Thr Thr Ala Gly Gln Lys
 65 70 75

<210> 745

<211> 76

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 745

Met Val Lys Ser Arg Phe Thr Lys Asn Thr Lys Ile Thr Gln Ala Trp
 5 10 15

Trp Arg Ala Pro Val Ile Pro Gly Thr Arg Glu Ala Glu Gly Gly Glu
 20 25 30

Ser Leu Glu Pro Gly Arg Leu Arg Glu Glu Asn Arg Leu Asn Pro Gly
 35 40 45

Gly Arg Gly Cys Ser Glu Pro Arg Ser Cys Cys Cys Thr Pro Ala Trp
 50 55 60

Ser Thr Glu Gln Asp Ser Ala Ser Lys Thr Asn Lys
 65 70 75

<210> 746

<211> 80

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 746

Met Leu Leu His Ser Ser Leu Val Asn Arg Ala Arg Leu Cys Leu Lys

Asp Leu Pro Pro Leu Pro Trp Tyr Arg Arg Lys Val Leu
65 70 75

<210> 749
 <211> 60
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 749
 Met Leu Val His Ile Tyr Ser Cys Cys Gly Met Val Tyr Arg Phe Gly
 5 10 15
 Gln Met Ser Asp Asn Pro Phe Tyr Ile Leu Ala Ser Leu Gly Ser Ser
 20 25 30
 Ser Cys Arg Asn Gly Leu Ala Ser Lys Trp Arg Gln Ala Asp Pro Ser
 35 40 45
 Asp Gly Tyr Met Glu Pro Cys Phe Gln Leu Leu Phe
 50 55 60

<210> 750
 <211> 76
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 750
 Met Cys Leu Cys Ile Pro Leu Gly Gly Tyr Gln Glu Leu Cys His Cys
 5 10 15
 Met Ser Thr Ser Asp Gly Phe Ala Pro Pro Pro Gln Leu Gly Ser Arg
 20 25 30
 Cys Ser His Ile Arg Gly Pro Ile Lys Ile Ala Arg Asn Lys Phe Pro
 35 40 45
 Arg Thr Leu Thr Ser Gln Glu Leu Arg Arg Phe Ala Glu Tyr Ser Gly
 50 55 60
 Met Met Phe Gly Asp Gln Thr Thr Ala Gly Gln Lys
 65 70 75

<210> 751
 <211> 2479
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 751
 gtcattattga acattccaga tacctatcat tactcgatgc tgttgataac agcaagatgg 60
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 cggaaaaccc ctatcccgca cagcccactg tgggtcccccac tgtctacgag gtgcatccgg 180
 ctcagtacta cccgtccccc gtgcccaggt acgcccgcag ggtcctgacg caggcttcca 240
 accccgtcgt ctgcacgcag cccaaatccc catccgggac agtgtgcacc tcaaagacta 300
 agaaagcact gtgcatcacc ttgaccctgg ggaccttctt cgtgggagct gcgctggccg 360
 ctggcctact ctggaagtgc atgggcagca agtgctccaa ctctgggata gaggcgact 420
 cctcaggtac ctgcatcaac ccctctaact ggtgtgatgg cgtgtcacac tgccccggcg 480
 gggaggacga gaatcgggtgt gttgcctctt acggaccaa cttcatcctt cagatgtact 540
 catctcagag gaagtctcgt caccctgtgt gccaaagacga ctggaacgag aactacgggc 600

```

gggcggcctg caggacatg ggctataaga ataattttta ctctagccaa ggaatagtgg 660
atgacagcgg atccaccagc tttatgaaac tgaacacaag tgccggcaat gtcgatatct 720
ataaaaaact gtaccacagt gatgcctgtt cttcaaaagc agtggtttct ttacgctgtt 780
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agaacaatga cattgcgctg atgaagctgc agaagcctct gactttcaac gacctagtga 1140
aaccagtgtg tctgcccac ccaggcatga tgcctgcagcc agaacagctc tgctggattt 1200
ccgggtgggg ggccaccgag gagaaagggg agacctcaga agtgctgaac gctgccaaag 1260
tgcttctcat tgagacacag agatgcaaca gcagatatgt ctatgacaac ctgatcacac 1320
cagccatgat ctgtgccggc ttcttgcagg ggaacgtcga ttcttgccag ggtgacagtg 1380
gagggcctct ggtcacttcg aacaacaata tctggtggct gataggggat acaagctggg 1440
gttctggctg tgccaaagct tacagaccag gagtgtacgg gaattgtgat gtattcacgg 1500
actggattta tcgacaaatg aaggcaaacg gctaattcac atggctctcg tccttgacgt 1560
cgttttacaa gaaaacaatg gggctgggtt tgcttccccg tgcattgatt actcttagag 1620
atgattcaga ggtcacttca tttttattaa acagtgaact tgtctggctt tggcactctc 1680
tgccatactg tgcaggctgc agtggctccc ctgccagcc tgcctcctct aaccttctgt 1740
ccgcaagggg tgatggccgg ctggttgtgg gcactggcgg tcaattgtgg aaggaagagg 1800
gttgaggctg gccccattg agatcttctt gctgagtcct ttccaggggc caattttgga 1860
tgagcatgga gctgtcactt ctcagctgct ggatgacttg agatgaaaaa ggagagacat 1920
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tccccagcct acttcacaag gggattttgc tgatgggttc ttagagcctt agcagccctg 2040
gatggtggcc agaaataaag ggaccagccc ttcattgggtg gtgacgtggt agtcacttgt 2100
aagggaagca gaaacatttt tgttcttatg ggggtgagaat atagacagtg ccttgggtgc 2160
gaggaagca attgaaaagg aacttgccct gagcactcct ggtgcaggtc tccacctgca 2220
cattgggtgg ggctcctggg agggagactc agccttctct ctcactctcc ctgacctgca 2280
tcctagcacc ctggagagtg aatgccctt ggtccctggc agggcgccaa gtttggcacc 2340
atgtcggcct cttcaggcct gatagtcatt ggaaattgag gtccatgggg gaaatcaagg 2400
atgctcagtt taaggtacac tgtttccatg ttatgtttct acacattgat ggtggtgacc 2460
ctgagttcaa agccatctt

```

<210> 752

<211> 492

<212> PRT

<213> Homo .sapiens

<400> 752

```

Met Ala Leu Asn Ser Gly Ser Pro Pro Ala Ile Gly Pro Tyr Tyr Glu
          5                                10                        15

```

```

Asn His Gly Tyr Gln Pro Glu Asn Pro Tyr Pro Ala Gln Pro Thr Val
          20                                25                        30

```

```

Val Pro Thr Val Tyr Glu Val His Pro Ala Gln Tyr Tyr Pro Ser Pro
          35                                40                        45

```

```

Val Pro Gln Tyr Ala Pro Arg Val Leu Thr Gln Ala Ser Asn Pro Val
          50                                55                        60

```

```

Val Cys Thr Gln Pro Lys Ser Pro Ser Gly Thr Val Cys Thr Ser Lys
          65                                70                        75                        80

```

```

Thr Lys Lys Ala Leu Cys Ile Thr Leu Thr Leu Gly Thr Phe Leu Val
          85                                90                        95

```

```

Gly Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Gly Leu Leu Trp Lys Phe Met Gly Ser Lys

```

100					105					110					
Cys	Ser	Asn	Ser	Gly	Ile	Glu	Cys	Asp	Ser	Ser	Gly	Thr	Cys	Ile	Asn
		115					120					125			
Pro	Ser	Asn	Trp	Cys	Asp	Gly	Val	Ser	His	Cys	Pro	Gly	Gly	Glu	Asp
		130				135					140				
Glu	Asn	Arg	Cys	Val	Arg	Leu	Tyr	Gly	Pro	Asn	Phe	Ile	Leu	Gln	Met
145					150					155					160
Tyr	Ser	Ser	Gln	Arg	Lys	Ser	Trp	His	Pro	Val	Cys	Gln	Asp	Asp	Trp
			165						170					175	
Asn	Glu	Asn	Tyr	Gly	Arg	Ala	Ala	Cys	Arg	Asp	Met	Gly	Tyr	Lys	Asn
			180					185					190		
Asn	Phe	Tyr	Ser	Ser	Gln	Gly	Ile	Val	Asp	Asp	Ser	Gly	Ser	Thr	Ser
		195					200					205			
Phe	Met	Lys	Leu	Asn	Thr	Ser	Ala	Gly	Asn	Val	Asp	Ile	Tyr	Lys	Lys
	210					215					220				
Leu	Tyr	His	Ser	Asp	Ala	Cys	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ala	Val	Val	Ser	Leu	Arg
225					230					235					240
Cys	Leu	Ala	Cys	Gly	Val	Asn	Leu	Asn	Ser	Ser	Arg	Gln	Ser	Arg	Ile
			245						250					255	
Val	Gly	Gly	Glu	Ser	Ala	Leu	Pro	Gly	Ala	Trp	Pro	Trp	Gln	Val	Ser
			260					265					270		
Leu	His	Val	Gln	Asn	Val	His	Val	Cys	Gly	Gly	Ser	Ile	Ile	Thr	Pro
		275					280					285			
Glu	Trp	Ile	Val	Thr	Ala	Ala	His	Cys	Val	Glu	Lys	Pro	Leu	Asn	Asn
	290					295					300				
Pro	Trp	His	Trp	Thr	Ala	Phe	Ala	Gly	Ile	Leu	Arg	Gln	Ser	Phe	Met
305					310					315					320
Phe	Tyr	Gly	Ala	Gly	Tyr	Gln	Val	Gln	Lys	Val	Ile	Ser	His	Pro	Asn
			325						330					335	
Tyr	Asp	Ser	Lys	Thr	Lys	Asn	Asn	Asp	Ile	Ala	Leu	Met	Lys	Leu	Gln
			340					345					350		
Lys	Pro	Leu	Thr	Phe	Asn	Asp	Leu	Val	Lys	Pro	Val	Cys	Leu	Pro	Asn
		355					360					365			
Pro	Gly	Met	Met	Leu	Gln	Pro	Glu	Gln	Leu	Cys	Trp	Ile	Ser	Gly	Trp
	370					375					380				
Gly	Ala	Thr	Glu	Glu	Lys	Gly	Lys	Thr	Ser	Glu	Val	Leu	Asn	Ala	Ala
385					390					395					400
Lys	Val	Leu	Leu	Ile	Glu	Thr	Gln	Arg	Cys	Asn	Ser	Arg	Tyr	Val	Tyr
			405						410					415	

Asp Asn Leu Ile Thr Pro Ala Met Ile Cys Ala Gly Phe Leu Gln Gly
 420 425 430

Asn Val Asp Ser Cys Gln Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly Pro Leu Val Thr Ser
 435 440 445

Asn Asn Asn Ile Trp Trp Leu Ile Gly Asp Thr Ser Trp Gly Ser Gly
 450 455 460

Cys Ala Lys Ala Tyr Arg Pro Gly Val Tyr Gly Asn Val Met Val Phe
 465 470 475 480

Thr Asp Trp Ile Tyr Arg Gln Met Lys Ala Asn Gly
 485 490

<210> 753
 <211> 683
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 753
 gtcataattga acattccaga tacctatcat tactcgatgc tgttgataac agcaagatgg 60
 ctttgaactc agggtcacca ccagctattg gaccttacta tgaaaacacat ggataccaac 120
 cggaataccc ctatcccgca cagcccaactg tggccccac tgtctacgag gtgcatccg 180
 ctcagtacta cccgtccccc gtgccccagt acgccccgag ggtcctgacg caggcttcca 240
 accccgtcgt ctgcacgcag cccaaatccc catccgggac agtgtgcacc tcaaagacta 300
 agaaagcact gtgcatcacc ttgaccctgg ggaccttct cgtgggagct gcgctggccg 360
 ctggcctact ctggaagttc atgggcagca agtgctccaa ctctgggata gagtgcgact 420
 cctcaggtac ctgcatcaac cctcctaact ggtgtgatgg cgtgtcacac tgccccggcg 480
 gggaggacga gaatcgggtg gttcgccctt acggacaaa cttcatcctt cagatgtact 540
 catctcagag gaagtcctgg caccctgtgt gccaaagacga ctggaacgag aactacgggc 600
 gggcgccctg caggacatg ggctataaga ataattttta ctctagccaa ggaatagtgg 660
 atgacagcgg atccaccagc ttt 683

<210> 754
 <211> 209
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 754
 Met Ala Leu Asn Ser Gly Ser Pro Pro Ala Ile Gly Pro Tyr Tyr Glu
 1 5 10 15
 Asn His Gly Tyr Gln Pro Glu Asn Pro Tyr Pro Ala Gln Pro Thr Val
 20 25 30
 Val Pro Thr Val Tyr Glu Val His Pro Ala Gln Tyr Tyr Pro Ser Pro
 35 40 45
 Val Pro Gln Tyr Ala Pro Arg Val Leu Thr Gln Ala Ser Asn Pro Val
 50 55 60
 Val Cys Thr Gln Pro Lys Ser Pro Ser Gly Thr Val Cys Thr Ser Lys
 65 70 75 80
 Thr Lys Lys Ala Leu Cys Ile Thr Leu Thr Leu Gly Thr Phe Leu Val
 85 90 95

297

Gly Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Gly Leu Leu Trp Lys Phe Met Gly Ser Lys
 100 105 110
 Cys Ser Asn Ser Gly Ile Glu Cys Asp Ser Ser Gly Thr Cys Ile Asn
 115 120 125
 Pro Ser Asn Trp Cys Asp Gly Val Ser His Cys Pro Gly Gly Glu Asp
 130 135 140
 Glu Asn Arg Cys Val Arg Leu Tyr Gly Pro Asn Phe Ile Leu Gln Met
 145 150 155 160
 Tyr Ser Ser Gln Arg Lys Ser Trp His Pro Val Cys Gln Asp Asp Trp
 165 170 175
 Asn Glu Asn Tyr Gly Arg Ala Ala Cys Arg Asp Met Gly Tyr Lys Asn
 180 185 190
 Asn Phe Tyr Ser Ser Gln Gly Ile Val Asp Asp Ser Gly Ser Thr Ser
 195 200 205
 Phe

<210> 755
 <211> 27
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 755
 Val Gly Glu Gly Leu Tyr Gln Gly Val Pro Arg Ala Glu Pro Gly Thr
 1 5 10 15
 Glu Ala Arg Arg His Tyr Asp Glu Gly Val Arg
 20 25

<210> 756
 <211> 35
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> PCR primer

<400> 756
 ggatccgccg ccaccatgtc actttctagc ctgct

35

<210> 757
 <211> 27
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> PCR primer

<400> 757
 gtcgactcag ctggaccaca gccgcag

27

<210> 758
 <211> 34
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
 <223> PCR primer

<400> 758
ggatccgccg ccaccatggg ctgcaggctg ctct 34

<210> 759
<211> 27
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> PCR primer

<400> 759
gtcgactcag aaatcctttc tcttgac 27

<210> 760
<211> 936
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...()
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 760
atgggctgca ggctgntctg ctgtgcggtt ctctgtctcc tgggagcggg ccccatggaa 60
acgggaggtta cgcagacacc aagacacctg gtcatgggaa tgacaaataa gaagtctttg 120
aaatgtgaac aacatctggg tcataacgct atgtattggt acaagcaaag tgctaagaag 180
ccactggagc tcatgtttgt ctacagtctt gaagaacggg ttgaaaacaa cagtgtgcca 240
agtcgcttct cacctgaatg ccccaacagc tctcacttat tccttcacct acacaccctg 300
cagccagaag actcggccct gtatctctgc gccagcagcc aagaccggac aagcagctcc 360
tacgagcagt acttcgggcc gggcaccagg ctcacggtca cagaggacct gaaaaacgtg 420
ttcccacccg aggtcgctgt gtttgagcca tcagaagcag agatctccca caccctaaag 480
gccacactgg tgtgcctggc cacaggcttc taccocgacc acgtggagct gagctggtgg 540
gtgaatggga aggaggtgca cagtggggtc agcacagacc cgcagcccct caaggagcag 600
cccgccctca atgactccag atactgcctg agcagccgcc tgagggtctc ggccaccttc 660
tggcagaacc cccgcaacca cttccgctgt caagtccagt tctacgggct ctcggagaat 720
gacgagtgga cccaggatag ggccaaacct gtcaccaga tcgtcagcgc cgaggcctgg 780
ggtagagcag actgtggctt cacctccgag tcttaccagc aaggggtcct gtctgccacc 840
atcctctatg agatcttgct agggaaggcc accttgatat ccgtgctggt cagtgccttc 900
gtgctgatgg ccatgggtcaa gagaaaggat ttctga 936

<210> 761
<211> 834
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...()
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 761
atgtcacttt ctagectgct naaggtgggtc acagcttcac tgtggctagg acctggcatt 60
gccagaaga taactcaaac ccaaccagga atgttcgtgc aggaaaagga ggctgtgact 120
ctggactgca catatgacac cagtgatcaa agttatgggtc tcttctggta caagcagccc 180


```

agcagtgggg aaatgatttt tcttatttat caggggtctt atgacgagca aaatgcaaca 240
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gcttcacaac tgggggactc agcaatgtat ttctgtgcaa tgagagaggg cgcgggagga 360
ggaaacaaac tcacctttgg gacaggcact cagctaaaag tggaactcaa tatccagaac 420
cctgaccctg ccgtgtacca gctgagagac tctaaatcca gtgacaagtc tgtctgccta 480
ttcaccgatt ttgattctca aacaaatgtg tcacaaagta aggattctga tgtgtatatc 540
acagacaaaa ctgtgctaga catgaggctc atggacttca agagcaacag tgctgtggcc 600
tgagagcaaca aatctgactt tgcatgtgca aacgccttca acaacagcat tattccagaa 660
gacaccttct tccccagccc agaaagttcc tgtgatgtca agctgggtcga gaaaagcttt 720
gaaacagata cgaacctaaa ctttcaaaac ctgtcagtga ttgggttccg aatcctctc 780
ctgaaagtgg ccgggtttaa tctgctcatg acgtgcggc tgtgtgtccag ctga 834

```

<210> 762

<211> 311

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>

<221> variant

<222> (1)...(311)

<223> Xaa = Any amino acid

<400> 762

```

Met Gly Cys Arg Leu Xaa Cys Cys Ala Val Leu Cys Leu Leu Gly Ala
      5                                10                                15

```

```

Val Pro Met Glu Thr Gly Val Thr Gln Thr Pro Arg His Leu Val Met
      20                                25                                30

```

```

Gly Met Thr Asn Lys Lys Ser Leu Lys Cys Glu Gln His Leu Gly His
      35                                40                                45

```

```

Asn Ala Met Tyr Trp Tyr Lys Gln Ser Ala Lys Lys Pro Leu Glu Leu
      50                                55                                60

```

```

Met Phe Val Tyr Ser Leu Glu Glu Arg Val Glu Asn Asn Ser Val Pro
      65                                70                                75                                80

```

```

Ser Arg Phe Ser Pro Glu Cys Pro Asn Ser Ser His Leu Phe Leu His
      85                                90                                95

```

```

Leu His Thr Leu Gln Pro Glu Asp Ser Ala Leu Tyr Leu Cys Ala Ser
      100                                105                                110

```

```

Ser Gln Asp Arg Thr Ser Ser Ser Tyr Glu Gln Tyr Phe Gly Pro Gly
      115                                120                                125

```

```

Thr Arg Leu Thr Val Thr Glu Asp Leu Lys Asn Val Phe Pro Pro Glu
      130                                135                                140

```

```

Val Ala Val Phe Glu Pro Ser Glu Ala Glu Ile Ser His Thr Gln Lys
      145                                150                                155                                160

```

```

Ala Thr Leu Val Cys Leu Ala Thr Gly Phe Tyr Pro Asp His Val Glu
      165                                170                                175

```

```

Leu Ser Trp Trp Val Asn Gly Lys Glu Val His Ser Gly Val Ser Thr
      180                                185                                190

```

300

Asp Pro Gln Pro Leu Lys Glu Gln Pro Ala Leu Asn Asp Ser Arg Tyr
 195 200 205

Cys Leu Ser Ser Arg Leu Arg Val Ser Ala Thr Phe Trp Gln Asn Pro
 210 215 220

Arg Asn His Phe Arg Cys Gln Val Gln Phe Tyr Gly Leu Ser Glu Asn
 225 230 235 240

Asp Glu Trp Thr Gln Asp Arg Ala Lys Pro Val Thr Gln Ile Val Ser
 245 250 255

Ala Glu Ala Trp Gly Arg Ala Asp Cys Gly Phe Thr Ser Glu Ser Tyr
 260 265 270

Gln Gln Gly Val Leu Ser Ala Thr Ile Leu Tyr Glu Ile Leu Leu Gly
 275 280 285

Lys Ala Thr Leu Tyr Ala Val Leu Val Ser Ala Leu Val Leu Met Ala
 290 295 300

Met Val Lys Arg Lys Asp Phe
 305 310

<210> 763

<211> 277

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 763

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Gly Pro Gly Ile Ala Gln Lys Ile Thr Gln Thr Gln Pro Gly Met Phe
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Val Gln Glu Lys Glu Ala Val Thr Leu Asp Cys Thr Tyr Asp Thr Ser
 35 40 45

Asp Gln Ser Tyr Gly Leu Phe Trp Tyr Lys Gln Pro Ser Ser Gly Glu
 50 55 60

Met Ile Phe Leu Ile Tyr Gln Gly Ser Tyr Asp Glu Gln Asn Ala Thr
 65 70 75 80

Glu Gly Arg Tyr Ser Leu Asn Phe Gln Lys Ala Arg Lys Ser Ala Asn
 85 90 95

Leu Val Ile Ser Ala Ser Gln Leu Gly Asp Ser Ala Met Tyr Phe Cys
 100 105 110

Ala Met Arg Glu Gly Ala Gly Gly Gly Asn Lys Leu Thr Phe Gly Thr
 115 120 125

Gly Thr Gln Leu Lys Val Glu Leu Asn Ile Gln Asn Pro Asp Pro Ala
 130 135 140

Val Tyr Gln Leu Arg Asp Ser Lys Ser Ser Asp Lys Ser Val Cys Leu
145 150 155 160

Phe Thr Asp Phe Asp Ser Gln Thr Asn Val Ser Gln Ser Lys Asp Ser
165 170 175

Asp Val Tyr Ile Thr Asp Lys Thr Val Leu Asp Met Arg Ser Met Asp
180 185 190

Phe Lys Ser Asn Ser Ala Val Ala Trp Ser Asn Lys Ser Asp Phe Ala
195 200 205

Cys Ala Asn Ala Phe Asn Asn Ser Ile Ile Pro Glu Asp Thr Phe Phe
210 215 220

Pro Ser Pro Glu Ser Ser Cys Asp Val Lys Leu Val Glu Lys Ser Phe
225 230 235 240

Glu Thr Asp Thr Asn Leu Asn Phe Gln Asn Leu Ser Val Ile Gly Phe
245 250 255

Arg Ile Leu Leu Leu Lys Val Ala Gly Phe Asn Leu Leu Met Thr Leu
260 265 270

Arg Leu Trp Ser Ser
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<210> 764

<211> 1536

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 764

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<210> 765

<211> 1533

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 765

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<210> 766

<211> 511

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 766

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Met Tyr Asn Leu Leu Ser Tyr Asp Arg His Gly Asp His Leu Gln
          5              10              15

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Pro Leu Asp Leu Val Pro Asn His Gln Gly Leu Thr Pro Phe Lys Leu
          20              25              30

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Ala Gly Val Glu Gly Asn Thr Val Met Phe Gln His Leu Met Gln Lys
          35              40              45

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Arg Lys His Thr Gln Trp Thr Tyr Gly Pro Leu Thr Ser Thr Leu Tyr
          50              55              60

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Asp Leu Thr Glu Ile Asp Ser Ser Gly Asp Glu Gln Ser Leu Leu Glu
          65              70              75              80

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Leu Ile Ile Thr Thr Lys Lys Arg Glu Ala Arg Gln Ile Leu Asp Gln
 85 90 95

Thr Pro Val Lys Glu Leu Val Ser Leu Lys Trp Lys Arg Tyr Gly Arg
 100 105 110

Pro Tyr Phe Cys Met Leu Gly Ala Ile Tyr Leu Leu Tyr Ile Ile Cys
 115 120 125

Phe Thr Met Cys Cys Ile Tyr Arg Pro Leu Lys Pro Arg Thr Asn Asn
 130 135 140

Arg Thr Ser Pro Arg Asp Asn Thr Leu Leu Gln Gln Lys Leu Leu Gln
 145 150 155 160

Glu Ala Tyr Met Thr Pro Lys Asp Asp Ile Arg Leu Val Gly Glu Leu
 165 170 175

Val Thr Val Ile Gly Ala Ile Ile Ile Leu Leu Val Glu Val Pro Asp
 180 185 190

Ile Phe Arg Met Gly Val Thr Arg Phe Phe Gly Gln Thr Ile Leu Gly
 195 200 205

Gly Pro Phe His Val Leu Ile Ile Thr Tyr Ala Phe Met Val Leu Val
 210 215 220

Thr Met Val Met Arg Leu Ile Ser Ala Ser Gly Glu Val Val Pro Met
 225 230 235 240

Ser Phe Ala Leu Val Leu Gly Trp Cys Asn Val Met Tyr Phe Ala Arg
 245 250 255

Gly Phe Gln Met Leu Gly Pro Phe Thr Ile Met Ile Gln Lys Met Ile
 260 265 270

Phe Gly Asp Leu Met Arg Phe Cys Trp Leu Met Ala Val Val Ile Leu
 275 280 285

Gly Phe Ala Ser Ala Phe Tyr Ile Ile Phe Gln Thr Glu Asp Pro Glu
 290 295 300

Glu Leu Gly His Phe Tyr Asp Tyr Pro Met Ala Leu Phe Ser Thr Phe
 305 310 315 320

Glu Leu Phe Leu Thr Ile Ile Asp Gly Pro Ala Asn Tyr Asn Val Asp
 325 330 335

Leu Pro Phe Met Tyr Ser Ile Thr Tyr Ala Ala Phe Ala Ile Ile Ala
 340 345 350

Thr Leu Leu Met Leu Asn Leu Leu Ile Ala Met Met Gly Asp Thr His
 355 360 365

Trp Arg Val Ala His Glu Arg Asp Glu Leu Trp Arg Ala Gln Ile Val
 370 375 380

Ala Thr Thr Val Met Leu Glu Arg Lys Leu Pro Arg Cys Leu Trp Pro

304

385 390 395 400
 Arg Ser Gly Ile Cys Gly Arg Glu Tyr Gly Leu Gly Asp Arg Trp Phe
 405 410 415
 Leu Arg Val Glu Asp Arg Gln Asp Leu Asn Arg Gln Arg Ile Gln Arg
 420 425 430
 Tyr Ala Gln Ala Phe His Thr Arg Gly Ser Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Asp
 435 440 445
 Ser Val Glu Lys Leu Glu Leu Gly Cys Pro Phe Ser Pro His Leu Ser
 450 455 460
 Leu Pro Met Pro Ser Val Ser Arg Ser Thr Ser Arg Ser Ser Ala Asn
 465 470 475 480
 Trp Glu Arg Leu Arg Gln Gly Thr Leu Arg Arg Asp Leu Arg Gly Ile
 485 490 495
 Ile Asn Arg Gly Leu Glu Asp Gly Glu Ser Trp Glu Tyr Gln Ile
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<210> 767

<211> 134

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 767

Met Tyr Asn Leu Leu Leu Ser Tyr Asp Arg His Gly Asp His Leu Gln
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 Pro Leu Asp Leu Val Pro Asn His Gln Gly Leu Thr Pro Phe Lys Leu
 20 25 30
 Ala Gly Val Glu Gly Asn Thr Val Met Phe Gln His Leu Met Gln Lys
 35 40 45
 Arg Lys His Thr Gln Trp Thr Tyr Gly Pro Leu Thr Ser Thr Leu Tyr
 50 55 60
 Asp Leu Thr Glu Ile Asp Ser Ser Gly Asp Glu Gln Ser Leu Leu Glu
 65 70 75 80
 Leu Ile Ile Thr Thr Lys Lys Arg Glu Ala Arg Gln Ile Leu Asp Gln
 85 90 95
 Thr Pro Val Lys Glu Leu Val Ser Leu Lys Trp Lys Arg Tyr Gly Arg
 100 105 110
 Pro Tyr Phe Cys Met Leu Gly Ala Ile Tyr Leu Leu Tyr Ile Ile Cys
 115 120 125
 Phe Thr Met Cys Cys Ile
 130

305

<210> 768

<211> 55

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 768

Ala Tyr Arg Pro Leu Lys Pro Arg Thr Asn Asn Arg Thr Ser Pro Arg
 5 10 15

Asp Asn Thr Leu Leu Gln Gln Lys Leu Leu Gln Glu Ala Tyr Met Thr
 20 25 30

Pro Lys Asp Asp Ile Arg Leu Val Gly Glu Leu Val Thr Val Ile Gly
 35 40 45

Ala Ile Ile Ile Leu Leu Val
 50 55

<210> 769

<211> 39

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 769

Glu Val Pro Asp Ile Phe Arg Met Gly Val Thr Arg Phe Phe Gly Gln
 5 10 15

Thr Ile Leu Gly Gly Pro Phe His Val Leu Ile Ile Thr Tyr Ala Phe
 20 25 30

Met Val Leu Val Thr Met Val
 35

<210> 770

<211> 19

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 770

Met Arg Leu Ile Ser Ala Ser Gly Glu Val Val Pro Met Ser Phe Ala
 5 10 15

Leu Val Leu

<210> 771

<211> 52

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 771

Gly Trp Cys Asn Val Met Tyr Phe Ala Arg Gly Phe Gln Met Leu Gly
 5 10 15

Pro Phe Thr Ile Met Ile Gln Lys Met Ile Phe Gly Asp Leu Met Arg

Tyr Ile Ile Phe
50

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<210> 772
<211> 213
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
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<400> 772

Gln Thr Glu Asp Pro Glu Glu Leu Gly His Phe Tyr Asp Tyr Pro Met
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20 25 30

Ala Asn Tyr Asn Val Asp Leu Pro Phe Met Tyr Ser Ile Thr Tyr Ala
35 40 45

Ala Phe Ala Ile Ile Ala Thr Leu Leu Met Leu Asn Leu Leu Ile Ala
50 55 60

Met Met Gly Asp Thr His Trp Arg Val Ala His Glu Arg Asp Glu Leu
65 70 75 80

Trp Arg Ala Gln Ile Val Ala Thr Thr Val Met Leu Glu Arg Lys Leu
85 90 95

Pro Arg Cys Leu Trp Pro Arg Ser Gly Ile Cys Gly Arg Glu Tyr Gly
100 105 110

Leu Gly Asp Arg Trp Phe Leu Arg Val Glu Asp Arg Gln Asp Leu Asn
115 120 125

Arg Gln Arg Ile Gln Arg Tyr Ala Gln Ala Phe His Thr Arg Gly Ser
130 135 140

Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Asp Ser Val Glu Lys Leu Glu Leu Gly Cys Pro
145 150 155 160

Phe Ser Pro His Leu Ser Leu Pro Met Pro Ser Val Ser Arg Ser Thr
165 170 175

Ser Arg Ser Ser Ala Asn Trp Glu Arg Leu Arg Gln Gly Thr Leu Arg
180 185 190

Arg Asp Leu Arg Gly Ile Ile Asn Arg Gly Leu Glu Asp Gly Glu Ser
195 200 205

Trp Glu Tyr Gln Ile
210

<210> 773
 <211> 1302
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 773

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<210> 774
 <211> 2061
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 774

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<210> 775

<211> 957

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 775

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attcgacagc gcactcctcg acttttccat gtggccacac acgcttcaga gccctag 957

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<210> 776

<211> 954

<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 776

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gctgtgctag gtaacttgac aatcatctac attgtgcgga ctgagcacag cctgcatgag 180
cccatgtata tatttctttg catgctttca ggcattgaca tcctcatctc cacctcatcc 240
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tatctgctta ttcttaagac tgtgttgggc ttgacacgtg aagcccaggc caaggcattt 720
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<400> 777																
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Leu	Ile	Gly	Leu	Pro	Gly	Leu	Glu	Glu	Ala	Gln	Phe	Trp	Leu	Ala	Phe	
			20					25					30			
Pro	Leu	Cys	Ser	Leu	Tyr	Leu	Ile	Ala	Val	Leu	Gly	Asn	Leu	Thr	Ile	
		35					40					45				
Ile	Tyr	Ile	Val	Arg	Thr	Glu	His	Ser	Leu	His	Glu	Pro	Met	Tyr	Ile	
	50					55					60					
Phe	Leu	Cys	Met	Leu	Ser	Gly	Ile	Asp	Ile	Leu	Ile	Ser	Thr	Ser	Ser	
65					70					75					80	
Met	Pro	Lys	Met	Leu	Ala	Ile	Phe	Trp	Phe	Asn	Ser	Thr	Thr	Ile	Gln	
				85					90					95		
Phe	Asp	Ala	Cys	Leu	Leu	Gln	Met	Phe	Ala	Ile	His	Ser	Leu	Ser	Gly	
			100					105					110			
Met	Glu	Ser	Thr	Val	Leu	Leu	Ala	Met	Ala	Phe	Asp	Arg	Tyr	Val	Ala	
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	130					135					140					
Thr	Lys	Ile	Gly	Val	Ala	Ala	Val	Val	Arg	Gly	Ala	Ala	Leu	Met	Ala	
145					150					155					160	
Pro	Leu	Pro	Val	Phe	Ile	Lys	Gln	Leu	Pro	Phe	Cys	Arg	Ser	Asn	Ile	
				165					170					175		
Leu	Ser	His	Ser	Tyr	Cys	Leu	His	Gln	Asp	Val	Met	Lys	Leu	Ala	Cys	
			180					185					190			
Asp	Asp	Ile	Arg	Val	Asn	Val	Val	Tyr	Gly	Leu	Ile	Val	Ile	Ile	Ser	
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Ala	Ile	Gly	Leu	Asp	Ser	Leu	Leu	Ile	Ser	Phe	Ser	Tyr	Leu	Leu	Ile	
	210					215					220					
Leu	Lys	Thr	Val	Leu	Gly	Leu	Thr	Arg	Glu	Ala	Gln	Ala	Lys	Ala	Phe	
225					230					235					240	
Gly	Thr	Cys	Val	Ser	His	Val	Cys	Ala	Val	Phe	Ile	Phe	Tyr	Val	Pro	
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Ile Leu Arg Leu Phe His Val Ala Thr His Ala Ser Glu Pro
305 310 315

<213> Homo sapiens

Met Met Val Asp Pro Asn Gly Asn Glu Ser Ser Ala Thr Tyr Phe Ile
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Leu Ile Gly Leu Pro Gly Leu Glu Glu Ala Gln Phe
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<213> Homo sapiens

Arg Thr Glu His Ser Leu His Glu Pro
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<213> Homo sapiens

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Ala Cys Leu Leu Gln
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<213> Homo sapiens

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311

Thr Leu Pro Arg
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<210> 782
<211> 37
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 782
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Val Asn Val Val Tyr
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<210> 783
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 783
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<210> 784
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<212> PRT
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<400> 784
Val His Arg Phe Ser Lys Arg Arg Asp Ser
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<210> 785
<211> 22
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<210> 786
<211> 3245
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 786

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<210> 787
 <211> 1479
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 787

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<210> 788
 <211> 1476
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 788

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<210> 789

<211> 492

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 789

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      20      25      30
Val Pro Thr Val Tyr Glu Val His Pro Ala Gln Tyr Tyr Pro Ser Pro
      35      40      45
Val Pro Gln Tyr Ala Pro Arg Val Leu Thr Gln Ala Ser Asn Pro Val
      50      55      60
Val Cys Thr Gln Pro Lys Ser Pro Ser Gly Thr Val Cys Thr Ser Lys
      65      70      75      80
Thr Lys Lys Ala Leu Cys Ile Thr Leu Thr Leu Gly Thr Phe Leu Val
      85      90      95
Gly Ala Ala Leu Ala Ala Gly Leu Leu Trp Lys Phe Met Gly Ser Lys
      100     105     110
Cys Ser Asn Ser Gly Ile Glu Cys Asp Ser Ser Gly Thr Cys Ile Asn
      115     120     125
Pro Ser Asn Trp Cys Asp Gly Val Ser His Cys Pro Gly Gly Glu Asp
      130     135     140
Glu Asn Arg Cys Val Arg Leu Tyr Gly Ser Asn Phe Ile Leu Gln Val
      145     150     155     160
Tyr Ser Ser Gln Arg Lys Ser Trp His Pro Val Cys Gln Asp Asp Trp
      165     170     175
Asn Glu Asn Tyr Gly Arg Ala Ala Cys Arg Asp Met Gly Tyr Lys Asn
      180     185     190
Asn Phe Tyr Ser Ser Gln Gly Ile Val Asp Asp Ser Gly Ser Thr Ser
      195     200     205
Phe Met Lys Leu Asn Thr Ser Ala Gly Asn Val Asp Ile Tyr Lys Lys
      210     215     220
Leu Tyr His Ser Asp Ala Cys Ser Ser Lys Ala Val Val Ser Leu Arg
      225     230     235     240
Cys Ile Ala Cys Gly Val Asn Leu Asn Ser Ser Arg Gln Ser Arg Ile
      245     250     255
Val Gly Gly Glu Ser Ala Leu Pro Gly Ala Trp Pro Trp Gln Val Ser
      260     265     270
Leu His Val Gln Asn Val His Val Cys Gly Gly Ser Ile Ile Thr Pro
      275     280     285
Glu Trp Ile Val Thr Ala Ala His Cys Val Glu Lys Pro Leu Asn Asn
      290     295     300
Pro Trp His Trp Thr Ala Phe Ala Gly Ile Leu Arg Gln Ser Phe Met
      305     310     315     320
Phe Tyr Gly Ala Gly Tyr Gln Val Glu Lys Val Ile Ser His Pro Asn
      325     330     335
Tyr Asp Ser Lys Thr Lys Asn Asn Asp Ile Ala Leu Met Lys Leu Gln
      340     345     350

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Lys Pro Leu Thr Phe Asn Asp Leu Val Lys Pro Val Cys Leu Pro Asn
 355 360 365
 Pro Gly Met Met Leu Gln Pro Glu Gln Leu Cys Trp Ile Ser Gly Trp
 370 375 380
 Gly Ala Thr Glu Glu Lys Gly Lys Thr Ser Glu Val Leu Asn Ala Ala
 385 390 395 400
 Lys Val Leu Leu Ile Glu Thr Gln Arg Cys Asn Ser Arg Tyr Val Tyr
 405 410 415
 Asp Asn Leu Ile Thr Pro Ala Met Ile Cys Ala Gly Phe Leu Gln Gly
 420 425 430
 Asn Val Asp Ser Cys Gln Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly Pro Leu Val Thr Ser
 435 440 445
 Lys Asn Asn Ile Trp Trp Leu Ile Gly Asp Thr Ser Trp Gly Ser Gly
 450 455 460
 Cys Ala Lys Ala Tyr Arg Pro Gly Val Tyr Gly Asn Val Met Val Phe
 465 470 475 480
 Thr Asp Trp Ile Tyr Arg Gln Met Arg Ala Asp Gly
 485 490

<210> 790

<211> 100

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 790

Met Ala Leu Asn Ser Gly Ser Pro Pro Ala Ile Gly Pro Tyr Tyr Glu
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 Asn His Gly Tyr Gln Pro Glu Asn Pro Tyr Pro Ala Gln Pro Thr Val
 20 25 30
 Val Pro Thr Val Tyr Glu Val His Pro Ala Gln Tyr Tyr Pro Ser Pro
 35 40 45
 Val Pro Gln Tyr Ala Pro Arg Val Leu Thr Gln Ala Ser Asn Pro Val
 50 55 60
 Val Cys Thr Gln Pro Lys Ser Pro Ser Gly Thr Val Cys Thr Ser Lys
 65 70 75 80
 Thr Lys Lys Ala Leu Cys Ile Thr Leu Thr Leu Gly Thr Phe Leu Val
 85 90 95
 Gly Ala Ala Leu
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<210> 791

<211> 393

<212> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 791

Leu Ala Ala Gly Leu Leu Trp Lys Phe Met Gly Ser Lys Cys Ser Asn
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 Ser Gly Ile Glu Cys Asp Ser Ser Gly Thr Cys Ile Asn Pro Ser Asn
 20 25 30
 Trp Cys Asp Gly Val Ser His Cys Pro Gly Gly Glu Asp Glu Asn Arg
 35 40 45
 Cys Val Arg Leu Tyr Gly Ser Asn Phe Ile Leu Gln Val Tyr Ser Ser
 50 55 60
 Gln Arg Lys Ser Trp His Pro Val Cys Gln Asp Asp Trp Asn Glu Asn
 65 70 75 80

Tyr	Gly	Arg	Ala		Cys	Arg	Asp	Met		Tyr	Lys	Asn	Asn	Phe	Tyr
Ser	Ser	Gln	Gly	Ile	Val	Asp	Asp	Ser	Gly	Ser	Thr	Ser	Phe	Met	Lys
Leu	Asn	Thr	Ser	Ala	Gly	Asn	Val	Asp	Ile	Tyr	Lys	Lys	Leu	Tyr	His
Ser	Asp	Ala	Cys	Ser	Ser	Lys	Ala	Val	Val	Ser	Leu	Arg	Cys	Ile	Ala
Cys	Gly	Val	Asn	Leu	Asn	Ser	Ser	Arg	Gln	Ser	Arg	Ile	Val	Gly	Gly
Glu	Ser	Ala	Leu	Pro	Gly	Ala	Trp	Pro	Trp	Gln	Val	Ser	Leu	His	Val
Gln	Asn	Val	His	Val	Cys	Gly	Gly	Ser	Ile	Ile	Thr	Pro	Glu	Trp	Ile
Val	Thr	Ala	Ala	His	Cys	Val	Glu	Lys	Pro	Leu	Asn	Asn	Pro	Trp	His
Trp	Thr	Ala	Phe	Ala	Gly	Ile	Leu	Arg	Gln	Ser	Phe	Met	Phe	Tyr	Gly
Ala	Gly	Tyr	Gln	Val	Glu	Lys	Val	Ile	Ser	His	Pro	Asn	Tyr	Asp	Ser
Lys	Thr	Lys	Asn	Asn	Asp	Ile	Ala	Leu	Met	Lys	Leu	Gln	Lys	Pro	Leu
Thr	Phe	Asn	Asp	Leu	Val	Lys	Pro	Val	Cys	Leu	Pro	Asn	Pro	Gly	Met
Met	Leu	Gln	Pro	Glu	Gln	Leu	Cys	Trp	Ile	Ser	Gly	Trp	Gly	Ala	Thr
Glu	Glu	Lys	Gly	Lys	Thr	Ser	Glu	Val	Leu	Asn	Ala	Ala	Lys	Val	Leu
Leu	Ile	Glu	Thr	Gln	Arg	Cys	Asn	Ser	Arg	Tyr	Val	Tyr	Asp	Asn	Leu
Ile	Thr	Pro	Ala	Met	Ile	Cys	Ala	Gly	Phe	Leu	Gln	Gly	Asn	Val	Asp
Ser	Cys	Gln	Gly	Asp	Ser	Gly	Gly	Pro	Leu	Val	Thr	Ser	Lys	Asn	Asn
Ile	Trp	Trp	Leu	Ile	Gly	Asp	Thr	Ser	Trp	Gly	Ser	Gly	Cys	Ala	Lys
Ala	Tyr	Arg	Pro	Gly	Val	Tyr	Gly	Asn	Val	Met	Val	Phe	Thr	Asp	Trp
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<210> 792

<211> 595

<21.2> PRT

<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 792

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			20					25					30		
Pro	Ala	Glu	Ala	Val	Ile	Gly	Tyr	Ser	Asp	Leu	Glu	Gly	Asp	Phe	Asp
		35					40					45			
Val	Ala	Val	Leu	Pro	Phe	Ser	Asn	Ser	Thr	Asn	Asn	Gly	Leu	Leu	Phe
		50				55					60				
Ile	Asn	Thr	Thr	Ile	Ala	Ser	Ile	Ala	Ala	Lys	Glu	Glu	Gly	Val	Ser
65					70					75					80

Leu Glu Lys Arg Glu Ala Glu Ala Met Val Leu Gly Ile Gly Pro Val
 85 90 95
 Leu Gly Leu Val Cys Val Pro Leu Leu Gly Ser Ala Ser Asp His Trp
 100 105 110
 Arg Gly Arg Tyr Gly Arg Arg Arg Pro Phe Ile Trp Ala Leu Ser Leu
 115 120 125
 Gly Ile Leu Leu Ser Leu Phe Leu Ile Pro Arg Ala Gly Trp Leu Ala
 130 135 140
 Gly Leu Leu Cys Pro Asp Pro Arg Pro Leu Glu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ile
 145 150 155 160
 Leu Gly Val Gly Leu Leu Asp Phe Cys Gly Gln Val Cys Phe Thr Pro
 165 170 175
 Leu Glu Ala Leu Leu Ser Asp Leu Phe Arg Asp Pro Asp His Cys Arg
 180 185 190
 Gln Ala Tyr Ser Val Tyr Ala Phe Met Ile Ser Leu Gly Gly Cys Leu
 195 200 205
 Gly Tyr Leu Leu Pro Ala Ile Asp Trp Asp Thr Ser Ala Leu Ala Pro
 210 215 220
 Tyr Leu Gly Thr Gln Glu Glu Cys Leu Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Leu Ile
 225 230 235 240
 Phe Leu Thr Cys Val Ala Ala Thr Leu Leu Val Ala Glu Glu Ala Ala
 245 250 255
 Leu Gly Pro Thr Glu Pro Ala Glu Gly Leu Ser Ala Pro Ser Leu Ser
 260 265 270
 Pro His Cys Cys Pro Cys Arg Ala Arg Leu Ala Phe Arg Asn Leu Gly
 275 280 285
 Ala Leu Leu Pro Arg Leu His Gln Leu Cys Cys Arg Met Pro Arg Thr
 290 295 300
 Leu Arg Arg Leu Phe Val Ala Glu Leu Cys Ser Trp Met Ala Leu Met
 305 310 315 320
 Thr Phe Thr Leu Phe Tyr Thr Asp Phe Val Gly Glu Gly Leu Tyr Gln
 325 330 335
 Gly Val Pro Arg Ala Glu Pro Gly Thr Glu Ala Arg Arg His Tyr Asp
 340 345 350
 Glu Gly Val Arg Met Gly Ser Leu Gly Leu Phe Leu Gln Cys Ala Ile
 355 360 365
 Ser Leu Val Phe Ser Leu Val Met Asp Arg Leu Val Gln Arg Phe Gly
 370 375 380
 Thr Arg Ala Val Tyr Leu Ala Ser Val Ala Ala Phe Pro Val Ala Ala
 385 390 395 400
 Gly Ala Thr Cys Leu Ser His Ser Val Ala Val Val Thr Ala Ser Ala
 405 410 415
 Ala Leu Thr Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ala Leu Gln Ile Leu Pro Tyr Thr
 420 425 430
 Leu Ala Ser Leu Tyr His Arg Glu Lys Gln Val Phe Leu Pro Lys Tyr
 435 440 445
 Arg Gly Asp Thr Gly Gly Ala Ser Ser Glu Asp Ser Leu Met Thr Ser
 450 455 460
 Phe Leu Pro Gly Pro Lys Pro Gly Ala Pro Phe Pro Asn Gly His Val
 465 470 475 480
 Gly Ala Gly Gly Ser Gly Leu Leu Pro Pro Pro Pro Ala Leu Cys Gly
 485 490 495
 Ala Ser Ala Cys Asp Val Ser Val Arg Val Val Val Gly Glu Pro Thr
 500 505 510
 Glu Ala Arg Val Val Pro Gly Arg Gly Ile Cys Leu Asp Leu Ala Ile
 515 520 525
 Leu Asp Ser Ala Phe Leu Leu Ser Gln Val Ala Pro Ser Leu Phe Met
 530 535 540

